

New inversion methods for the single/multi-shape CLD-to-PSD problem with spheroid particles

Lucas Brivadis, Ludovic Sacchelli

► To cite this version:

Lucas Brivadis, Ludovic Sacchelli. New inversion methods for the single/multi-shape CLD-to-PSD problem with spheroid particles. 21st International Symposium on Industrial Crystallization, Aug 2021, Berlin (on line), Germany. hal-03331899

HAL Id: hal-03331899 https://hal.science/hal-03331899

Submitted on 2 Sep 2021

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

New inversion methods for the single/multi-shape CLD-to-PSD problem with spheroid particles

Lucas Brivadis, Ludovic Sacchelli

LAGEPP, CNRS UMR 5007, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, Lyon, France lucas.brivadis@univ-lyon1.fr, ludovic.sacchelli@univ-lyon1.fr

Introduction

Context: During a crystallization process, estimating the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) is of major importance.
Objective: Estimate the PSD from measurements of the Chord Length Distribution (CLD).
Challenges: The PSD/CLD relation depends on particle



0.8

Multi-shape CLD-to-PSD challenge



1.5

geometry; multiple shapes may coexist in the suspension. **Method:** We model the CLD acquisition with a PSD-to-CLD mapping for spheroid particles.



PSD-to-CLD with spheroid particles





Observer-based strategy: Luenberger asymptotic observer design with gain \mathcal{L} :

$$\partial_t \hat{\psi}_i(t,r) = -G_i(t) \partial_r \hat{\psi}_i(t,r) - \mathcal{L}(\hat{q} - q)$$

Back and Forth Nudging algorithm: on the finite experiment time interval, we refine the estimate by iteration of the asymptotic observer.

- Law of **total expectation**: $q(\ell) = \int_{r_{\min}}^{r_{\max}} k(\ell, r) \times \psi(r) dr$
- PSD: $\psi(r)$, with radius $r_{\min} \leq r \leq r_{\max}$ and fixed shape.
- CLD: $q(\ell)$, with length $0 \leq \ell \leq \ell_{\max}$.
- $k(\ell, r)$ is determined through a probabilistic analysis. It depends on the shape of the spheroids.

Single-shape CLD-to-PSD challenge

Theorem: For all CLD of spheroid particles of fixed shape, there exists a unique corresponding PSD.

Problem: Small CLD measurement noise leads to high PSD uncer-

No prior knowledge on the nucleation u_i is required. However, we need an estimation of the growth kinetic G_i .



200 successive estimates of the PSDs as returned by the algorithm.

- At first, the algorithm assigns PSDs indiscriminately in order to match the shared CLD.
- Using the dynamics, the observer then refines its estimation. We proved that estimate accuracy increases at each iteration and ultimately converges for most pairs of spheroids.

Conclusion

Tikhonov regularization method:

• Goal: Numerically estimate the distributed solution of $\underset{\hat{\psi}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left\| q(\ell) - \int k(\ell, r) \hat{\psi}(r) dr \right\|_{2}^{2} \qquad (\text{least squares})$ • Idea: Add a regularization term (measure confidence): $\underset{\hat{\tau}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left\| q(\ell) - \int k(\ell, r) \hat{\psi}(r) dr \right\|_{2}^{2} + \delta^{2} \left\| \hat{\psi}(r) \right\|_{2}^{2}$



This research was partially funded by the French Grant ANR ODISSE (ANR-19-CE48-0004-01).

We propose a new algorithm to estimate the PSD from the knowledge of the CLD during a batch crystallization process.

We rely on an evolution model of the process and an estimation of the growth kinetic. We use a Back and Forth Nudging strategy based on a Luenberger observer.

The method has been theoretically validated and numerically tested. In the future, we wish to apply this method to experimental data.

References:

- [1] L. Brivadis and L. Sacchelli, New inversion methods for the single/multi-shape CLD-to-PSD problem with spheroid particles, Submitted to Journal of Process Control.
- [2] L. Brivadis, L. Sacchelli, Approximate observability and back and forth observer of a PDE model of crystallization process, Submitted to IEEE CDC, Austin (2021).