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A photonic transmitter for beam switching in mm-wave wireless links

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Abstract—This abstract describes the first design and assembly of a photonically-excited antenna at E-band for beam switching in millimeter-wave wireless links. The designed antenna consists of two arrays of stacked patches, with one photodiode feeding each array. The stacked patch provides an impedance bandwidth larger than 23 % and a stable radiation pattern over the E-band. The array is combined with a lens to increase the overall gain. Excitation of either patch array allows beam steering between ±2.7° for accurate beam alignment.

I. INTRODUCTION

Interest research efforts carried out over the last decades have put the photonic generation of millimeter (mm) and sub-mm wave radiation in the spotlight. Specifically, the seamless integration of photonic transmitters (Tx) with fiber optics, has led to numerous point-to-point wireless links demonstrations [1]. These links require stringent beam alignment control over approximately $\pm 5^{\circ}$ [2]. Antennas with fine beam steering could not only help to alleviate this limitation but also help to enlarge the range of applications for photonic Tx (reconfigurable links, imaging, etc.) However, only a few demonstrations of photonic beam steering may be found in the open literature [3]. In these cases, phased arrays are used to steer the beam, but the integration of many active elements, necessary to obtain values of gain (>25 dBi), can be challenging.

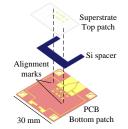
The E-band (71-76 GHz and 81-86 GHz) features promising characteristics to cope with the race to data rates in future wireless communications. Notably, it is located within an atmospheric transmission window; it offers an available bandwidth of 2×5 GHz; it is less susceptible to adverse meteorological conditions than optical wavelengths, and it presents lower free space loss than higher mm-wave frequencies. In this abstract, we propose a photonic Tx for beam switching at E-band to overcome the problem above.

II. ANTENNA DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

The antenna consists of two independent arrays (Fig. 1). Each array is integrated with a photodiode (PD) [4] and is composed of four stacked patches. The bottom patches and the PD polarization network are printed on a 127 μ m-thick Duroid 5880 substrate, whereas the top patches are printed on a quartz superstrate. A 306 μ m-thick micromachined silicon spacer controls the vertical spacing, and alignment marks printed on each layer enable an accurate superstrate positioning (better than \pm 20 μ m). An impedance bandwidth between 70.1 and 87.7 GHz is obtained for the array (S_{11} <-10 dB).

III. RESULTS

Fig. 2 shows the schematic and ANSYS HFSS simulations of beam switching using the proposed antenna. It is placed at



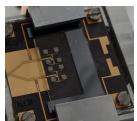


Fig. 1. Left: Stack of antenna layers with the bottom patches printed on the PCB and the top ones printed on a quartz superstrate. Right: assembled prototype.

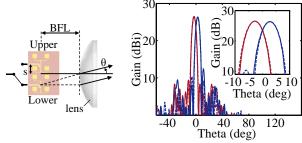


Fig. 2. Left: A 2×1 array of patches at the focal plane of a lens. Right: Simulated gain for the upper (red) and lower (blue) arrays. Continuous line: along the plane of the drawing. Dashed line: perpendicular to the plane to the drawing.

the back focal length (bfl) of a PTFE lens (bfl = 53mm, Φ = 5 cm) so that the two arrays lie symmetrically out-of-axis a distance s. The excitation of either independent array generates a tilted beam at $\theta \approx \pm s/bfl$. The tilt is controlled by their spacing or lens focal length. We achieve beam switching between $\pm 2.7^\circ$, with crossing at -3 dB, and a stable pointing direction across the E-band. Note the antenna can be scaled in 1-D for an increased scanning range.

IV. SUMMARY

This abstract proposes a broadband solution for beam switching by a photonic Tx at E-band. This feature is advantageous for beam alignment in several applications employing photonic Tx at mm or sub-mm wave frequencies. A prototype has been designed and assembled. Measurements of the radiation pattern and performance in a wireless link will be available by the time of the conference.

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