

Signed languages, vocal languages, literacy: models, representations, challenges.

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SIGNED LANGUAGES, VOCAL LANGUAGES, LITERACY: MODELS, REPRESENTATIONS, CHALLENGES

Sign Language Laboratory (SLL) Research Team

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Past and Novel Directions in SL Research

In the '60s - mid '90s:

Following Stokoe's (1960) seminal work on American Sign Language (ASL), the visual-gestural language of deaf Americans, **the modern study of SL develops world-wide**, including **research** on Italian Sign Language (LIS), pioneered by CNR scholars (Volterra, 1987/2004, Stokoe & Volterra, 1985). Analyses are based primarily on vocal languages (VL) categories. Major outcome: in spite of their gestural substance, SL possess structural properties comparable to those of VL, and must thus be recognized as fully developed natural human languages. Comparative crosslinguistic research highlights primarily the similarities between SL and VL





Late '90s to present:

Novel semiotic models of SL. New discourse-, corpus-based studies of French Sign Language (Cuxac, 1996; 2000), LIS (Pizzuto & Volterra, 2000; Russo 2000; 2004) and other SL, challenge the view that SL can be easily assimilated to VL Besides elements broadly comparable to VL word-like units, SL are made of Highly Iconic Structures (HIS), marked by specific manual and non-manual articulators, most notably gaze patterns, where linguistic information is arranged in space and time in a simultaneous, multilinear fashion that has no parallel in VL

Previous descriptions of SL and former comparisons of SL and VL are questioned. Research strongly suggest that substantial theoretical-methodological changes in general linguistics are required to account for SL structures, and for the effects engendered by the gestural vs. the vocal modality in shaping the distinctive properties of face-to-face human language (Russo Cardona & Volterra, 2007, Pizzuto, Pietrandrea & Simone, 2007, Cuxac & Antinoro Pizzuto, in press)







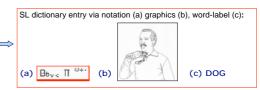
Word-like sign The child



Highly Iconic Structure The child looks anxiously outside, from the windowsil

Major Challenges: The Written Representation Problem, Deafness, Literacy in Visual vs. Spoken/Written Languages

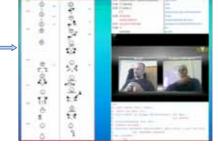
No modern investigation and description of VL has ever been undertaken without appropriate written representations of VL forms that allow scholars and users to reconstruct form-meaning correspondences even in the absence of 'raw data'. In most SL research this basic requirement still is not satisfied. The notation systems most widely used either do not represent at all SL units but just 'label' them with VL words, or provide graphic representations that are extremely difficult or impossible to use for representing SL units, and for appropriate analyses of SL



We have shown that appropriate written representations of SL are crucial for both basic and applied research (e.g. Pizzuto & al, 2006; Antinoro Pizzuto & al 2008; 2009)

We have undertaken a novel experimentation of a writing system devised for SL ("SignWriting". SW, Sutton, 1995): deaf signers and doctoral students of our team are using SW for both transcribing LIS and composing for the first time in history written LIS texts. Results have led to significant advancement in the linguistic analysis of SL structure, and in deaf signers' metalinguistic abilities (Di Renzo & al, 2006; Lucioli & al, 2008; Pennacchi 2008; Gianfreda & al, in press; Bianchini & al, 2009)





Within a national project recently funded (MIUR-FIRB RBNE074T5L) we plan to include written LIS in E-Learning environments tailored to the needs of deaf learners, who face very severe difficulties in acquiring literacy skills in spoken/written Italian. We will explore the hypothesis that written LIS may be a powerful pedagogical tool for fostering literacy development in deaf signers

Most Relevant Projects

Most Relevant Projects

2009-2012: National Project *E-learning, Deafness, Written Language: A Bridge Of letters And Signs Towards

Knowledge Society - VISEL*, MIUR- FIRB Initiative, Grant N. RBNE074T5L, € 896.000,00.

2005- to present "Writing Italian Sign Language (LIS) with SignWriting": Co-funded by the Rome State Institute

for the Deaf & the Association Progetti Felicità, € 26.500.

2004-2007: Joint Italian-French CNR-CNRS Project "Language, its formal properties and cognition: What can be

learned from signed languages". In collaboration with Christian Cuxac, Université Paris 8 Unit & CNRS UMR
7023. Travel & Accomodation Grant, - € 16.000.

Ongoing Ph.D. Dissertations

Bianchini, C.S. "Cross-linguistic Explorations of SignWriting in the Analysis of SL" (in co-tutorship with Université Paris 8 and Università di Perugia).

Gianfreda, G. "Conversational Analysis and Italian Sign Language (LIS)", (in co-tutorship with Università di

Macerata)

etitta, G. "Units of Analysis in Different LIS Discourse Registers" (in co-tutorship with Università per Stranieri di