

Bare Lives. Introduction

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Introduction

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Introduction

Introduction

Jean-Michel Ganteau and Christine Reynier

- The idea of a SEAC conference on 'Bare Lives: Dispossession and Exposure' owes much to a theoretical brand of the Zeitgeist that sets great store by the notion of biopolitics. Over the last few years, in great part thanks to Giorgio Agamben's influence in the field of contemporary philosophy, the figure of the homo sacer as the emblem of total exposure has been given pride of place in theoretical and critical literature (Agamben). A spate of articles and books have been devoted to the subject, among which Thomas Lemke's acclaimed Biopolitics: An Advanced Introduction (Lemke). Of course, such an interest in the subject has percolated into the fields of cultural studies and, more importantly for the readers of Etudes britanniques contemporaines, into that of literary studies, as emblematised by the 2014 publication of Anne De Boever's Narrative Care: Biopolitics and the Novel (De Boever). The origins of such a sustained interest are to be traced back to Foucault's oeuvre, and more particularly into a series of lectures that he delivered at the Collège de France in 1978-1979, the bulk of which was published in 2004 (Foucault 2004). Extracts from Foucault's lectures on 'The Birth of Biopolitics' had previously been circulated, some of which after being translated into English, as is the case with the entry in Peter Rabinow's collection Ethics, Subjectiviy, and Truth (Foucault 1997).
- The interest in biopolitics is a new one and has mobilised a great deal of attention in the community of literary scholars, in recent years. Admittedly, such a move is not merely due to a series of editorial events, but to a more general inclination to engage with ethical and political issues, a tendency that has seized hold of literary studies ever since the acclaimed advent of what is known as the 'Ethical Turn'. Etudes britanniques contemporaines and the SEAC have contributed in no small part to this ethical turn in literary studies, which initially owed much to the tutelary figure of Emmanuel Levinas and his ethics of alterity. The wide circulation of his work and ideas spawned a myriad studies at the turn of the century, paving the way for the appearance and/or importation of other brands of ethical criticism addressing sundry corpora: postcolonial studies, gender studies, feminist studies, among others. Those fields share theoretical bases and are not strictly delineated, in that they contribute to shifting the at times tenuous dividing line between the ethical and the political, thereby examining

'the shores of politics', in Rancière's words. Following on this, and complementing the brief list of theoretical sub-fields initiated above, it may be said that the related figures and concepts of dispossession and exposure—whose presence looms large in the title of this issue—have recently garnered impetus and visibility thanks to the emergence of sibling fields, like trauma studies, the ethics of care, precariousness studies, disability studies and vulnerability studies. Such research areas and methods are consubstantially compounded of the ethical and the political and they have wielded great influence in the study of contemporary British literature in the last few years. Now, among the scholars that have tilled those fields and whose debt to Foucault has been explicit and fruitful feature two figures whose presence irrigates the articles gathered in the present issue, i.e., Judith Butler and French philosopher Guillaume Le Blanc, whose work has been essential in importing Butler's findings in France. It may be said that, with Agamben, they provide the main pillars on which the bulk of the following articles are fashioned.

- This is certainly not fortuitous as what we had in mind when organising the 2016 SEAC conference in Montpellier was working in the wake of the 2014 autumn conference of the SEAC in Paris ('State of Britain') and building up on the findings of the 2015 'LOL' conference and particularly its developments on satire. Readers will find the ethical and political inspiration manifest in these events and in the two corresponding issues of Ebc (respectively 49 and 51) to be at work in the present volume. In the following pages, bare lives, in so far as they may send us back to various forms of exposureanthropological, social, cultural or economic-may direct the reader's or spectator's attention to how norms of visibility are shaped, assigned and implemented, and point to how invisible, voiceless, marginal groups and people, whose very lives are ignored or nearly so, are retrieved from invisibility. This is what British narratives of the 20th and 21st centuries have been doing, from Joyce's Dubliners, Arnold Bennett's last novels or Rebecca West's first ones to Philip Larkin's poems; from Forster's Howards End to The Other Hand by Chris Cleave, from Samuel Beckett or Harold Pinter to Sarah Kane or Martin Crimp, not to mention the Angry Young Men, whose work stands in need of reappraisal. Cinema, for example the free cinema of the late 1950s and early 1960s and a great part of the documentary tradition, visual arts and literature engage with 'small lives' (Le Blanc), interrogate humble genres and forms, such as life narratives or (auto)biographies, bare style, modes of writing that may resort, in their drive for sincerity, to the baring devices defined by the Russian formalists and implemented in metafictional production. At other times, dispossession and exposure favour excess and other modes of outrage, or the collaboration of minimalism and excess.
- In the articles gathered here, various aspects of bare lives, dispossession and exposure are engaged with. They are associated with a variety of forms, genres and media, even if fiction assumes pride of place. The first part, 'Spectrality and Hospitality', spans a whole century of artistic production, from Joseph Conrad's *The Secret Agent* to J. M. Coetzee's *The Age of Iron*, through a study of Elizabeth Bowen's *The Heat of the Day*, with an excursion into drama addressing one of Pinter's Memory Plays. They engage with the way in which the event of spectrality becomes the lever and medium of dispossession. The second part, 'Dispossessed bodies', pushes the bios centre stage by examining institutional sites of bodily exposure like the hospital and the asylum, in Ana Hope's *The Ball Room* or Rachel Cusk's *A Life's Work: On Becoming a Mother.* In such pages, the inspiration veers towards disability studies, as is equally the case in the article devoted to Larkin's hospital poems. This part also harbours a piece on the male

body in Andrew McMillan's Physical that addresses the poetics of vulnerability and sets great store by the issue of visibility. This naturally leads to the part devoted to 'Voices and (In) Visibilities' with a series of texts representative of Modernism (Leonard Woolf's 'A Tale Told by Moonlight'), the heydays of the late 20th-century, postmodern period (Adam Thorpe's Ulverton) and more recent productions by A.S. Byatt ('Raw Material') or else Barry Hines, James Kelman and Stephen Kelman. It concludes on a study of Manchester-born photographer Danny Treacy whose work paradoxically flaunts processes of social invisibility and shared vulnerability. The final part, 'Repossessions and re-affectation', addresses the ways in which dispossession and exposure may activate the positive, agentic pole of vulnerability by tapping the resources of the resilience of empowerment. This is made possible through the evocation of Virginia Woolf's Between the Acts, through a foray into the field of contemporary British dystopian theatre, and by repairing to more contemporary texts by Naomi Alderman (The Liar's Gospel) and Harry Parker's breath-taking, 2016 début novel Anatomy of a Soldier that pushes the thematisation and poetic presentation of exposure to its narrative limits.

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ABSTRACTS

This introduction traces back the conditions of emergence of the concept of bare life, from Foucault, though Agamben to more contemporary followers like De Boever and Lemke. It also takes pains to contextualise the emergence of the notion within the framework of the ethical turn in literature and theory and connects it with related items like dispossession, that have become influential thanks to the works of Judith Butler and Guillaume Le Blanc, among others. It then goes on to give a brief evocation of the articles published in the volume.

Cette introduction retrace les conditions d'émergence du concept de vie nue, de Foucault à Agamben, mais aussi De Boever ou Lemke. Elle prend par ailleurs soin de contextualiser cet avènement dans le cadre du tournant éthique qui a caractérisé la critique et la théorie littéraire

au cours de ces dernières décennies. Elle établit un lien entre la vie nue et des notions afférentes comme celles de dépossession, qui ont été vulgarisées sous la plume d'auteurs tels que Judith Butler et Guillaume Le Blanc. Elle se termine sur une brève évocation des articles publiés dans ce volume.

INDEX

Keywords: Agamben, bare life, Butler, dispossession, ethics, Foucault, homo sacer, Le Blanc **Mots-clés:** Agamben, Butler, dépossession, éthique, Foucault, homo sacer, Le Blanc, vie nue

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