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Crystal structure of 1,1'-(pyridine-2,6-diyl)bis[*N*-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)methanaminium] dichloride dihydrate

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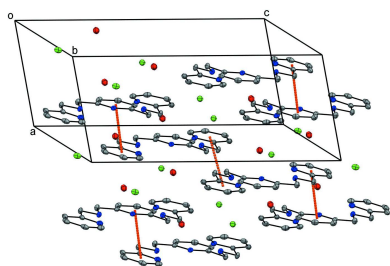
In the title compound, $C_{19}H_{23}N_5^{2+} \cdot 2Cl^{-} \cdot 2H_2O$, the two pyridine side arms are not coplanar, with the terminal pyridine rings subtending a dihedral angle of 26.45 (6)°. In the crystal, hydrogen bonds, intermolecular C—H...Cl contacts and a weak C—H...O interaction connect the molecule with neighbouring chloride counter-anions and lattice water molecules. The crystal packing also features by π - π interactions with centroid-centroid distances of 3.4864 (12) and 3.5129 (13) Å.

1. Chemical context

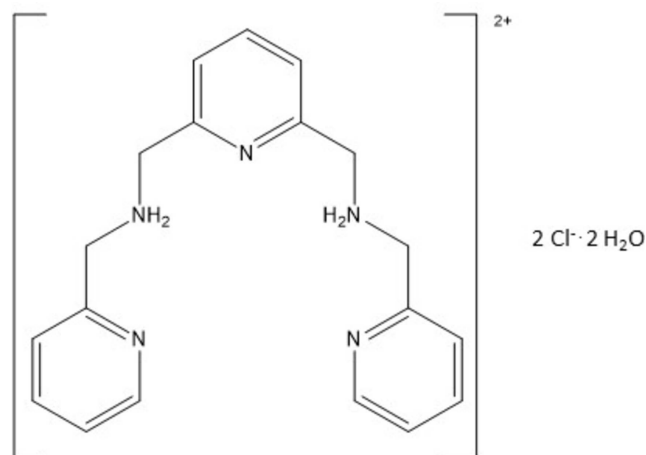
In recent years, ruthenium nitrosyl complexes have attracted considerable attention, essentially because of their interesting photoreactivity properties such as photochromism (Schaniel *et al.*, 2007) and nitric oxide photorelease (Rose & Mascharak, 2008a). Ruthenium nitrosyl complexes could have desirable photoreactivity properties relying on the nature of the ligands. The utilization of polydentate ligands in coordination chemistry gives a few benefits over monodentate ligands, in particular because of the chelate effect (Martell, 1967). Multidentate pyridylamine derivative ligands can better control the stability (Afshar *et al.*, 2004; Eroy-Reveles *et al.*, 2007), solubility (Harrop *et al.*, 2005) and structural characteristics of the resulting complex. More particularly, ruthenium complexes derived from pentadentate ligands are generally stable in physiological media (Halpenny *et al.*, 2007; Rose & Mascharak, 2008b). This stability is necessary for (i) maintaining pharmacological activity, (ii) reducing the toxicity of free metal ions, and (iii) avoiding non-specific binding of partially connected metal ions with other biomolecules (Fry & Mascharak, 2011; Hoffman-Luca *et al.*, 2009; Patra & Mascharak, 2003; Heilman *et al.*, 2012). In the search for new systems, we report here the synthesis and crystal structure of 1,1'-(pyridine-2,6-diyl)bis[*N*-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)methanaminium] dichloride dihydrate, which contains multiple coordination sites, and is thus an excellent candidate for forming stable ruthenium nitrosyl complexes.

2. Structural commentary

The title compound crystallizes in the triclinic space group $P\bar{1}$ with one cationic molecule, two chloride anions, and two water



molecules per asymmetric unit. In the organic molecule, one terminal pyridine ring is almost co-planar with the central pyridine ring, making a dihedral angle of $4.56(8)^\circ$, while the second terminal pyridine ring is out of the plane with a dihedral angle between the two terminal pyridine rings of $26.45(6)^\circ$ (Fig. 1). Bond lengths are within normal ranges and comparable with values found for a similar compound, *N,N'*-dialkyl-2,6-pyridinedimethaniminium (Kobayashi *et al.*, 2006).



3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, there are intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1) and C—H···Cl and C—H···O interactions between the molecules, the chloride anions and the lattice water molecules. The molecular structure of the compound is illustrated in Fig. 1 with hydrogen bonding indicated.

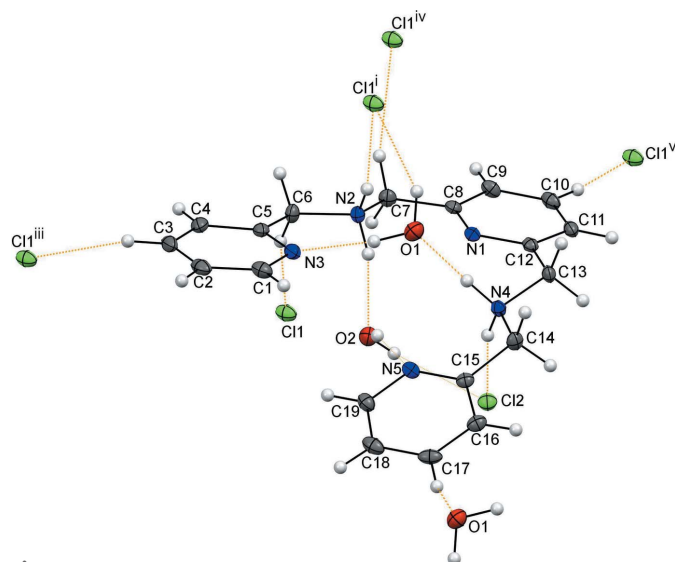


Figure 1

Molecular structure showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are drawn as small spheres of an arbitrary radius. The orange dashed lines represent hydrogen bonds, C—H···Cl interactions and the weak C—H···O interaction. [Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (iii) $x - 1, y + 1, z$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (v) $x, y - 1, z$.]

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O2—H201···Cl2	0.85 (3)	2.41 (3)	3.1844 (15)	152 (2)
O2—H202···N5	0.91 (3)	2.10 (3)	2.947 (2)	155 (2)
N2—H21···O2	0.94 (2)	1.89 (2)	2.804 (2)	165 (2)
N2—H22···Cl1 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.31 (2)	3.1446 (17)	162.5 (17)
N4—H41···Cl2	0.91 (2)	2.25 (2)	3.1319 (17)	164.1 (19)
N4—H42···O1 ⁱ	0.97 (2)	1.90 (2)	2.825 (2)	158 (2)
O1—H101···Cl1	0.93 (3)	2.43 (3)	3.2611 (15)	149 (2)
O1—H102···N3 ⁱⁱ	1.00 (4)	1.93 (4)	2.920 (2)	172 (3)
C3—H3···Cl1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.73	3.5702 (19)	148
C6—H6A···Cl1	0.99	2.8	3.751 (2)	161
C7—H7A···Cl1 ^{iv}	0.99	2.78	3.7351 (18)	162
C10—H10···Cl1 ^v	0.95	2.71	3.6469 (18)	168
C17—H17···O1 ^{vi}	0.95	2.57	3.437 (2)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $x - 1, y + 1, z$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (v) $x, y - 1, z$; (vi) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$.

The crystal packing shows π – π interactions between two parallel neighbouring molecules along the *a*-axis direction with a $Cg1 \cdots Cg2$ ($x, y - 1, z$) centroid–centroid distance of 3.4864 (12) Å, a perpendicular distance from the centroid *Cg1* to the plane of the other ring of 3.2472 (8) Å and a slippage between the centroids of 1.100 Å. Similarly, the second π – π stacking interaction has a $Cg3 \cdots Cg3$ ($-x, -y + 2, -z + 1$) centroid–centroid distance of 3.5129 (13) Å, a perpendicular distance from the centroid *Cg3* to the plane of the other ring of 3.2177 (8) Å and a slippage between the centroids of 1.410 Å. *Cg1*, *Cg2* and *Cg3* are the centroids of N1/C8–C12, N3/C1–C5 and N5/C15–C19 pyridine rings, respectively (Fig. 2).

4. Database survey

A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, version 5.42, last updated May 2021; Groom *et al.*, 2016) for similar compounds gave three hits. They include *N,N'*-bis(2-pyridylmethyl)pyridine-2,6-dicarboxamide (CSD refcode AVURAK; Jain *et al.*, 2004), *N,N'*-bis[2-(2-pyridyl)methyl]pyridine-2,6-dicarboxamide hemihydrate (HULKUU; Jian Ying Qi *et al.*,

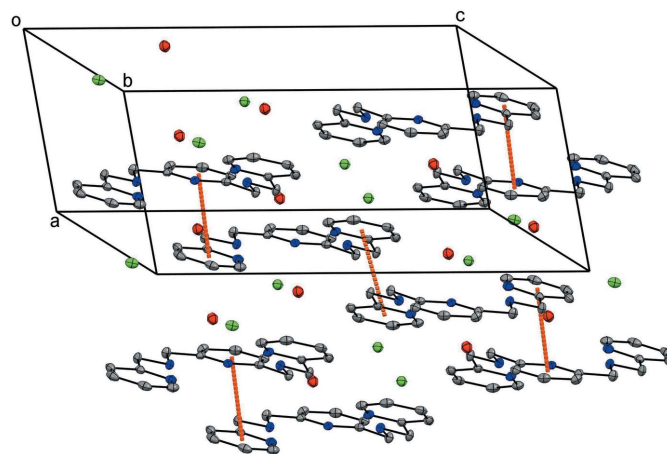


Figure 2

Views of the stacking along the *a* axis. Orange lines indicate π – π interactions. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

2002) and 2,6-bis[(2-pyridinylmethyl)ammoniomethyl]pyridine tetrachloride monohydrate (IRODAV; Kobayashi *et al.*, 2006). In those compounds, the two terminal pyridine rings are rotated out of the plane of the central pyridine ring with dihedral angles ranging from 63 to 89°.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

1,1'-(Pyridine-2,6-diyl)bis[*N*-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)methanaminium] dichloride dihydrate compound was obtained following the procedure previously reported in the literature (Gruenwedel, 1968; Newkome *et al.*, 1984; Darbre *et al.*, 2002; Kobayashi *et al.*, 2006). The procedure used for the synthesis has three steps. Firstly, the synthesis of 2-[(tosylamino)methyl]pyridine was carried out by treatment of 2-(aminomethyl)pyridine with NaOH and tosyl chloride in a two-phase system (water/diethyl ether) (Newkome *et al.*, 1984). In the second step, the coupling of 2-[(tosylamino)methyl]pyridine with 2,6-bis(bromomethyl)pyridine, also in a two-phase system (dichloromethane/water) and *n*Bu₄NBr as phase-transfer catalyst gave 2,6-bis[[pyridin-2-ylmethyl](tosylamino)methyl]pyridine, which could be isolated after chromatography (Darbre *et al.*, 2002). Finally, the tosylate group of 2,6-bis[[pyridin-2-ylmethyl](tosylamino)methyl]pyridine was removed using concentrated sulfuric acid for deprotection with heating at 393 K for 3 h to give an unstable brownish oil (Newkome *et al.*, 1984).

Slow diffusion between toluene and a wet dichloromethane solution of the brown oil set aside at room temperature gave colourless needles of the title compound suitable for X-ray diffraction within five days.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. Hydrogen atoms of the water molecules and those bonded to nitrogen atoms were located in difference-Fourier maps and refined freely with isotropic displacement parameters. All C-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model, with C–H = 0.95 (aromatic) or 0.99 Å (methylene) and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. For two similar N–H distances, a restraint was applied to make them approximately equal with an effective standard deviation of 0.02 Å.

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Table 2

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ N ₅ ²⁺ ·2Cl [−] ·2H ₂ O
<i>M_r</i>	428.36
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
Temperature (K)	110
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	7.1579 (6), 8.8119 (7), 17.4150 (13)
α , β , γ (°)	80.357 (3), 80.805 (3), 68.919 (3)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1004.52 (14)
<i>Z</i>	2
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ^{−1})	0.35
Crystal size (mm)	0.2 × 0.08 × 0.04
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker Kappa APEXII Quazar
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Krause <i>et al.</i> , 2015)
<i>T</i> _{min} , <i>T</i> _{max}	0.660, 0.746
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)] reflections	29584, 6970, 4632
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.097
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ^{−1})	0.746
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$, $wR(F^2)$, <i>S</i>	0.05, 0.123, 1.03
No. of reflections	6970
No. of parameters	283
No. of restraints	1
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å ^{−3})	0.45, −0.38

Computer programs: *APEX3* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2012), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick 2015a), *SHELXL2018/3* (Sheldrick, 2015b), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2020) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2021). E77, 1296-1298 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S205698902101183X]

Crystal structure of 1,1'-(pyridine-2,6-diyl)bis[N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-methanaminium] dichloride dihydrate

Layachi Merabet, Marine Tassé, Sonia Mallet-Ladeira, Lakhemici Kaboub and Isabelle Malfant

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2012); cell refinement: *APEX3* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2012); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2018/3* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2020); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

1,1'-(Pyridine-2,6-diyl)bis[N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)methanaminium] dichloride dihydrate

Crystal data

$C_{19}H_{23}N_5^{2+} \cdot 2Cl^- \cdot 2H_2O$
 $M_r = 428.36$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 7.1579$ (6) Å
 $b = 8.8119$ (7) Å
 $c = 17.4150$ (13) Å
 $\alpha = 80.357$ (3)°
 $\beta = 80.805$ (3)°
 $\gamma = 68.919$ (3)°
 $V = 1004.52$ (14) Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 452$
 $D_x = 1.416$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 4444 reflections
 $\theta = 3.2$ – 31.4 °
 $\mu = 0.35$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 110$ K
 Needle, colourless
 $0.2 \times 0.08 \times 0.04$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII Quazar
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: microfocus sealed tube
 Multilayer optics monochromator
 phi and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Krause *et al.*, 2015)
 $T_{\min} = 0.660$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

29584 measured reflections
 6970 independent reflections
 4632 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.097$
 $\theta_{\max} = 32.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.2$ °
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
 $l = -25 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.05$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.123$
 $S = 1.03$
 6970 reflections
 283 parameters
 1 restraint

Primary atom site location: dual
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: mixed
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0518P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	−0.0133 (3)	1.1436 (2)	0.77592 (11)	0.0187 (4)
H1	−0.057178	1.157686	0.725689	0.022*
C2	−0.0514 (3)	1.2816 (2)	0.81173 (12)	0.0209 (4)
H2	−0.118646	1.387618	0.786614	0.025*
C3	0.0110 (3)	1.2617 (2)	0.88529 (12)	0.0209 (4)
H3	−0.013857	1.353959	0.91186	0.025*
C4	0.1098 (3)	1.1057 (2)	0.91921 (11)	0.0177 (4)
H4	0.15363	1.089007	0.969628	0.021*
C5	0.1446 (3)	0.9729 (2)	0.87872 (10)	0.0141 (3)
C6	0.2661 (3)	0.8058 (2)	0.91424 (10)	0.0154 (3)
H6A	0.405015	0.802589	0.916169	0.018*
H6B	0.20699	0.78592	0.968744	0.018*
C7	0.3958 (3)	0.5088 (2)	0.90648 (10)	0.0152 (3)
H7A	0.32656	0.482715	0.958206	0.018*
H7B	0.528732	0.510415	0.914788	0.018*
C8	0.4252 (3)	0.3788 (2)	0.85503 (10)	0.0123 (3)
C9	0.5158 (3)	0.2141 (2)	0.88081 (10)	0.0159 (4)
H9	0.555649	0.180246	0.93221	0.019*
C10	0.5467 (3)	0.1000 (2)	0.82986 (11)	0.0169 (4)
H10	0.610739	−0.013533	0.84539	0.02*
C11	0.4830 (3)	0.1539 (2)	0.75619 (10)	0.0153 (3)
H11	0.502104	0.078354	0.720177	0.018*
C12	0.3904 (3)	0.3211 (2)	0.73580 (10)	0.0126 (3)
C13	0.3100 (3)	0.3899 (2)	0.65770 (10)	0.0143 (3)
H13A	0.397572	0.323319	0.616689	0.017*
H13B	0.172891	0.385542	0.659994	0.017*
C14	0.2369 (3)	0.6343 (2)	0.55940 (10)	0.0155 (3)
H14A	0.096005	0.640498	0.55942	0.019*
H14B	0.321889	0.562201	0.519947	0.019*
C15	0.2502 (3)	0.8035 (2)	0.53686 (10)	0.0134 (3)
C16	0.2354 (3)	0.8748 (2)	0.45938 (10)	0.0161 (4)
H16	0.225967	0.815293	0.420322	0.019*
C17	0.2348 (3)	1.0342 (2)	0.44024 (11)	0.0186 (4)
H17	0.225559	1.085635	0.387808	0.022*
C18	0.2479 (3)	1.1176 (2)	0.49930 (11)	0.0197 (4)
H18	0.245914	1.227408	0.488339	0.024*

C19	0.2640 (3)	1.0358 (2)	0.57442 (11)	0.0169 (4)
H19	0.273735	1.092671	0.614568	0.02*
N1	0.3620 (2)	0.43202 (17)	0.78433 (8)	0.0120 (3)
N2	0.2743 (2)	0.67297 (17)	0.87003 (9)	0.0127 (3)
N3	0.0822 (2)	0.99031 (18)	0.80798 (9)	0.0160 (3)
N4	0.3036 (2)	0.56233 (17)	0.63771 (8)	0.0129 (3)
N5	0.2668 (2)	0.88122 (17)	0.59397 (8)	0.0146 (3)
Cl1	0.82559 (7)	0.68542 (5)	0.91223 (3)	0.01828 (11)
Cl2	0.76725 (7)	0.49614 (5)	0.62355 (3)	0.01743 (11)
O1	0.9786 (2)	0.76904 (17)	0.72866 (8)	0.0210 (3)
O2	0.4905 (2)	0.76661 (17)	0.73277 (8)	0.0205 (3)
H201	0.592 (4)	0.689 (3)	0.7158 (14)	0.038*
H202	0.389 (4)	0.807 (3)	0.7017 (16)	0.05*
H21	0.345 (3)	0.689 (2)	0.8209 (11)	0.018 (5)*
H22	0.152 (3)	0.676 (2)	0.8706 (11)	0.013 (5)*
H41	0.431 (4)	0.562 (3)	0.6375 (13)	0.026 (6)*
H42	0.216 (4)	0.622 (3)	0.6789 (12)	0.037 (7)*
H101	0.917 (4)	0.721 (3)	0.7716 (15)	0.040 (7)*
H102	1.026 (5)	0.841 (4)	0.7531 (19)	0.084 (11)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0158 (9)	0.0187 (9)	0.0217 (9)	-0.0080 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0014 (7)
C2	0.0147 (9)	0.0153 (8)	0.0302 (10)	-0.0057 (7)	0.0053 (8)	-0.0016 (7)
C3	0.0187 (10)	0.0150 (8)	0.0291 (10)	-0.0080 (7)	0.0087 (8)	-0.0084 (7)
C4	0.0159 (9)	0.0194 (9)	0.0187 (9)	-0.0077 (7)	0.0042 (7)	-0.0068 (7)
C5	0.0121 (9)	0.0145 (8)	0.0164 (8)	-0.0062 (7)	0.0024 (7)	-0.0031 (6)
C6	0.0184 (9)	0.0148 (8)	0.0142 (8)	-0.0053 (7)	-0.0028 (7)	-0.0047 (6)
C7	0.0179 (9)	0.0132 (8)	0.0133 (8)	-0.0039 (7)	-0.0046 (7)	0.0012 (6)
C8	0.0109 (8)	0.0136 (7)	0.0136 (8)	-0.0062 (6)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
C9	0.0164 (9)	0.0144 (8)	0.0173 (8)	-0.0061 (7)	-0.0060 (7)	0.0032 (6)
C10	0.0135 (9)	0.0112 (8)	0.0240 (9)	-0.0035 (7)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0016 (7)
C11	0.0147 (9)	0.0122 (8)	0.0202 (9)	-0.0061 (7)	0.0005 (7)	-0.0038 (6)
C12	0.0099 (8)	0.0121 (7)	0.0160 (8)	-0.0043 (6)	-0.0005 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C13	0.0180 (9)	0.0109 (7)	0.0156 (8)	-0.0059 (7)	-0.0022 (7)	-0.0030 (6)
C14	0.0199 (9)	0.0153 (8)	0.0120 (8)	-0.0060 (7)	-0.0053 (7)	-0.0003 (6)
C15	0.0100 (8)	0.0148 (8)	0.0138 (8)	-0.0028 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
C16	0.0129 (9)	0.0186 (8)	0.0145 (8)	-0.0030 (7)	-0.0016 (7)	-0.0012 (7)
C17	0.0116 (9)	0.0227 (9)	0.0174 (9)	-0.0045 (7)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0052 (7)
C18	0.0141 (9)	0.0163 (8)	0.0270 (10)	-0.0057 (7)	-0.0035 (8)	0.0038 (7)
C19	0.0147 (9)	0.0151 (8)	0.0219 (9)	-0.0062 (7)	-0.0029 (7)	-0.0014 (7)
N1	0.0113 (7)	0.0118 (6)	0.0129 (7)	-0.0042 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
N2	0.0147 (8)	0.0116 (7)	0.0125 (7)	-0.0044 (6)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0018 (5)
N3	0.0153 (8)	0.0146 (7)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0069 (6)	0.0005 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
N4	0.0155 (8)	0.0111 (6)	0.0124 (7)	-0.0049 (6)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0001 (5)
N5	0.0146 (8)	0.0142 (7)	0.0160 (7)	-0.0065 (6)	-0.0029 (6)	0.0004 (5)
Cl1	0.0158 (2)	0.01449 (19)	0.0216 (2)	-0.00422 (16)	-0.00132 (17)	0.00282 (16)

C12	0.0160 (2)	0.0182 (2)	0.0178 (2)	-0.00561 (17)	-0.00165 (16)	-0.00182 (16)
O1	0.0217 (8)	0.0225 (7)	0.0175 (7)	-0.0062 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	-0.0028 (5)
O2	0.0234 (8)	0.0193 (7)	0.0194 (7)	-0.0083 (6)	-0.0002 (6)	-0.0040 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N3	1.345 (2)	C12—C13	1.507 (2)
C1—C2	1.380 (3)	C13—N4	1.487 (2)
C1—H1	0.95	C13—H13A	0.99
C2—C3	1.387 (3)	C13—H13B	0.99
C2—H2	0.95	C14—N4	1.480 (2)
C3—C4	1.379 (3)	C14—C15	1.511 (2)
C3—H3	0.95	C14—H14A	0.99
C4—C5	1.393 (2)	C14—H14B	0.99
C4—H4	0.95	C15—N5	1.340 (2)
C5—N3	1.343 (2)	C15—C16	1.393 (2)
C5—C6	1.501 (2)	C16—C17	1.387 (3)
C6—N2	1.485 (2)	C16—H16	0.95
C6—H6A	0.99	C17—C18	1.393 (3)
C6—H6B	0.99	C17—H17	0.95
C7—N2	1.488 (2)	C18—C19	1.384 (2)
C7—C8	1.507 (2)	C18—H18	0.95
C7—H7A	0.99	C19—N5	1.342 (2)
C7—H7B	0.99	C19—H19	0.95
C8—N1	1.331 (2)	N2—H21	0.937 (18)
C8—C9	1.388 (2)	N2—H22	0.86 (2)
C9—C10	1.387 (2)	N4—H41	0.91 (2)
C9—H9	0.95	N4—H42	0.967 (19)
C10—C11	1.381 (2)	O1—H101	0.93 (3)
C10—H10	0.95	O1—H102	1.00 (4)
C11—C12	1.390 (2)	O2—H201	0.85 (3)
C11—H11	0.95	O2—H202	0.91 (3)
C12—N1	1.338 (2)		
N3—C1—C2	123.83 (18)	N4—C13—H13A	109.7
N3—C1—H1	118.1	C12—C13—H13A	109.7
C2—C1—H1	118.1	N4—C13—H13B	109.7
C1—C2—C3	118.32 (17)	C12—C13—H13B	109.7
C1—C2—H2	120.8	H13A—C13—H13B	108.2
C3—C2—H2	120.8	N4—C14—C15	111.73 (14)
C4—C3—C2	118.88 (17)	N4—C14—H14A	109.3
C4—C3—H3	120.6	C15—C14—H14A	109.3
C2—C3—H3	120.6	N4—C14—H14B	109.3
C3—C4—C5	119.23 (17)	C15—C14—H14B	109.3
C3—C4—H4	120.4	H14A—C14—H14B	107.9
C5—C4—H4	120.4	N5—C15—C16	122.97 (16)
N3—C5—C4	122.47 (16)	N5—C15—C14	117.68 (14)
N3—C5—C6	119.35 (15)	C16—C15—C14	119.28 (15)

C4—C5—C6	118.09 (16)	C17—C16—C15	118.87 (16)
N2—C6—C5	112.92 (14)	C17—C16—H16	120.6
N2—C6—H6A	109	C15—C16—H16	120.6
C5—C6—H6A	109	C16—C17—C18	118.78 (17)
N2—C6—H6B	109	C16—C17—H17	120.6
C5—C6—H6B	109	C18—C17—H17	120.6
H6A—C6—H6B	107.8	C19—C18—C17	118.13 (17)
N2—C7—C8	110.77 (13)	C19—C18—H18	120.9
N2—C7—H7A	109.5	C17—C18—H18	120.9
C8—C7—H7A	109.5	N5—C19—C18	123.98 (17)
N2—C7—H7B	109.5	N5—C19—H19	118
C8—C7—H7B	109.5	C18—C19—H19	118
H7A—C7—H7B	108.1	C8—N1—C12	118.13 (14)
N1—C8—C9	123.01 (15)	C6—N2—C7	111.76 (13)
N1—C8—C7	116.08 (14)	C6—N2—H21	106.6 (12)
C9—C8—C7	120.90 (15)	C7—N2—H21	105.3 (13)
C10—C9—C8	118.50 (16)	C6—N2—H22	107.3 (13)
C10—C9—H9	120.7	C7—N2—H22	108.9 (13)
C8—C9—H9	120.7	H21—N2—H22	117.1 (18)
C11—C10—C9	118.94 (16)	C5—N3—C1	117.25 (15)
C11—C10—H10	120.5	C14—N4—C13	112.47 (13)
C9—C10—H10	120.5	C14—N4—H41	108.2 (14)
C10—C11—C12	118.65 (16)	C13—N4—H41	107.4 (14)
C10—C11—H11	120.7	C14—N4—H42	112.1 (14)
C12—C11—H11	120.7	C13—N4—H42	106.6 (15)
N1—C12—C11	122.75 (16)	H41—N4—H42	110 (2)
N1—C12—C13	115.14 (14)	C15—N5—C19	117.26 (15)
C11—C12—C13	122.10 (15)	H101—O1—H102	102 (2)
N4—C13—C12	109.75 (13)	H201—O2—H202	115 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O2—H201 \cdots C12	0.85 (3)	2.41 (3)	3.1844 (15)	152 (2)
O2—H202 \cdots N5	0.91 (3)	2.10 (3)	2.947 (2)	155 (2)
N2—H21 \cdots O2	0.94 (2)	1.89 (2)	2.804 (2)	165 (2)
N2—H22 \cdots C11 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.31 (2)	3.1446 (17)	162.5 (17)
N4—H41 \cdots C12	0.91 (2)	2.25 (2)	3.1319 (17)	164.1 (19)
N4—H42 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.97 (2)	1.90 (2)	2.825 (2)	158 (2)
O1—H101 \cdots C11	0.93 (3)	2.43 (3)	3.2611 (15)	149 (2)
O1—H102 \cdots N3 ⁱⁱ	1.00 (4)	1.93 (4)	2.920 (2)	172 (3)
C3—H3 \cdots C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.73	3.5702 (19)	148
C6—H6A \cdots C11	0.99	2.8	3.751 (2)	161
C7—H7A \cdots C11 ^{iv}	0.99	2.78	3.7351 (18)	162
C10—H10 \cdots C11 ^v	0.95	2.71	3.6469 (18)	168
C17—H17 \cdots O1 ^{vi}	0.95	2.57	3.437 (2)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $x-1, y+1, z$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (v) $x, y-1, z$; (vi) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.