



The two faces of carbohydrates driving diversity in sugar-based innovations Grenoble Applied Economics Lab (GAEL)



Aurélie Level 24th January 2019



GRENOBLE APPLIED ECONOMICS LAB - GAEL



- ► Main focus: microeconomics of sustainable innovation and consumption applied to the energy and the agro-industry.
- ➤ Size: 70 people, including 40 researchers and engineers, 10 supporting staff and 20 PhDs and post-docs.
- ► Glyco@Alps project: A team of economists specialised in economics of innovation, public-private partnerships and biotechnology firms organisation.



OBJECTIVES

■ To link economic analysis and glycosciences:

- ▶ Define "glycoeconomics" borders.
- ► To understand the various supply chains:
 - Products: from extraction or production to final glyco-based products.
 - Firms: organisation of firms along the supply chain.
 - To what extent are glycosciences a source of innovation?
 - Main innovation bottlenecks and drivers along the supply chain.



MAIN RESULTS: 3 SUPPLY CHAINS

Properties

Physicochemical

Biological

Regional biomass

- Products: sugar, starch, wood etc.
- Firms: mature industries
- Challenges: different along the supply chain - extraction, standardisation, new catalyser, substitution vs new product vs new functionalities
- Process innovation/product innovation

Glycomics

- Products: kit, enzymes, reagent and instruments
- Firms: a concentrated market, emergence of start-ups
- Challenges: metrology, pharmaceutical firms should acquire "glyco" competences
- Disruptive innovation: new demand, new products

Dual biomass

- Products: pectin, guar, chitin, alginates, etc.
- Firms: mature industries based on old products
- Challenges: synthesise new molecules
- Product innovation: new product based on dual properties



CONCLUSION

- High level of diversity in terms of innovation.
- Large companies / SMEs as providers of new technologies.
- **■** Characteristics of transversal aspects:
 - ► Regulatory and intellectual properties aspects.
 - ► Development of white biotechnology at different levels of the value chains.
 - ► Metrological challenges.



Thanks!

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