

### Chamber study of the Oxalyl Chloride Photodissociation in Sunlight

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Alexandre Kukui, Yangang Ren, Valéry Catoire, Véronique Daële, Wahid Mellouki, et al.. Chamber study of the Oxalyl Chloride Photodissociation in Sunlight. 11th international Conference on Chemical kinetics (ICCK2019), Jun 2019, Orléans, France. hal-03583421

### HAL Id: hal-03583421 https://hal.science/hal-03583421

Submitted on 4 Mar 2022

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# Chamber study of the Oxalyl Chloride Photodissociation in Sunlight Alexandre Kukui<sup>1</sup>, Yangang Ren<sup>2</sup>, Valéry Catoire<sup>1</sup>, Veronique Daële<sup>2</sup>, Wahid Mellouki<sup>2</sup>, A.R. Ravishankara <sup>2,3,4</sup>

Results





### Introduction

Oxalyl chloride,  $(CICO)_2$ , is commonly used as a photolytic CI atoms precursor for kinetic and photochemical studies. Previous studies of the  $(CICO)_2$  photodissociation at 193, 248, and 351 nm suggest that UV photodissociation proceeds via a two-step mechanism involving the formation of an excited CICO<sup>\*</sup> radical (1) and prompt dissociation of a fraction of the CICO\* depending on the photolysis wavelength to CI + CO(2)[1-5]:

$(CICO)_2$ +	$hv \rightarrow CICO^* + CO + CI$	(1)
CICO*	$\rightarrow$ CI + CO	(2)

The CICO radical formed with the energy lower than its dissociation barrier has been found to undergo thermal unimolecular dissociation (3) on the time scale of several microseconds at room temperature and atmospheric pressure [5,6]:

CICO + M $\rightarrow$  CI + CO + M (3)

An additional (COCI)<sub>2</sub> dissociation pathway via molecular Cl<sub>2</sub> elimination has been proposed on the basis of Cl<sub>2</sub> detection from 248 nm photolysis of  $(COCI)_2$  [7]:

 $(CICO)_2 + hv \rightarrow 2CO + CI_2$ (1a)

In this work the photodissociation of  $(COCI)_2$ by solar irradiation ( $\lambda$  > 300 nm) has been studied in the HELIOS environmental chamber of ICARE (CNRS, Orléans).

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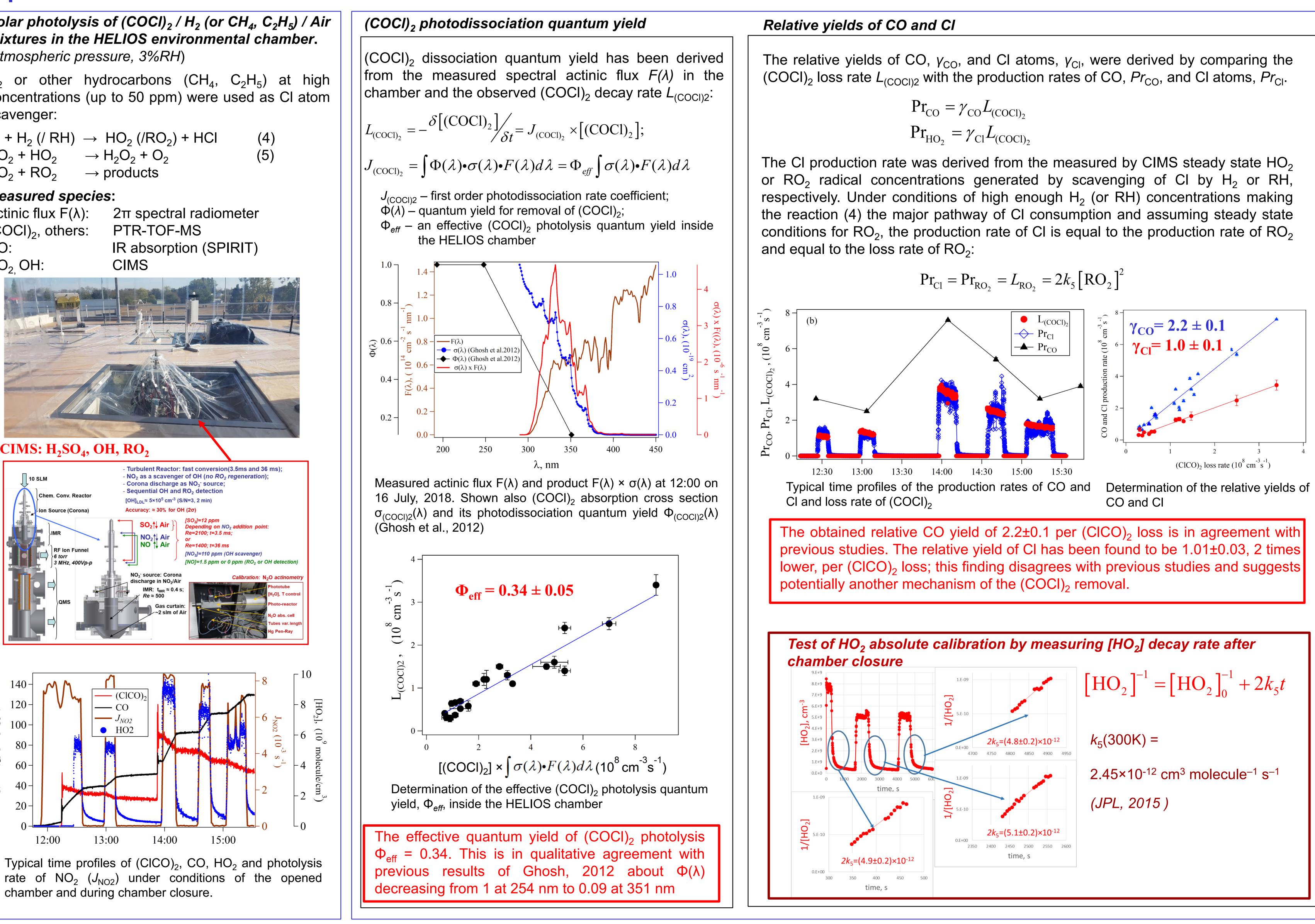
## Experimental

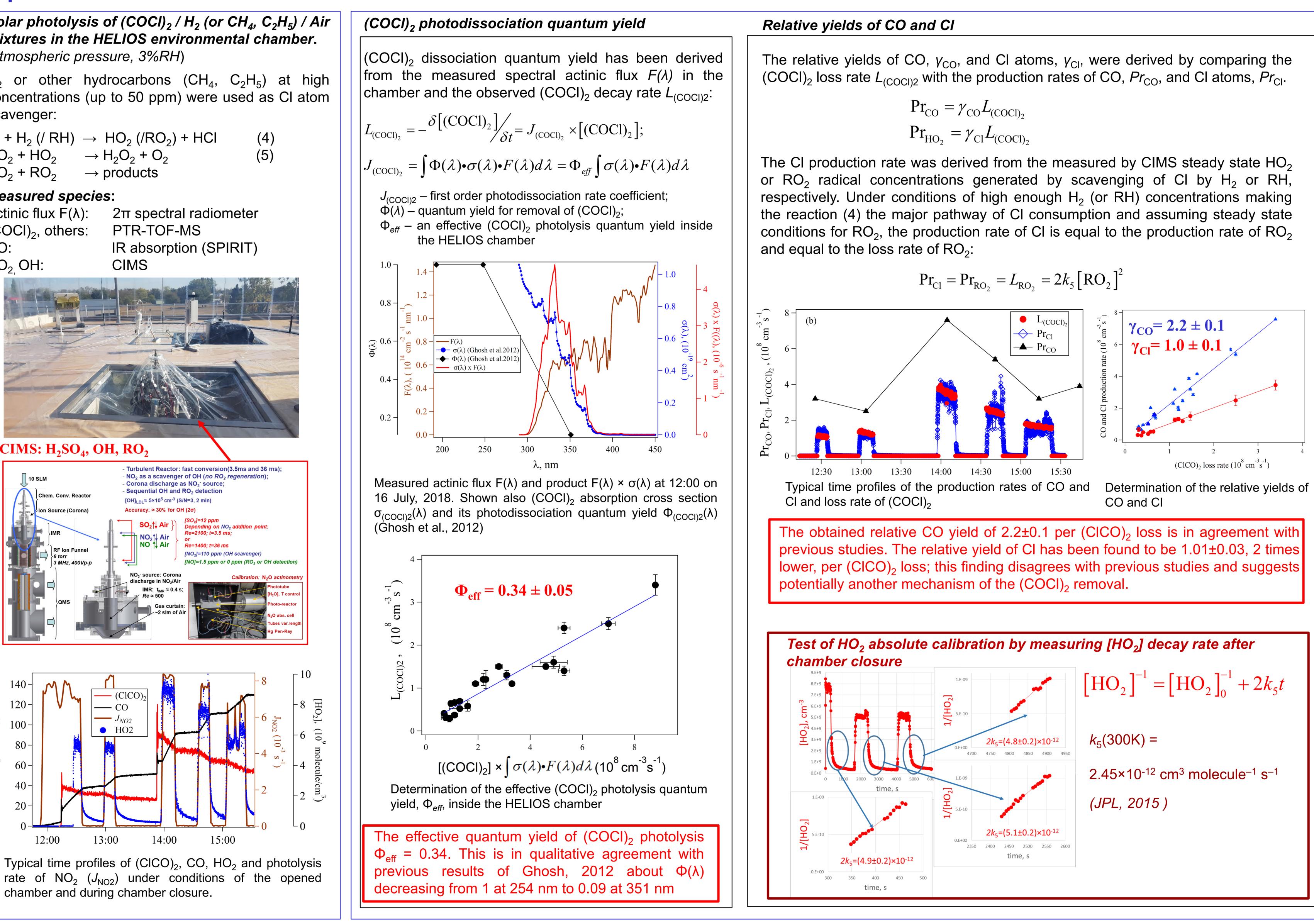
scavenger:

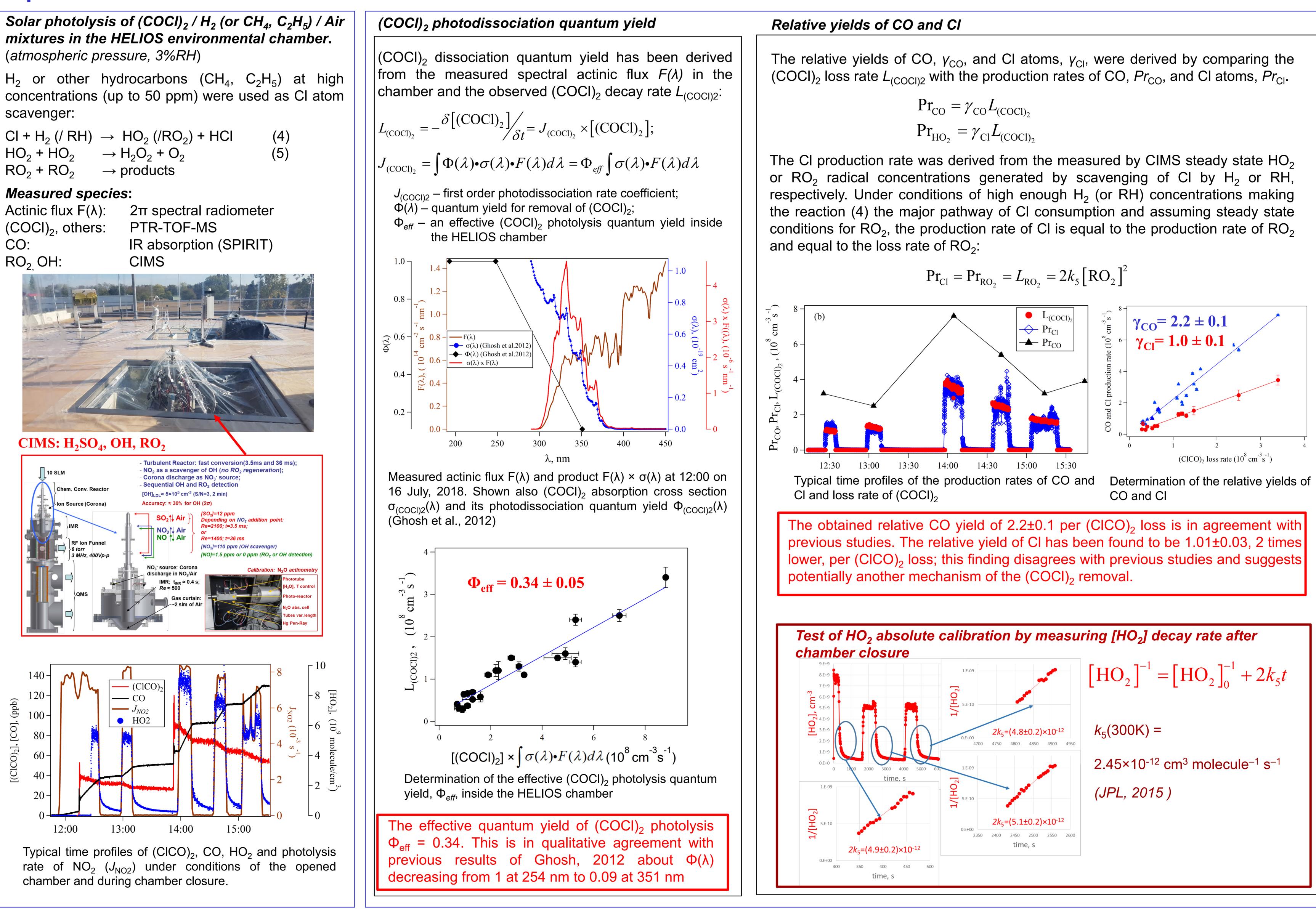
 $HO_2 + HO_2$  $RO_2 + RO_2$ 

CO:

 $RO_2 OH$ :







<sup>1</sup> Laboratoire de Physique et Chimie de l'Environnement et de l'Espace (LPC2E), OSUC, CNRS, Orléans, France <sup>2</sup> Institut de Combustion Aérothermique Réactivité et Environnement (ICARE), OSUC, CNRS, Orléans, France <sup>3</sup> Departments of Chemistry and Atmospheric Science, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, USA <sup>4</sup> Le Studium Loire Valley Institute for Advanced Studies, Orléans, France

