

**MEMBRE DE** 





European Archive of Historical EArthquake Data



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE Di geofisica e vulcanologia

## Methodological comparison of macroseismic magnitude estimates for events along the French-Italian border

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### Macroseismic Intensity data



 $V \rightarrow$  Strong : felt by most people, fall of small objects, visible damage to masonry structures

II  $\rightarrow$  Hardly felt: felt only by individuals at rest

### Macroseismic Intensity data



Intensity prediction equation (IPE) : I=f(M, distance)

## Questions

 Different methodologies to estimate historical earthquake parameters from macroseismic intensity data

➔ How do 2 different methodologies (Boxer/Italy – INGV and QUake-MD/France-IRSN) impact magnitude estimates?

→ Compare estimated magnitudes using the same macroseismic intensity data set

### Plan of presentation

- 1. Macroseismic data set used for the comparison exercise
- 2. BOXER and QUAKE-MD methodologies
- 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates
- 4. Conclusions and perspectives

# 1. Macroseismic data set used for the comparison exercise

117 earthquakes along the French Italian border:

- More than 3 intensity classes
- 2 intensity classes and more than 5 macroseismic data point



#### 2. Boxer and QUake-MD methodologies

#### Boxer (INGV)

- Boxer calibration events
- $M(I) = a(I) + b(I)I_0 + c(I)[\log(\pi D_{epi})]^2$
- Depth implicitly taken into account
- Magnitude are computed for each intensity level
- Quantified uncertainties =f(#data)



#### QUake-MD (IRSN)

- QUake-MD calibration events
- $I = C_1 + C_2 M + \beta \log(D_{hypo})$
- Depth explicitly taken into account
- Magnitude and depth are computed to fit the macroseismic field
- Uncertainty on I<sub>0</sub> taken into account
- Quantified uncertainties =f( data quality, numerous IPE)



# 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates

- First comparison : same epicenter (I<sub>0</sub> and xy), Boxer's epicenter
- Second comparison : for Boxer, Boxer's epicenter, for QUake-MD SisFrance epicenter

## 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates



# 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates



#### Sparse data → rapid decrease of intensity data

Rapid decrease of intensity data

- ☆ Epicenter
- I/I-II
- II / II-III
- III / III-IV
- IV / IV-V
- V / V-VI
- VI / VI-VII

VII / VII-VIII
VIII / VIII-IX
IX / IX-X
X / X-XI
XI
Not-Felt
Felt

#### QUake-MD:

- 1. Rapid decrease of intensity data  $\rightarrow$  Shallow depth
- 2. Shallow depth  $\rightarrow$  small magnitude

## 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude



# 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates with SisFrance epicenter for Quake-MD







# 3. Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates with SisFrance epicenter for Quake-MD



### Conclusions

Comparing QUAKE-MD/BOXER magnitude estimates

- Good agreement between the two magnitude estimates (with the uncertainties)
- No bias between the two magnitude estimates
- **Epicenter** (xy + I0): part of the methodologies

<u>NB</u> IPEs should not be extrapolated beyond their limits of applicability