



# Geophysical inversion and machine learning of dense 3D seismic and resistivity models for imaging deep landslide structures

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# Geophysical inversion and machine learning of dense 3D seismic and resistivity models for imaging deep landslide structures.

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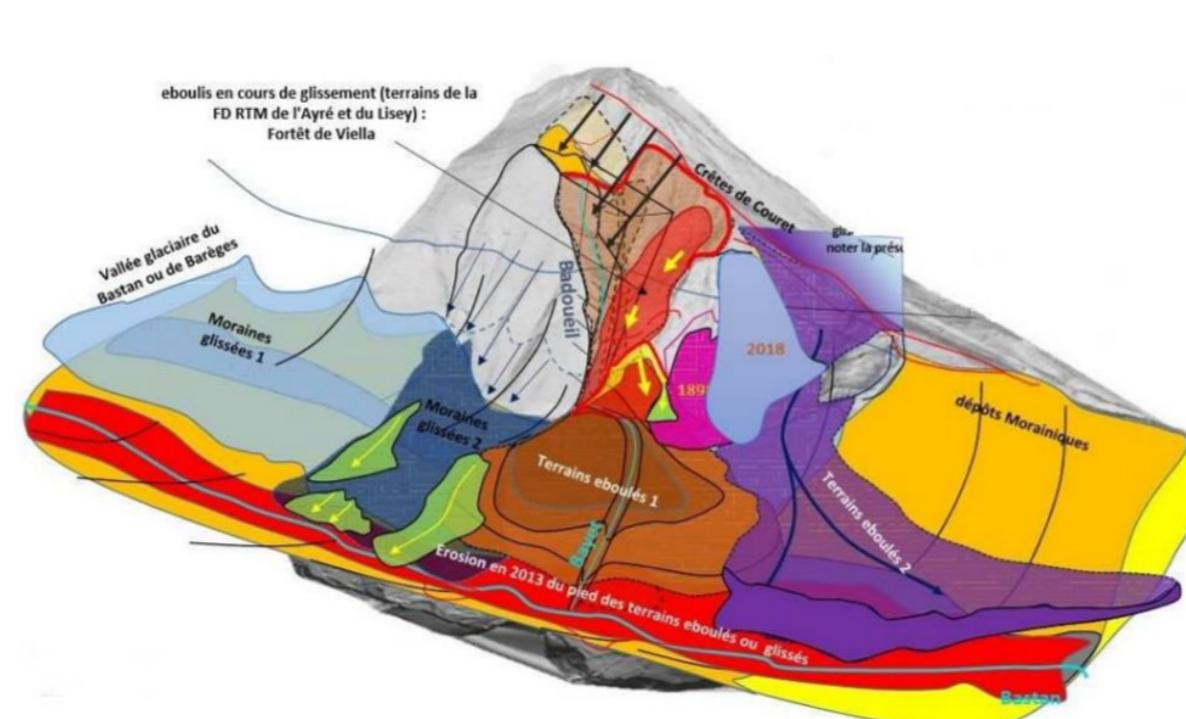
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## Objective

- Joint interpretation of resistivity and seismic travel time dataset using 3D geophysical inversion and machine learning
- Better representation of the spatial variation of structures, heterogeneities and water pathways
- 3D geometrical models as input for landslide hydro-mechanical modelling



The Viella landslide: geomorphology, region of interest for the geophysical survey and geological sketch

## The Viella landslide, Central Pyrénées

- Large landslide affecting unconsolidated sediments (moraine, rockslide deposits, alluviums)
- Estimated depth > 80 m, reactivation in 2018
- Surface velocity up to several cm.yr<sup>-1</sup> with damage to buildings and infrastructures

PEG-90 shot

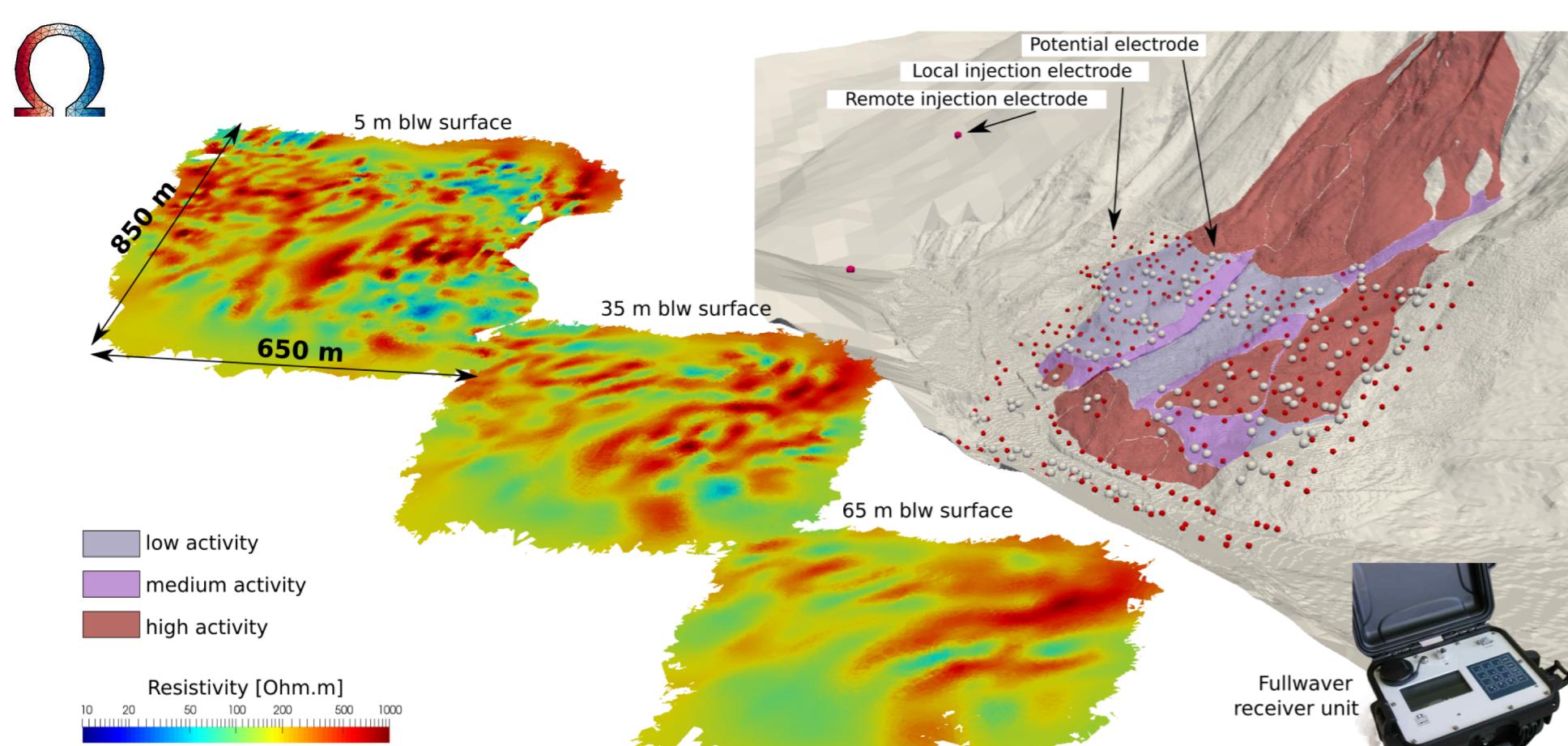
## Survey

- > 15 boreholes, inclinometers and piezometers and hydrogeological tracing
- 3D resistivity survey (153 electrodes, 235 injection points, TDIP and Fullwaver system)
- 3D seismic survey (72 geophones / DENSAR; > 200 seismic sources – vibroseis, PEG-90kg, Sissy-shots)
- Geophysical acquisition carried out in June/July 2020

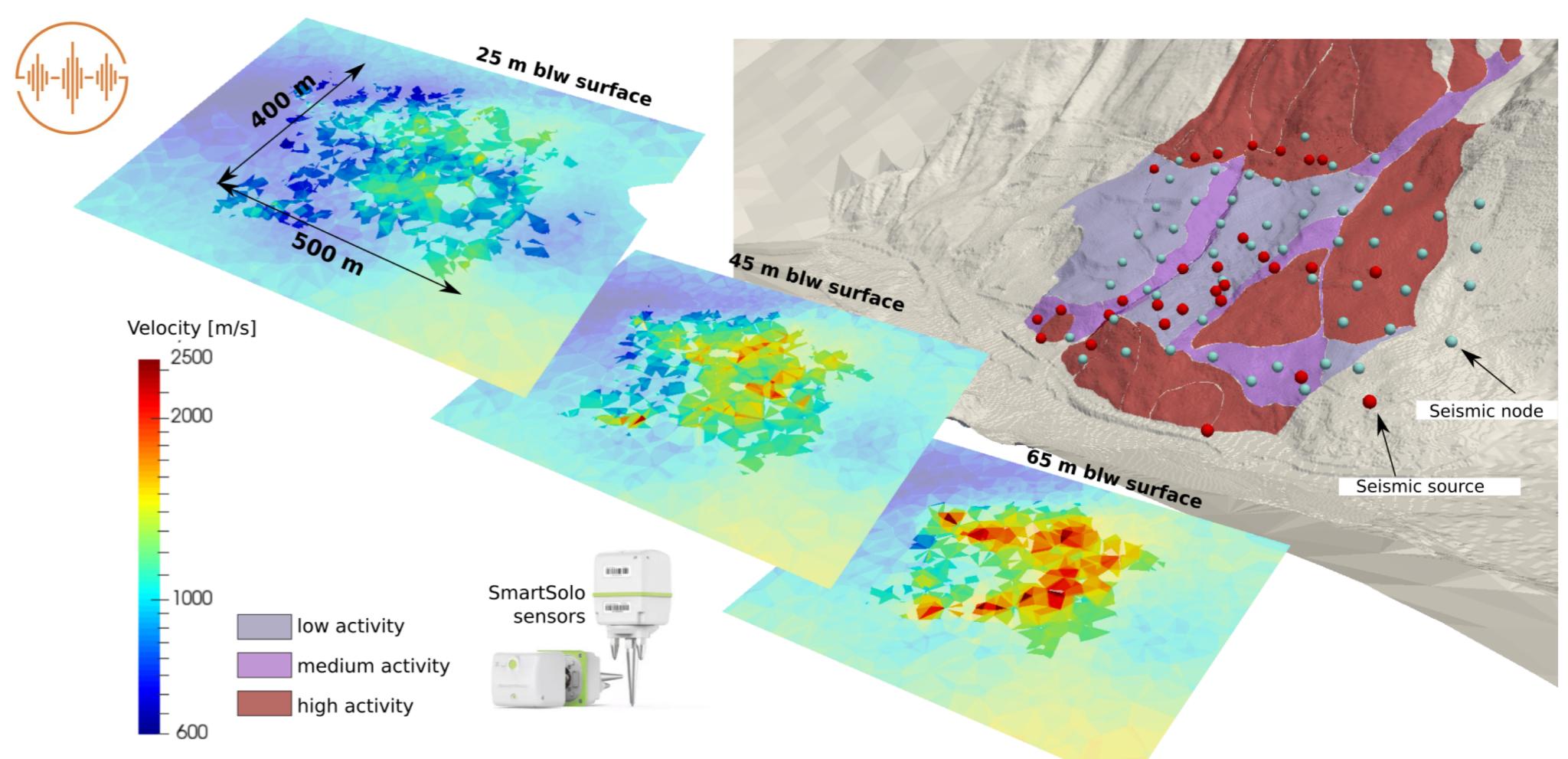


3D ERT injection control

### 3D ERT model (BERT inversion) and 2D resistivity slices at several depths

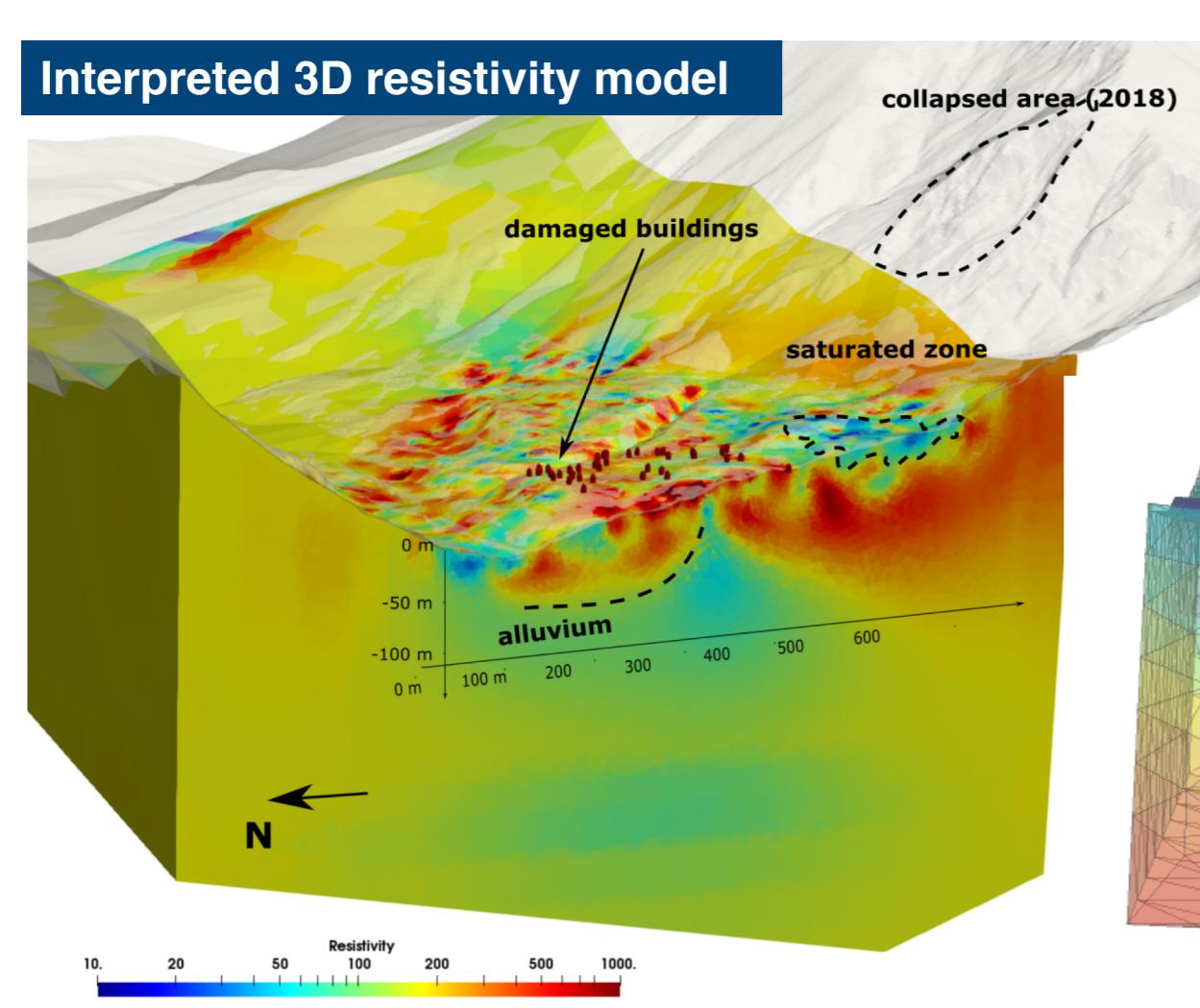


### 3D P-wave travel-time model (PyGimly inversion) and 2D velocity field at several depths

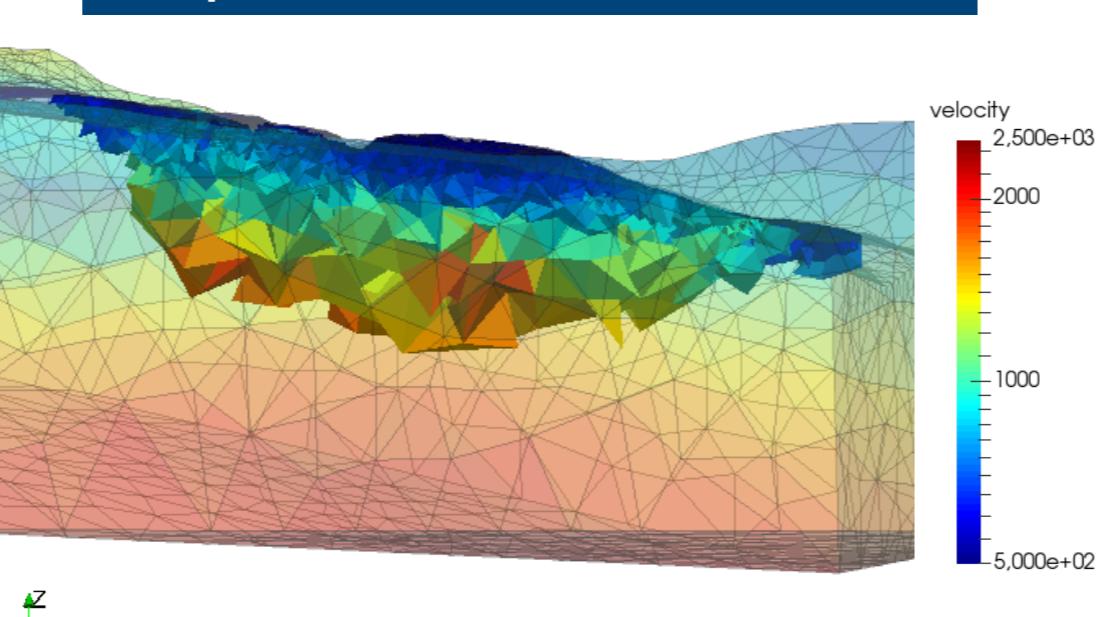


## Geophysical inversion

- 3D models allow documenting the complex structures of the slope at several spatial scales
- Relation between resistivity and lithological / hydrogeological units
- Relation between seismic velocity and compacity of the slope sediments



### Interpreted 3D P-wave seismic model



## Multi-data fusion with machine learning

- Geophysical attributes derived from the models
- Hydrogeological (water saturation) and lithological (material compacity and granulometry) information from boreholes
- Regression using a Random Forest classifier

