

# Transportation systems in the Arctic: a systematic literature review using textometry

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## Transportation systems in the Arctic: a systematic literature review using textometry

Abstract

 Changes in the climatic conditions in the Arctic are opening new trading routes (Northern Sea Route & North West Passage) in this area. There is a growing importance of this theme in the conversation amongst transportation scholars. Indeed, the academic conversation about Arctic transportation is becoming a field of research in itself. The aim of this study is to look at this conversation and provide a state-of-the-art of Arctic transportation systems. The investigation is based on a systematic literature review of peer reviewed articles dealing with transportation and the Arctic. The corpus composed of 386 articles about Arctic transportation is studied from a textometric perspective and compared with professional press to identify gaps between concerns of professionals and scholars' research. Results show a growing body of research with a strong node of experts. Their research covers operations and sustainable development of shipping and port activities along the Arctic routes. We also identify five major areas for further investigation: the tactical perspective and management approach of issues in the field, risk management in general, logistic systems to access to the Arctic routes, major clustering projects development in the area and management of specific fleets required by the extreme conditions.

## Keywords

- 22 Arctic, Northern Sea Route, North West Passage, Shipping, Ports, Hinterland, Tourism,
- 23 Literature Review.

## Transportation systems in the Arctic: a systematic literature review

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#### 1. Introduction

- 4 One of global warming's effects is the melting of ice caps in Polar areas and especially in the
- 5 Arctic region. The Arctic is warming more than twice as fast as the rest of the planet, rapidly
- 6 increasing glacier and sea ice melt (Quinn, 2008). This ice melt makes shipping possible for a
- 7 certain period in the year along the coasts of Russia, with the Northern Sea Route (NSR) and
- 8 Canada with the North West Passage (NWP) (Lasserre and Faury, 2019). Moreover, the ice
- 9 melt influences the commercial viability of these routes (Bekkers, 2018). Potential
- 10 profitability comes from a reduction in distance for transcontinental shipping, and especially
- the Asia-Europe shipping (Lasserre, 2014).
- 12 The ice melt has two main consequences for transportation. First, it opens a passage for
- vessels crossing in the Northern American area (Chenier et al, 2016) and in the Eurasian area
- 14 (Solvang, 2018). These routes may not only be cheaper and faster solutions for
- transcontinental transportation, but they could also become less-polluting routes overall
- 16 (Theocharis et al., 2018; Zhang et al., 2019). Second, this melt also enables easier exploitation
- and transportation of resources to and from the Arctic area. It is especially true considering oil
- fields (Remishevskaia et al., 2018) and liquefied natural gas fields (Ritz, 2019).
- During the last few decades and with an increasing rate, studies have been performed by
- 20 private, institutional, and academic sectors. These studies cover transportation through, from
- 21 and to the Arctic area as well as infrastructures located in the Arctic. Transportation studies
- cover tramping and oil transportation (Cariou and Faury, 2015), container shipping (Xu et al,
- 23 2018; Cheaitou and Cariou, 2012) and also cruise shipping (Webb and Gende, 2015; Kajan,
- 24 2014; Dawson et al., 2016). Infrastructures in the Arctic have been studied from the
- perspective of ports with their capacity, development and specific requirements (Allen, 2015;
- 26 Krivoshchekov et al., 2018); from the perspective of the access to hinterland through the
- 27 different corridors and modes of transport (Alix, 2016; Antipov et al., 2017; Alklychev and
- Zoidov, 2012); and from a free zone perspective (Lavissière and Faury, 2019).
- 29 In this short time, a complete field of research has emerged and structured itself around a few
- 30 major approaches. Not only are academic articles increasing in numbers, but books have also
- 31 been dedicated to transportation in the Arctic with its specific issues. Thematic literature
- reviews have also been carried out. First, Lasserre (2014) looked at the studies that compared
- the Arctic and non Arctic routes. He based his research on 26 academic papers dealing with
- such comparisons. Then, Meng et al. (2017) carried out a literature review on the theme of
- 35 Arctic navigation and commercial opportunities. This literature review is based on 25
- academic papers. A few years ago, Theocharis et al. (2018) completed a third literature review
- on the different research methods used to compare the existing shipping routes and the Arctic
- on the different research methods used to compare the existing simpping routes and the raction
- routes. This thematic literature review on methodology is based on 33 academic papers. While
- 39 these three major literature reviews focus on very specific aspects in the field of Arctic
- 40 transportation, there is currently no systemic literature review of concerning the whole field.

- 1 This leaves Arctic transportation scholars with no overall picture of the current academic
- 2 literature in their field.
- 3 The aim of the present paper is to bridge this gap. We present a systematic literature review of
- 4 the Arctic transportation field. We include academic articles treating the whole scope of
- 5 Arctic transportation: geographically with a coverage of NSR and NWP; in terms of
- 6 transportation with academic papers on ports in the Arctic; shipping in the Arctic; tourism;
- 7 and legal, institutional and geopolitical implications that the exploitation of the Arctic as a
- 8 transportation route creates. Moreover, we compare the concerns of the academic community
- 9 with the professional concerns that professional press about this field addresses and exposes.
- 10 For this systematic literature review, we take a textometric approach. This linguistics-based
- method has been used in other management studies (Macke and Genari, 2019), but also in
- maritime studies (Mandjak et al. 2019; Fedi et al. 2019) in order to obtain an overall picture of
- the literature published in the field.

#### **2. Method**

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- 15 *2.1. Characteristics of a systematic literature review*
- 16 Systematic literature reviews began in medical science and then diffused to psychology,
- information technology, and social sciences (Senivongse et al., 2017). They cover a specific
- topic in the academic literature in an exhaustive manner. The first aim is to build a state of the
- 19 art. Such reviews also enable academic communities to find new topics for research and to
- 20 identify specific gaps to fill while summarizing knowledge on the specific topic. In the field
- of transportation, several types of systematic reviews can be identified: methodological (Woo
- et al., 2011), emerging topics (Moros-Daza et al., 2020) or syntheses of large existing
- 23 literature (Mandjak et al., 2019).
- 24 A systematic literature review "is based on a clearly formulated question, identifies relevant
- 25 studies, appraises their quality and summarizes the evidence by use of explicit methodology. It
- 26 is the explicit and systematic approach that distinguishes systematic reviews from traditional
- 27 reviews and commentaries" (Khan et al., 2003: 118).
- 28 In order to carry out the systematic literature review on Arctic transportation systems, we
- 29 followed the steps suggested by Durach et al. (2017) and commonly accepted in management
- science and economy (Tranfield et al., 2003; Mandjak et al., 2019). These six steps are the
- 31 following: (1) defining the research question, (2) determining the required characteristics of
- primary studies, (3) retrieving a sample of potentially relevant literature, (4) selecting the
- 33 relevant literature, (5) synthesizing the literature, and (6) reporting the results.
  - 2.2. Steps in defining the relevant literature base

# Step 1: Research question

- Literature suggests that the topic of a systematic literature review, as well as the research questions, should be chosen before starting to perform the review (Boell and Cecez-Kecmanovic, 2015; Khan et al., 2003). This approach led us to three main research questions:
  - QR1: what is the state of the art of Arctic transportation?
  - QR2: does academic research on Arctic transportation match with professional concerns about the topic?

• QR3: what are the perspectives of future research in the field?

Step 2: Required characteristics of primary studies

Our literature review is composed of three textometric analyses. The first textometric analysis is restricted to academic work published in English in peer review journals. We chose this type of research document because it is the most representative of current research that is approved by the academic community researching transportation. We systematically searched for and included these articles. We did not include books, book chapters written by scholars, articles selected for publication in conference proceedings, Masters or Ph.D. dissertations, or reports.

- The second textometric analysis concerns four academic books fully dedicated to Arctic transportation that were published recently. These four books constitute our second corpus.
- For these books, we therefore performed a parallel analysis. These books were included in a
- parallel corpus because they were published by academic editor, written exclusively by
- scholars, were peer reviewed and edited by authors we identified as key authors of the topic.
- During the analysis of our results, as a comparison, we also performed a textometric analysis of professional press articles. Through this analysis, we were able to ascertain the convergence or divergence of concerns between academia and the business world. While the review of professional press is not, strictly speaking, commonly part of a systematic literature review, we also aimed to identify sectorial themes that are salient in professional

#### Step 3: Sample of potentially relevant literature

communication and not addressed in the academic literature.

We conducted a keyword research on EBSCO and SCOPUS, two of the most renowned and used academic databases in order to identify a first set of academic articles dealing with our topic. We limited our research to 30 years from 1990 to 2019 included. We then performed a research in February 2020 to include the any recently published articles. Five articles were included at this stage. These two databases are complementary since only 47 articles were duplicates out of the 386 articles which composed the corpus for the review.

Following the methods of Mandjak et al. (2019) the EBSCO and SCOPUS research was performed on two axes of keywords. One for the geographical approach to studying the Arctic and a second for the maritime-related transportation in the area. In order to select the keywords, we first surveyed and listed the potential keywords. Then we contacted a group of experts, who first individually gave us their feedback. Finally, we shared feedback to reach a consensus on the keywords. For the geographical axis, we excluded *Arctic Bridge* and *Polar* as keywords and retained *Arctic, Northern Sea Route* (and *NSR*), *Northeast Passage* (and *NEP*) *North West Passage* (and *NWP*). For the transportation axis, we selected *Shipping, Transport, Maritime, Port, Hinterland, Tourism,* and *Cruise*. To verify the quality of this method, when we had the final database, we also looked at smaller scale geographical areas to check if they were present in the corpus. We looked for Svalbard (842 occurrences), Greenland (1026), Siberia (274), Nunavut (476), Alaska (591), Baffin (114), Beaufort (240),

- 1 Barents (793), Bering (610), Yamal (226), Hudson (69), Kara (267), Laptev (153), Naress (3),
- 2 Norwegian (1137).

# 3 Table 1a: Matrix of articles collected initially with EBSCO

Keywords	Arctic	NEP	NSR	NWP	Sum
Shipping	401	219	794	235	1649
<b>Transport</b>	940	417	1415	409	3181
Maritime	472	189	693	216	1570
Port	540	393	1181	405	2519
Hinterland	42	50	227	35	354
Tourism	408	182	593	178	1361
Cruise	120	41	151	71	383
Sum	2923	1491	5054	1549	11017

Table 1b: Matrix of articles collected initially with SCOPUS

Keywords	Arctic	NEP	NSR	NWP	Sum
Shipping	221	3	82	9	315
Transport	624	17	39	13	693
Maritime	219	3	42	2	266
Port	63	1	18	1	83
Hinterland	2	0	2	0	4
Tourism	138	10	1	0	149
Cruise	73	0	2	0	75
Sum	1340	34	186	25	1585

The search for articles was conducted with all combinations of keywords of the geographical axis with those of the transportation axis. We performed the search on Titles, Abstracts and Keywords. The result were two matrices, one for EBSCO and one for SCOPUS, of 28 lists of academic articles (the combination of 4 keywords by 7 keywords). The combined total number of academic articles was 11,017 articles for EBSCO and 1 585 for SCOPUS. The lists did not have the same length and some articles figured more than once in the total of each database. Table 1a and 1b show the number of articles found in each list. The first task was to merge the lists in each database and exclude duplicates. The second task was to exclude articles that were not related to the field of Arctic transportation such as academic articles dealing with conditions of use of USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports in Arctic conditions. We performed this task through a first round of elimination of clearly unrelated papers. Then the most expert author in the field performed a second verification of the articles. Finally, we verified both of our corpora by double-checking for any possibly missed articles directly on the websites of academic journals in the field. For this step, we used the same keywords as listed in Tables 1a and 1b.

Step 4: Selecting the relevant literature

After the collection and filtering out unrelated articles, 900 articles remained from the EBSCO database (Table 2a) and 445 articles from SCOPUS database (Table 2b). Several articles, however, appeared in more than one combination of keywords. After eliminating the duplicates, 204 articles relevant to the literature review remained in the EBSCO database. Four articles, however, were not academic articles as they were consulting reports published in an academic review (1), book chapters (1), and books (2). One article appeared in the proceedings from a renowned international conference and was highly cited as such. We first excluded the article and then discovered that the paper was published in a peer reviewed journal. We only included the peer-reviewed version in our database.

Table 2a: Matrix of articles collected and selected from EBSCO

Keywords	Arctic	NEP	NSR	NWP	Sum
Cruise	18	9	9	13	49
Hinterland	4	2	3	1	10
Maritime	99	30	67	32	228
Port	49	17	31	23	120
Shipping	124	34	61	32	251
Tourism	33	8	7	12	60
Transport	81	25	52	24	182
Sum	408	125	230	137	900

We used the same methodology to select 239 articles from the SCOPUS database. We excluded articles written in French (3) as well as in Russian (1). We also excluded book chapters (2). We finally merged both corpora and found 47 duplicates. The final total of our

academic literature corpus was 386 academic peer reviewed articles in English.

Table 2b: Matrix of articles collected and selected from SCOPUS

Keywords	Arctic	NEP	NSR	NWP	Sum
Cruise	21		2		23
Hinterland	2		2		4
Maritime	82	1	30		113
Port	26		13		39
Shipping	100	1	58	7	166
Tourism	21		1		22
Transport	52		26		78
Sum	304	2	132	7	445

From these 386 articles, 49% appear only with one combination of keywords, 81% appear with five or less combinations and only 10% appear with 9 or more combinations with one article appearing in 23 combinations in each database.

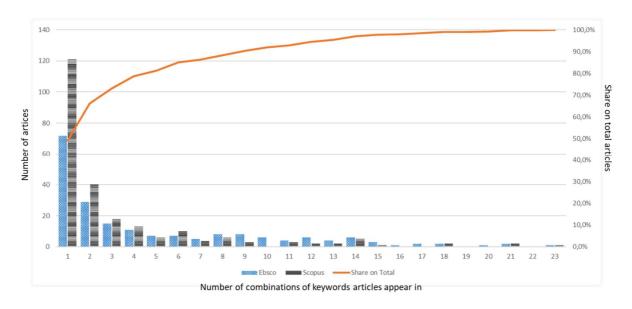


Figure 1: Distribution of articles of the corpus in the combinations of keywords

2.3. Descriptive bibliographic results

The corpus (Fig. 2) shows an increasing interest in the topic over time. There are less than 5 articles per year from 1990 to 2006, then an increasing trend with three peaks in 2011 (24), 2016 (45) and 2018 (66). Fig. 2 confirms the topicality of Arctic transportation and the relevance of a first systematic state of the art.

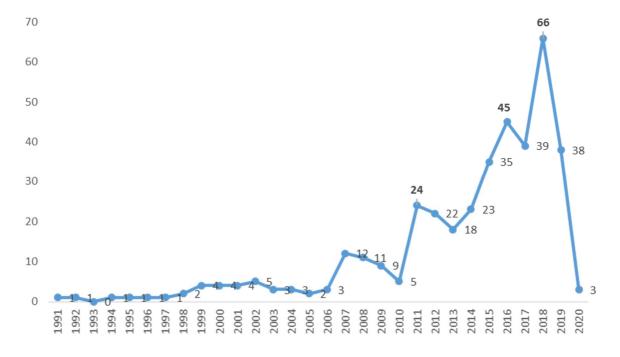


Figure 2: Distribution of articles of the corpus over time

Table 3 shows the most well-represented journals in the corpus. We can see that only journals cited at least two times in the corpus are presented in Table 3. There is a total of 181 different journals that appear in the corpus. The 12 most represented journals amount for more than a

third of the publications on Arctic transportation systems. Moreover, 26 journals, including
 Transportation Research Part A: Policy and Practice, represent 50% of the publications.

Table 3: Most represented journals in the corpus

Decean Development and International Law Review of European, Comparative and International Environmental Law Its   55%   14% Maritime Policy and Management   17   4%   18% Problems of Economic Transition   16   4%   23%   25%   1475   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%   25%   150   25%	Academic Journal	Number Articles	Share	Sum
Martitime Policy and Management         17         4%         18%           Problems of Economic Transition         16         4%         23%           Pournal of Transport Geography         9         2%         25%           International Affairs         7         2%         27%           Ocean Engineering         7         2%         28%           WMU Journal of Maritime Affairs         6         2%         33%           Environmental science and technology         6         2%         33%           Europe-Asia Studies         6         2%         35%           Maritime Economics and Logistics         6         2%         35%           Maritime Economics and Logistics         5         1%         38%           Transportation Research Part A: Policy and Practice         5         1%         38%           Current Issues in Tourism         4         1%         40%           Journal of Sustainable Tourism         4         1%         43%           Resources         4         1%         43%           Scandinavian Journal of Hospitality and Tourism         4         1%         43%           Scandinavian Journal of Shipping and Transport Logistics         3         1%         45%	Ocean Development and International Law	36	9%	9%
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Journal of Transport Geography	Maritime Policy and Management	17	4%	18%
International Affairs	Problems of Economic Transition	16	4%	23%
Ocean Engineering         7         2%         28%           WMU Journal of Maritime Affairs         7         2%         32%           Coastal Management         6         2%         32%           Environmental science and technology         6         2%         33%           Europe-Asia Studies         6         2%         37%           Maritime Economics and Logistics         5         1%         38%           Transportation Research Part A: Policy and Practice         5         1%         38%           Current Issues in Tourism         4         1%         40%           Journal of Sustainable Tourism         4         1%         40%           Nordic Journal of International Law         4         1%         43%           Scandinavian Journal of Hospitality and Tourism         4         1%         43%           Scandinavian Journal of Hospitality and Tourism         4         1%         44%           Strategic Analysis         4         1%         44%           International Journal of Shipping and Transport Logistics         3         1%         45%           Energy Research and Social Science         3         1%         45%           International Journal of Shipping and Transport Logistics	Journal of Transport Geography	9	2%	25%
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	Science of The Total Environment			65%

Scientific reports	2	1%	66%
The Asian Journal of Shipping and Logistics	2	1%	66%
The Brown Journal of World Affairs	2	1%	67%
Transport Policy	2	1%	67%
Transport Reviews	2	1%	68%
Transportation Research Part E: Logistics and Transportation Review	2	1%	68%

Table 4 presents the authors who are most represented in the corpus with their country of affiliation. We can see that only the 23 authors who appear at least three times in the corpus are presented in Table 4. These authors are central to the topic and represent 10.7 % of the total of authors of the corpus (751 authors). Authors' affiliations also provide interesting information since most Arctic countries are represented (all except Iceland and Denmark). The most prolific country is Canada with 3 authors in the top 24 authors. The 3 authors are also in top 5 author. They have written a combined total of 21 articles. Surprisingly France appears second in terms of cumulated publications (17) from these major authors (4 out of 24). Other non Arctic countries such as China (2 authors) and Singapore (2 authors who have more than 3 articles) are also represented.

Table 4: Most active authors in the field of Arctic transportation

Authors	Nbr of Publications	Country of affiliation
Lasserre, F.	9	Canada
Dawson, J.	7	Canada
Faury, O.	6	France
Bennett, M.M.	5	Hong Kong
Khan, F.	5	Canada
Cariou, P.	4	France
Cheaitou, A.	4	France
Ehlers, S.	4	Germany
Smith, L.C.	4	U.S.A.
Stephenson, S.R.	4	U.S.A.
Stewart, E.J.	4	New Zealand
Zhang, Y.	4	Singapore
Berkman, P.A.	3	U.S.A.
Brubaker, R.D.	3	Norway
Chen, J.S.	3	U.S.A.
Erikstad, S.O.	3	Norway
Fedi, L.	3	France
Furuichi, M.	3	Japan
Hu, H.	3	China
Meng, Q.	3	Singapore
Moe, A.	3	Norway
Stokke, O.S.	3	Norway
Tarovik, O.V.	3	Russia
Yan, X.	3	China

2.4. Textometric analysis procedure: textometric analysis with Iramuteq

2.4.1. Textometry as a method in systematic literature reviews

Our systematic literature review harnesses the advances in textometric software. Textometric software has been used for discourse analysis in linguistics (Longhi, 2020) and other social sciences (Ratinaud and Marchand, 2015). Discourse analysis, however, primarily aims at understanding language and social phenomena through the study of discourse (Partington et al., 2013). While not sharing the same object of study, the methods used in some types of discourse analysis, such as textometry, can be employed to enhance systematic literature reviews. Indeed, the goal of these reviews is to provide "a critical component of advancing knowledge" in a given field of study (Durach et al. 2017: 67). Because it automatizes the coding phase and a part of the interpretation phase, textometry enhances knowledge about a field of study by allowing for a larger volume and wider range of literature to be analyzed and integrated during the review process. It also allows researchers to avoid some biases during the analysis and integration phase of the review. 

Given its potential, textometric analysis has recently been used in several systematic literature reviews in management sciences. Macke and Genari (2019) use a textometric method in their literature review about sustainable human resource management (SHRM). Their research contributes to the knowledge about the evolution of research about SHRM in time. Additionally, the authors use the textometric analysis results to build a theoretical model of SHRM in the grounded theory approach. Mandják et al. (2019) carry out a systematic literature review of ports research with Iramuteq. They observe that ports have long been studied in terms of their operations, but that there is a need for further development of an industrial marketing approach in the field. Textometric analysis is therefore a promising method to understand the current academic conversations about transportation and the Arctic. In addition, it has already been used in management science studies for systematic literature reviews. 

In this article, we use textometric analysis of the full text of the 386 articles and 4 books to complete the fifth step of Durach et al.'s (2017:75-76) protocol for systematic literature reviews in Supply Chain Management. In this step, Durach et al. (2017) recommend that the researchers 1) "code the relevant data from primary studies" and 2) carry out the task of "summarizing or cumulating the findings of different studies" through analysis and integration. As Durach et al. (2017) highlight, there are risks associated with these substeps. In substep 5.1, variability in manual coding can introduce bias into the review. In substep 5.2, there is a risk of expectancy bias, by which researchers highlight information that conforms to their expectations. Expectancy bias may also lead them to omit problematic information. This introduces subjectivity into the analysis and integration of the different studies.

In order to minimalize these biases and to include a much larger range and volume of research about Arctic transportation, we chose to use textometry to complete step 5. In this case, the manual coding of 5.1 is replaced by statistical calculation of the salience of content words (nouns, verbs, adverbs, and adjectives), the strength of the connections between them, and the statistic relationship of the contexts in which these content words appear. This method also reduces bias in step 5.2, during the analysis and integration of the coding of the various articles. While the interpretation of the results requires the insight of the researchers, the different themes calculated by Iramuteq are salient because of their statistical strength in the corpus, and not because of the researchers' own expectations. Finally, as textometry analyses the corpus of articles as a whole, it meets the goals of steps 5.1 and 5.2 as defined by Durach et al. (2017: 75): 5.1) discover the "content and interrelationships" between the information in

- the different articles and 5.2) "develop narrative propositions" that integrate "insights from
- 2 different methodological approaches and research settings."
- 3 2.4.1. Iramuteq: underlying theory and types analyses performed
- 4 Textometric software programs allow researchers to carry out statistical analyses on content
- 5 words in a corpus. Simply put, the hypothesis underlying Iramuteq, and textometry in general,
- 6 is that the frequency with which a content word appears, the statistical relationships between
- 7 content words and their contexts all witness to thematic patterns specific to a corpus. These
- 8 patterns occur at a local level when content words are repeatedly used closely together. They
- 9 also occur at a more global level when the same content words occur in the same contexts
- throughout the corpus. These latter trends the corpus form what Reinert calls "lexical worlds"
- 11 (1990). Reinert (1993) explains that these represent cognitive "common places" towards
- which the authors of a corpus tend to gravitate.
- 13 The interest of this method for a systematic literature review is therefore threefold. First, the
- method provides a statistically grounded representation the current academic conversations in
- a given research field. Second, it also represents how these different conversations interlace or
- remain isolated from each other. The analyses were carried out in the five steps. We describe
- these five steps in following paragraphs.
- 18 First, the software lemmatizes content words such as nouns, verbs, adjectives and adverbs.
- 19 This means that grammatical information, such as the plural or verb tense, is removed from
- 20 the corpus. For example, the words girl and girls are counted as two occurrences of one active
- 21 form, girl. In the same way, the verbs ran and run are counted as two occurrences of one
- active form, run.
- Second, the software divides the corpus into *segments*. These segments become the basic unit
- of context used in the statistical analyses. In our analysis, we chose the segment length of 26
- words, as this corresponds to the average length of a sentence in English academic articles
- 26 (Deveci, 2019).
- 27 Third, the software performs a basic statistical analysis that calculates the following
- 28 information. First, the number of texts in the corpus. Second, the number of words in the
- 29 corpus. Third, the number of active forms in the corpus. Fourth, the number of hapaxes in the
- 30 corpus. Fifth, the mean number of words per text. In addition, at this step, the software creates
- 31 four tables:
- 32 1) *active forms*, ranked from most frequent to less frequent;
- 2) supplementary forms that include grammatical words such as a, the, and for. These forms
- are not counted in the active forms category;
- 35 3) *hapaxes* that include words that occur only once in the corpus;
- 4) *total* that includes both active forms and supplementary forms.
- Fourth, a similarity analysis performed by Iramuteq. It is based on graph theory (Flament,
- 38 1962). It creates a graph using the co-occurences of forms in the segments and the strength of
- 39 their association (Longhi, 2018). This graph, therefore, represents the local connections that
- 40 authors make between forms, and therefore, concepts, used to speak about Arctic

- transportation. Details about graph theory and the similarity analysis algorithm used in 1
- Iramuteq are given in Marchand and Ratinaud, (2012). 2
- 3 Fifth, the software performs the Reinert analysis. Details about the algorithm can be found in
- Reinert (1983, 1986, 1991) in addition to Ratinaud (2018) and Ratinaud and Marchand 4
- 5 (2012b). The Reinert analysis is a type of Descending Hierarchical Classification (DHC). It is
- based on a correspondence analysis. Using the frequency tables created at the lemmatization 6
- stage (step 1) and the segments into which the text was initially divided (step 2), the algorithm 7
- repeatedly divides the corpus into homogenous sections according to the chi-squared 8
- correlation between the categories and the frequency with which the active forms appear in 9
- similar segments (Bart, 2011). This creates different categories or "lexical worlds" according 10
- to Reinert (1990). It is important to underline that the categories created by the Reinert 11
- analysis are composed of the texts of the complete corpus. In this way, the categories exist in 12
- the entire literature of Arctic transportation as it is represented by the corpus. In addition to 13
- the Reinert dendrogram, Iramuteq creates a graph of the correspondence analysis representing 14
- the two factors that best explain the distribution of the corpus as axes. 15
- We followed the above procedure for the analyses of the corpus of four books and the corpus 16
- of professional press that we describe in section 3.5. 17

## 3. Results of the textometric analysis

- 3.1. Results concerning the frequency of the active forms 19
- 20 As explained above, the analysis in this study was performed on the full text of 386 articles.
- These articles amount for 2,663,095 occurrences of the forms. Consequently, there is an 21
- average of 6899 forms per article, which is consistent with results obtained is similar 22
- textometric literature reviews (see for example Mandjak et al., 2019). 44,995 different forms 23
- generate these occurrences, of which, 20,983 are hapaxes (0.79% of occurrences for 46.63% 24
- 25 of forms). 489 forms were supplementary forms. 44,525 active forms, therefore, were
- included in the analysis. 26

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- We now can divide the corpus into five groups: 27
  - Group 1: the word Arctic represents 1.63% of occurrences of forms in the whole corpus, confirming its central position in our study. It represents 1.62% in EBSCO only papers, which shows high consistency in the corpus.
  - Group 2: five more forms, state, ship, sea, ice and international, together with Arctic, represent 0.013% of the different forms of the corpus, but 5.23 % of the total occurrences in the corpus.
  - Group 3: fifteen more forms, route, area, region, vessel, water, development, nsr, cost, law, include, time, port, russian, new, increase, and oil represent together with the previous five forms 10.12% of the corpus's occurrences.
  - Group 4: 47 more forms represent, with the previous forms, 20% of the occurrences.
  - Groupe 5: 106 more forms represent, with the previous forms, one-third of the occurrences.
    - Group 6: the rest of the forms (99.6%) represent two-thirds of the corpus.
- The concentration of forms in the occurrences shows the consistency of our corpus since the 41
- authors of the 386 articles use the same vocabulary to discuss Arctic transportation. Fig. 3 42

- shows the logarithmic distribution of active forms in the overall corpus. Concerning the keywords used to select articles for the corpus, not all of them are present in the top occurrences of active forms in the corpus itself. This confirms that the authors whose articles were included are mainly concerned with shipping and ports along the Northern Sea Route.
  - Table 5: Ranking of active forms in the corpus according to frequency of occurrence

Form	Rank	
Arctic		1
Shipping		2
NSR		13
Port		18
Maritime		31
Transport		27
Tourism		34
Cruise		45
NWP		659
NEP		1093
Hinterland		2253
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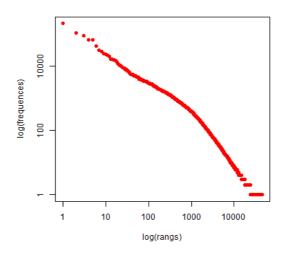


Figure 3: Distribution of forms in the corpus

# 3.2. Similarity analysis

We performed the similarity analysis on the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 of words. We did not include Group 1 which is composed of *Arctic*, because the centrality of this concept masked other connections. Secondary connections appear more clearly without Group 1. In addition, we did not include Group 5 in order to focus on the 0.15% of forms that represent 20% of the corpus occurrences, i.e., the heart of the corpus. Then, we performed the similarity analysis without the form *ship* that was too central on to part of the graph.

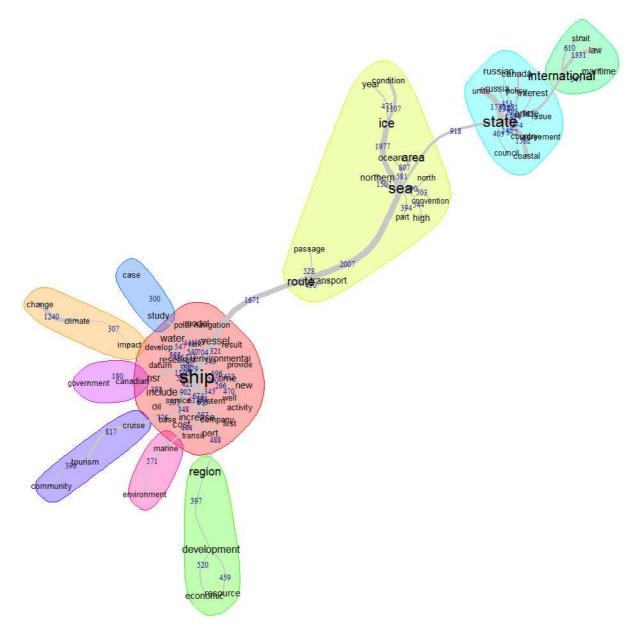


Figure 4a: Similarity analysis of the corpus (Groups 2, 3 and 4)

 Figure 4a shows the results of the similarity analysis, with ten clusters of interrelated forms. Four clusters are multibranches linked to *sea*, *state*, *international* and *ship*. The cluster centered on ship is linked to six linear clusters: *region development*, *marine development*, *cruise tourism*, *Canadian government*, *impact climate change*, and *case study*. When we exclude the form *ship*, in order to analyze other relationships between concepts, Figure 4b shows an opposition between the *state* cluster and *sea* cluster. Each of them is linked to other clusters. These two main clusters and linked clusters include:

- 1) the concept of *sea*, which attracts a geographical cluster (*area*, *north*, *ocean*, *route*, *polar*, *water*, *Canadian*, etc.) with also *marine environment* branch, and concepts of *government* and *convention*; then minor clusters related are:
  - a. the concept of *route*, which starts inside the main *sea* cluster then opens to several branches which are *transport*, *passage*, *transit*; then *nsr* and *service*, and then *port*, *cost* and *time*;

- b. the concept of *ice*, related to *sea* through *new* and that splits toward several small branches. These include *ice vessel*, *ice base*, *ice condition*, and then a group of forms around *model*, *system*, *increase*, *risk* and *result*.
- c. the concept of *region activity*. This concept evolves toward *oil company*, *economic development*, *resource* and *tourism* with *cruise* and *community*
- 2) The concept of *state* with names of countries (*Canada*, *Russia*, *country*), institutional words (*policy*, *agreement*, *border*, *council*, etc.), a few other words concerning the role of state (*unite*, *provide*, *include*, *develop*, *well*), and *case study*. ; then minor clusters related are:
  - a. the concept *international* with *international strait*, *international law* and *maritime*
  - b. the linear concept of environmental impact climate change.

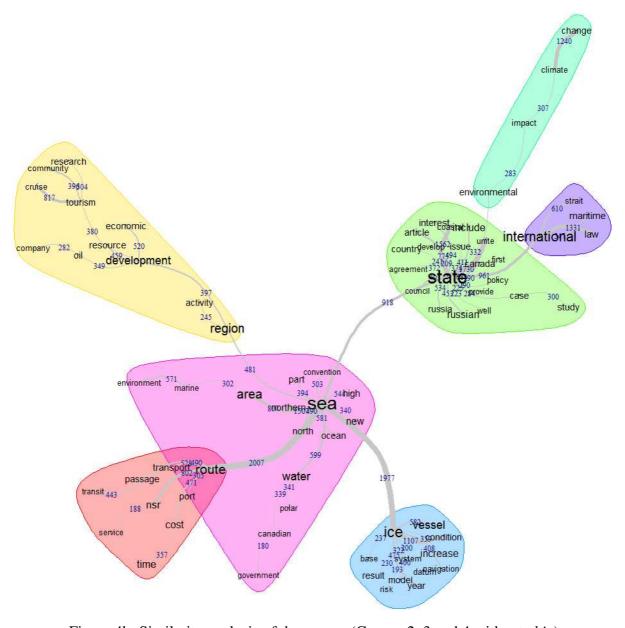


Figure 4b: Similarity analysis of the corpus (Groups 2, 3 and 4 without *ship*)

1 3.3. Reinert analysis

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- 2 To avoid bias, the categories of dendrogram and the axes of the factorial analysis were named
- 3 using an iterative method, as described by Mandjak et al. (2019). A linguist and a port
- 4 economist first named the categories separately. In a second step, they compared their results
- 5 and reached a consensus about the categories' names.
- 6 The dendrogram (Figure 5) shows two meta categories with each four categories. The
- 7 categories of the first meta category deal with governance. The categories of the second meta
- 8 category are related to Arctic operations.
  - Category 1 is **legal governance** with semantic fields of *law* (*convention*, *claim*, *treaty*, *right*, etc.) and *territories* (*state*, *coastal*, *delimitation*, *territorial*, etc.).
    - Category 2 is **tourism governance** with semantic fields of *cruise* (tourist, tour, operator, visitor, cruiser, expedition...) and the *local* governance (resident, community, attitude, Nunavut, wildlife...)
    - Category 3 is **outsider's geopolitics governance** with semantic fields of *disputes* (*military, war, nato...*) the *Asian countries* (*China, Chinese, Korean, Japan, official, ...*) the *E.U.* (*E.U., European, Union, ...*)
    - Category 4 is **political** *governance* with semantic fields of *sustainable development* (*social*, *environment*, *resource*, *develop*, *governance*...), and *policy* (*government*, *political*, *institution*, *region*, *strategy*...).
    - Category 5 is **ice conditions for operations** with semantic fields of *conditions* (*temperature*, *thickness*, *concentration*, *melt*, *cover*, *multilayer*, *surface*, *wind*, *sea*, *average*...) and *seasonality* (*season*, *summer*, *winter*, *warm*...)
    - Category 6 is **modelization of operation factors** with semantic fields of *risk* (*probability, collision, accident,* etc.) and the field of modeling (*datum, variable, parameter, simulation, method, result, distribution, algorithm*).
    - Category 7 is **shipping routes of operation** with semantic fields of *shipping* (*teu, container, vessel, route, ship, fuel, cost, fee, insurance*, etc.) and the field of *routes* (*nsr, suez, canal, transit, icebreaker, panama, ...*).
  - Category 8 is **Arctic trade operations** with semantic fields of market (*gas, lng, oil, million, ton, cargo, ore, volume, freight*, etc.) and the field of logistics (*export, import, transport, port, shipment, east, Europe*, etc.).

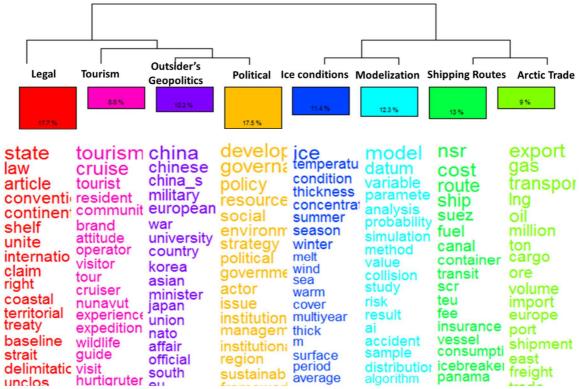


Figure 5: dendrogram of the corpus Reinert analysis

Figure 6 shows a correspondence analysis of the eight categories. They are represented on two axes. Next to the center of the two axes, we find the word *arctic*. This representation confirms the distinction between the two branches of the dendrogram. The horizontal axis divides the corpus from *operations* to *governance* in the Arctic. We interpret the second axis as ontological, in the sense that it refers to the levels of abstractions: one side (top) represents the *modelization* of issues in the Arctic, while the other represents the *management* of these issues. This means that on the governance side, from management to modelization (bottom to top) there is an evolution from the cruiser's experience and marketing toward local communities management (category 2), then political issues (category 4) and geopolitical issues (category 3) and at last legal frameworks and international conventions (category 1) that are legal models. On the operation side, from management to modelization (bottom to top), there is an evolution from tourist management (Category 2), to the market (category 8), to factors of operations (category 6) and ice conditions (category 5) toward international routing (category 7) that is a model of shipping operations.

This interpretation opens an interesting perspective. The top of Figure 6 is much more densely filled than the bottom. Apparently, there is more research done on modelization than on management of arctic issues. Statistically, *management* appears in Group 6 of active forms, thus not a salient active form in the corpus. In Figure 6, the governance side is filled with forms from the tourism category (Marketing Management) and with political and geopolitical forms. On the operation side, however, there are only a few forms. Some of them are marketing concepts like *service* and *value* or refer to specific areas of logistic management like *information* management.

In addition to this first observation, there is a large gap between legal models and economic models. There is a gap around the top middle of Figure 6 between x=-1 and x=1 and y=0 and y=2. We interpret this gap as being the modelization of risk, which is conceptually between

operations and governance/compliance. *Risk* is also an active form that is present in the corpus, but again, it is not among the most frequent forms.

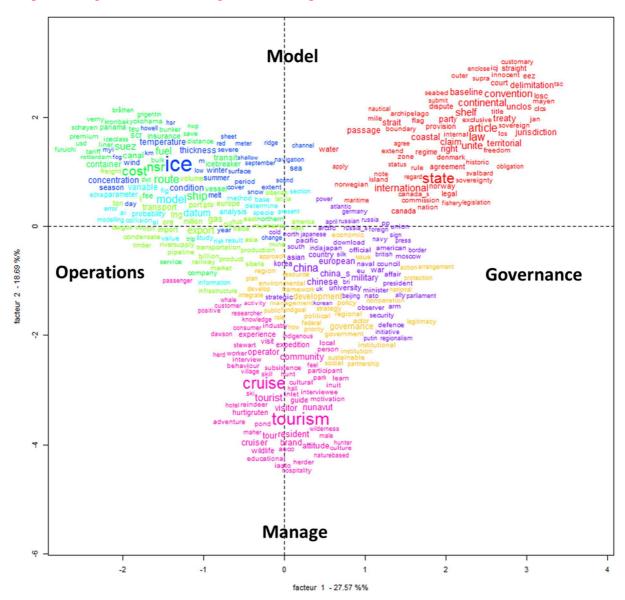


Figure 6: graphic representation of the corpus's correspondence analysis

# 3.4. Comparative analysis of recently published books on Arctic shipping

In the past five years, there has been an increase in research on Arctic shipping (see Figure 2) and four academic books have been published in English on Arctic issues (Table 5). These books included works by leading scholars and were also edited by top scholars identified in our literature review.

Table 5: corpus of academic books

Authors	Year	Title	Editor
Keupp	2015	The Northern Sea Route. A Comprehensive	Springer
Ксирр	2013	Analysis	Springer
Pastusiak	2016	The Northern Sea Route as a Shipping Lane.	Springer
r astusiak	2010	Expectations and Reality	Springer
Vestergaard, Kaiser,	2018	Arctic Marine Resource Governance and	Springer

Fernandez and		Development	
Nymand Larsen			
Lasserre and Faury	2019	Arctic Shipping: Climate Change, Commercial Traffic and Port Development	Routledge

2 We carried out the same analyses as we did for the corpus of 386 academic articles.

The Reinert analysis results in six categories for Keupp's book and only four for the three other books (see Table 6 and details in Figure 7). For all the books, these categories are spread in three groups on the two axes of the correspondance analysis graph (Figure 7). We first observe that the categories of these books cover all the categories of our main corpus of academic articles, except for *Tourism*. Second, we observe that in all four books, there are categories dealing with the maritime transport aspect (trade, operations and shipping; routes and vessels; infrastructures and business; and transport geography and trade ports). Moreover, three categories are often together in the graphic representation. Third, we observe that in all books except Pastusiak (2016) there is a category dealing with governance-related themes (Governance and politics; governance; Legal) and in all books except Vestergaarde et al. (2018), there are technical categories dealing with factors of analysis (weather; ice conditions, shipping economy).

Table 6: Categories in correspondence analysis of forms for each book analyzed

Authors	Keupp (2015)	Pastusiak (2016)	Vestergaard, Kaiser, Fernandez and Nymand Larsen (2018)	Lasserre and Faury (2019)
Cat 1	Weather	Vessels	Sustainability	Shipping Economy
Cat 2	Trade	Routes	Infrastructures	Transport Geography
Cat 3	Operations	Ice Conditions	Business	Trade Ports
Cat 4	Shipping	Geography	Governance	Legal
Cat 5	Governance			
Cat 6	Politics			

There is therefore a comparable architecture of topics. In addition, all the graphic representations have a propeller-like shape (see Figure 7). What is interesting is the central form for most books in these representations is *sea*. In opposition, we do not identify the lexical field of land transport. We interpret the propeller shape with categories going from the center to develop outside as the community's push to move research toward developing themes.

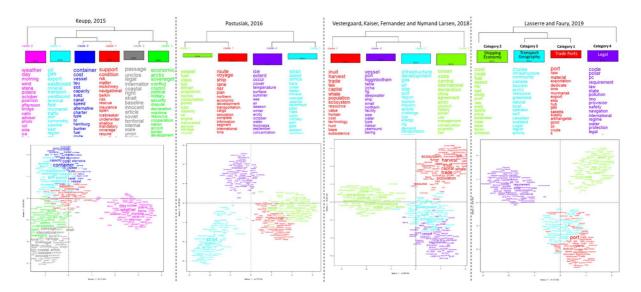


Figure 7: graphic representations of the books' correspondence analysis

3.5. Comparative analysis with professional press

In order to compare the state of research with the realities of the field, we carried out a similar textometric analysis on professional press dedicated to Arctic transportation systems. In order to do this, we contacted experts of the field and asked them about the main professional press for Arctic transportation in English. They agreed on two titles: The *Independent Barents Observer*, and *GCaptain*. The former is specialized about the topic while the latter is more general geographically. We included all articles of the former that were available online and selected articles from the latter with the keywords used to select the academic articles.

The Reinert analysis of this professional press corpus provides us with 10 categories that can be grouped into three meta-categories (NSR, Climatology, Geopolitics) as Figure 8 shows. From these results, we can underline that professional press in logistics covers a wider range of topics than the academic articles. The density of the graphical representation of the correspondence analysis (Figure 9) confirms this observation. Importantly, we can observe that there are areas of research that academics should deepen. We can identify three such domains. **First**, there is the logistics of access to the Arctic routes. These different types of logistics include hinterland access for markets (Category 6), for logistics of people (Category 8), including researchers and emerging tourists, and for logistics of resources (Category 5). **Second**, Category 5 clearly shows the link between fossil fuel extraction projects and shipping in the Arctic, as well as previously mentioned access to hinterland. Research focusing on these structuring projects (i.e. Yamal, Sabetta, Murmansk, etc.) needs to be developed. **Third**, Category 9 shows active forms that rarely appeared in the academic literature review such as *icebreaker*, *construction*, *vessel class*, etc. There is a wide field of research to develop in order to be in phase with these industry concerns.

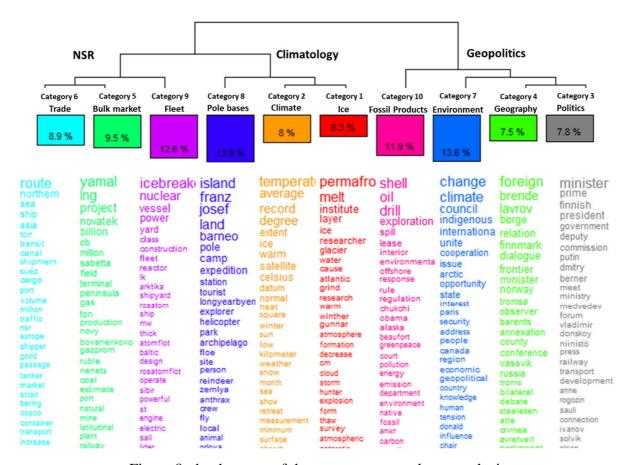


Figure 8: dendrogram of the press correspondence analysis

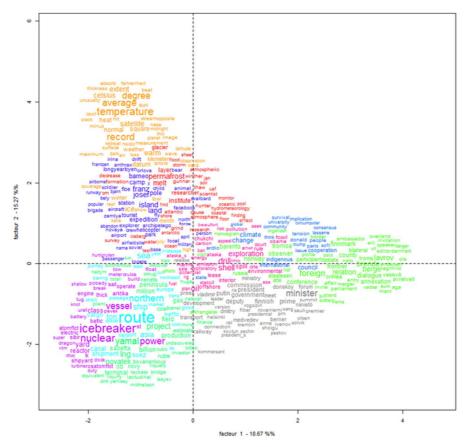


Figure 9: graph representation of the press correspondence analysis

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#### 4. Research Findings and Implications

- 3 The results presented in the study enable us to provide clear answers to our three research 4 questions.
  - QR1: what is the state of the art considering Arctic transportation?

6 First, there is a large body of research on the topic, with 386 articles found and studied. This is comparable to similar studies on port marketing with 369 articles over 40 years on a major 7 and worldwide topic (Mandjak et al., 2019). Moreover, research about Arctic transportation is 8 9 experiencing a growing trend. There are leading scholars in the field who work together in collaborations. Some of them collaborated to deepen the topic through recently published 10 academic books. 11

- 12 In terms of content, the research on Arctic transportation systems covers the three pillars of sustainable development. Environmental issues are addressed, especially greenhouse gas 13 emissions. Social issues are also treated, from both the legal aspects of compliance, 14 international negotiations, or conventions, and the consequences of development of shipping 15 16 and trade in the Arctic on local people.
- Of course, trade development and economic issues for the industry are also at the heart of the 17 18 concerns of scholars in the field. There is a concentration on economics of the shipping 19 routes, compared to other options as well as on how climatic conditions influence feasibility. Port strategy and industrial clusters are also identified as emerging topics. We notice a larger 20 number of papers on the NSR than on the NWP. 21
- 22 QR2: does academic research on Arctic transportation match professional concerns on the topic?

Professional concerns, summarized in our study by two of the main press journals on the field, match well with academic research. This means scholars are close to field issues that professionals find important. For this reason, researchers probably provide answers to professional issues. However, we observe a few topics that are not covered in depth by scholars. These could be developed in further research. The professional press also covers the topic from two perspectives that are different from scholars' concerns: climate change research and geopolitical and military issues. These two aspects are included in some research papers we studied, but they are not the core of the papers.

- QR3: what are the perspectives of future research in the field?
- From the textometric analysis of the academic literature on Arctic transportation, the recently published books and the comparison with professionals' concerns, we identified five subfields of research to develop in the future. These fields are the following:
  - The first major area to be developed in research on Arctic transportation systems is management. There is research on governance as well as on operation, but there is a gap in between these two aspects that corresponds to the management issues. What is at stake on tactical and strategic levels for companies? What are the marketing, corporate strategy, business models associated with this emerging market for logistics? What are the management constraints in the specific conditions of Arctic region?

- The second area is risk management. There are only a few studies that mention risk while this appears to be a wide area to explore once we know what the issues are, the legal context and the constraints on business. Risk and compliance to rules are important stakes. This area is also related to management since risk management in the Arctic deals with environmental issues, technical and industrial issues, but also with the management of human resources.
- The third area concerns access to the shipping routes of the Arctic. This concern is a wider topic than just the hinterland. Systems of transportation to access the ports of the Arctic as well as feedering routes are mentioned in the corpus from an outside the Arctic perspective with ports in China or in the North Range. There are a few articles dealing with developments of railroads, routes, or even barges and dry ports.
- The fourth area is related to the previous one with a large representation in the press of the logistic and industrial projects in the Arctic region. Only the Yamal project is mentioned several times in our academic corpus. There are, however, other projects. In addition, there could be studies do on the feasibility, profitability of such projects as well as decision models or best practices linked to such projects. This is also true from a supply chain management, business-to-business and business network perspective.
- The fifth area concerns vessel management. The fleet of ice class vessels is specific and needs not only technical research but also organizational research. Indeed, icebreakers figure importantly in the professional press, but this concept does not appear frequently in academic research. Specifically, professional press articles mention the influence of vessels on location of ports as well as the mix in the fleet and the transshipment constraints it imposes on operations. Lasserre and Faury (2019) also mention this aspect.

#### 5. Conclusion

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- The textometric approach of the literature review allowed us to have a systematic overview of 386 academic articles dealing with Arctic transportation systems. These articles were selected using keywords that refer to the geography of the Arctic and maritime-related transportation in the Arctic. We were also able to compare this corpus of articles with corpora of recently published books on this topical issue and with a sample of the professional press. Such comparison helps us to answer our research questions on the state of research on Arctic transportation system, on this state in comparison with professional concerns and therefore to identify research areas to develop in the future.
- Five areas are recommended for further research: 1) a management approach to Arctic 37 38 transportation in addition to the legal, economic and geopolitical ones; 2) a risk management approach that deals, in particular, with conditions of operations for people, organizations, and 39 40 also the consequences for the environment; 3) a logistics approach to the access to the Arctic routes, including transportation modes and dry ports; 4) an approach that studies the 41
- clustering projects in the Arctic area; 5) research on fleet management. 42
- Our research is based on an innovative method using textometric software that allows for a 43 44 systematic literature review of 386 articles, representing a large volume and wide breadth of

literature related to Arctic transportation. There are, however, certain limits. Iramuteq cannot analyze a corpus with more than one language. For this reason, literature in French and Russian could not be included. Finally, while the software is able to show crucial statistical connections across articles, it may miss finer connections and argument development contained in individual articles.

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