

Developing a data model for Textile Heritage in CIDOC CRM

Producing accessible and reusable digital data with the SILKNOW ontology

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- Many Cultural Heritage Institutions (CHIs) in Europe, and more widely throughout the world, preserve textile artefacts
- Give access to heritage collections with new information and communication technologies (Web) => new problems:
 - Small CHIs: rich digital data describing their collections, but lack of means to put these data online
 - But the use of online catalogues also raises new problems

Centre de Documentació i Museu Tèxtil - CDMT



Espanya / Itàlia segle 16 / segle 17 domàs / teixit llavorat

Musée des tissus

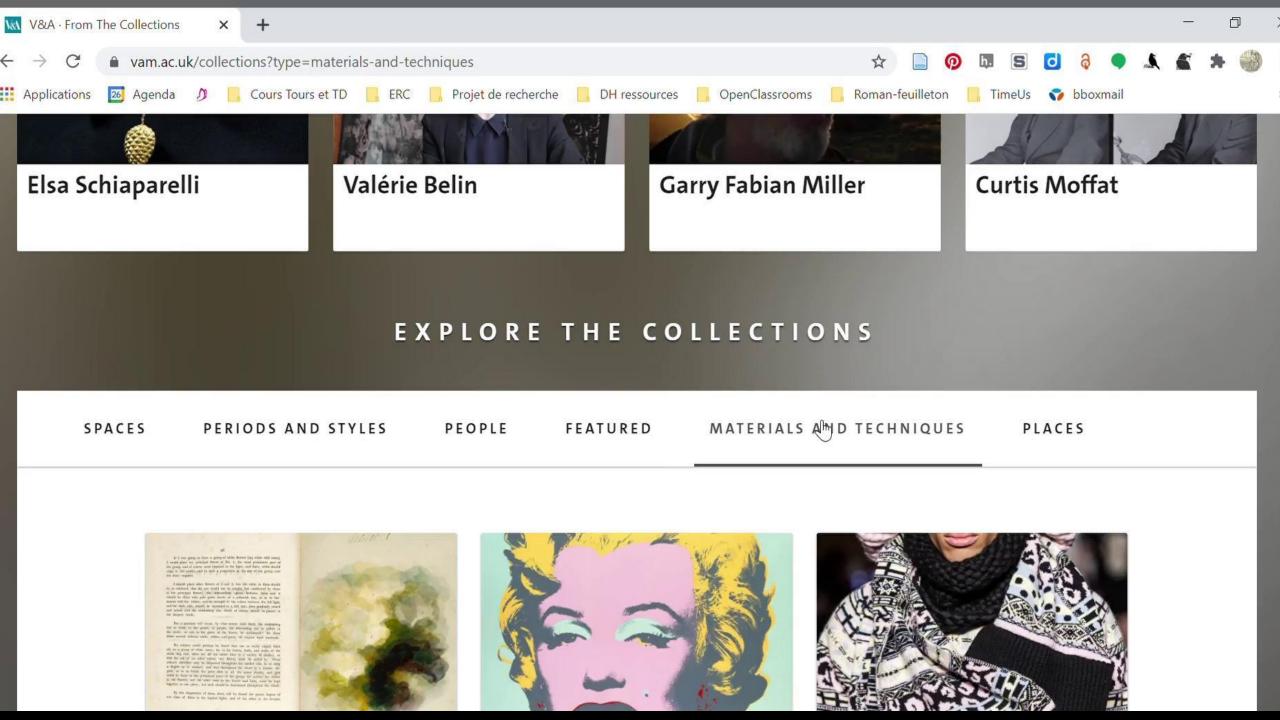


Lyon commandé en l'an X (1802), livré entre 1805 et 1806 Damas, base satin de 5 [...]

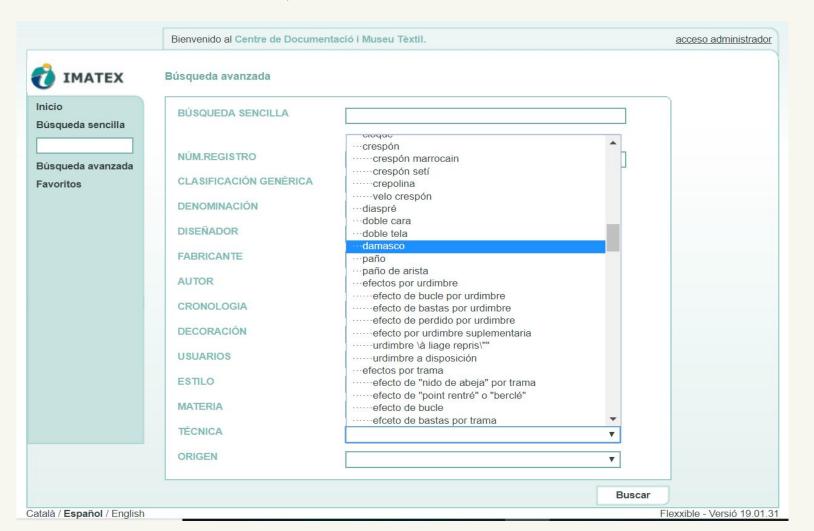
Victoria & Albert Museum

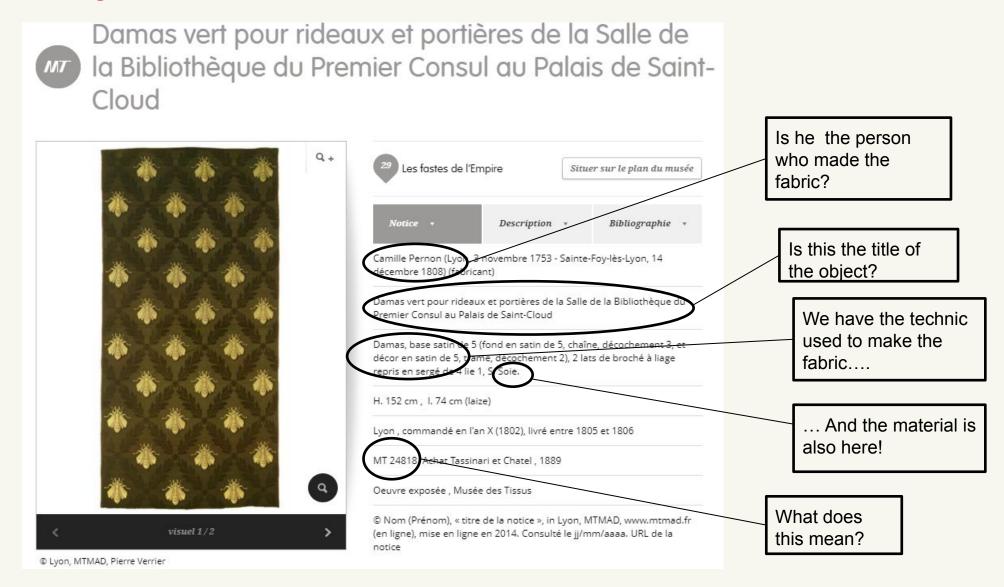


Spitalfields (probably, made) ca. 1710 (made) Silk damask



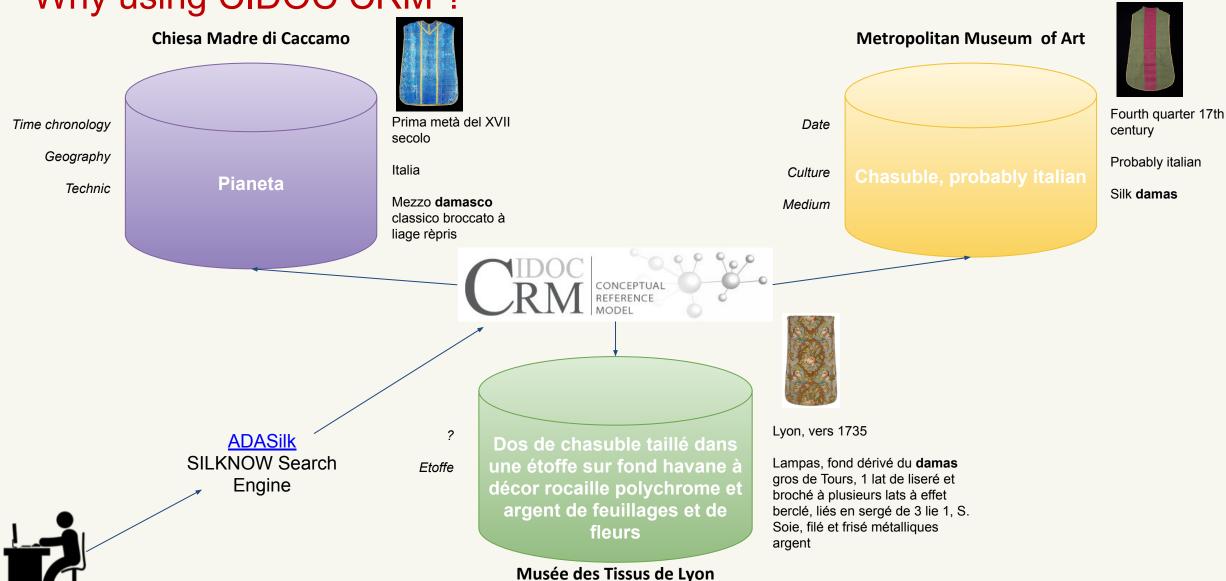
Damas, Damask... Damasko?







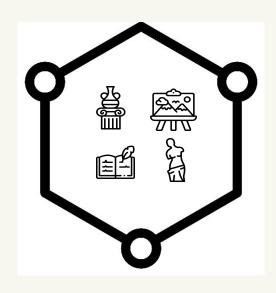
Why using CIDOC CRM?



Why using CIDOC CRM?

- International standard developed by ICOM and recognized as an ISO norm (<u>ISO 21127:2014</u>)
 - Currently using the last living version of the model (version 6.2)
- Used in other projects dealing with CH data
 - Common language allowing to harmonize data by explaining their underlying semantics
 - Integrate CH information in a single environment
- Generally implemented in RDF (framework of semantic Web and liked data)



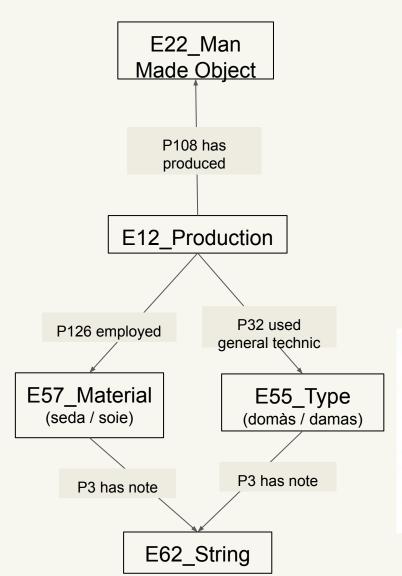




Express the underlying semantics of CH data









Furnishing fabric

Place of origin: Spitalfields (probably, made)

Date: ca. 1710 (made)

Artist/Maker: Unknown

Materials and Techniques: Silk damask

Credit Line: Given by Miss Eleonora Armitage

Museum number: T.58-1937

Gallery location: In Storage





















MUSEUM

Data Model

The



Joconde Collections Documentation

MUSÉES Numérique



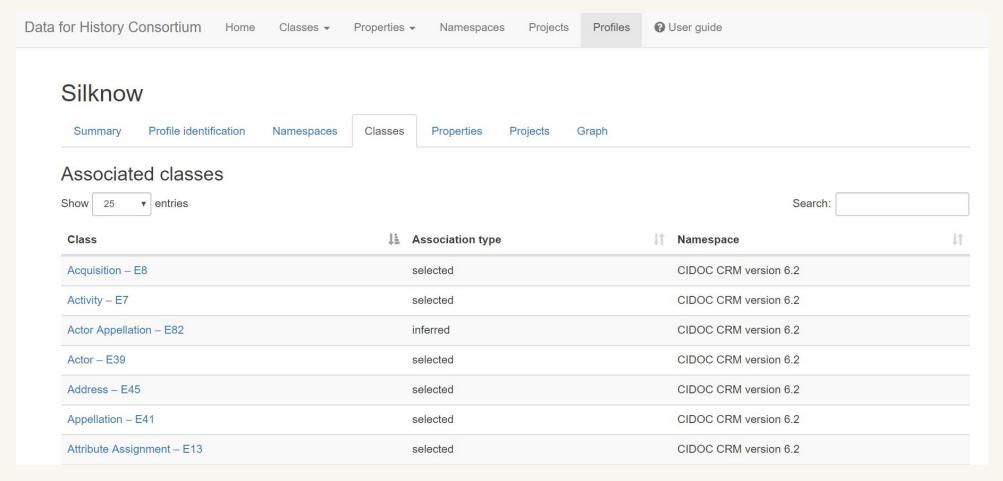
Challenges:

- Various metadata structures and appellations
- Content in free text
- More than one type of information
- The meaning given to some descriptive fields may have changed over time

Methodology:

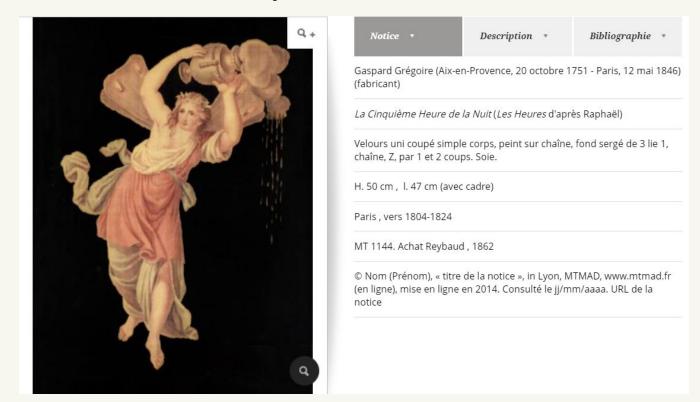
- 1. Study the structure of various CH catalogs and databases
- 2. Reading the contents of the fields and assessing their consistency over time
- 3. Select the relevant descriptive fields
- 4. Select the useful CRM classes and properties to express these informations

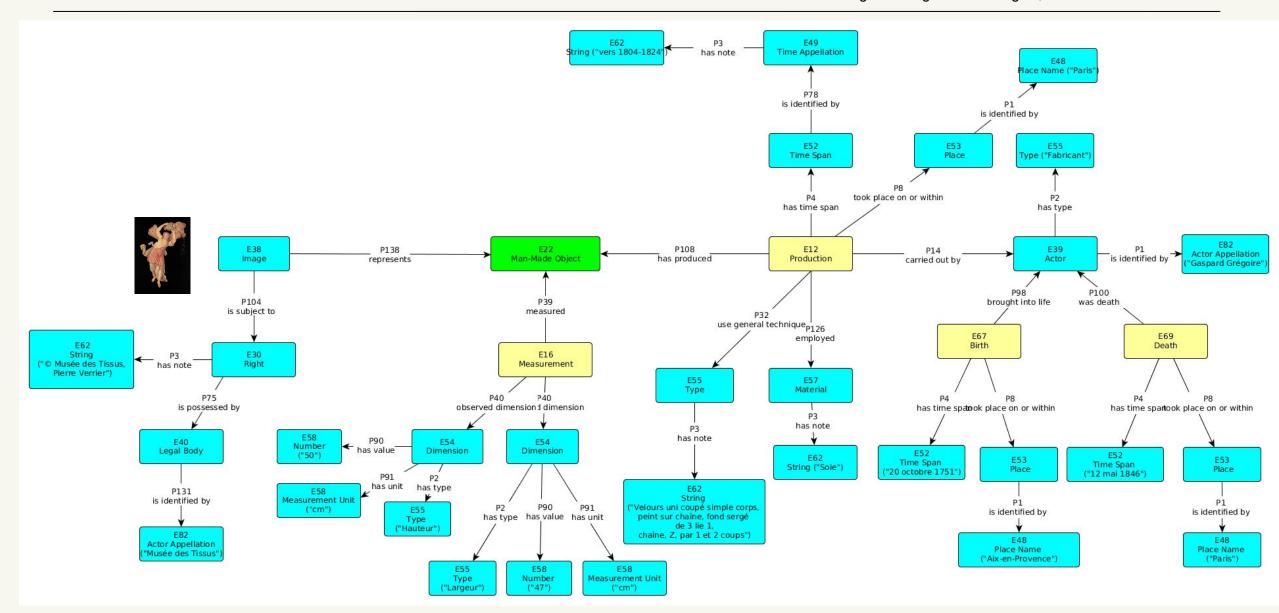




SILKNOW project profile in OntoME (CRM classes and properties): http://ontologies.dataforhistory.org/profile/7

- Defining the mapping rules for each dataset
- Dataset example: La Cinquième Heure de La Nuit, Gaspard Grégoire, vers 1804-1824, Museum of Textiles, Lyon





RDF graph generated using the SILKNOW ontology for one representative record (Museum of textiles, Lyon)

Information extraction and disambiguation

- Very rich metadata in free text
- Extract and disambiguate information on the structure and decoration of the fabrics

La laize, qui a conservé un chef de pièce en satin (de 8) en partie inférieure, présente un fond de couleur ciel, en damas, dans lequel tous les fils produisent un satin (de 8), chaîne, avec un coup de fond, et un gros de Tours de deux fils avec deux coups de fond. Le décor lui-même est exécuté par un effet de chaque lat de broché à liage repris (en sergé de 3 lie 1, S, par un sixième des fils), reposant sur le satin du fond produit par les fils de chaîne et chaque coup de fond. Il dessine un élégant bouquet noué par un ruban rose, composé de roses, d'œillets et de branches de fraisier, en fleurs et en fruits. Un liseron est pris dans les tiges du bouquet, en dessous du ruban; [...]

Mapped as a "note" on the object

Mapping in CIDOC

The mapping is not as rich as the original information.

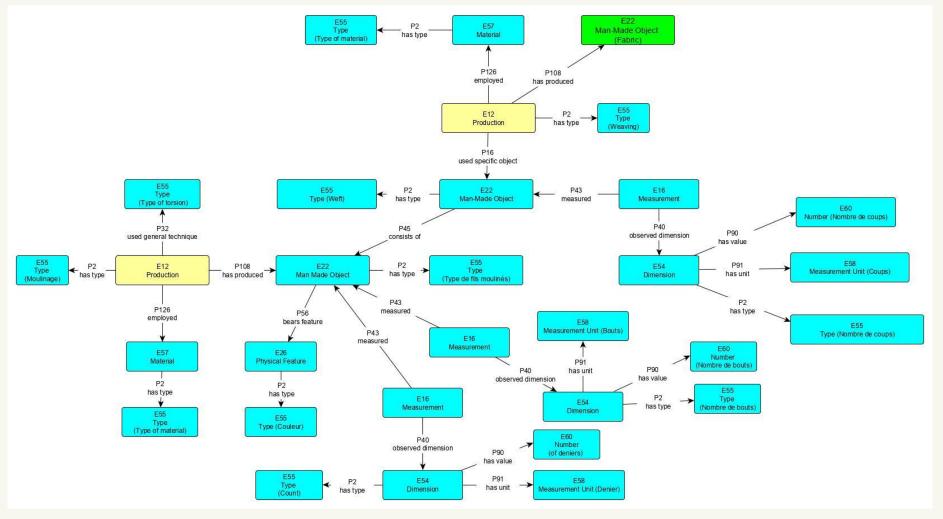
Description - MTMAD catalog

Very rich description with technical

and historical information

Dec. 4th 2020

The production of silk textile artefacts expressed in CIDOC CRM



RDF graph generated using the SILKNOW ontology to describe the weft of a silk woven fabric



Extend the SILKNOW namespace with new CIDOC CRM classes and properties

E22_Man-Made Object P45 consists of E57_Material (silk)

The dress is in silk.

E22_Man-Made Object P45 consists of E57_Material (silk)

E22_Man-Made Object P2 has type E55_Type (dress)

CIDOC CRM: a flexible and extensible data model

- We won't use a type for each object created by humans...
- But possible to create new CRM classes and properties to describe a specific part of human knowledge
 - => Define a CIDOC CRM extension for dealing with the production of textile artefacts

Extend the SILKNOW namespace with new CIDOC CRM classes and properties

By creating such an extension, it will allow users to:

- exploit the results of textual analysis. Extraction of information about:
 - Motifs
 - Weaving techniques
 - Weaves
 - Styles
- access this information

Extend the SILKNOW namespace with new CIDOC CRM classes and properties

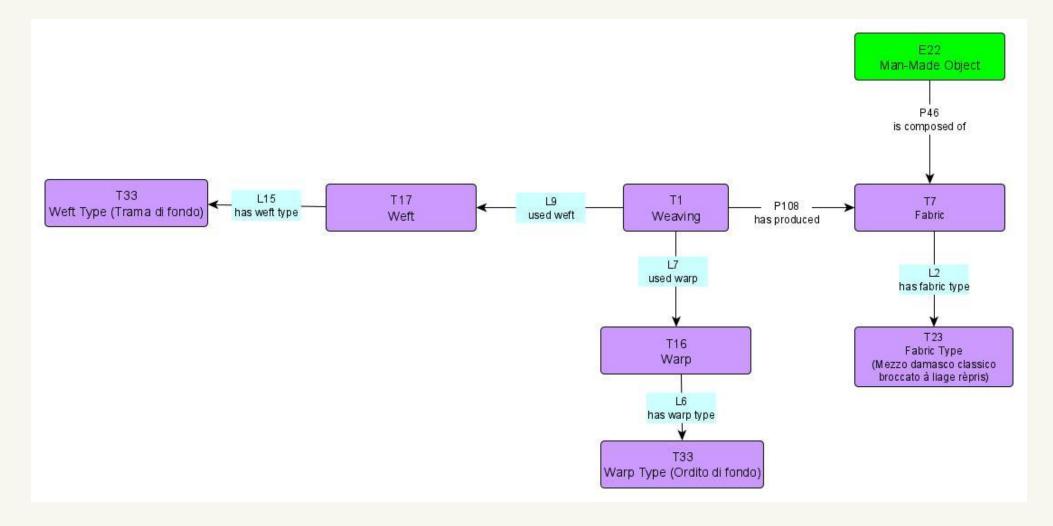
- Available via OntoMe (Ontology Management Environment, maintained by the LARHRA)
 - SILKNOW namespace : 23 classes and 12 properties
 - For an overview of the CIDOC CRM classes and properties used by SILKNOW: <u>SILKNOW working profile</u>
- We assessed these new classes and properties by using them to map examples in various languages (French, Spanish and Italian)

¹ For technical reasons, they are "deprecated" cf. Ontome. They will be deleted soon.

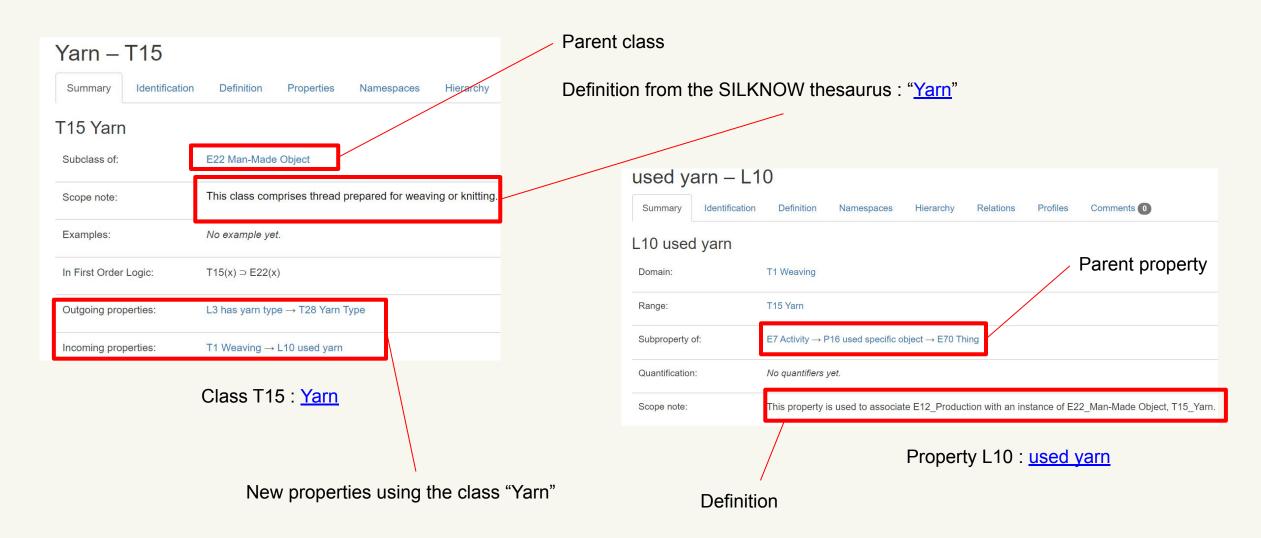
Express information about the weaving process



Express information about the weaving process



Express information about the yarns



Create links between the ontology and the thesaurus

Example: type of yarns

Yarn Ty	/pe – T2	8			
Summary	Identification	Definition	Properties	Namespaces	Hierarchy
T28 Yarn	Туре				
Subclass of:		E55 Type			
Scope note:		This property is used to denote a specific type of yarn.			
Examples:		Chenille Tasar			
		Crêpe			

Defined in the thesaurus:

- Chiné (Yarn) (ID 255)
- Frisé (ID 233)
- Spiral thread (ID 283)
- Plied yarn (ID 501)
- etc.

Create links between the ontology and the thesaurus

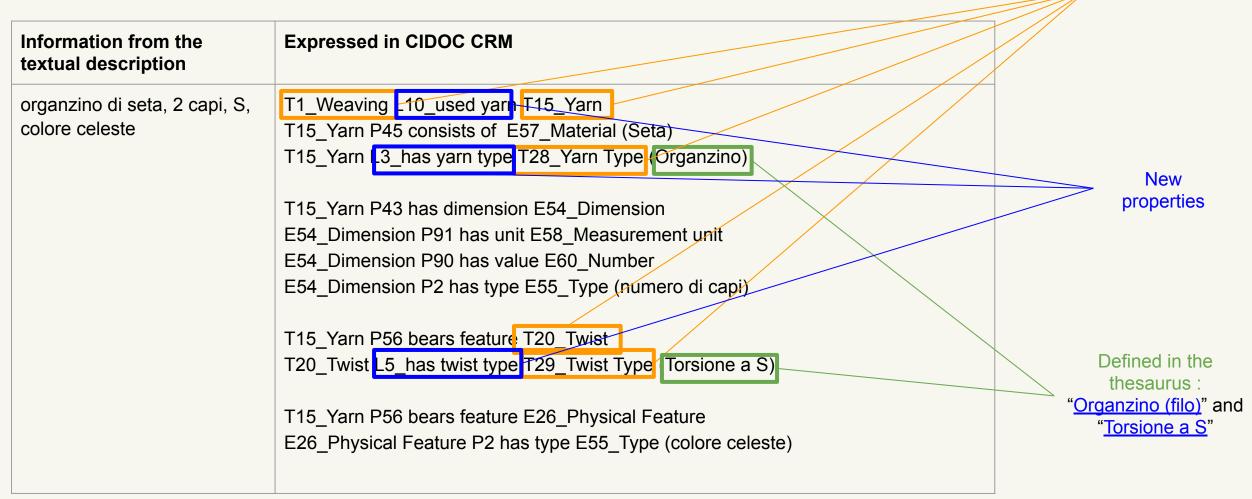
Available types:

- Fabric Type T23
- Loom Type T26
- Motif Type T34
- Style T11
- <u>Twist Type T29</u>
- Warp Type T30
- Weave Type T32
- Weft Type T33
- Yarn Type T28

New classes



More new classes and properties



A first step towards a CRM extension for Textile Heritage?

- "Bottom up" approach : CRM extension based on data collected by the SILKNOW project
 - Silk Heritage
 - From the 15th to the 19th Century
 - In Europe
- In need of a more significant extension designed to describe Textile heritage data

Thank you for your attention! marie.puren@msh-lse.fr pierre.vernus@ish-lyon.cnrs.fr

http://silknow.eu/

















