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# A computationally-based approach to the understanding of child's phonological development

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► **To cite this version:**

Andrea Briglia. A computationally-based approach to the understanding of child's phonological development. 50th Poznan Linguistic Meeting [http://wa.amu.edu.pl/plm/2020/files/posters/Briglia\\_PLM2021\\_Poster.pdf](http://wa.amu.edu.pl/plm/2020/files/posters/Briglia_PLM2021_Poster.pdf), Sep 2021, Poznan, Poland. hal-03445409

**HAL Id: hal-03445409**

**<https://hal.science/hal-03445409v1>**

Submitted on 23 Nov 2021

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# A computationally-based approach to the understanding of child's phonological development



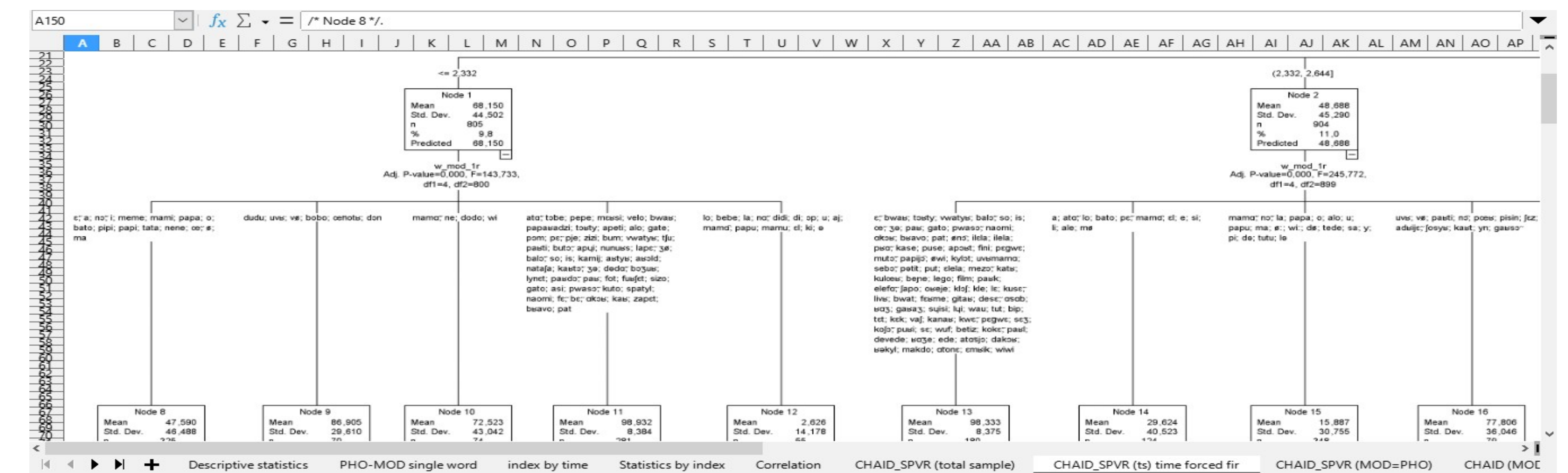
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- Data.** CoLaJE (1) is an open access French database made up of 7 child spoken language monthly *in vivo* videorecordings. There are around thirty longitudinal samples per child, each child counts approx 7000 sentences and 28'000 words. IPA transcriptions of *pho*, *mod* and orthographic for CHI.

Loc	Ts	Te	Transcription L: 990 - 988 - 997 T: (-) P: - 0:00:09
CHI	0:24:03	0:24:13	<regarde celui-là il a trois essuie-glace !>
<i>pho</i>			<ʁogas sɥila la il a kwa sysygas>
<i>mod</i>			<ʁəgavd sɥila la il a tʁwa esɥiglas>
FAT	0:24:13	0:24:14	il a trois essuie-glace .
CHI	0:24:14	0:24:15	oui !
<i>pho</i>			wi
<i>mod</i>			wi
FAT	0:24:14	0:24:16	essuie-glace Adrien , comment tu dis ?
FAT	0:24:16	0:24:19	tu dis essuie-glace ?
CHI	0:24:19	0:24:21	<celui-là il en a deux !>
<i>pho</i>			ʁeuli la ã n a dɔ

- HP** Phonetic and phonological variations are not random, they rather follow and underlying logic made up of constraints and tendencies. Comparisons between similarly sampled children could give us a way to outline common preferential learning patterns
- METHODS/1** We first use PHON to align *pho* and *mod* lines, then we set an algorithm able to calculate the SPVR (Sentence Phonetic Variation Rate). We use CHAID  $\chi^2$  (2), a decision tree technique conceived to overcome in a non parametric way the problem of multiple comparisons. Three steps: merging, splitting and stopping.



- CONCLUSIONS** Broadly speaking, FLA and phonological theories, such as the three pillars of Clements' « Theory of traits », can be quickly confirmed by using these two ways of representing massive longitudinal datasets. Despite so, particular learning paths for a given consonantal cluster are hard to study because of the high variability between children. Here an example of the paradigmatic case of plosive-liquids :

- /gR/ → /dR/ ; /dR/ → /gR/
- /tR/ → /kR/ ; /kR/ → /tR/
- « 52 Q : ben attends, on essaie de/ de l'trouver, si on le trouve pas ze/ ben c'est pas grave hein, ça c'est un gros euh c'est bien.. si on le krouve pas, alors c'est pas grave donc. . » (4)

## REFERENCES

- Morgenstern A., ; Parisse C. « The Paris Corpus ». Cambridge Univ Press. 2012
- Kass G. « An exploratory technique fo investigating large quantities of categorical data ». Applied Statistics 29 (2), 1980
- Cuenca et al. « Mutltiresolution Streamgraph approach to time series » IEEE, 2018
- Sauvage J. « L'acquisition du langage. Un système complexe » Louvain, 2015.

- METHOD/2** Multiresolution Streamgraph (3). To each French phoneme is assigned a color, here is represented *pho*.  
[https://marine27.github.io/TER/site\\_aquisition\\_du\\_langage/multistream.html](https://marine27.github.io/TER/site_aquisition_du_langage/multistream.html)

