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# Study of the 777 nm Lines Profile of Atomic Oxygen Using Laser-Induced Plasmas

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## **CONTEXT & OBJECTIVES**

#### **Diagnostic technique**

The lines of the O I triplet at 777.4 nm represent one of the most important radiative contributions in the spectrum of a plasma containing oxygen. Indeed, the upper levels of the related transitions can be easily populated (their excitation energy is of the order of 10.7 eV) and their Einstein coefficient is significant (of the order of  $4 \times 10^7 \, s^{-1}$ ). The triplet can therefore be used to diagnose the plasma, i.e. to determine the electron temperature  $(T_e)$  and density  $(n_e)$ , if no hydrogen line can be detected in the spectrum. **Objectives and methodology** 

## **EXPERIMENTAL SETUP**



The laser pulse (1064 nm, 30 ps, 14 mJ) is focused to produce a plasma in an Aceton-saturated Argon (80 % - 20 % vol.) atmosphere (black chamber) at atmospheric pressure. The plasma is formed (lifetime of the order of  $10 \ \mu s$ ). Its radiation is collected along a second optical axis and analyzed using an Isoplane SCT-320 spectrometer over the [200, 850] nm spectral range.

New line Stark parameters (broadening  $\omega_s$  and shift  $\Delta \lambda_s$ ) are investigated. Laser-induced plasmas are produced in an Aceton-Argon mixture and the profile of the O I triplet is studied in order to correlate the Stark parameters and  $n_e$ . Comparisons are made with Griem's parameters.

# $n_e AND T_e EVOLUTIONS$

**Electron temperature**  $T_e$  is of the order of 15000 to 20000 K.

### **Electron density**

The determination of  $n_e$  is based on

- The FWHM of the  $H_{\alpha}$  line,
- The FWHM of the  $H_{\beta}$  line,
- The shift of the  $H_{\alpha}$  line.



# WIDTH OF THE O I 777 NM TRIPLET



The uncertainty on  $n_e$  from the  $H_{\alpha}$  FWHM is taken as twice the one from the  $H_{\beta}$  FWHM. The final  $n_e$  values are plotted in green.



## **CONCLUSION & PERSPECTIVES**

#### Conclusion

- Laser-induced plasmas produced with spectra involving the emission of the O I triplet at 777.4 nm  $\bullet$
- Stark broadening parameter obtained for  $n_e < 10^{24} m^{-3}$  almost twice of the value of Griem
- Stark shift parameter obtained for  $n_e < 10^{24} m^{-3}$  in good agreement with the value of Griem

#### Perspectives

- Assessment of the departure from equilibrium using Ar lines
- Validation of the  $n_e$  values by comparison with equilibrium calculations