

Tethered Counterion-Directed Catalysis: Merging the Chiral Ion-pairing and Bifunctional Ligand Strategies in Enantioselective Gold(I) Catalysis

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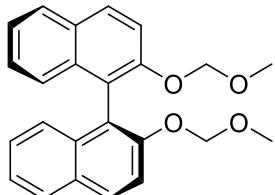
1. General methods.

Unless otherwise noted, all of the reactions were performed under N₂ atmosphere, the solvents were distilled under N₂, and the separations were carried out under flash-chromatographic conditions on silica gel (Redi Sep prepacked column, 230-400 mesh) with use of a CombiFlash Companion. Reagent-grade chemicals were obtained from diverse commercial suppliers (Sigma-Aldrich, Acros Organics, TCI and Alfa-Aesar) and were used as received. *n*-BuLi was used as commercially available solutions and titrated before use. ¹H NMR (300 and 500 MHz), ³¹P (120 MHz and 200 MHz) and ¹³C (75 and 125 MHz) NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Advance spectrometers. The chemical shifts (δ) are reported in part per million (ppm) and coupling values (J) are given in hertz (Hz). Multiplicities are abbreviated as follows: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quadruplet), bs (broad singlet) dd (doublet of doublet), dt (doublet of triplet), m (multiplet). Infrared spectra (IR) were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer FT-IR system using diamond window Dura SamplIR II and the data are reported in reciprocal centimeters (cm⁻¹). Optical rotations were measured on a Anton Paar MCP 300 polarimeter at 589 nm. $[\alpha]_D$ is expressed in deg.cm³.g⁻¹.dm⁻¹ and c is expressed in g/100 cm³. Melting points were recorded in open capillary tubes on a Büchi B-540 apparatus and are uncorrected. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded using a Micromass LCT Premier XE instrument (Waters) and were determined by electrospray ionization (ESI) with a TOF analyzer.

2. Synthesis and Characterization of the gold(I) complexes (S)-5, (S)-6, (S)-7

and (S)-11a

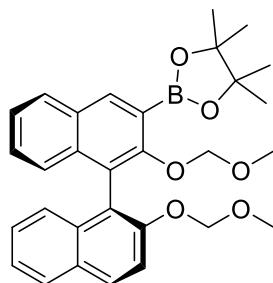
Synthesis of (S)-2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-1,1'-binaphthalene



(S)-BINOL (14.3 g, 50.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in 80 mL of anhydrous THF and added dropwise to a suspension of NaH (60 % wt in mineral oil, 6.0 g, 150 mmol, 3 equiv.) in 80 ml of anhydrous THF at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and then MOM-Cl (11.4 mL, 150 mmol, 3 equiv.) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for another 3 hours at room temperature. When the reaction was completed, it was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂. Combined organic layers were then dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated. The crude product was used directly for further synthesis without purification (18.5 g, 49.4 mmol, 99 %).

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3057, 2956, 2901, 2826, 1621, 1592, 1506, 1237, 1147, 1031, 1011, 920, 809, 749 cm⁻¹. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz)** δ (ppm) = 7.92 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 4H), 5.05 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 6H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz)** δ (ppm) = 152.8, 134.2, 130.0, 129.5, 128.0, 126.5, 125.7, 124.2, 121.4, 117.4, 95.3, 56.0.

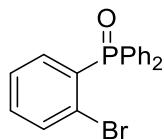
Synthesis of (S)-2- (2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)- [1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)- 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(S)-1]



To a solution of (S)-2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-1,1'-binaphthalene (7.84 g, 21 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in 140 mL of anhydrous THF, *n*-BuLi (19.6 mL, 29.4 mmol, 1.4 equiv.) was added dropwise at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 4 hours, then isopropoxypinacolborate (5.6 mL, 27.3 mmol, 1.3 equiv.) was added to the flask and the resulting solution was allowed to warm to room temperature. It was stirred overnight at room temperature and then quenched with water and extracted with DCM. Combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (pure heptane to heptane:DCM = 2:1) yielding the product as a white solid (7.03 g, 14.1 mmol, 67 %).¹

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3411, 3054, 2956, 2825, 1909, 1622, 1592, 1436, 1241, 1146, 1014, 988, 923, 696 cm⁻¹. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz)** δ = 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.17 (m, 4H), 5.15 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 12H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz)** δ (ppm) = 156.9, 153.1, 139.4, 135.9, 134.5, 130.5, 129.8, 129.5, 128.7, 127.7, 127.5, 126.5, 126.3, 126.1, 125.5, 124.8, 124.1, 121.8, 116.9, 100.2, 100.1, 95.2, 84.0, 56.0, 55.9, 25.0. **HRMS (ESI): *m/z***: calcd for C₃₀H₃₃BNaO₆⁺ 523.2262 [M+Na]⁺, found, 523.2313. **[α]_D** = -68 (c 1.16, CHCl₃).

Synthesis of (2-bromophenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide²



Diphenylphosphine oxide (4.81 g, 23.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in PhMe (60 mL), and then Pd₂(dba)₃ (0.38 g, 0.4 mmol, 1.75 mol %), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.34 g, 0.8 mmol, 3.5 mol %), then bromoiodobenzene (3.36 mL, 26.2 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), and 'Pr₂NEt (4.9 mL, 29.7 mmol, 1.25

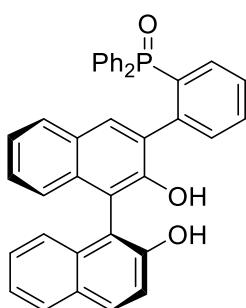
¹ L.-X. Gao; Ma, L.; Jin, R.-Z.; Lü, G.-H.; Bian, Z.; Ding, M.-X. *Synthesis* **2007**, 2461-2470.

² H.-L. Wang; Hu, R.-B.; Zhang, H.; Zhou, A.-X.; Yang, S.-D. *Org. Lett.* **2013**, 15, 5302-5305.

equiv.) were added and the mixture stirred at 90 °C for 4 days. After cooling to room temperature, water was added and the solution was extracted with DCM. Organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (Hept: EA = 4:1 to EA), giving product as a pale yellow solid (6.0 g, 16.8 mmol, 64 %).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ = 7.75-7.65 (m, 5H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.41-7.30 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ = 136.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.4 Hz), 135.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.7 Hz), 133.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.2 Hz), 133.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 104.3 Hz), 132.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 9.9 Hz), 132.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 131.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 107.6 Hz), 128.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.6 Hz), 127.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.5 Hz), 127.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 4.9 Hz). ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ = 30.6.

Synthesis of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine oxide [(S)-2]³



(2-bromophenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide (4.44 g, 12.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.48 g, 0.42 mmol, 5 mol %) were added to a flask, followed by anhydrous, degassed THF (100 mL) and H₂O (50 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To this solution were added (S)-2-(2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (4.78 g, 8.3 mol, 1.0 equiv.) [(S)-1] and K₂CO₃ (3.45 g, 24.9 mmol, 3 equiv.), and the solution was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted twice with methyl *tert*-butyl ether. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum.

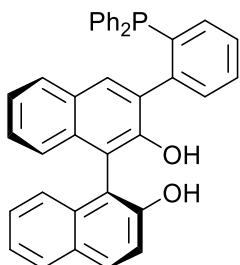
The crude product was dissolved in a mixture of THF/MeOH 1:1 (80 mL), then p-TsOH·H₂O was added to this solution and reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 3 hours. After that, it was cooled down to room temperature and solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted twice with DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (eluent: 100 % heptane to heptane/ethyl acetate, 30/70) giving the product as a white solid (3.43 g, 6.1 mmol, 74 %).

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3058, 1619, 1467, 1438, 1142, 750 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ = 8.11 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J₁ = 11.6 Hz, J₂ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.06 (m, 12H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ = 154.0, 151.4, 143.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 134.5, 133.9, 133.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 133.0, 132.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 132.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 132.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 158.5 Hz), 132.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 132.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.1 Hz), 131.9, 131.9, 131.4, 131.3, 131.3, 131.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 106.3 Hz), 130.5, 130.1, 130.1, 129.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 50.4 Hz), 128.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 128.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 128.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 6.4 Hz), 127.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 126.7, 126.8, 125.4, 123.7, 123.3, 120.2, 115.4, 113.1. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃,

³ H. Sasai; Matsui, K.; Takizawa, S. *Synlett* 2006, 5, 761-765.

200 MHz) δ = 30.5. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calcd for $C_{38}H_{28}O_3P^+$ 563.1771 [M+H]⁺, found, 563.1770. $[\alpha]_D$ = +71 (*c* 0.76, CHCl₃), *lit* +86 (*c* 0.6, CHCl₃).

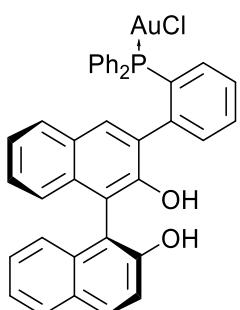
2. Synthesis of (*S*)-3-(2-(diphenylphosphaneyl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol [(*S*)-3]³



(*S*)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide [(*S*)-2] (3.43 g, 6.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in toluene (100 mL) at 0 °C, and then Et₃N (8.5 mL, 61 mmol, 10 equiv.) and Cl₃SiH (12.5 mL, 122.1 mmol, 20 equiv.) were added to the solution dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction was then stirred at 90 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction solution was quenched with 2 M NaOH and then THF was evaporated under reduced pressure. 2 M NaOH was added to dissolve the precipitated solid and then extracted twice with DCM, dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (eluent: heptane to DCM) giving the product as a white solid (2.61 g, 4.7 mmol, 78 %).

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3510, 3053, 1619, 1596, 1434, 1138, 734 cm⁻¹. **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.40-7.15 (m, 17H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 2H), 5.71 (bs, 1H), 5.15 (bs, 1H). **¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz)** δ = 153.2, 150.1, 143.2 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 30.2 Hz), 138.2 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 30.2 Hz), 136.9 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 8.2 Hz), 136.7 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 9.2 Hz), 134.1, 134.0, 133.8 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 19.2 Hz), 132.3, 131.2, 130.5, 130.3 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 3.7 Hz), 129.6, 129.5, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.5, 128.5, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 125.1, 124.9, 124.2, 123.9, 118.1 (d, *J_{c-p}* = 82.5 Hz), 112.1, 112.0. **³¹P NMR (CDCl₃, 120 MHz)** δ = -10.6, -12.3. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calcd for $C_{38}H_{28}O_2P^+$ 547.1821 [M+H]⁺, found, 547.1801. $[\alpha]_D$ = -80 (*c* 0.94, CHCl₃), *lit* -73 (*c* 0.6, CHCl₃).

Synthesis of (*S*)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(*S*)-4]

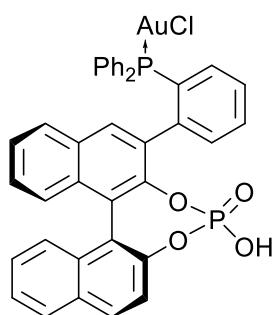


(*S*)-3-(2-(diphenylphosphaneyl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol [(*S*)-3] (2.63 g, 4.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and Me₂S•AuCl (1.41 g, 4.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were dissolved in dry DCM (130 mL), and then the reaction solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent was evaporated and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (Heptane-DCM), yielding the product as a white

solid (3.4 g, 4.4 mmol, 89 %).

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3515, 3405, 3057, 2926, 1619, 1597, 1437, 1131, 748 cm⁻¹. **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.49 (m, 4H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.23 (m, 5H), 7.23-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (br s, 1H), 4.90 (br s, 1H). **¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz)** δ = 154.3, 150.2, 144.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 15.6 Hz), 134.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 5.5 Hz), 134.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 134.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 134.2, 133.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 133.5, 133.1, 132.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 131.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 131.6, 131.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 130.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 62.3 Hz), 129.9, 129.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 129.4, 129.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 129.0, 128.7, 128.6, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 124.9, 124.8, 124.1, 123.8, 119.4, 113.6, 110.4. **³¹P NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz)** δ = 24.2. **HRMS (ESI): *m/z*:** calculated for C₄₀H₃₀AuNO₂P⁺: 784.1680 [M+MeCN-Cl]⁺, found, 784.1688; *m/z*: calcd for C₃₈H₂₆AuClO₂P⁻: 777.1030 [M-H]⁻, found, 777.1016. **[α]_D** = -149 (*c* 1.07, CHCl₃).

Synthesis of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



(S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-4] (3.4 g, 4.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to 10 mL pyridine, then POCl₃ (0.48 mL, 5.11 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added to the solution dropwise under 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. After completion, it was quenched with water and the solvent were removed under vacuum. 2M HCl and THF were added, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at 50 °C. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction solution was extracted with DCM and H₂O. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (eluent: heptane to DCM) giving the product as a brown solid (3.15 g, 3.7 mmol, 88 %).

m.p.: 256.2-261.5 °C. **IR (neat) ν_{max}** = 3515, 3405, 3056, 2925, 1619, 1436, 1214, 1131, 748 cm⁻¹. **HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₀H₂₉AuNO₄P₂⁺ 846.1232 [M+MeCN-Cl]⁺, found, 846.1245; *m/z* calcd for C₃₈H₂₅AuClO₄P₂⁻ 839.0588 [M-H]⁻, found, 839.0587. **[α]_D** = +15 (*c* 1.03, CHCl₃).**

-NMR data in DMSO-d6:

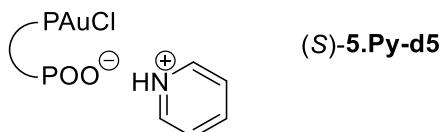
¹H NMR (DMSO-d6, 343K, 500 MHz) δ = 8.13-8.07 (m, 2H), 8.06 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.48 (m, 7H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00 (br s, 2H), 6.24 (br s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (DMSO-d6, 343K, 125 MHz) δ = 146.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 144.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.1 Hz), 141.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 133.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 133.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 133.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 132.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 6.4 Hz), 131.8, 131.5, 131.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 5.5 Hz), 131.2, 131.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 116.4 Hz), 130.7, 130.3, 129.8, 129.5, 129.4, 129.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.0 Hz), 128.4, 128.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 128.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 127.6, 127.6, 127.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 126.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 15.6 Hz), 126.4, 125.9, 125.6, 125.2, 124.9, 121.7, 121.0, 120.7, 120.3.

^{31}P NMR (DMSO-d6, 343 K, 200 MHz) δ = 26.4, 1.2 (major isomer) and 25.8, 2.5 (minor isomer).

^{31}P NMR (DMSO-d6, 383 K, 200 MHz) δ = 26.8, 1.1.

-NMR data in deuterated pyridine:



^1H NMR (Pyridine-d5, 500 MHz) δ = 11.86 (bs, 1H), 9.26 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.75 (m, 3H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J_1 = 13.2 Hz, J_2 = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.33 (m, 9H), 7.20 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J_1 = 12.1 Hz, J_2 = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H).

^{13}C NMR (Pyridine-d5, 125 MHz) δ = 148.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.1 Hz), 144.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 136.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 135.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 14.7 Hz), 134.7, 134.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 134.1, 133.9, 133.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 4.6 Hz), 133.5, 132.8, 132.4, 132.1, 131.7, 131.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 62.3 Hz), 131.3, 130.7, 130.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 130.3, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.0 Hz), 129.4, 129.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.1 Hz), 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 127.8, 127.6, 127.3, 126.2, 126.0, 123.1.

^{31}P NMR (Pyridine-d5, 200 MHz) δ = 29.2, 6.7.

-NMR data in CDCl_3 :

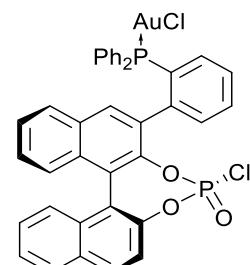
^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.77-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.48 (m, 5H), 7.46-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.19 (m, 8H), 6.97 (dd, J_1 = 11.9 Hz, J_2 = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73-6.66 (m, 2H), 6.66-6.60 (m, 1H), 6.53 (bs, 1H).

^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ = 27.7, 2.9 (major isomer), 26.2, 4.6 (minor isomer).

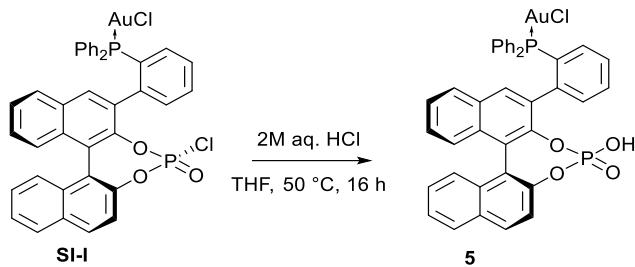
Isolation of the intermediate phosphoroyl chloride **SI-1**

In some reaction batch for the synthesis of **5**, one of the intermediate phosphoroyl chloride diastereoisomer was showed to be poorly reactive towards hydrolysis and could be isolated and characterized.

Data for (S)-(2-(2,2'-diylchlorogenphosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [SI-1]: m.p.: 193.4-194.2 °C. IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3056, 2961, 2925, 2854, 1591, 1437, 1413, 1310, 1242, 1208, 1101, 1082, 970, 954, 904, 821, 876, 750, 693. **^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 5H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.25 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J_1 = 12.0 Hz, J_2 = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74-6.69 (m, 3H). **^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 146.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 143.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 141.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 134.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 14.7 Hz), 134.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 14.7 Hz), 134.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 133.8, 133.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 6.4 Hz), 132.6, 132.2, 131.9, 131.9, 131.9, 131.7, 131.7, 131.5, 130.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 129.8, 129.6, 129.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 129.0, 128.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 127.5, 127.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 68.7 Hz), 126.8, 122.1, 121.8, 121.8, 119.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz). **^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz)** δ = 26.8, 9.2. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{28}\text{AuClNO}_3\text{P}_2^+$ 864.0893 [$\text{M}+\text{MeCN}-\text{Cl}^-$]⁺, found, 864.0898.

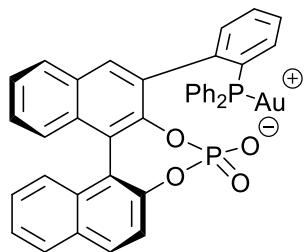


This compound **SI-1** could be submitted to hydrolysis according to the following procedure.



To a solution of **SI-1** (436 mg, 0.51 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added 2 M HCl (30 mL). The resulting mixture was then stirred overnight at 50 °C. After cooling to room temperature, the THF was removed under vacuum and the resulting solution was extracted with DCM. Organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography, giving product (*S*)-**5** as a brown solid (350.0 mg, 0.42 mmol, 82 %).

Synthesis of (*S*)-**6**



To a suspension of Ag₂CO₃ (82.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) in toluene (2 mL) and H₂O (2 mL), (*S*)-**5** (84.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Then the suspension was filtered on celite. The filter was rinsed with DCM and evaporated under vacuum. The product was obtained as an amorphous gray solid (56.1 mg, 0.07 mmol, 69 %). This Au(I) complex is also very cleanly generated by performing the reaction in pure CDCl₃ within 1 h.

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3656, 3410, 3054, 2923, 2852, 1621, 1592, 1509, 1480, 1436, 1417, 1330, 1263, 1227, 1101, 1080, 1052, 997, 967, 950, 869, 850, 816, 749, 712, 694.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₀H₂₉AuNO₄P₂⁺ 846.1232 [M+H+MeCN]⁺, found, 846.1232;

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₉H₂₆AuO₆P₂⁻ 849.0876 [M+HCOO]⁻, found, 849.0867.

$[\alpha]_D$ = +39 (*c* 1.12, CHCl₃).

¹-NMR data in Pyridine-d₅

¹H NMR (Pyridine, 500 MHz) δ = 8.12-7.98 (m, 3H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.74 (m, 3H), 7.70 (td, *J*₁ = 7.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.44-7.32 (m, 7H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.08 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (Pyridine, 125 MHz) δ = 152.0 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 149.4 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 144.8 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 14.7 Hz), 136.4, 135.8 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 135.6, 135.4 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 5.5 Hz), 134.7 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 134.2 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 133.8, 133.2, 133.1, 133.1 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 128.3 Hz), 132.1, 131.8 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 45.8 Hz), 130.9, 130.5 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 79.7 Hz), 129.9, 129.9, 129.6, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7 (d, *J*_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 127.9, 127.4, 127.1,

126.7, 125.9, 125.0, 124.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 127.4 Hz), 123.8, 123.5, 122.8.

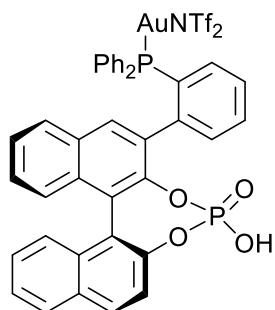
^{31}P NMR (Pyridine, 200 MHz) δ = 22.9, 8.6.

-NMR data in CDCl_3

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.80 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (brs, 2H), 7.52-7.23 (m, 16H), 7.20-7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00-6.85 (m, 3H).

^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ = 21.8, 8.3.

- **Synthesis of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide (S)-7a**



To a suspension of AgNTf_2 (16.8 mg, 0.030 mmol) in toluene (1 mL), (S)-6 (16.8 mg, 0.020 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Then the suspension was filtered on celite. The filter was rinsed with DCM and evaporated under vacuum. The product was obtained as an amorphous gray solid (17.8 mg, 0.016 mmol, 82 %).

IR (neat) ν_{max} = 3061, 1592, 1438, 1401, 1353, 1209, 1198, 1131, 1082, 1060, 1028, 958, 900, 830, 751. **[α]_D** = +170 (c 1.16, CHCl_3). **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{29}\text{AuNO}_4\text{P}_2^+$ 846.1232 [$\text{M-NTf}_2+\text{H+MeCN}$]⁺, found, 846.1224.

-NMR data in CDCl_3

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.37 (m, 6H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.96 (dd, J_1 = 12.3 Hz, J_2 = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.60-6.52 (m, 1H), 6.50-6.38 (m, 2H), 5.69 (bs, 1H).

^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ = 146.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 5.5 Hz), 143.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 4.6 Hz), 142.0 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 135.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 14.7 Hz), 134.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 133.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 133.1 (d, J_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 132.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 108.1 Hz), 132.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 132.5, 131.6, 131.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 46.7 Hz), 131.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 131.4, 130.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 6.4 Hz), 129.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 129.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.9, 128.6, 128.0, 127.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 20.2 Hz), 127.8, 127.4, 127.3 (d, J_{c-p} = 20.2 Hz), 127.0, 126.7, 126.4, 124.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 67.8 Hz), 123.4, 121.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 103.6 Hz), 120.8, 119.5, 118.3.

^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ = 22.9, 2.9.

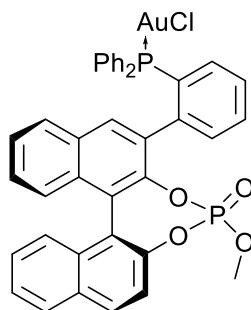
-NMR data in deuterated pyridine

^1H NMR (Pyridine-d5, 500 MHz) δ = 11.45 (br s, 1H), 8.05-7.97 (m, 3H), 7.93-7.80 (m, 3H), 7.75 (td, J_1

$J = 7.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.28 (m, 15H), 7.25 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H).

^{31}P NMR (Pyridine-d5, 200 MHz) $\delta = 22.8, 7.6$ (major isomer), 27.9, 7.1 (minor isomer).

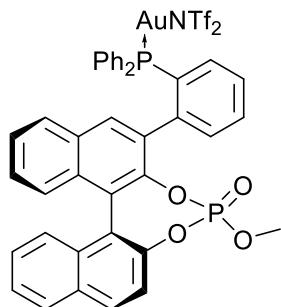
Synthesis of SI-2



(*S*)-(2-(2,2'-diylchlorogenphosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [**SI-1**] (122 mg, 0.14 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to methanol (5 mL), the result solution was then stirred overnight at 35 °C. The methanol was removed and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography, giving product as a white solid (69.0 mg, 0.08 mmol, 57 %).

IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3056, 2958, 2923, 2856, 1620, 1592, 1437, 1300, 1218, 1187, 1101, 1051, 993, 974, 955, 892, 829, 750, 694$. **^1H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** $\delta = 8.27$ (s, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.93 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.47 (m, 5H), 7.47-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, $J_1 = 11.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.82-6.72 (m, 3H), 3.66 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz)** $\delta = 147.0$ (d, $J_{c-p} = 11.0$ Hz), 143.6 (d, $J_{c-p} = 8.2$ Hz), 141.6 (d, $J_{c-p} = 12.8$ Hz), 134.8 (d, $J_{c-p} = 8.2$ Hz), 134.6 (d, $J_{c-p} = 9.2$ Hz), 134.4 (d, $J_{c-p} = 8.2$ Hz), 133.4, 133.2 (d, $J_{c-p} = 7.3$ Hz), 132.5 (d, $J_{c-p} = 43.1$ Hz), 131.9 (d, $J_{c-p} = 1.8$ Hz), 131.7 (d, $J_{c-p} = 1.8$ Hz), 131.6 (d, $J_{c-p} = 2.7$ Hz), 131.3, 131.1, 131.1, 131.0, 130.5 (d, $J_{c-p} = 143.0$ Hz), 129.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.6, 128.2, 127.8 (d, $J_{c-p} = 135.6$ Hz), 127.7, 127.6, 127.2, 126.8, 126.4 (d, $J_{c-p} = 64.2$ Hz), 122.2, 121.3, 119.7 (d, $J_{c-p} = 2.7$ Hz), 55.8 (d, $J_{c-p} = 5.5$ Hz). **^{31}P NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz)** $\delta = 27.2, 1.2$. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z calcd for C₄₁H₃₁AuNO₄P₂⁺ 860.1388 [M+MeCN-Cl]⁺, found, 860.1390; m/z calcd for C₃₈H₂₅AuClO₄P₂⁻ 839.0588 [M-CH₃]⁻, found, 839.0576.

Synthesis of (*S*)-11a



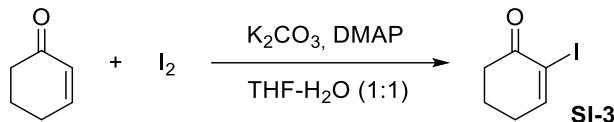
SI-2 (16.7mg, 0.02 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and AgNTf₂ (7.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were added to 1 mL CDCl₃, the resulting solution was then stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction solution was filtered and evaporated, giving product **11** as a white solid (18.8 mg, 0.02 mmol, 79 %).

IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3059, 2961, 2927, 2856, 1537, 1438, 1400, 1354, 1300, 1261, 1210, 1193, 1131, 1102,$

1055, 975, 957, 895, 830, 751, 693. **¹H NMR** (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.42 (m, 5H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 3H), 6.98 (dd, J_1 = 12.6 Hz, J_2 = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ = 146.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.0 Hz), 143.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 8.2 Hz), 141.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 135.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 15.6 Hz), 134.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 13.7 Hz), 134.2 (d, J_{c-p} = 7.3 Hz), 132.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 9.2 Hz), 132.8, 132.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 106.3 Hz), 132.4 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 131.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 131.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 1.8 Hz), 131.6, 131.3, 131.3, 130.6 (q, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 129.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 11.9 Hz), 129.1, 128.9 (d, J_{c-p} = 10.1 Hz), 128.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 12.8 Hz), 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7 (d, J_{c-p} = 54.1 Hz), 127.3, 127.3, 126.9, 126.9, 126.2, 124.8 (d, J_{c-p} = 67.8 Hz), 122.2, 121.0, 120.8, 119.6 (d, J_{c-p} = 2.7 Hz), 118.3, 55.5 (d, J_{c-p} = 4.6 Hz). **³¹P NMR** (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ = 23.0, 2.3. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{41}\text{H}_{31}\text{AuNO}_4\text{P}_2^+$ 860.1388 [$\text{M}+\text{MeCN-NTf}_2^-$]⁺, found, 860.1387. $[\alpha]_D$ = +28 (c 1.83, CHCl_3).

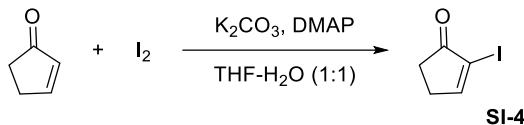
3. Synthesis of enones 8 and indole 9

Synthesis of 2-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one (**SI-3**)⁴



To a stirred solution of cyclohex-2-en-1-one (4.05 mL, 42 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in a 1:1 mixture of THF-H₂O (200 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (6.9 g, 50 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), I₂ (15.9 g, 63 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (1.02 g, 8.3 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) successively. Then the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Upon completion, the reaction solution mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ and aqueous 0.1 M HCl successively. The mixture was subsequently extracted with ethyl acetate and dried over MgSO₄. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (heptane to 20 % EtOAc-Heptane), giving product **SI-3** as a white solid (7.17 g, 32 mmol, 77 %).

Synthesis of 2-iodocyclopent-2-en-1-one^{4, 5} (**SI-4**)



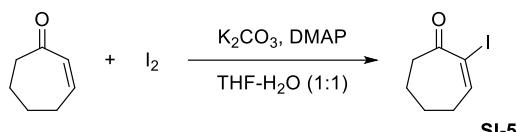
Compound **SI-4** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **SI-3**. To a stirred solution of cyclopent-2-en-1-one (0.42 mL, 5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in a 1:1 mixture of THF-H₂O (30 mL) was

⁴ (a) T. Yao; Zhang, X.; Larock, R. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 11164-11165; (b) M. Krafft; Cran, J. *Synlett* **2005**, 1263-1266; (c) L.-E. Harim; Moises, R.-O.; F., O. H. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, 51-54.

⁵ H. Sundén; Schäfer, A.; Scheepstra, M.; Leysen, S.; Malo, M.; Ma, J.-N.; Burstein, E. S.; Ottmann, C.; Brunsved, L.; Olsson, R. *J. Med. Chem.* **2016**, 59, 1232-1238.

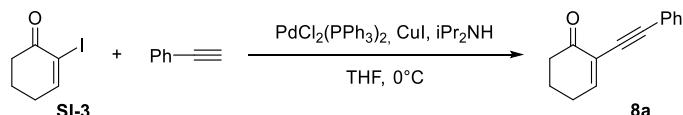
added K_2CO_3 (0.83 g, 6 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), I_2 (1.9 g, 7.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (0.13 g, 1 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) successively. Then the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Upon completion, the reaction solution mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ and aqueous 0.1 M HCl successively. The mixture was subsequently extracted with ethyl acetate and dried over $MgSO_4$. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (heptane to 20 % EtOAc-Heptane), giving product **SI-4** as a pale yellow solid (0.57 g, 2.7 mmol, 55 %).

Synthesis of 2-iodocyclohept-2-en-1-one^{4,5} (**SI-5**)



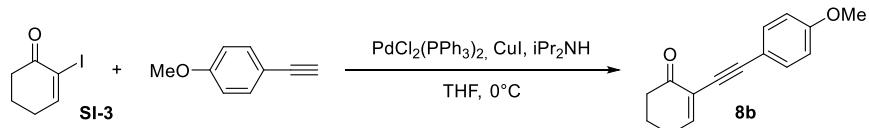
Compound **SI-5** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **SI-3**. To a stirred solution of cyclopent-2-en-1-one (0.34 mL, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in a 1:1 mixture of THF-H₂O (14 mL) was added K_2CO_3 (0.50 g, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), I_2 (1.14 g, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (0.08 g, 0.6 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) successively. Then the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Upon completion, the reaction solution mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ and aqueous 0.1 M HCl successively. The mixture was subsequently extracted with ethyl acetate and dried over $MgSO_4$. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (heptane to 20 % EtOAc-Heptane), giving product **SI-5** as a pale yellow oil (0.37 g, 1.6 mmol, 52 %).

Synthesis of 2-(phenylethyynyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one⁴ (**8a**)



A solution of 2-iodo-cyclohexenone (430.0 mg, 1.94 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (5.1 mL) was treated with $PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2$ (69.0 mg, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (37.0 mg, 0.19 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere and in the dark. After 10 min of stirring, phenylacetylene (0.44 mL, 409.2 mg, 4.01 mmol) and diisopropyl amine (0.82 mL, 59.0 mg, 5.85 mmol) were added, and the resulting yellow to dark brown solution was stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 0.5 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield alkyne **8a** as a yellow solid (334 mg, 1.75 mmol, 88 %).

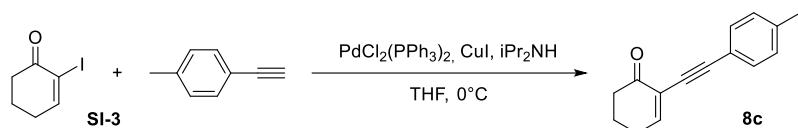
Synthesis of 2-(phenylethyynyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one⁶ (**8b**)



⁶ Rauniyar, V.; Wang, Z. J.; Burks, H. E.; Toste, F. D., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 8486-8489.

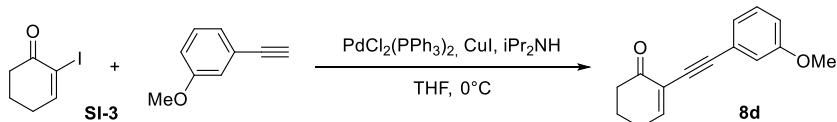
Compound **8b** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodo-cyclohexenone (444.0 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (5 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (70.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (38.1 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. After 10 min of stirring, 1-ethynyl-4-methoxybenzene (528.6 mg, 4 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.87 mL, 627.4 mg, 6.2 mmol) were added, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 0.5 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield alkyne **8b** as a brown solid (148.7 mg, 0.66 mmol, 33 %).

Synthesis of 2-(phenylethyynyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one⁵ (**8c**)



Compound **8c** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodo-cyclohexenone (444.0 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (5 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (70.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (38.1 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. After 10 min of stirring, 1-ethynyl-4-methylbenzene (464.6 mg, 4 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.87 mL, 627.4 mg, 6.2 mmol) were added, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 0.5 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield alkyne **8c** as a gray solid (313.9 mg, 1.49 mmol, 75 %).

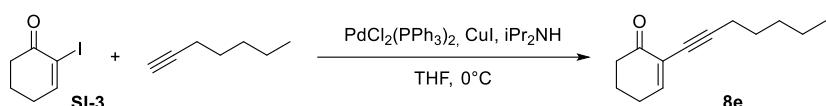
Synthesis of 2-(phenylethyynyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one (**8d**)⁷



Compound **8d** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodo-cyclohexenone (444.0 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (5 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (70.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (38.1 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. After 10 min of stirring, 1-ethynyl-4-methoxybenzene (528.6 mg, 4 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.87 mL, 627.4 mg, 6.2 mmol) were added, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 0.5 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield alkyne **8d** as a brown solid (366.6 mg, 1.62 mmol, 53 %).

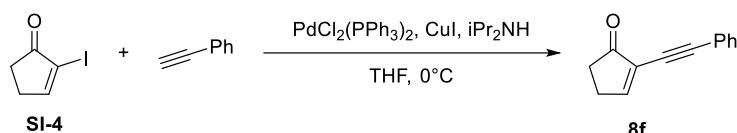
⁷ Cho, C.-H.; Larock, R. C. *ACS Comb. Sci.* **2011**, *13*, 272-279.

Synthesis of 2-(Heptane-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one (8e)⁸



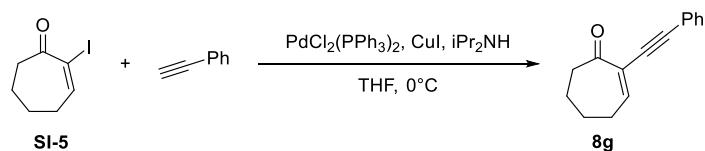
Compound **8e** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodo-cyclohexenone (444 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (6 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (70.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (38.1 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under Ar atmosphere and in the dark. After 10 min of stirring, Hept-1-yne (0.53 mL, 4.0 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.83 mL, 6.3 mmol, 3.1 equiv.) were added, and the resulting yellow to dark brown solution was stirred from 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 1.0 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield product **8e** as a white solid (231.9 mg, 1.2 mmol, 59 %).

Synthesis of 2-(phenylethynyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one⁹ (8f)



Compound **8f** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodocyclopent-2-en-1-one (186 mg, 0.89 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (3 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (31.4 mg, 0.04 mmol, 5 mol %) and CuI (17.1 mg, 0.09 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under Ar atmosphere and in the dark. After 10 min of stirring, phenylacetylene (0.2 mL, 1.79 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.39 mL, 2.77 mmol, 3.1 equiv.) were added, and the resulting yellow to dark brown solution was stirred from 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and 1.0 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield product **8f** as a pale yellow solid (156.7 mg, 0.86 mmol, 97 %).

Synthesis of 2-(phenylethynyl)cyclohept-2-en-1-one⁹ (8g)



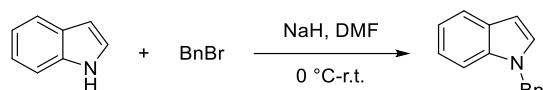
Compound **8g** was prepared by following the general procedure for the synthesis of **8a**. A solution of 2-iodocyclopent-2-en-1-one (219.3 mg, 0.93 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (3 mL) was treated with $\text{PdCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$

⁸ (a) Salacz, L.; Girard, N.; Suffert, J.; Blond, G. *Molecules* **2019**, *24*, 595. (b) Salacz, L.; Girard, N.; Blond, G.; Suffert, J. *Org. Lett.* **2018**, *20*, 3915-3918.

⁹ T. Yao; Zhang, X.; Larock, R. C. *J. Org. Chem.* **2005**, *70*, 7679-7685.

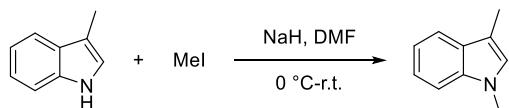
(312.6 mg, 0.05 mmol, 5 mol %) and Cul (17.7 mg, 0.09 mmol, 10 mol %) and cooled down to 0 °C under Ar atmosphere and in the dark. After 10 min of stirring, phenylacetylene (0.21 mL, 1.86 mmol, 2 equiv.) and diisopropyl amine (0.41 mL, 2.88 mmol, 3.1 equiv.) were added, and the resulting yellow to dark brown solution was stirred from 0 °C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH₂Cl₂ and 1.0 N aqueous HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield product **8g** as a pale yellow oil (188.0 mg, 0.89 mmol, 96 %).

Synthesis of 1-benzyl-1H-indole¹⁰ (**9g**)



To a stirring solution of indole (352.5 mg, 3 mmol, 1 equiv.) in dry DMF (3 mL), NaH (144.0 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added portionwise under N₂ at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was then warmed to room temperature and stirred for 30 min. After cooling to 0 °C, BnBr (564.5 mg, 3.3 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) (1.2 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate, the combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield product **9g** as pale yellow oil (553.4 mg, 2.67 mmol, 89 %).

Synthesis of 1,3-dimethyl-1H-indole¹¹ (**9i**)

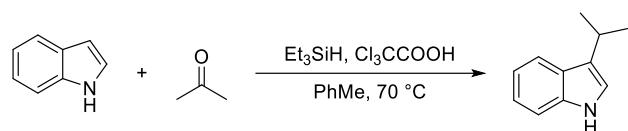


To a stirring solution of 60 % NaH (240 mg, 6 mmol, 2 equiv.) in dry DMF (2.4 mL), 3-methylindole (393.5 mg, 3 mmol, 1 equiv.) in DMF (2.4) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 30 min. After cooling to 0 °C, a solution of MeI (0.38 mL, 6 mmol, 2 equiv.) in DMF (1.2 mL) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate, the combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield product **9i** as a clear oil (426.9 mg, 2.94 mmol, 98 %).

¹⁰ K. Nemoto; Tanaka, S.; Konno, M.; Onozawa, S.; Chiba, M.; Tanaka, Y.; Sasaki, Y.; Okubo, R.; Hattori, T. *Tetrahedron* **2016**, *72*, 734-745.

¹¹ C. Shao; Shi, G.; Zhang, Y.; Pan, S.; Guan, X. *Org. Lett.* **2015**, *17*, 2652-2655.

Synthesis of 3-isopropyl-1H-indole¹² (9k)

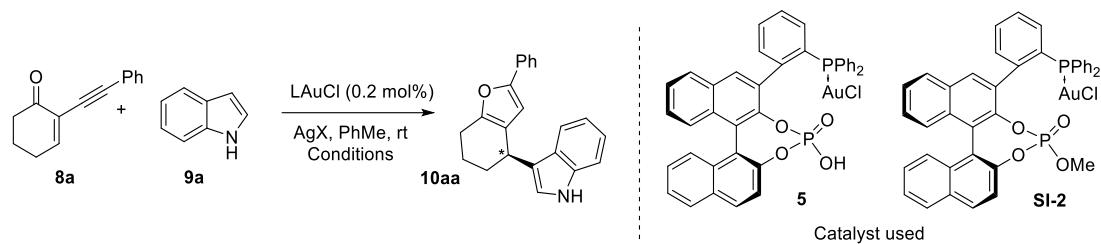


In a oven dried flask, triethylsilane (5.78 mL, 36.0 mmol, 2.4 equiv.) and trichloroacetic acid (2.26 g, 22.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) were dissolved in toluene (7.50 mL) and the resulting solution was heated to 70 °C. A solution of indole (1.76 g, 15.0 mmol, 1 equiv.) and acetone (1.23 mL, 16.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) in toluene (7.50 mL) were then added over 1 h. After an additional 20 min at 70 °C the solution was quenched with 10% aqueous solution of sodium carbonate, the organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by column chromatography to afford indole **9k** (1.61 g, 10.1 mmol, 67%) as a colorless solid.

¹² Y. Zhang; Stephens, D.; Hernandez, G.; Mendoza, R.; Larionov, O. V. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2012**, *18*, 16612-16615.

4. Investigation with respect to the protocol for the activation of the catalysts

5 and SI-2 and the silver salts used



Protocol A: *In situ activation of the active catalyst with the silver salt in the presence of all components of the reaction.*

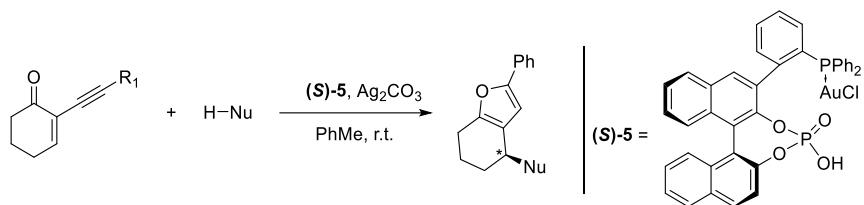
Protocol B: *Activation of the active catalyst with the silver salt in $CDCl_3$, filtration of the solution and use of the solution.*

Protocol C: *Formation of the active catalyst in $CDCl_3$, filtration of the solution, evaporation and use of the resulting solid as the catalyst.*

Experiments highlighted in grey are those reported within the manuscript.

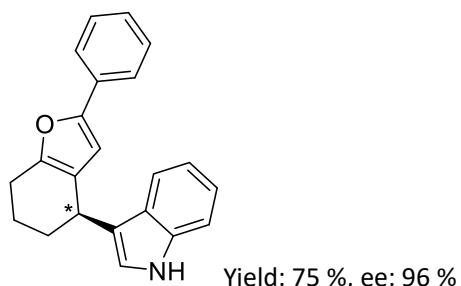
entry	LAuCl	AgX (mol%)	Actual catalyst	Yield (%)	ee (%)	protocol
1	(S)-5	Ag_2CO_3 (0.1)	6	75	96	A
2	(S)-5	Ag_2CO_3 (0.1)	6	61	79	B
3	(S)-5	Ag_2CO_3 (0.1)	6	65	26	C
4	(S)-5	$AgNTf_2$ (0.2)	7a	71	7	A
5	(S)-5	$AgNTf_2$ (0.2)	7a	85	29	B
6	(S)-5	$AgNTf_2$ (0.2)	7a	80	60	C
7	(S)-5	$AgSbF_6$ (0.2)	7b	85	47	A
8	(S)-5	$AgSbF_6$ (0.2)	7b	76	62	B
9	(S)-5	$AgSbF_6$ (0.2)	7b	93	67	C
10	SI-2	$AgNTf_2$ (0.2)	11a	85	15	B
11	SI-2	$AgSbF_6$ (0.2)	11b	90	12	B

5. Scope of the reaction



To a flask was added 2-(1-alkynyl)-2-alken-1-one (0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), Nucleophile (NuH, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (S)-5 (0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %), Ag_2CO_3 (0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) and toluene (2.5 mL). The resulting mixture was then stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was then removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography.

(R)-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10aa)



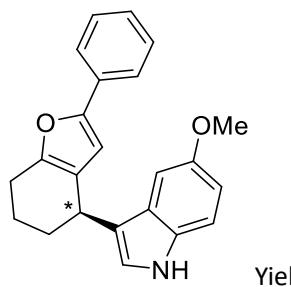
Compound **10aa** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (58.8 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (S)-5 (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10aa** (116.5 mg, 0.37 mmol, 75 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³ $[\alpha]_D = +38$ (*c* 0.89, CHCl_3). ee = 96 %, determined on a Chiralpak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 19.7 min, T_R (major): 25.6 min.

10aa was alternatively obtained from the same protocol in the absence of Ag_2CO_3 in 80% yield and 92% ee.

m.p.: 158.8-160.3 °C.. **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 4.25 (br, 1H), 2.76-2.75 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.13 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.93 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.84 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI):** *m/z*: calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}^+$ 314.1539 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 314.1543.

¹³ (a) G. Force; Ki, Y. L. T.; Isaac, K.; Retailleau, P.; Marinetti, A.; Betzer, J.-F. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2018**, *360*, 3356-3366; (b) V. Rauniyar; Wang, Z. J.; Burks, H. E.; Toste, F. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 8486-8489.

(R)-5-methoxy-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ab)



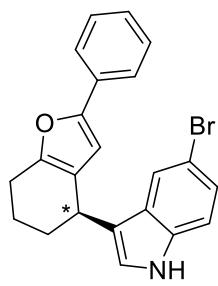
Yield: 81 %, ee: 97 %.

Compound **10ab** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9c** (73.6 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10ab** (138.2 mg, 0.40 mmol, 81 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³ $[\alpha]_D = -7$ (*c* 0.98, CHCl_3). ee = 97%, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 29.2 min, T_R (major): 41.4 min.

10ab was alternatively obtained from the same protocol in the absence of Ag_2CO_3 in 73% yield and 94% ee.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ = 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.80-2.71 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.82 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI):** *m/z*: calculated for C₂₃H₂₂NO₂⁺: 344.1645 [M+H]⁺, found, 344.1646.

(R)-5-bromo-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ac)



Yield: 77 %, ee: 97 %.

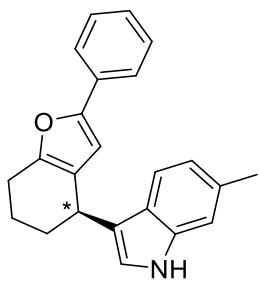
Compound **10ac** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9d** (98.0 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10ac** (150.9 mg, 0.39 mmol, 77 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³ $[\alpha]_D = -10$ (*c* 1.02, CHCl_3). ee = 97%, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 19.4 min, T_R (major): 26.7 min.

10ac was alternatively obtained from the same protocol in the absence of Ag_2CO_3 in 30% yield and 75% ee.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ = 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.16 (m,

5H), 6.83 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.76-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.19-2.07 (m, 1H), 1.96-1.79 (m, 3H). **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calculated for $C_{22}H_{19}BrNO^+$: 392.0645 [M+H]⁺, found, 392.0638.

(R)-6-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ad)

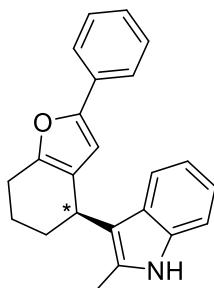


Yield: 44 %, ee: 96 %

Compound **10ad** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9e** (13.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10ad** (14.4 mg, 0.04 mmol, 44 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

$[\alpha]_D$ = +28 (c 1.21, CHCl_3). ee = 96%, determined on a Chiralpak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 19.5 min, T_R (major): 22.4 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 4.20 (br, 1H), 2.76-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.15-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.83 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calculated for $C_{23}H_{22}NO^+$: 328.1696 [M+H]⁺, found, 328.1696.

(R)-2-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ae)

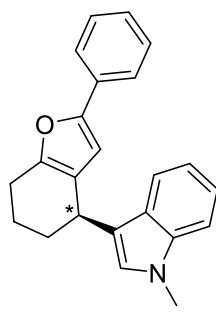


Yield: 49 %, ee: 82 %.

Compound **10ae** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9f** (65.6 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10ae** (80.0 mg, 0.24 mmol, 49 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

$[\alpha]_D$ = +26 (c 1.20, CHCl_3). ee = 82 %, determined on a Chiralpak AD-H column (heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 4.3 min, T_R (major): 5.3 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 4.14 (br, 1H), 2.82 (br, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.11-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.88 (m, 2H). **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calculated for $C_{23}H_{22}NO^+$: 328.1696 [M+H]⁺, found, 328.1691.

(R)-1-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10af)

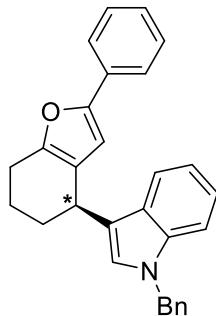


Yield: 92 %, ee: 94 %.

Compound **10af** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9b** (65.6 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **10af** (150.2 mg, 0.46 mmol, 92 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopical data correspond to those reported in the literature.^{13, 4a}

$[\alpha]_D = -5$ (*c* 0.78, CHCl_3). ee: 94 %, determined on a Chiraldak IC column (heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 4.7 min, T_R (major): 5.1 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 4.24 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.76-2.75 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.12 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.84 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}^+$ 328.1696 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 328.1696.

(R)-1-benzyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ag)

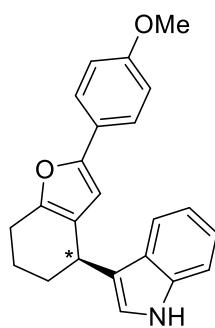


Bn Yield: 83 %, ee: 92 %.

Compound **10ag** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9g** (20.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10ag** (33.3 mg, 0.08 mmol, 83 %) as a pale yellow solid

$[\alpha]_D = +34$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3). ee: 92 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 6.5 min, T_R (minor): 11.3 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.23-7.13 (m, 6H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.02-7.97 (m, 3H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 5.14 (dd, J_1 = 21.3 Hz, J_2 = 16.2 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 2.68-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.73 (m, 1H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 151.9, 151.4, 138.0, 137.2, 131.6, 128.9, 128.7, 127.7, 127.6, 126.9, 126.8, 126.6, 123.5, 122.4, 121.9, 119.6, 119.6, 119.2, 110.0, 106.3, 50.2, 31.6, 31.1, 23.6, 21.4. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}^+$ 402.1852 [$\text{M}+\text{H}-\text{H}_2]^+$, found, 402.1858.

(R)-3-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ba)

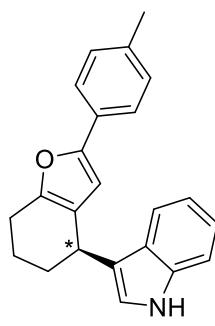


Yield: 87 %, ee: 91 %.

Compound **10ba** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8b** (24.9 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (**S**)-**5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10ba** (29.8 mg, 0.09 mmol, 87 %) as a pale yellow solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

$[\alpha]_D = +11$ (*c* 1.90, CHCl_3). ee = 91 %, determined on a Chiralpak IC column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 9.5 min, T_R (major): 10.5 min. **1H NMR** (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86-6.84 (m, 3H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 4.24-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.75-2.72 (m, 2H), 2.61-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.81 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}_2^+$: 344.1645 [M+H]⁺, found, 344.1645.

(R)-3-(2-(p-tolyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ca)

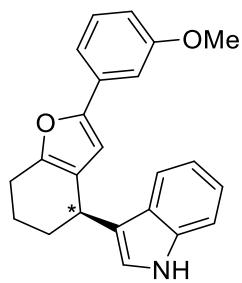


Yield: 95 %, ee: 95 %.

Compound **10ca** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8c** (23.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (**S**)-**5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10ca** (31.0 mg, 0.09 mmol, 95 %) as a pale yellow solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

$[\alpha]_D = +68$ (*c* 1.01, CHCl_3). ee = 95 %, determined on a Chiralpak IC column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 6.3 min, T_R (major): 7.2 min. **1H NMR** (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.00 (m, 3H), 6.70-6.69 (m, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.66-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.06-2.01 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.71 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}^+$: 326.1539 [M+H-H₂]⁺, found, 326.1537.

(R)-3-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10da)

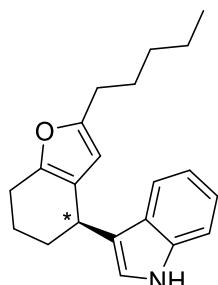


Yield : 77 %, ee : 84 %.

Compound **10da** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8d** (24.9 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10da** (26.4 mg, 0.08 mmol, 77 %) as a pale yellow solid.

$[\alpha]_D = +15$ (c 1.29, CHCl_3). ee = 84 %, determined on a Chiralpak IA column (heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 12.1 min, T_R (major): 23.7 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.09 (m, 5H), 6.86 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J_1 = 7.9 Hz, J_2 = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 4.25 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.78-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.13 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.82 (m, 1H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 136.8, 132.9, 129.8, 126.9, 122.4, 122.3, 122.2, 120.5, 119.5, 119.4, 116.1, 112.9, 111.4, 108.6, 106.6, 160.1, 151.7, 151.5, 55.5, 31.4, 31.1, 23.6, 21.4. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}_2^+$: 344.1645 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 344.1641.

(R)-3-(2-pentyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ea)

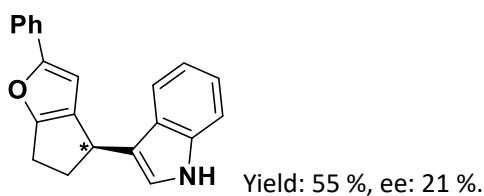


Yield: 46 %, ee: 87 %.

Compound **10ea** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8e** (20.9 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 1 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.5 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10ea** (14 mg, 0.05 mmol, 46 %) as a white solid.

$[\alpha]_D = +2$ (c 0.14, CHCl_3). ee = 87 %, determined on a Chiralpak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 8.7 min, T_R (major): 10.5 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.88 (bs, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.67-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.54 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.14-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.57 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.28 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 154.4, 149.2, 136.8, 127.0, 122.2, 122.1, 120.8, 120.4, 119.5, 119.3, 111.3, 105.6, 31.7, 31.5, 31.1, 28.4, 28.2, 23.5, 22.6, 21.5, 14.2. **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z : calculated for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}^+$: 306.1852 [$\text{M}+\text{H}-\text{H}_2]^+$, found, 306.1857.

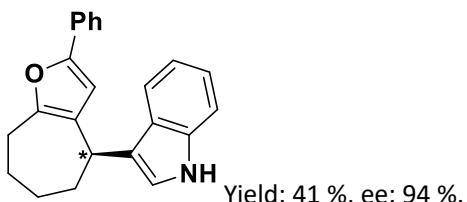
(R)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-4H-cyclopenta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (10fa)



Compound **10fa** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8f** (20.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (1.7 mg, 0.002 mmol, 2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.3 mg, 0.001 mmol, 1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10fa** (16.4 mg, 0.06 mmol, 55 %) as a white solid.

$[\alpha]_D = -18$ (*c* 0.75, CHCl_3). ee = 21 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 26.1 min, T_R (minor): 29.9 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.88 (bs, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 4.47 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.07-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.96-2.83 (m, 2H), 2.52-2.46 (m, 1H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 159.6, 158.0, 137.0, 132.1, 130.3, 128.8, 126.9, 126.9, 123.3, 122.3, 120.9, 120.7, 119.5 (2C), 111.4, 103.8, 37.7, 34.2, 25.0. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}^+$: 298.1226 [$\text{M}+\text{H}-\text{H}_2$]⁺, found, 298.1227.

(R)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ga)

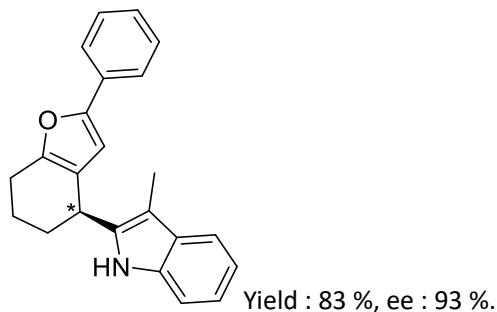


Compound **10ga** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8g** (23.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9a** (11.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.17 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **10ga** (13.5 mg, 0.04 mmol, 41 %) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D = +107$ (*c* 0.59, CHCl_3). ee = 94 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 14.8 min, T_R (major): 16.8 min.

10ga was alternatively obtained from the same protocol in the absence of Ag_2CO_3 in 55% yield and 95% ee.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.92 (bs, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 4.27 (dd, *J*₁ = 7.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.33-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 3H), 1.74-1.69 (m, 1H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 153.0, 150.0, 136.9, 131.4, 128.7, 126.8, 126.6, 126.2, 123.4, 122.6, 122.1, 120.0, 119.8, 119.4, 111.4, 109.1, 35.5, 34.6, 29.3, 27.6, 26.9. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}^+$: 328.1696 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 328.1696.

(S)-3-methyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (14ah)

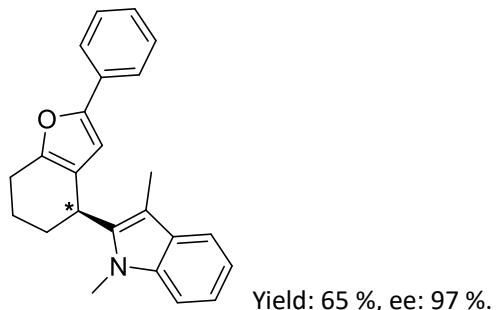


Yield : 83 %, ee : 93 %.

Compound **14ah** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9g** (13.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **14ah** (27.1 mg, 0.08 mmol, 83 %) as a pale yellow solid.

$[\alpha]_D = +83$ (*c* 1.29, CHCl_3). ee = 93 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 7.1 min, T_R (major): 10.3 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 4.25 (dd, *J*₁ = 7.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.17-2.11 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.93-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 1H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 152.6, 152.2, 137.2, 135.1, 131.2, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.7, 127.2, 123.5, 121.3, 120.1, 119.2, 118.3, 110.7, 107.0, 105.7, 31.8, 31.4, 23.4, 22.0, 8.7. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}^+$: 326.1539 [$\text{M}+\text{H}-\text{H}_2$]⁺, found, 326.1541.

(S)-1,3-dimethyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (14ai)

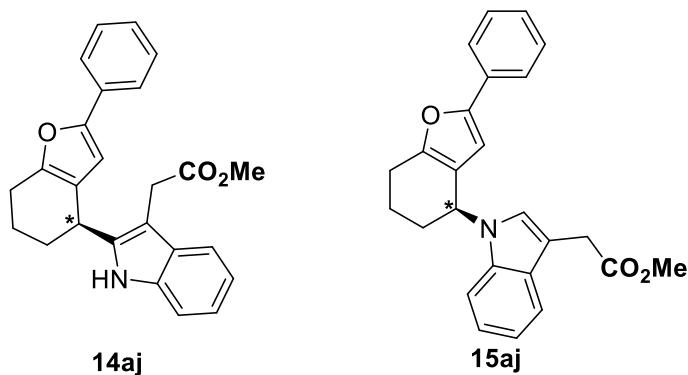


Yield: 65 %, ee: 97 %.

Compound **14ai** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9i** (14.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **14ai** (20.5 mg, 0.07 mmol, 65 %) as a white solid.

$[\alpha]_D = +28$ (*c* 0.94, CHCl_3). ee = 97 %, determined on a Chiraldak IC column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 4.4 min, T_R (minor): 4.9 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, *J*₁ = 7.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 3.1 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.37-4.35 (m, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 2.84-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.20-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.87 (m, 2H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 152.5, 150.8, 137.4, 137.2, 131.3, 128.8, 128.7, 127.0, 123.5, 121.2, 118.9, 118.4, 108.8, 107.8, 105.6, 105.3, 32.0, 30.5, 23.4, 23.2, 9.2. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}^+$: 342.1852 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 342.1853.

methyl (S)-2-(2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indol-3-yl)acetate (14aj) and methyl (S)-2-(1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indol-3-yl)acetate (15aj)



Compound **14aj** and **15aj** were prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (23.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9j** (18.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **14aj** (20 mg, 0.05 mmol, 52 %) as a white solid and **15ajk** (16.7 mg, 0.05 mmol, 46 %) as a white solid.

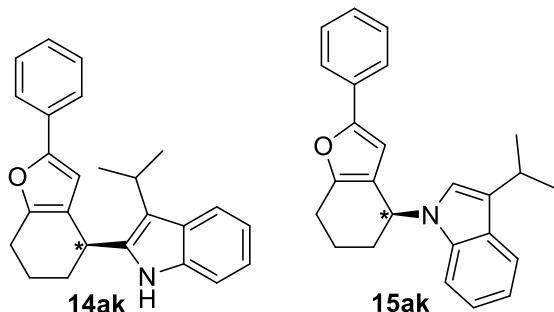
Data for 14aj

$[\alpha]_D = +59$ (*c* 1.08, CHCl₃). ee = 91 %, determined on a Chiraldak IC column (heptane:IPA = 98:2, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 31.8 min, T_R (major): 35.8 min. **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.73 (bs, 1H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.26 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.17-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.07-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J*₁ = 7.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dd, *J*₁ = 22.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 15.4 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.72 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.16-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.99-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.71 (m, 1H). **¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz)** δ = 172.6, 152.7, 152.3, 139.2, 135.1, 131.1, 128.9, 128.7, 128.7, 127.3, 123.5, 121.8, 119.9, 118.6, 110.9, 105.6, 104.5, 52.2, 31.9, 31.7, 30.4, 23.4, 22.1. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for C₂₅H₂₄NO₃⁺: 386.1751 [M+H]⁺, found, 386.1751.

Data for 15aj

$[\alpha]_D = -4$ (*c* 0.94, CHCl₃). ee = 95 %, determined on a Chiraldak IC column (heptane:IPA = 98:2, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 23.1 min, T_R (minor): 25.9 min. **¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 5.53 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, *J*₁ = 18.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 16.1 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.85 (dt, *J*₁ = 16.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dt, *J*₁ = 16.7 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.19-2.13 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.85 (m, 2H). **¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz)** δ = 172.5, 153.2, 153.0, 135.9, 130.8, 128.7, 128.4, 127.2, 125.4, 123.5, 121.6, 119.4, 119.3, 118.5, 109.7, 106.8, 104.8, 77.3, 77.0, 76.8, 51.9, 50.0, 31.3, 30.6, 23.1, 20.3. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for C₂₅H₂₄NO₃⁺: 386.1751 [M+H]⁺, found, 386.1747.

**(S)-3-isopropyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (14ak) and
(S)-3-isopropyl-1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (15ak)**



Compound **14ak** and **15ak** were prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (23.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9k** (15.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **14ak** (7.4 mg, 0.06 mmol, 21 %) as a pale yellow solid and **15ak** (20.7 mg, 0.02 mmol, 59 %) as a pale yellow solid.

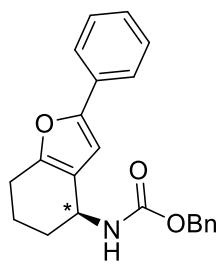
Data for 14ak

$[\alpha]_D = -14$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3). ee = 49 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 5.2 min, T_R (major): 6.9 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.05-7.6.96 (m, 2H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.22 (dd, J_1 = 7.5 Hz, J_2 = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (m, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.43 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 152.6, 152.3, 135.9, 135.6, 131.1, 128.9, 127.4, 127.2, 123.5, 121.0, 120.3, 120.2, 118.9, 118.1, 111.0, 105.7, 32.3, 31.9, 26.1, 23.7, 23.6, 23.5, 22.1. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}^+$: 356.2009 [M+H]⁺, found, 356.2009.

Data for 15ak

$[\alpha]_D = +16$ (*c* 0.50, CHCl_3). ee = 92 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 95:5, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 4.2 min, T_R (major): 4.6 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 5.56 (t, *J* = 5.5, 1H), 3.21 (m, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.93-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.77 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.17 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.03-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.35 (dd, J_1 = 6.7 Hz, J_2 = 4.6 Hz, 6H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 153.2, 153.0, 136.5, 131.1, 128.9, 128.0, 127.3, 123.7, 122.6, 121.7, 121.4, 119.9, 119.2, 118.8, 109.8, 105.1, 50.1, 30.9, 25.8, 23.7, 23.6, 23.3, 20.7. **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}^+$: 356.2009 [M+H]⁺, found, 356.2010.

benzyl (S)-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)carbamate (16a)

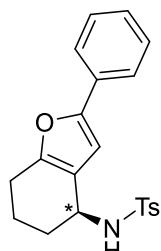


Yield: 88 %, ee: 94 %.

Compound **16a** was prepared according to a modified general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), benzyl carbamate (75.6 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (*S*)-**5** (8.4 mg, 0.01 mmol, 2 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (1.4 mg, 0.005 mmol, 1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **16a** (151.7 mg, 0.44 mmol, 88 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

[α]_D = -3 (c 1.15, CHCl₃). ee = 94%, determined on a Chiraldak IB column (heptane:IPA = 97:3, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (minor): 17.7 min, T_R (major): 22.5 min. **1H NMR** (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ = 7.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 7H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 5.03 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.75-4.74 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.54 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.66 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: m/z: calculated for C₂₂H₂₂NO₃⁺: 348.1594 [M+H]⁺, found, 348.1597.

(S)-4-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (16b)



Yield: 80 %, ee: 88 %.

Compound **16b** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), tosylamide (85.6 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (*S*)-**5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **16b** (146.4 mg, 0.40 mmol, 80 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

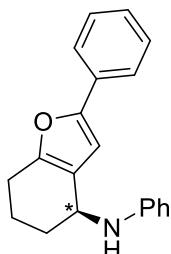
When the reaction was performed with 0.2 mol% of catalyst (*S*)-**5**, the obtained ee was 94% but with a decrease of the yield to 17%.

16b was alternatively obtained from the same protocol in the absence of Ag₂CO₃ in 41% yield and 88% ee.

[α]_D = -99 (c 1.14, CHCl₃). ee = 87%, determined on a Chiraldak IC column (heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 35.7 min, T_R (minor): 41.7 min. **1H NMR** (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ = 7.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.86-5.85 (m, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.38-4.36 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.52 (1H), 2.48 (s, 3H),

1.90-1.73 (m, 4H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for C₂₁H₂₀NO₃S⁻: 366.1169 [M-H]⁻, found, 366.1172.

(S)-N,2-diphenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-amine (16c)

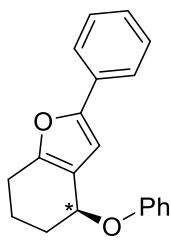


Yield: 89 %, ee: 65 %.

Compound **16c** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), aniline (0.009 mL, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (8.4 mg, 0.01 mmol, 2 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (1.4 mg, 0.005 mmol, 1 mol %) in toluene (1 mL), yielding product **16c** (25.6 mg, 0.09 mmol, 89 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

[α]_D = +4 (*c* 0.95, CHCl₃). ee = 65%, determined on a Chiraldak IB column (heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 10.5 min, T_R (minor): 14.0 min. **1H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.74-6.68 (m, 3H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 4.56 (br, 1H), 3.79 (bs, 1H), 2.75-2.62 (m, 2H), 2.02-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.80 (m, 2H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for C₂₀H₁₈NO⁺: 288.1383 [M-H₂+H]⁺, found, 288.1393.

(S)-4-phenoxy-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran (16d)

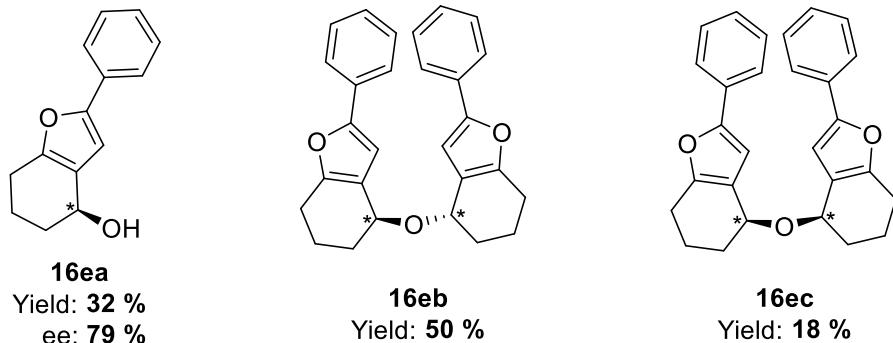


Yield: 93 %, ee: 90 %

Compound **16d** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (107.9 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), phenol (47.1 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag₂CO₃ (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding product **16d** (133.9 mg, 0.46 mmol, 93 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

[α]_D = -21 (*c* 0.99, CHCl₃). ee = 90%, determined on a Chiraldak IB column (heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 6.1 min, T_R (minor): 9.2 min. **1H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz)** δ = 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 5.36 (t, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dt, *J*₁ = 16.8, *J*₂ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.69-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.08 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.85 (m, 1H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calculated for C₂₀H₁₇O₂⁺: 289.1223 [M-H₂+H]⁺, found, 289.1224.

**(S)-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-ol (16e),
(4S,4'S)-4,4'-oxybis(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran) (16eb) and
(S)-2-phenyl-4-(((R)-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran
(16ec)**



Compound **16e** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (98.1 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), water (0.03 mL, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv.), (**S**)-**5** (0.8 mg, 0.001 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0005 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (2.5 mL), yielding products **16ea** (34.3 mg, 0.16 mmol, 32 %), **16eb** (50.9 mg, 0.25 mmol, 50 %) and **16ec** (18.1 mg, 0.09 mmol, 18 %) as white solids.

Data for 16ea:¹³

$[\alpha]_D = +12$ (*c* 1.44, CHCl_3). ee = 97%, determined on a Chiraldak IB column (heptane:IPA = 98:2, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 28.3 min, T_R (minor): 34.5 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 4.77-4.75 (m, 1H), 2.75-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.00 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.78 (m, 2H), 1.62 (s, 1H). **HRMS (ESI):** *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_2^+$: 213.0910 [$\text{M}-\text{H}_2+\text{H}]^+$, found, 213.0912.

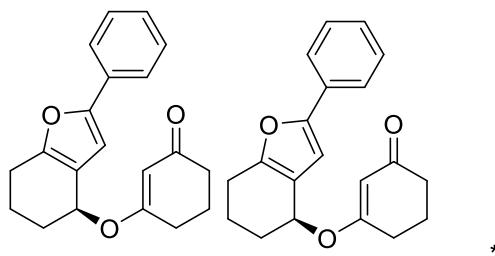
Data for 16eb:

$[\alpha]_D = +75$ (*c* 0.95, CHCl_3). **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz)** δ = 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (s, 2H), 4.62 (t, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (dt, J_1 = 16.4 Hz, J_2 = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.64-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.99 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.87 (m, 4H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 153.0, 131.4, 128.9, 128.8, 127.1, 123.7, 120.9, 105.3, 69.2, 29.8, 23.5, 19.2. **HRMS (ESI):** *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_3^+$: 411.1955 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 411.1956.

Data for 16ec:

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ = 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (s, 2H), 4.70 (t, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (dt, J_1 = 16.4 Hz, J_2 = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.66-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.93 (m, 4H), 1.88-1.84 (m, 2H). **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz)** δ = 152.9, 131.4, 128.8, 127.1, 123.8, 123.7, 121.1, 105.3, 69.3, 30.2, 23.5, 19.5. **HRMS (ESI):** *m/z*: calculated for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_3^+$: 411.1955 [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found, 411.1953.

(S)-3-((2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)cyclohex-2-en-1-one (16f)



Na

Yield: 77 %, ee: 89 %.

Compound **16f** was prepared according to the general procedure from **8a** (21.6 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), **9b** (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **(S)-5** (0.2 mg, 0.0002 mmol, 0.2 mol %) and Ag_2CO_3 (0.1 mg, 0.0001 mmol, 0.1 mol %) in toluene (0.5 mL), yielding product **16f** (23.6 mg, 0.77 mmol, 77 %) as a white solid for which the spectroscopic data correspond to those reported in the literature.¹³

$[\alpha]_D = -150$ (*c* 0.92, CHCl_3). ee: 89 %, determined on a Chiraldak IA column (heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min), retention times: T_R (major): 22.8 min, T_R (minor): 27.1 min. **$^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz)** δ = 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 5.19 (t, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (dt, J_1 = 16.8 Hz, J_2 = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.63-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.37-2.29 (m, 4H), 2.05-1.79 (m, 6H). **HRMS (ESI)**: *m/z*: calcd for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{40}\text{NaO}_6^+$ 639.2723 [2M+Na]⁺, found, 639.2717.

6. X-ray Crystallography

X-ray diffraction data were measured for **10aa** and **(S)-5** using a RIGAKU diffractometer constituted by a MM007 HF rotating-anode generator, delivering copper radiation through Osmic CMF confocal optics, and a Rapid II curved Image Plate detector. *Fs_process*¹⁴ software under the *CrystalClear 2.0*¹⁵ suite was used to integrate and scale the data, applying multi-scan *REQAB*⁶ for the absorption correction. Regarding **SI-1**, the data collection was carried out with a RIGAKU XtaLabPro diffractometer equipped with a Mo microfocus sealed tube generator coupled to a double-bounce confocal Max-Flux® multilayer optic and a HPAD PILATUS3R 200K detector. *CrysAlisPro 1.171.39.46*¹⁶ was employed for the data processing, with SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm implemented for the empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics. The structures were solved either by dual-space direct methods (*SHELXD* program),¹⁷ (regarding the two first ones) or by intrinsic phasing methods (*SHELXT* program),¹⁸ and all were refined by full-matrix least-squares methods on F^2 using *SHELX-L*.¹⁹ All non-hydrogen atoms of the molecules of interest improved by anisotropic refinement. Most of the H atoms were identified in difference maps. Methyl H atoms of the solvent isopropanol molecule present in the **(S)-5** structure were idealized and included as rigid groups allowed to rotate but not tip, and refined with U_{iso} set to $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ of the parent carbon atom. All other H atoms bound to carbon atoms were positioned geometrically and refined with U_{iso} set to $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ of the parent carbon atom. The position of the hydrogen atom in the NH group in **10aa** was refined freely with U_{iso} set to $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$. The NH group is pointing perpendicularly toward the six-membered moiety of the indole at $x+0.5$, $0.5-y$, $1-z$ at a 2.60 \AA distance. The two hydroxy H atoms in **(S)-5** were allowed to change the torsion angle (instruction AFIX 147) and their displacement parameters were related with U_{iso} set to $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. A BUMP instruction was nevertheless applied to prevent steric clashes between them, the hydroxyl group of the solvent molecule bridging two phosphate moieties at x , y , z and $x-0.5$, $1.5-y$, $1-z$ respectively, via O-H...O H-bonds generating the chain motifs $\text{C}_2^2(6)$.²⁰ The anisotropic displacement parameters of atoms in a phenyl group were restrained using the RIGU²¹ instruction. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in **Table S1**. The three structures have in common to belong to the same space group $P\ 2_1\ 2_1\ 2_1$ and only the third one has more than one molecule in the asymmetric unit (*i.e.* 2). The absolute structures for **(S)-5** and **SI-1** were straightforwardly confirmed by dispersion effects, mainly provided by the Au *M* (at the Cu source excitation) and *L* (with the Mo source) far-absorption edges ($> 5\text{e-}$): both compounds synthesized from pure *aS* binol conserved that axial chirality. Moreover the tetracoordinate phosphorus stereogenic centre in **SI-1** is (*R_P*). Absence of strong anomalous scatterers in **10aa** could have hampered its absolute structure determination on C1(*R*) but highly redundant data quality coupled with intense microfocused copper

¹⁴ Rigaku - Higashi T. FS Process, Rigaku Corporation, **1998**, Tokyo, Japan.

¹⁵ Rigaku. CrystalClear-SM Expert 2.0 r4 Rigaku Corporation, **2009**, Tokyo, Japan.

¹⁶ Rigaku OD CrysAlis PRO. Rigaku Oxford Diffraction, Yarnton, Oxfordshire, **2015**, England.

¹⁷ Sheldrick, G. M. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2008**, A64, 112-122

¹⁸ Drick, G. M. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2015**, C71, 3-8.

¹⁹ Drick, G. M. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2015**, A71, 3-8.

²⁰ Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N. L. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **1995**, 34, 1555-1573.

²¹ Thorn, A., Dittrich, B. & Sheldrick, G. M. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2012**, A68, 448-451.

radiation led to significant Flack²² parameter estimate in favour of that assignment. This was corroborated later on by Bayesian-type analysis²³ upon 100 % Bijvoet pairs of reflections, as implemented within the PLATON program²⁴ (see **Table S1**).

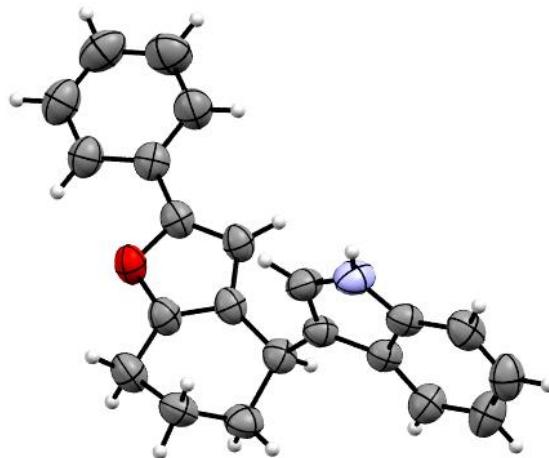


Figure S1. X-ray Molecular Structure of **10aa**

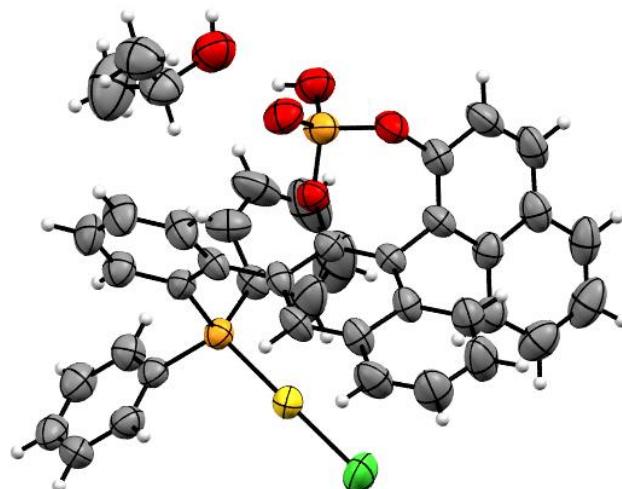


Figure S2. X-ray Molecular Structure of **(S)-5**

²² Flack, H.D. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **1983**, A39, 876-881.

²³ Hooft, R.W.W., Straver, L.H., Spek, A.L. *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **2008**, 41, 96-103.

²⁴ Spek, A. L. *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2009**, D65, 148-155.

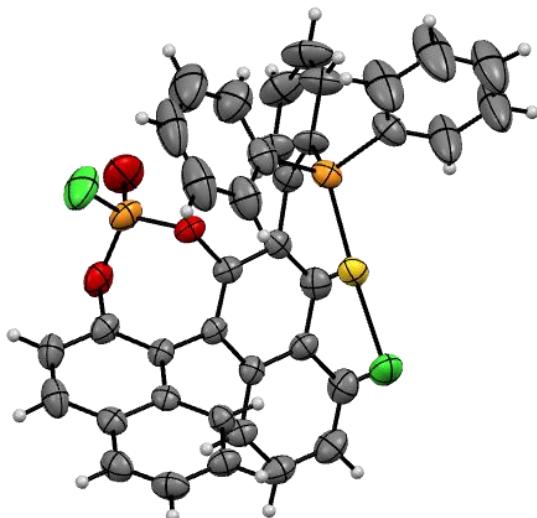


Figure S3. X-ray Molecular Structure of **SI-1**

Table S1 Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details for the 3 compounds.

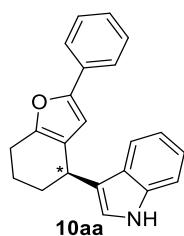
Compound	10aa	(S)-5	SI-1	
Empirical formula	C ₂₂ H ₁₉ NO	C ₃₈ H ₂₆ AuClO ₄ P ₂ , C ₃ H ₈ O	C ₃₈ H ₂₅ AuCl ₂ O ₃ P ₂	
Formula weight	313.38	901.04	859.39	
Temperature (K)	293(2)	293(2)	293(2)	
Wavelength (Å)	1.54187	1.54187	0.71073	
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, P 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	Orthorhombic, P 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	Orthorhombic, P 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a (Å) b (Å) c (Å) α (°) β (°) γ (°)	6.6896(3) 8.6995(3) 28.863(2) 90 90 90	10.8015(2) 17.6790(3) 19.6851(14) 90 90 90	11.26267(18) 19.0781(4) 31.7278(6) 90 90 90
Volume (Å ³)	1679.72(15)	3759.1(3)	6817.4(2)	
Z,	4,	4,	8,	
Calculated density (mg/m ³)	1.239	1.592	1.675	
Absorption coefficient (mm ⁻¹)	0.588	9.165	4.603	
F(000)	664	1784	3360	
Crystal size (mm)	0.42 × 0.34 × 0.29	0.35 × 0.26 × 0.22	0.30 × 0.18 × 0.10	
θ range for data collection (°)	3.062 to 68.230	4.492 to 68.235	3.618 to 29.083	
Limiting indices	-7 ≤ h ≤ 7, -10 ≤ k ≤ 7, -34 ≤ l ≤ 34	-12 ≤ h ≤ 12, -21 ≤ k ≤ 18, -20 ≤ l ≤ 23	-11 ≤ h ≤ 15, -21 ≤ k ≤ 25, -35 ≤ l ≤ 42	
Reflections collected / unique	21364 / 3065	32647 / 6835	78149 / 15931	

[R(int)]	0.0303	0.0462	0.0614
Completeness to θ_{full} (%)	99.7	99.0	99.5
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents		
Max. and Min. transmission	1.000 and 0.815	1.000 and 0.605	1.000 and 0.264
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2		
Data / restraints / parameters	3063 / 0 / 221	6802 / 39 / 456	15910 / 0 / 829
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.074	1.079	1.045
Final R indices	R1 wR2	0.0297 0.0746	0.0361 0.0837
[$I > 2\sigma(I)$]			0.0874
R indices	R1 wR2	0.0326 0.0788	0.0386 0.0867
(all data)			0.0661 0.0927
Absolute structure parameters ¹⁶			
Flack x ¹⁴		0.03(6)	-0.023(3)
Parsons z ²⁵		0.00(7)	-0.023(4)
Hooft y ¹⁵		0.02(5)	-0.027(4)
P2 (true)		100%	100%
P3 (true)		100%	100%
Extinction coefficient		0.0017(6)	-
Largest diff. peak and hole (e. \AA^{-3})	0.104 and -0.123	1.607 and -0.460	1.700 and -1.761

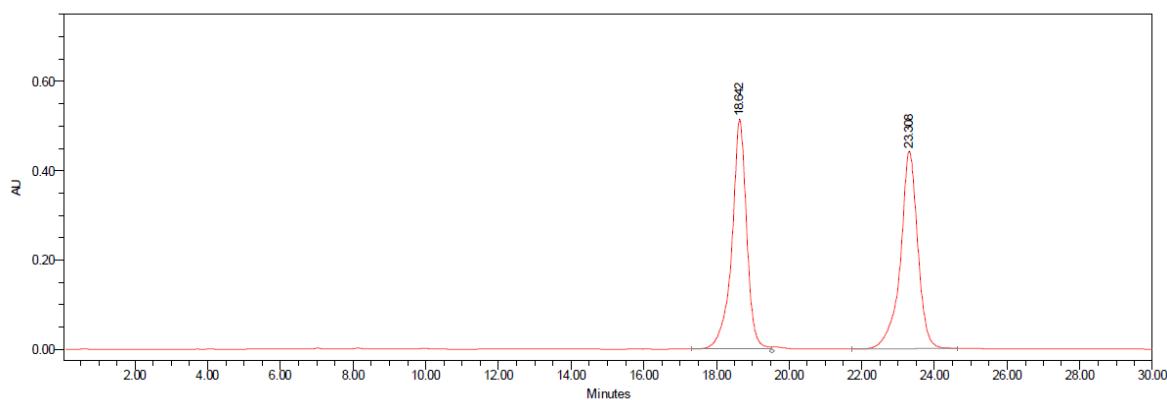
CCDC 1884441-1884443 (compounds **10aa**, **(S)-5**, and **SI-1** respectively) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif

²⁵ Parsons, Flack and Wagner, *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2013**, B69 249-259.

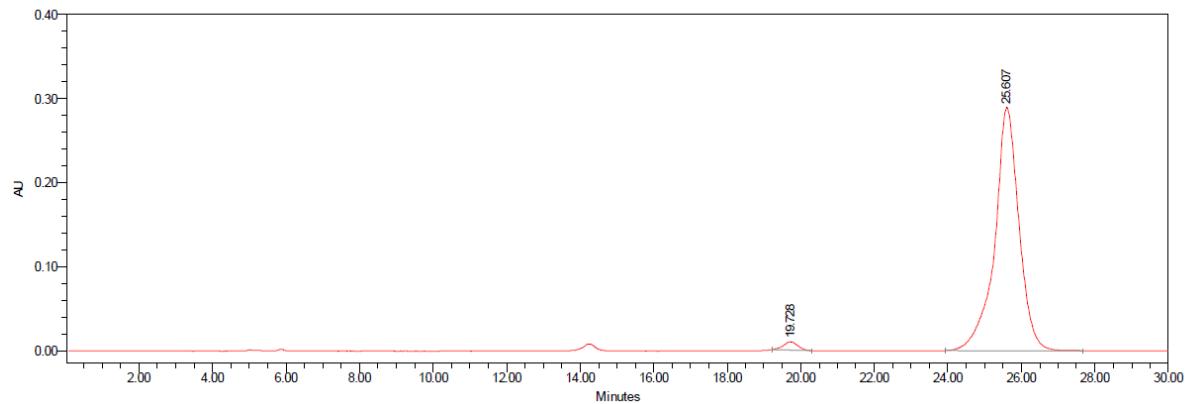
7. HPLC traces



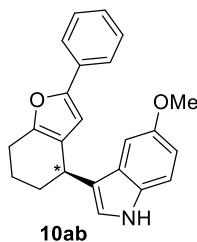
HPLC Analysis for 10aa: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 19.7 min, T_R (major): 25.6 min].



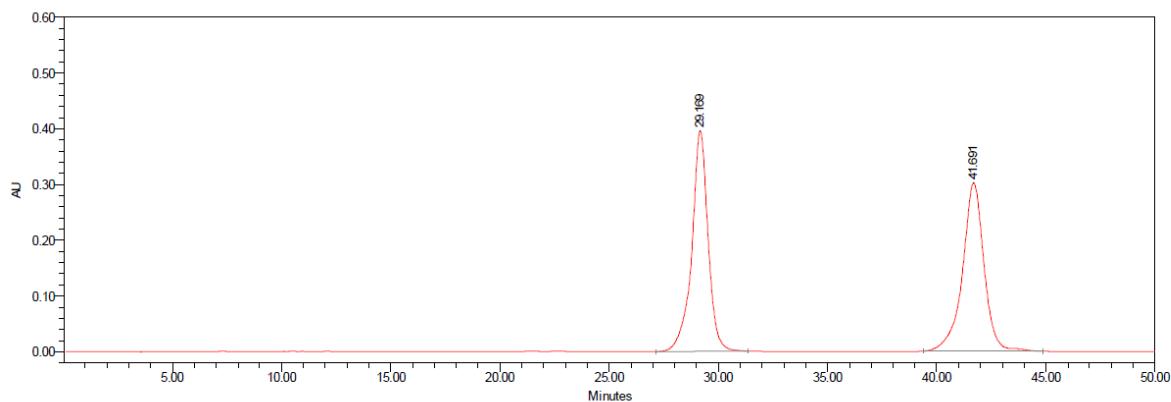
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	18.642	14502314	49.78
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	23.308	14628255	50.22



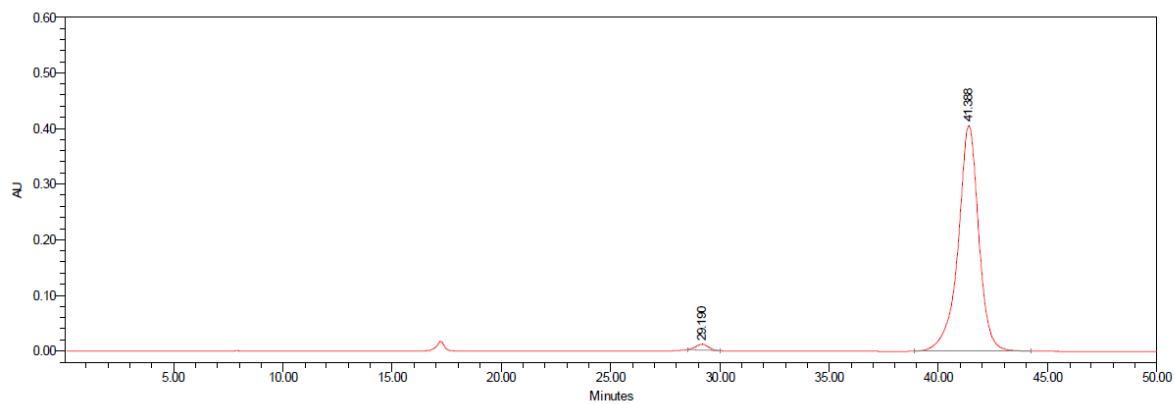
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	19.728	261081	1.93
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	25.607	13248494	98.07



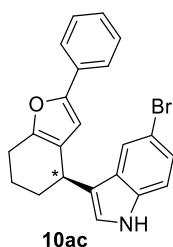
HPLC Analysis for 10ab: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 29.2 min, T_R (major): 41.4 min].



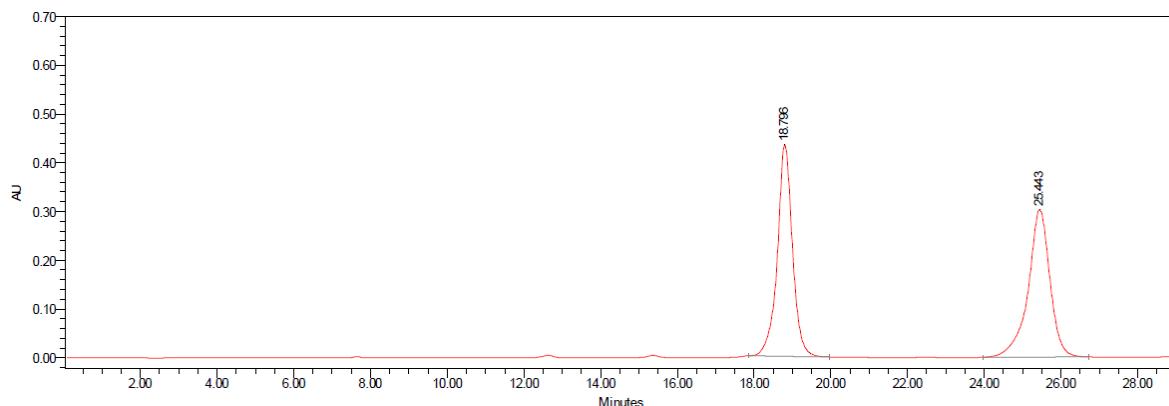
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	29.169	20533331	49.83
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	41.691	20670930	50.17



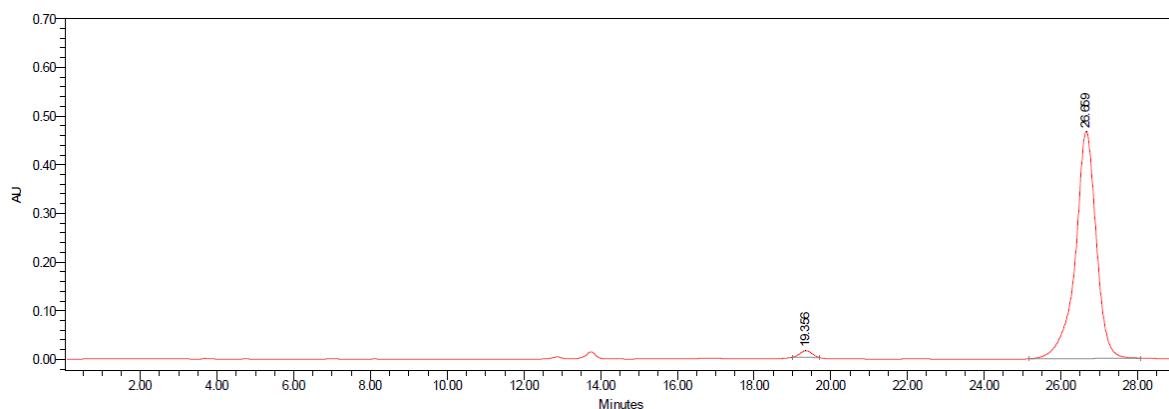
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	29.190	407299	1.51
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	41.388	26563035	98.49



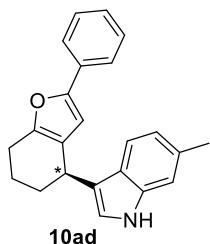
HPLC Analysis for 10ac: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 19.4 min, T_R (major): 26.7 min].



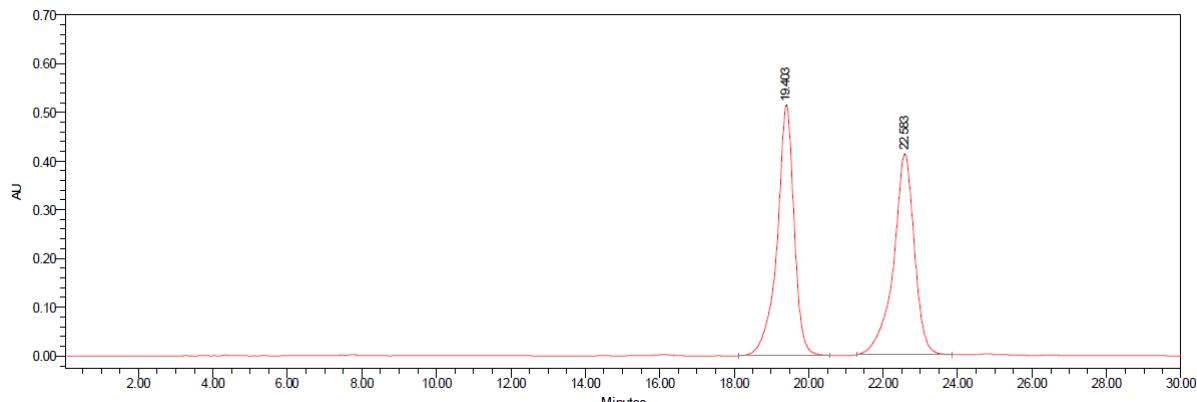
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	18.796	11907602	49.92
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	25.443	11944609	50.08



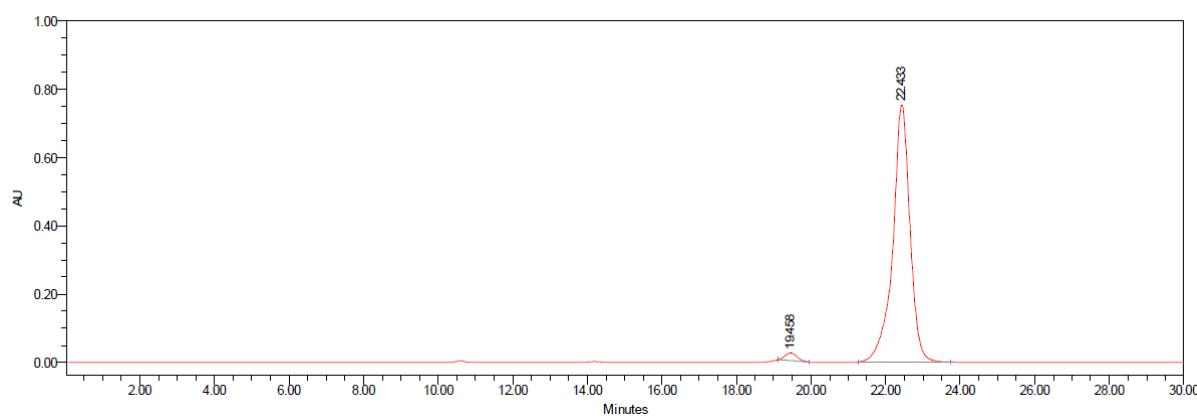
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	19.356	280233	1.56
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	26.659	17640550	98.44



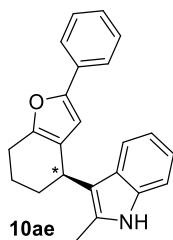
HPLC Analysis for 10ad: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 19.5 min, T_R (major): 22.4 min].



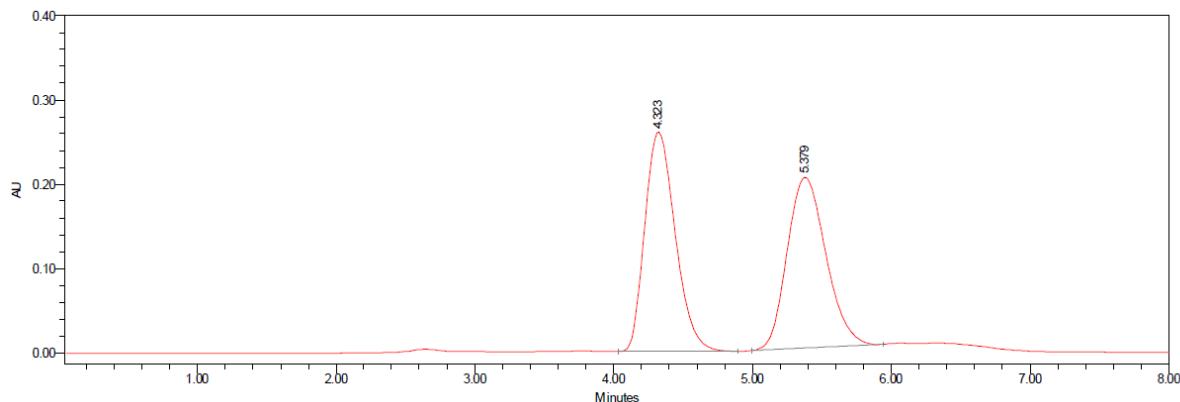
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	19.403	16316844	50.42
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	22.583	16047118	49.58



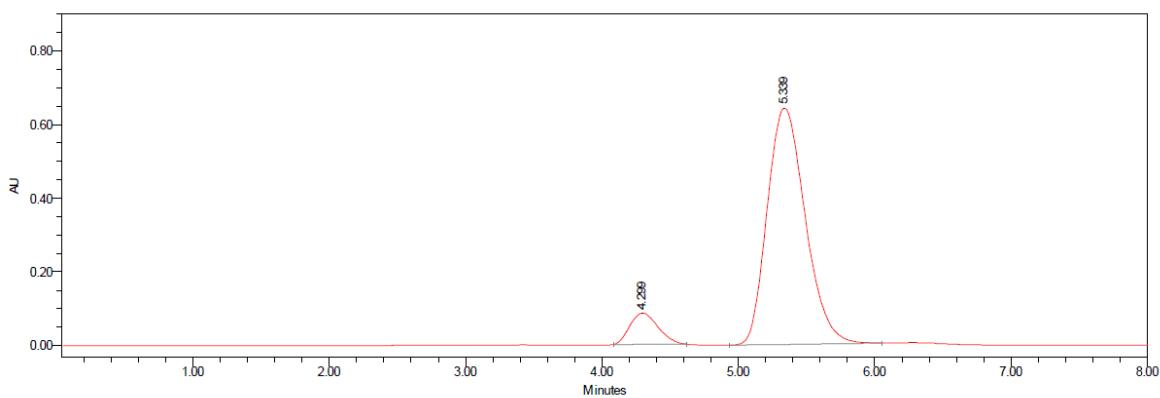
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	19.458	497201	2.02
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	22.433	24129004	97.98



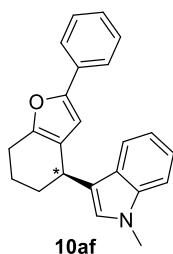
HPLC Analysis for 10ae: HPLC ChiralPak AD-H column [heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 4.3 min, T_R (major): 5.3 min].



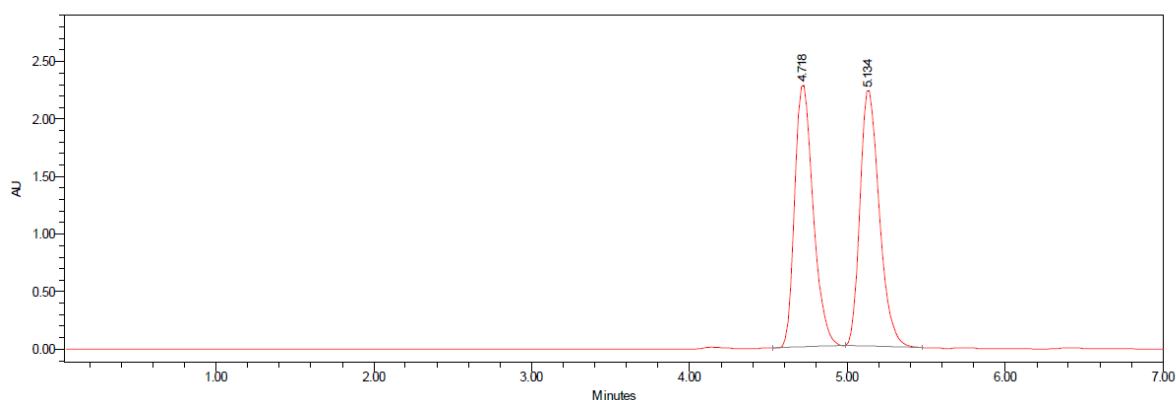
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.323	3967340	50.30
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	5.379	3920104	49.70



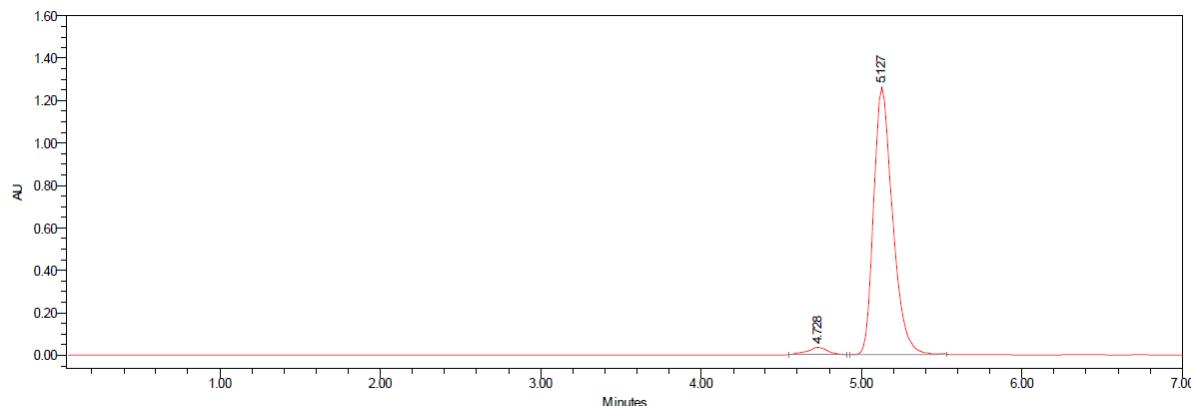
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.299	1217284	8.92
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	5.339	12435400	91.08



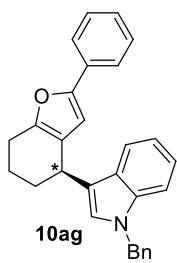
HPLC Analysis for 10af: HPLC Chiraldak IC column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 4.7 min, T_R (major): 5.1 min].



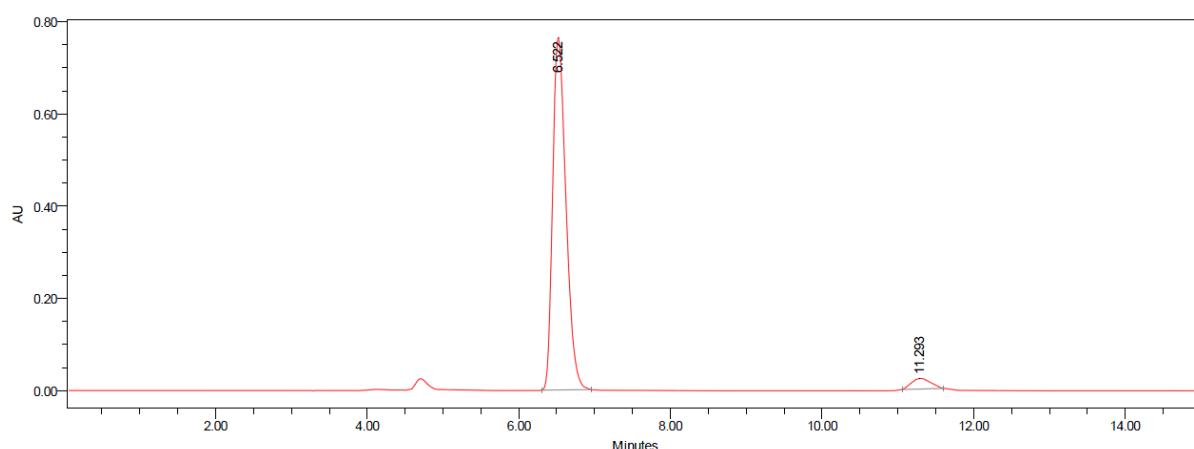
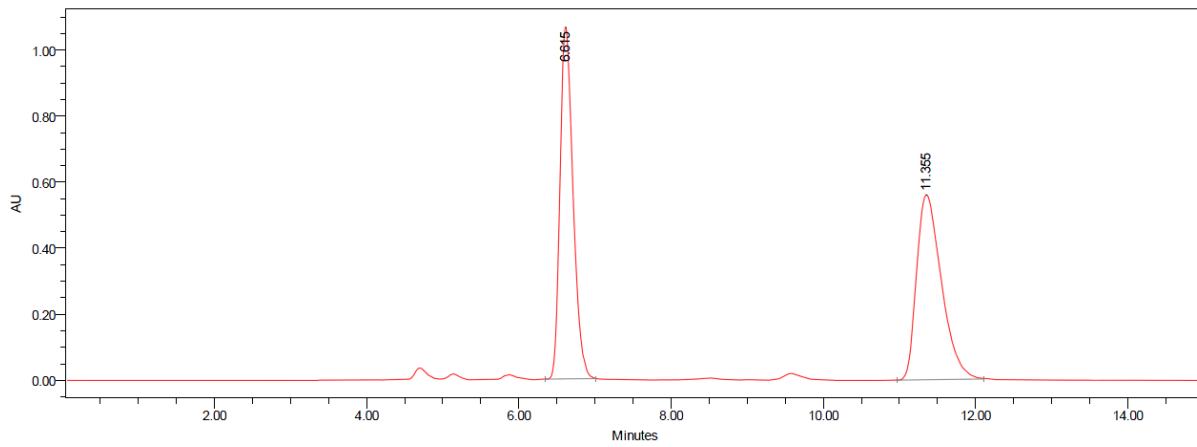
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.718	185557092	49.53
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	5.134	18910286	50.47

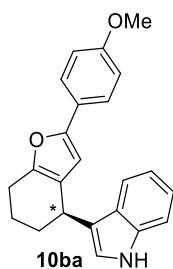


	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.728	305767	2.89
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	5.127	10285879	97.11

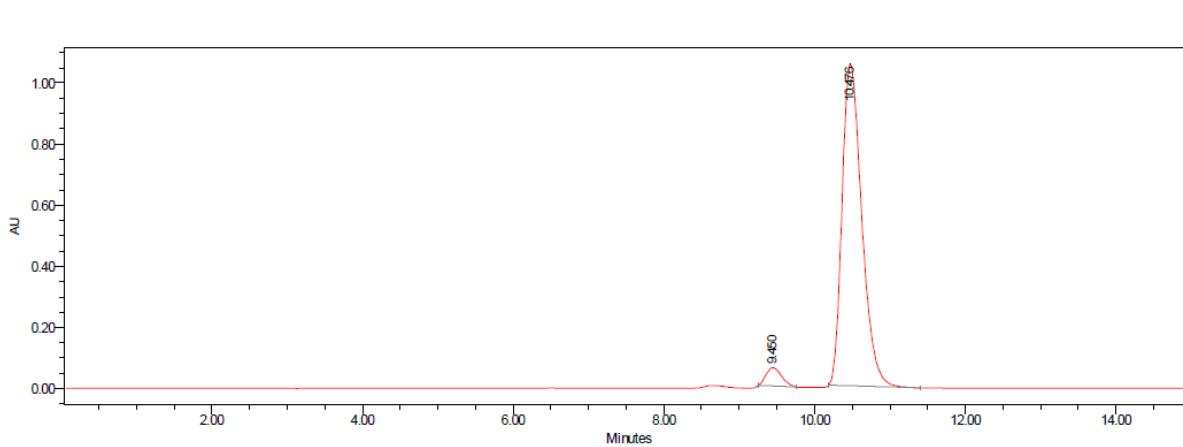
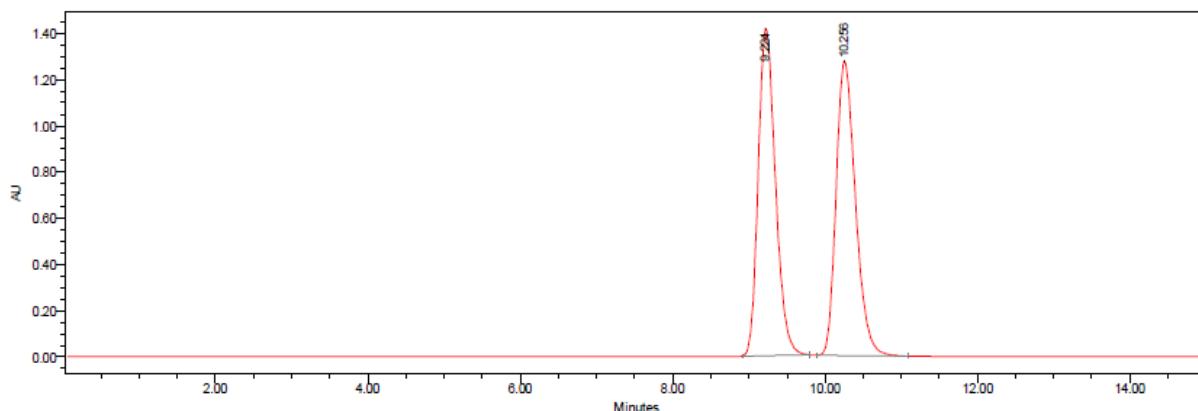


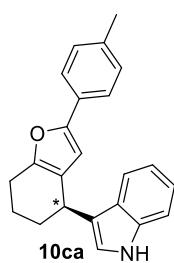
HPLC Analysis for 10ag: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 6.5 min, T_R (major): 11.3 min].



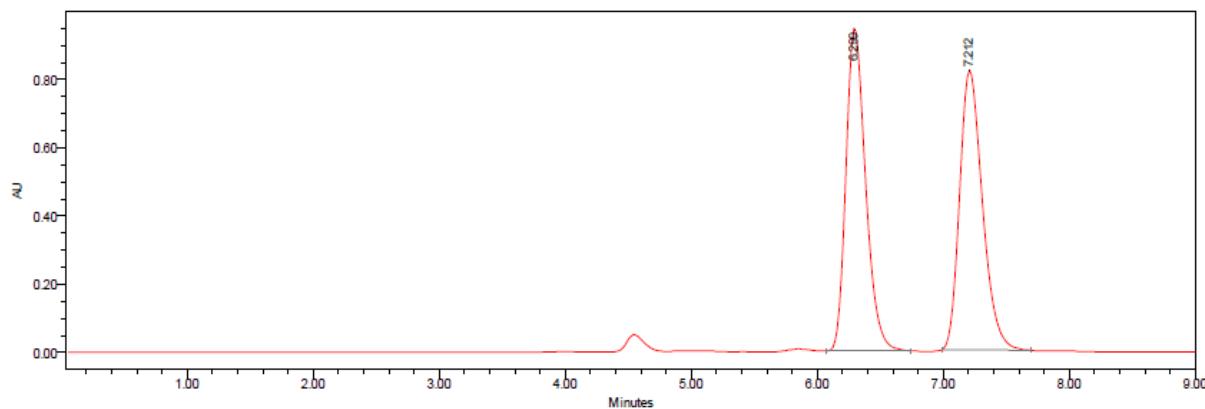


HPLC Analysis for 10ba: HPLC Chiralpak IC column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 9.5 min, T_R (major): 10.5 min].

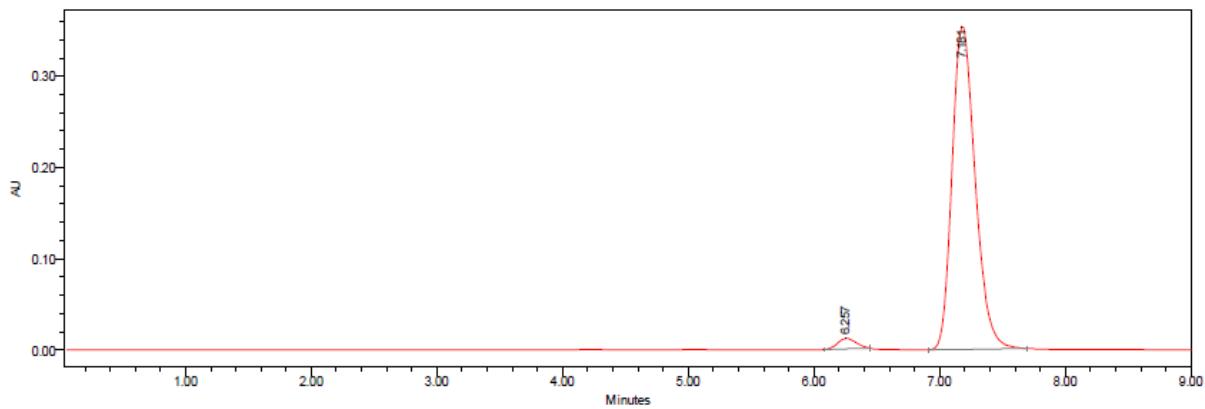




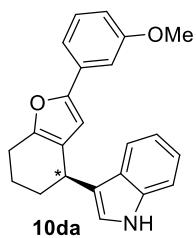
HPLC Analysis for 10ca: HPLC Chiralpak IC column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 6.3 min, T_R (major): 7.2 min].



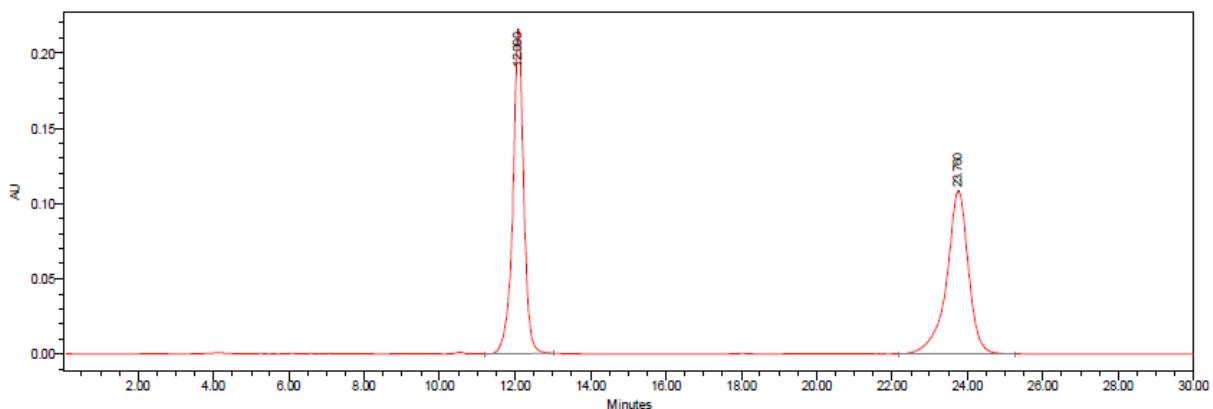
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	6.299	10263174	49.94
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	7.212	10289115	50.06



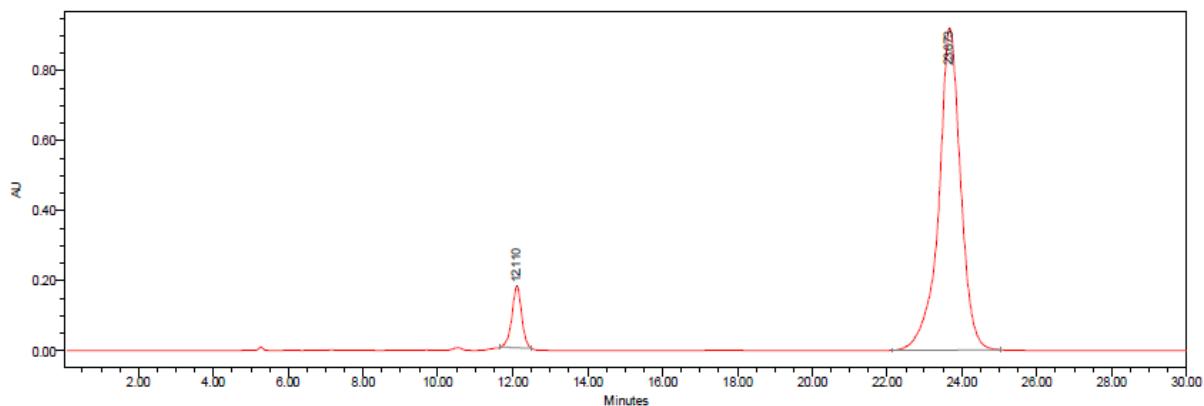
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	6.257	115884	2.54
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	7.181	4446473	97.46



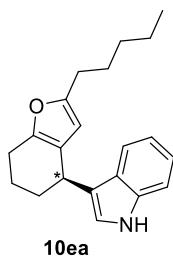
HPLC Analysis for 10da: HPLC Chiraldpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 12.1 min, T_R (major): 23.7 min].



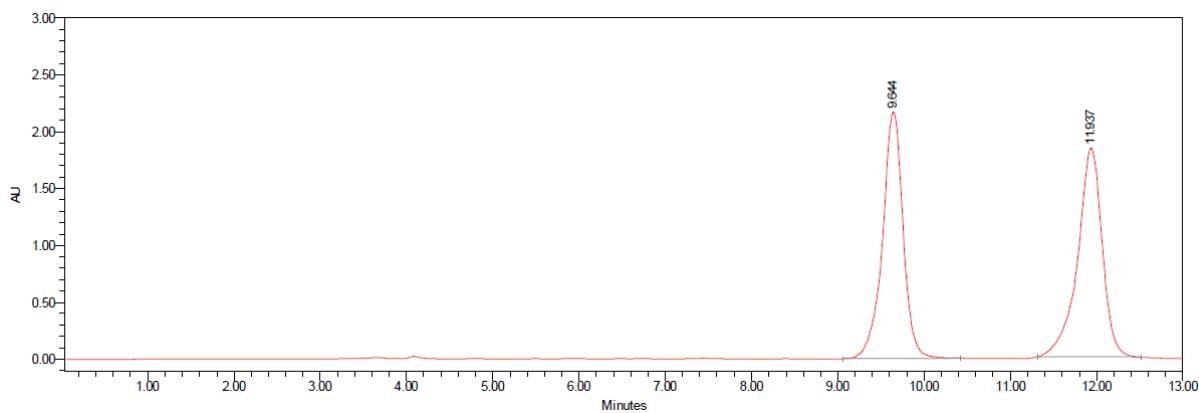
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	12.090	4312360	49.84
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	23.760	4339656	50.16



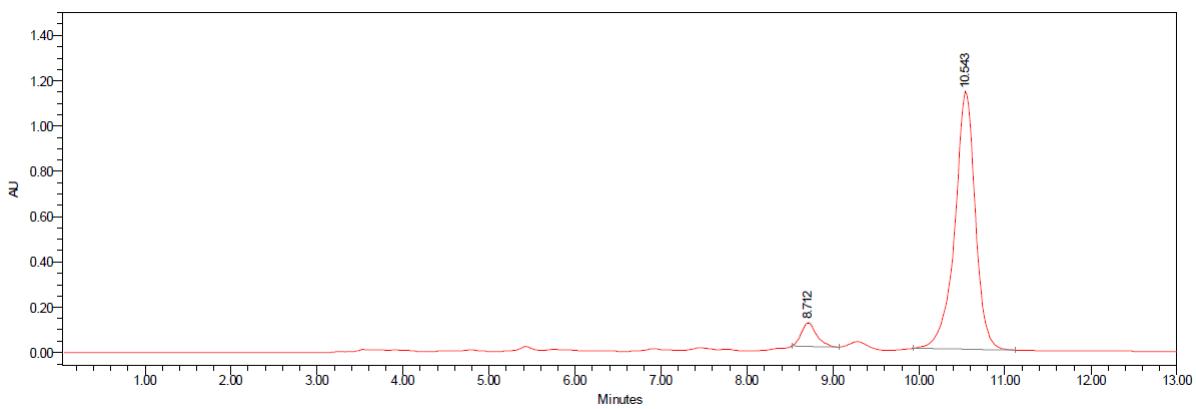
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	12.110	3174489	7.83
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	23.673	37371650	92.17



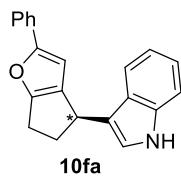
HPLC Analysis for 10ea: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 8.7 min, T_R (major): 10.5 min].



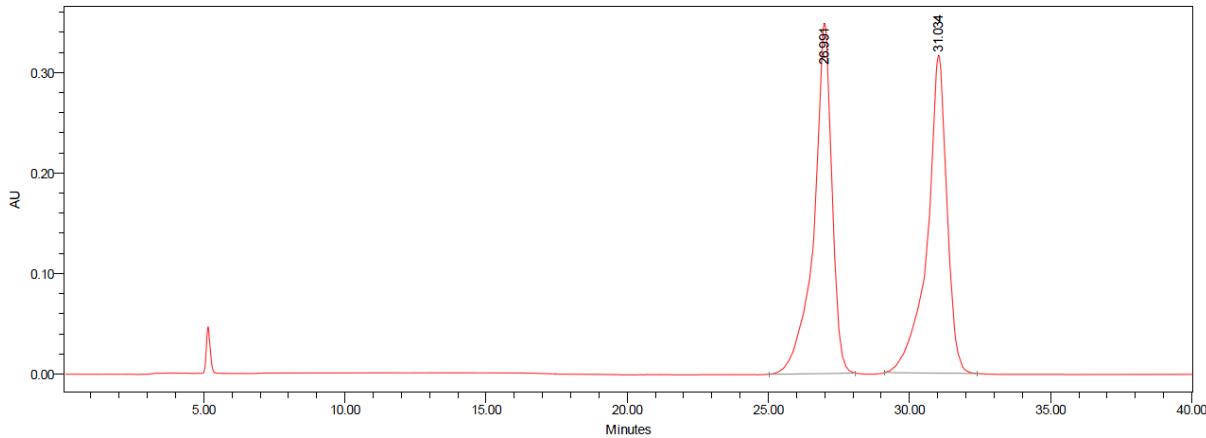
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	9.644	35915017	49.72
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	11.937	36319260	50.28



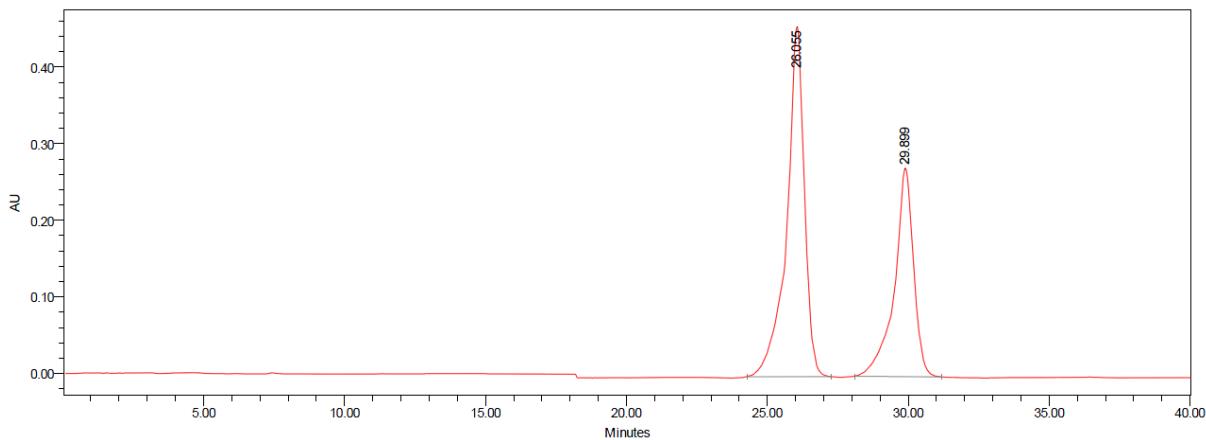
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	9.644	35915017	49.72
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	11.937	36319260	50.28



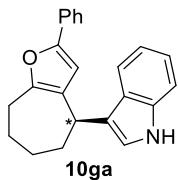
HPLC Analysis for 10fa: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 26.1 min, T_R (minor): 29.9 min].



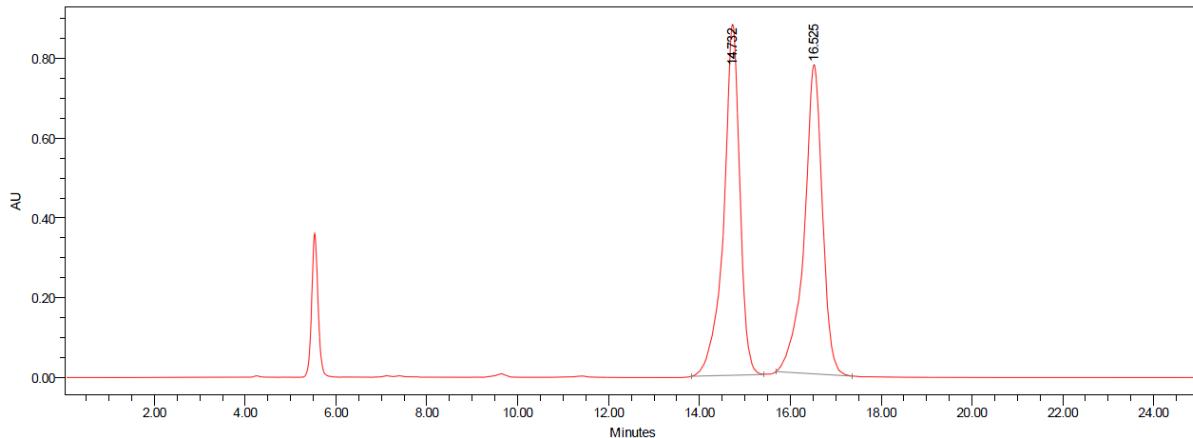
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	26.991	15348618	50.11
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	31.034	15283917	49.89



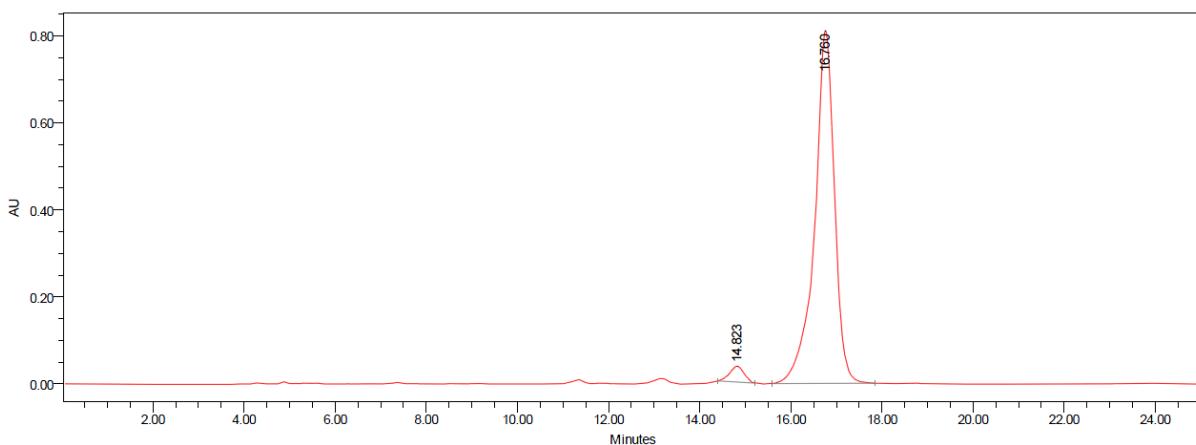
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	26.055	19740973	60.60
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	29.899	12836253	39.40



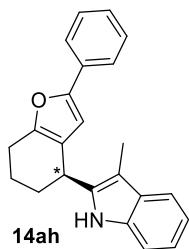
HPLC Analysis for 10ga: HPLC Chiraldak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 14.8 min, T_R (major): 16.8 min].



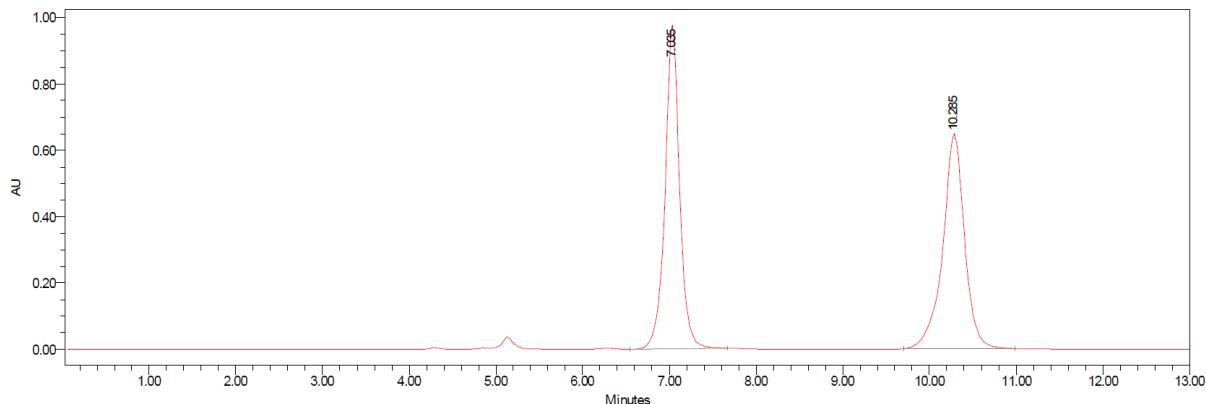
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	14.732	21581390	50.25
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	16.525	21364017	49.75



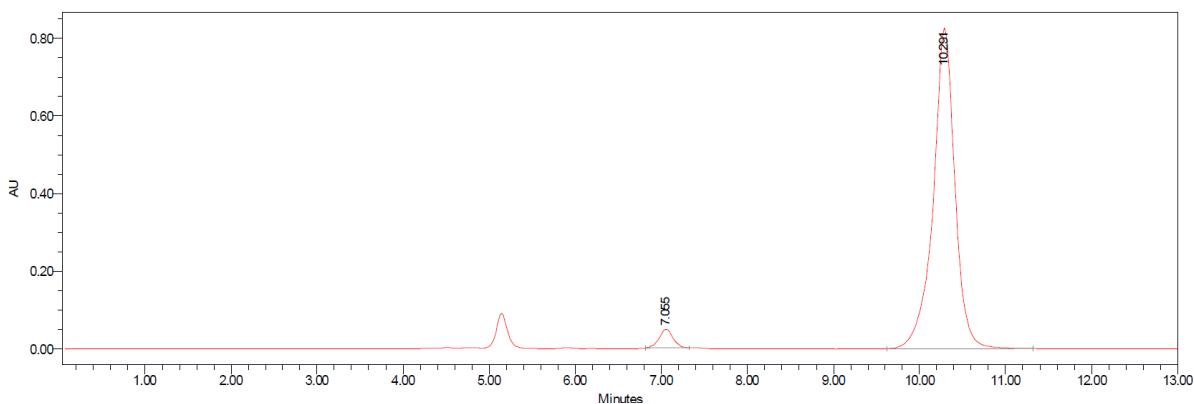
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	14.823	794521	3.18
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	16.760	24213709	96.82



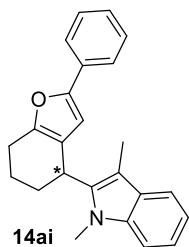
HPLC Analysis for 14ah: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 7.1 min, T_R (major): 10.3 min].



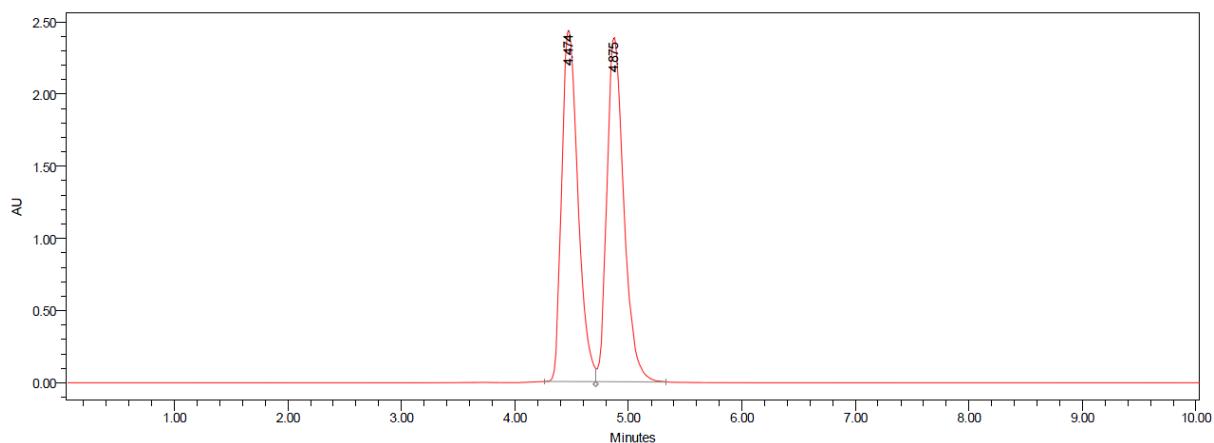
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	7.035	11343652	50.11
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	10.285	11294023	49.89



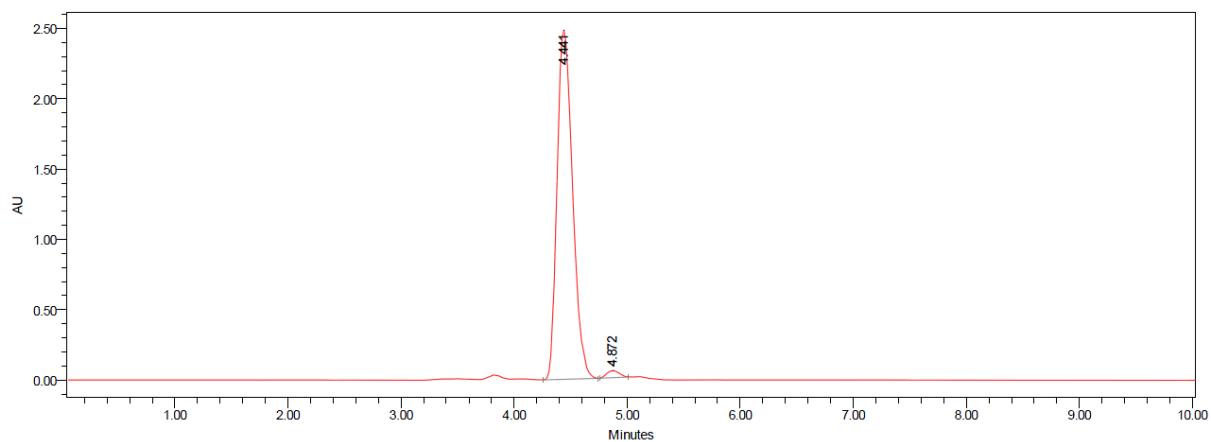
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	7.055	535381	3.56
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	10.291	14502158	96.44



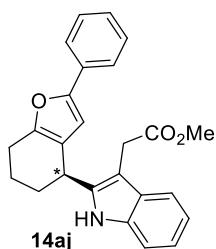
HPLC Analysis for 14ai: HPLC ChiralPak IC column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 4.4 min, T_R (minor): 4.9 min].



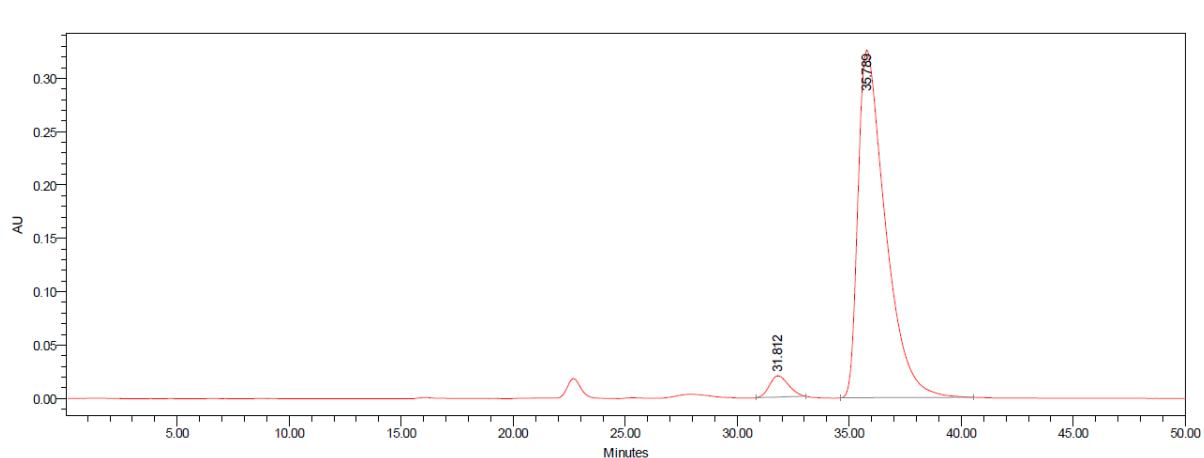
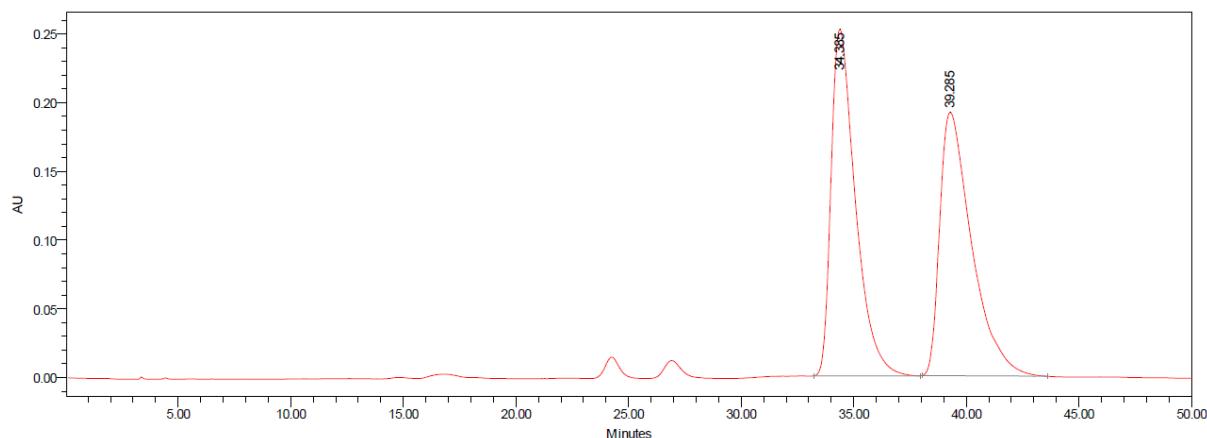
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.474	24143180	49.41
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.875	24717306	50.59

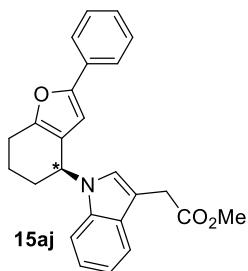


	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.441	23702749	98.39
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.872	387660	1.61

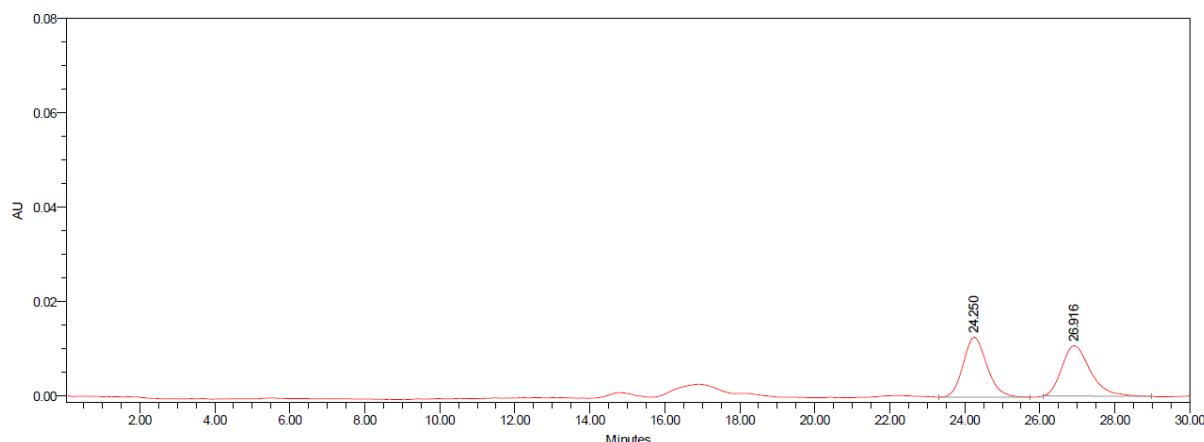


HPLC Analysis for 14aj: HPLC Chiraldak IC column [heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 31.8 min, T_R (major): 35.8 min].

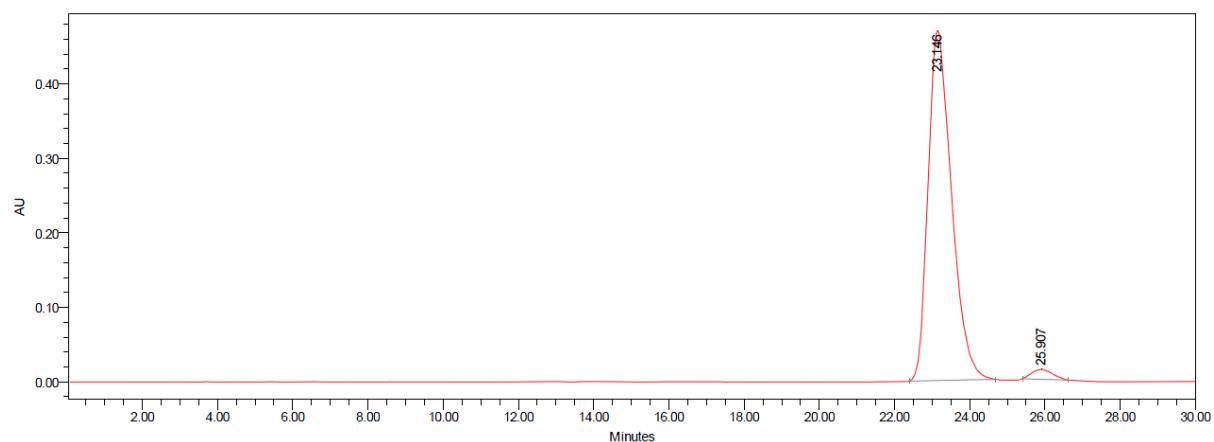




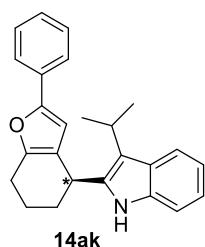
HPLC Analysis for 15aj: HPLC Chiralpak IC column [heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 23.1 min, T_R (minor): 25.9 min].



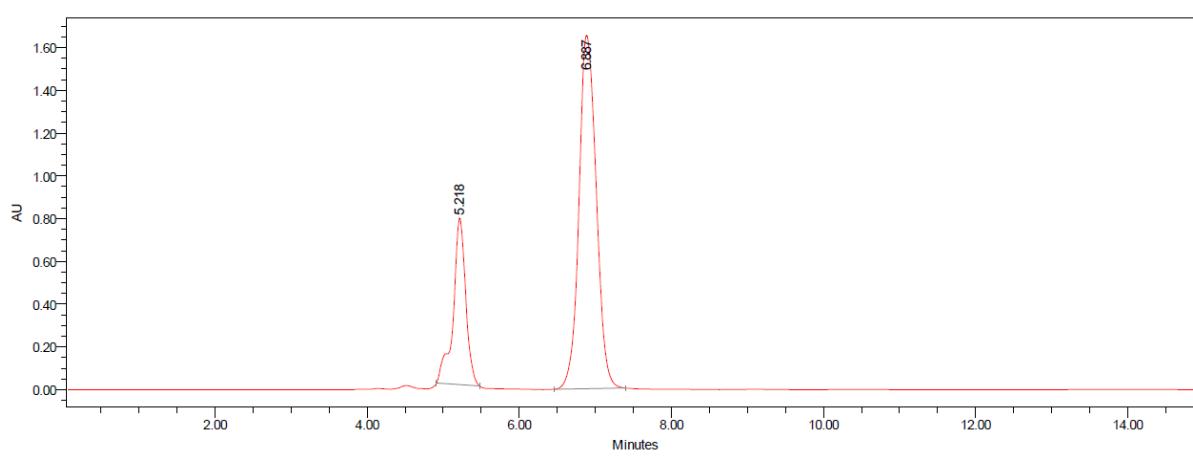
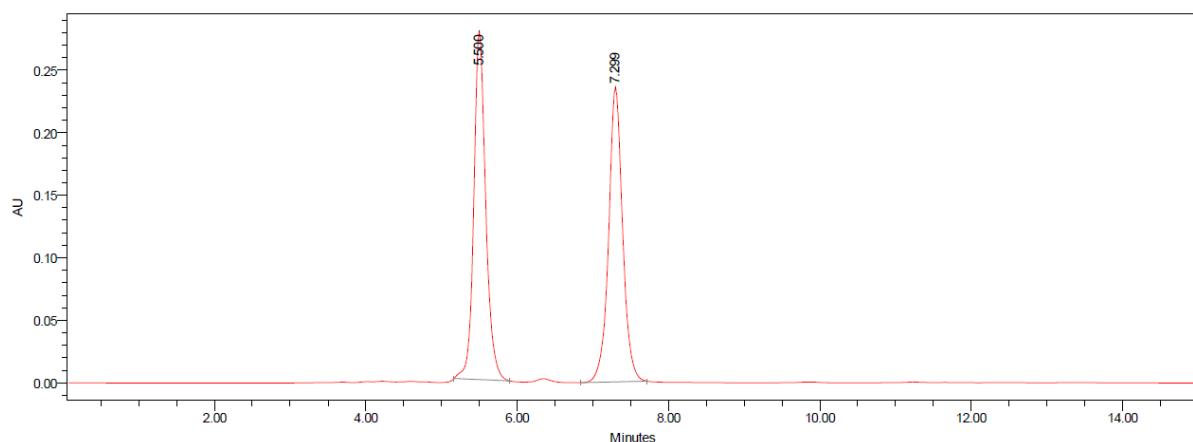
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	24.250	556623	49.69
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	26.916	563529	50.31

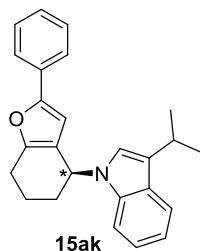


	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	23.146	20303913	97.56
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	25.907	508204	2.44

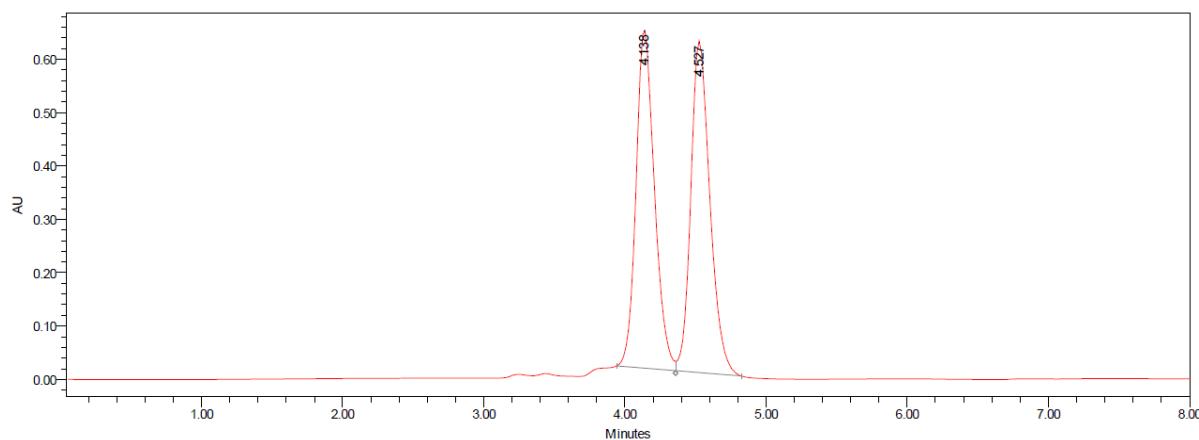


HPLC Analysis for 14ak: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 5.2 min, T_R (major): 6.9 min].

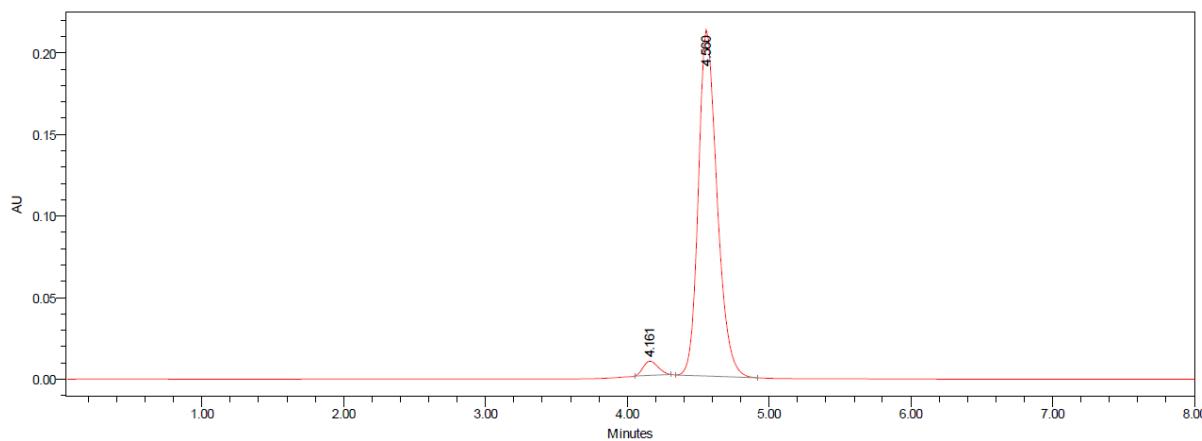




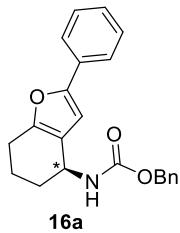
HPLC Analysis for 15ak: HPLC Chiralpak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 4.2 min, T_R (major): 4.6 min].



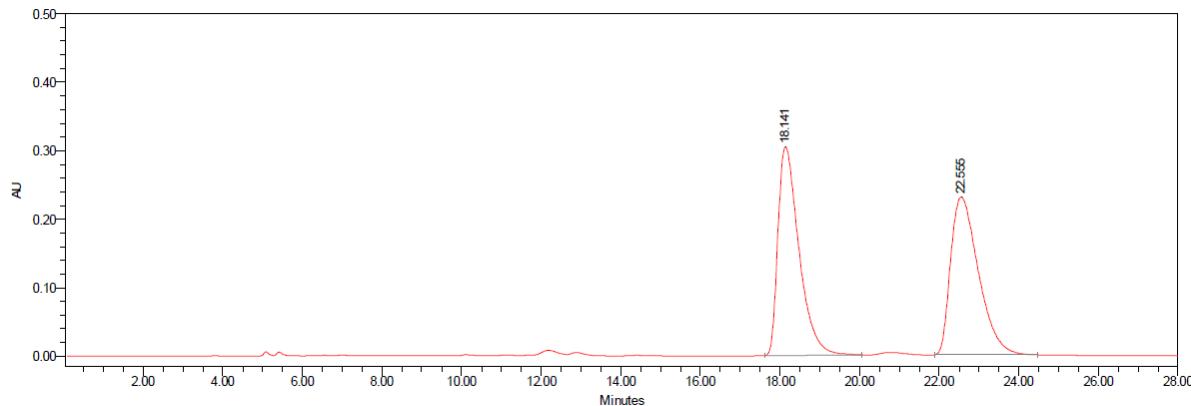
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.138	5764973	49.61
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.527	5856614	50.39



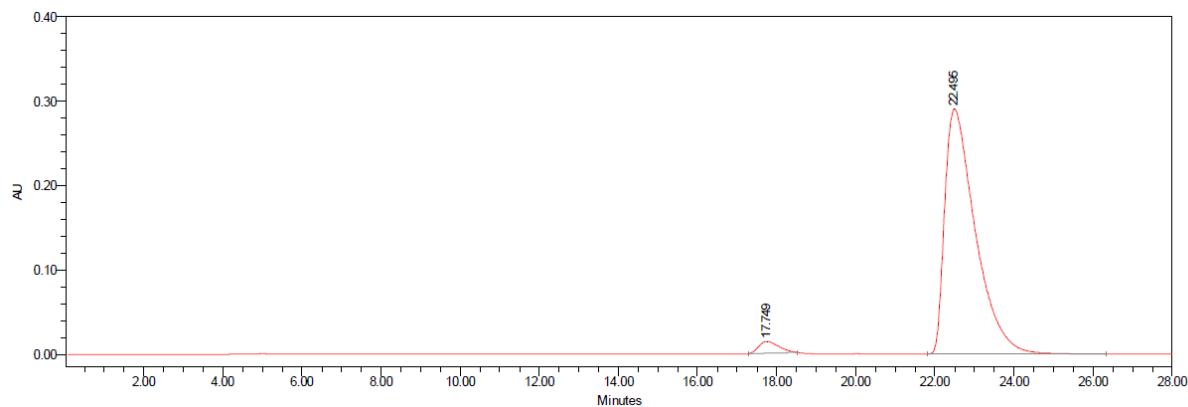
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.161	62349	3.10
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	4.560	1946577	96.90



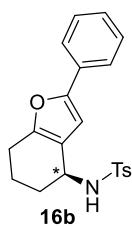
HPLC Analysis for 16a: HPLC Chiralpak IB column [heptane:IPA = 97:03, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 17.7 min, T_R (major): 22.5 min].



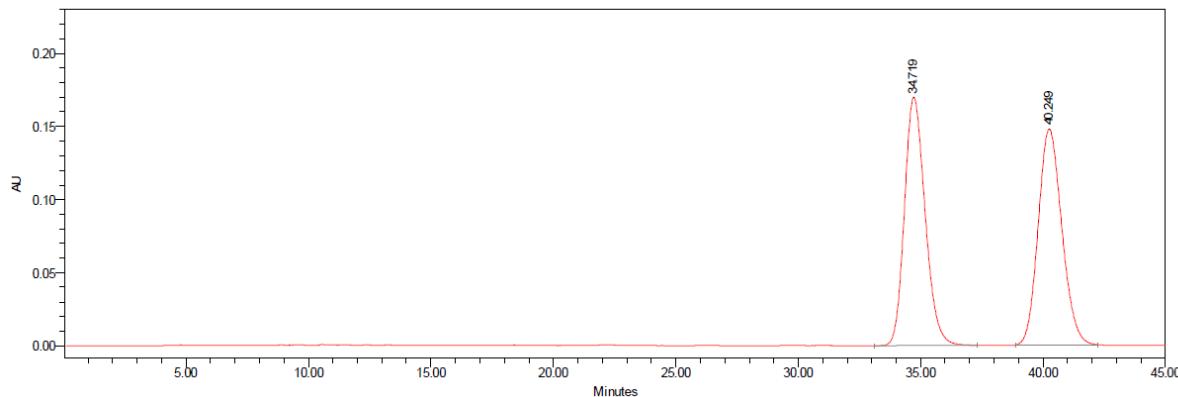
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	18.141	11199041	49.99
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	22.555	11201882	50.01



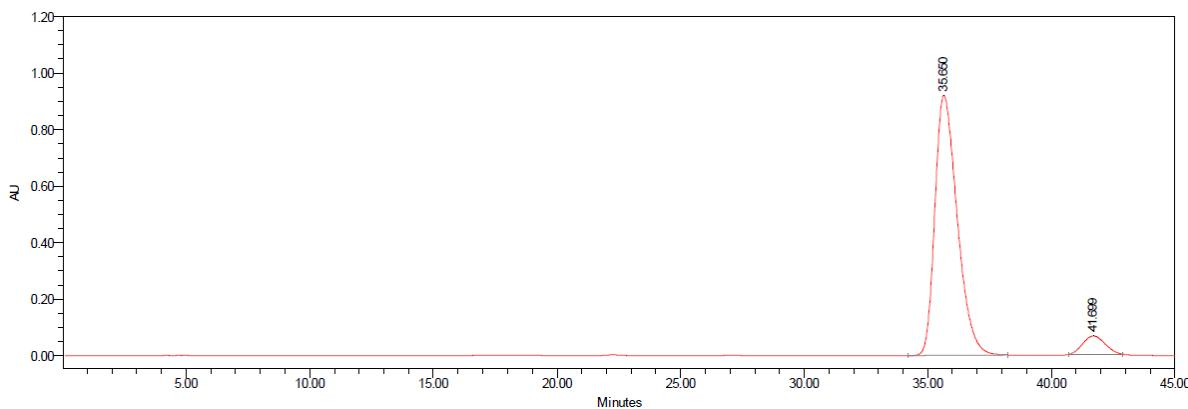
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	17.749	486446	3.02
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	22.495	15613303	96.98



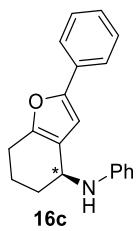
HPLC Analysis for 16b: HPLC Chiralpak IC column [heptane:IPA = 90:10, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 35.7 min, T_R (minor): 41.7 min].



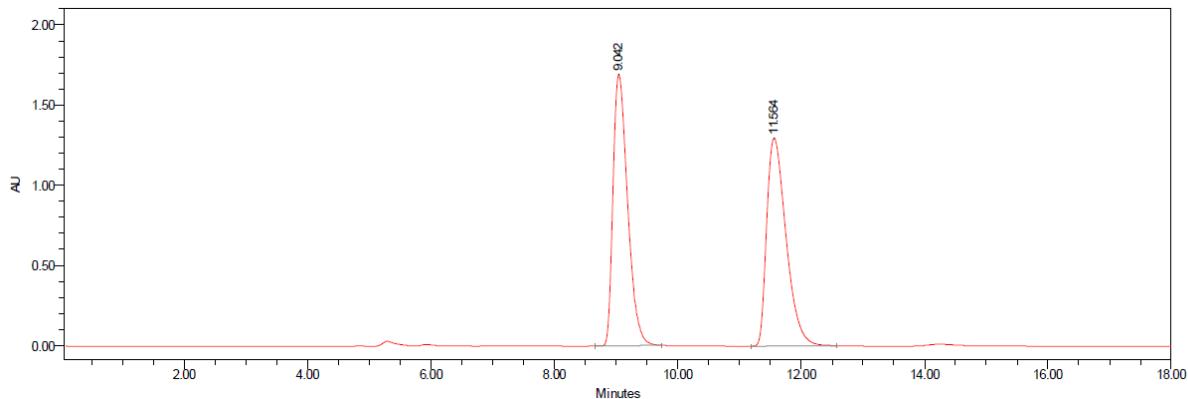
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	34.719	9948385	50.17
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	40.249	9882336	49.83



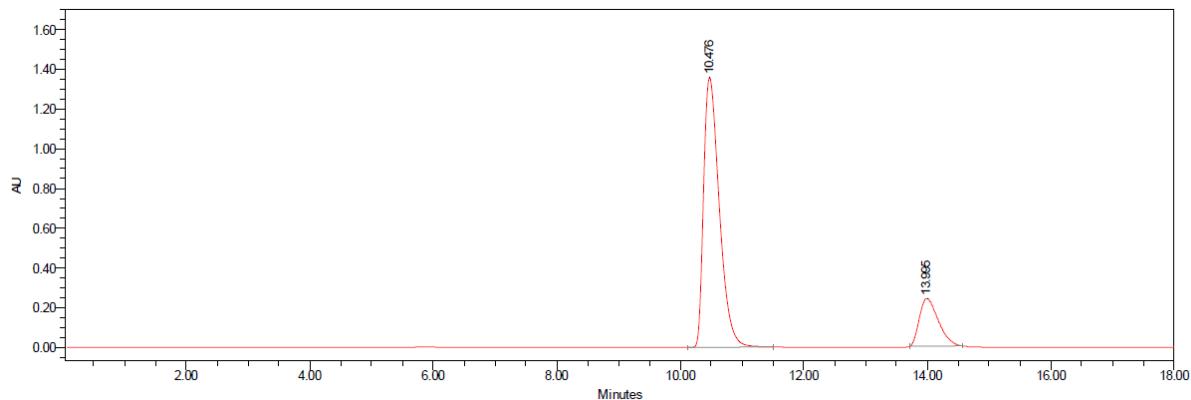
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	35.650	57606806	93.50
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	41.699	4006807	6.50



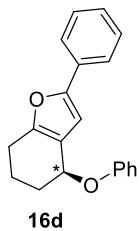
HPLC Analysis for 16c: HPLC Chiralpak IB column [heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 10.5 min, T_R (minor): 14.0 min].



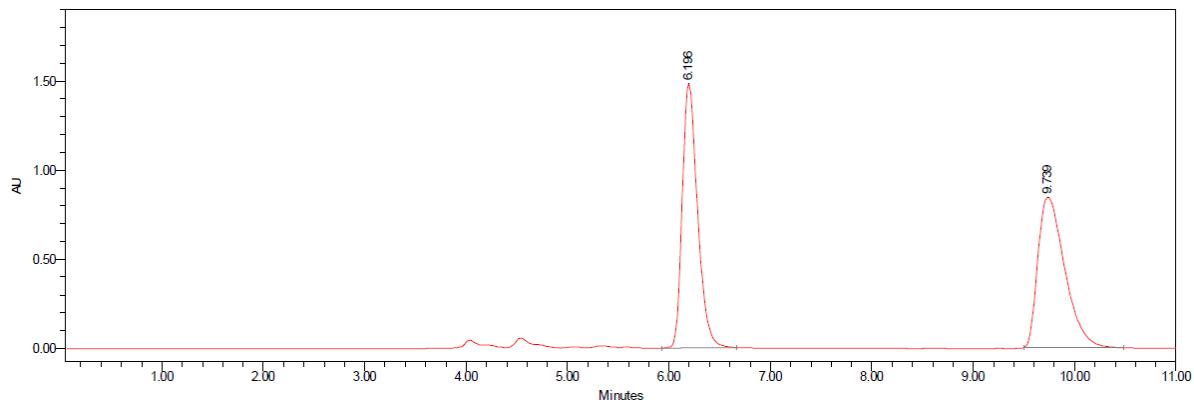
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	9.042	27706662	49.68
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	11.564	28064942	50.32



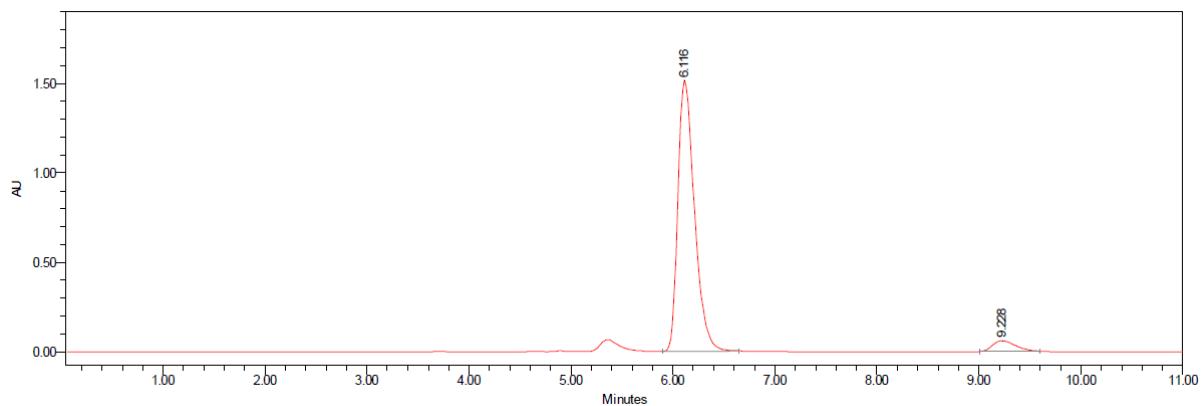
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	10.476	23784879	82.29
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	13.995	5120127	17.71



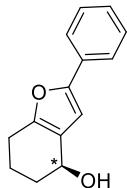
HPLC Analysis for 16d: HPLC ChiralPak IB column [heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 6.1 min, T_R (minor): 9.2 min].



	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	6.196	15525085	50.00
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	9.739	15527509	50.00

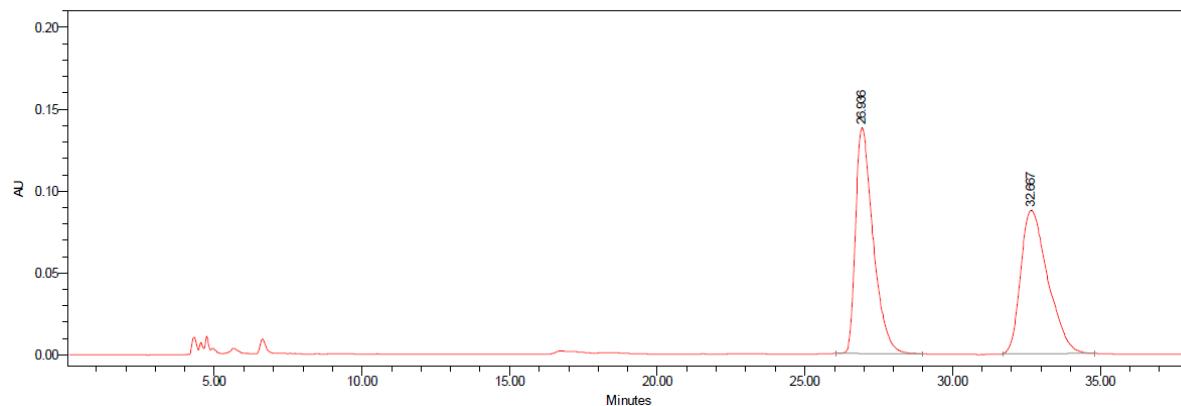


	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 210.0 to 400.0 nm at 1.2 nm	6.116	17023277	94.90
2	PDA 210.0 to 400.0 nm at 1.2 nm	9.228	914783	5.10

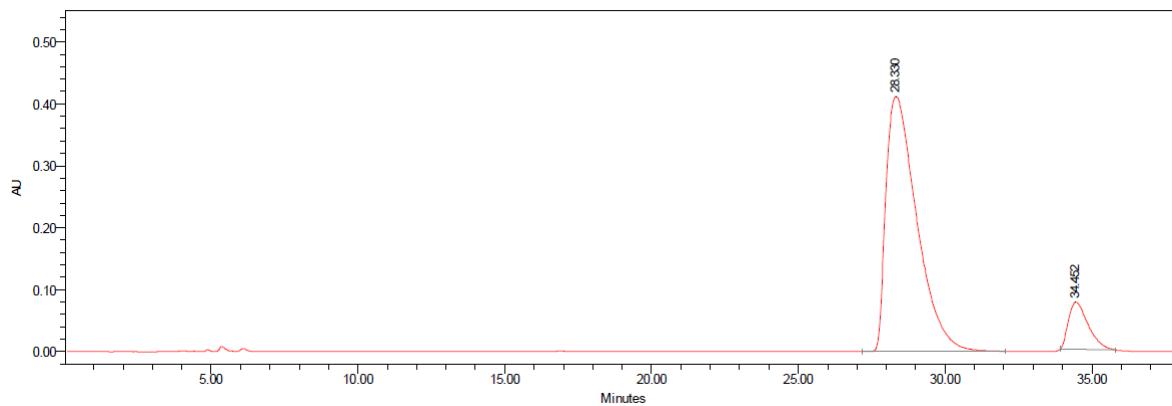


16e

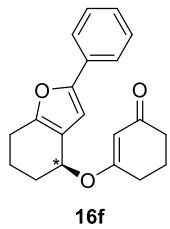
HPLC Analysis for 16e: HPLC Chiraldak IB column [heptane:IPA = 98:02, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (major): 28.3 min, T_R (minor): 34.5 min].



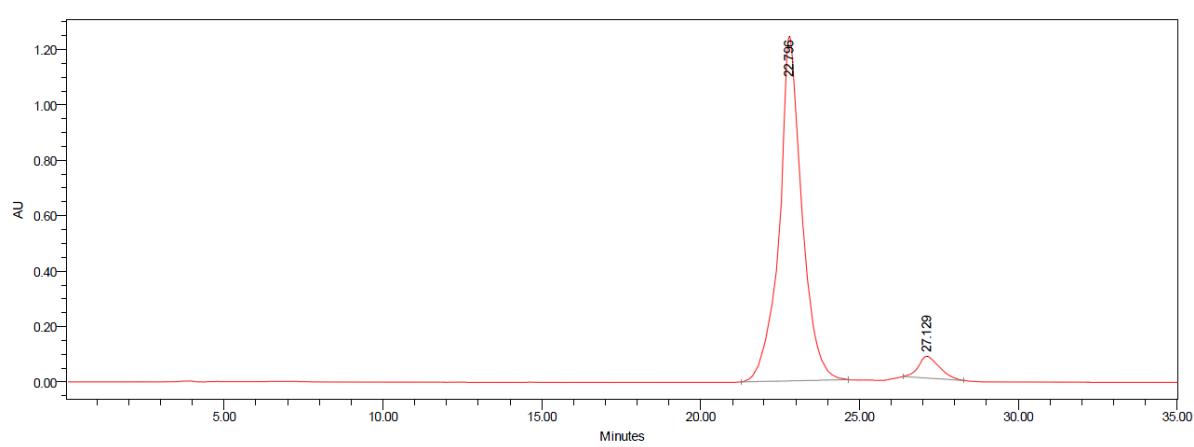
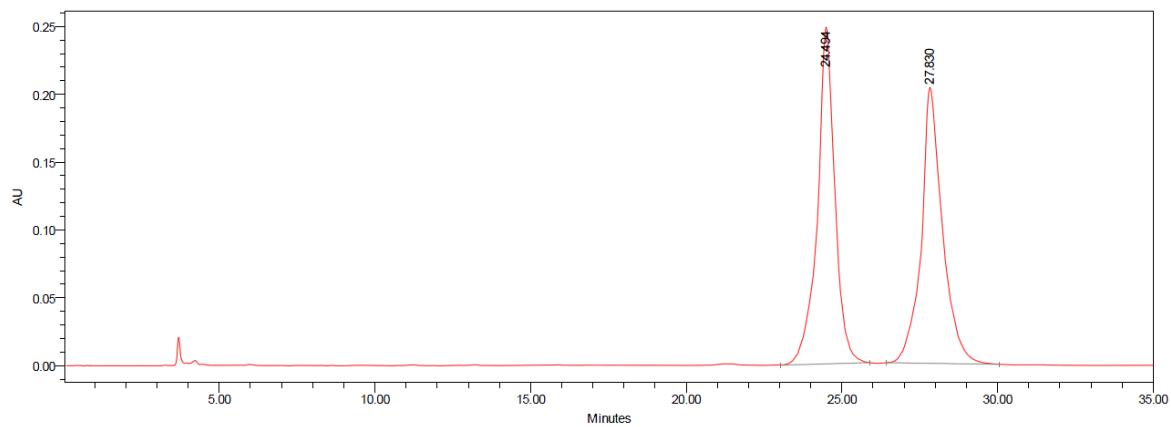
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	26.936	5708912	50.56
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	32.667	5583065	49.44



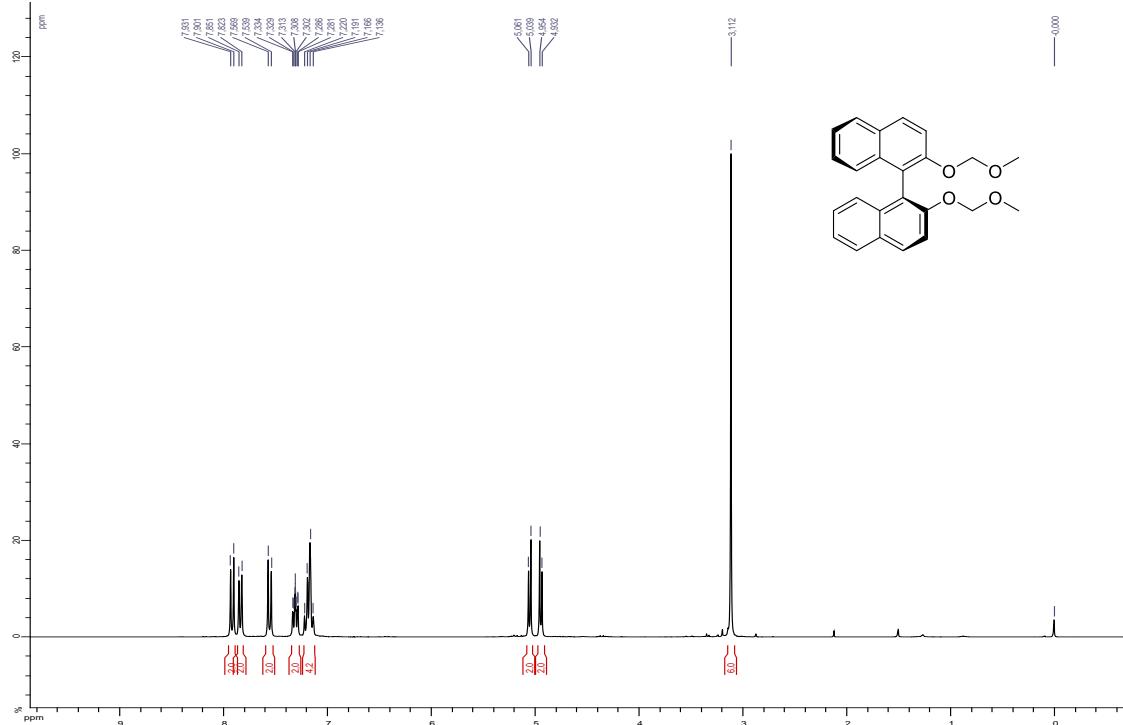
	Channel Description	RT	Area	% Area
1	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	28.330	29948802	89.41
2	PDA 200.0 to 400.0 nm at 2.4 nm	34.452	3547065	10.59



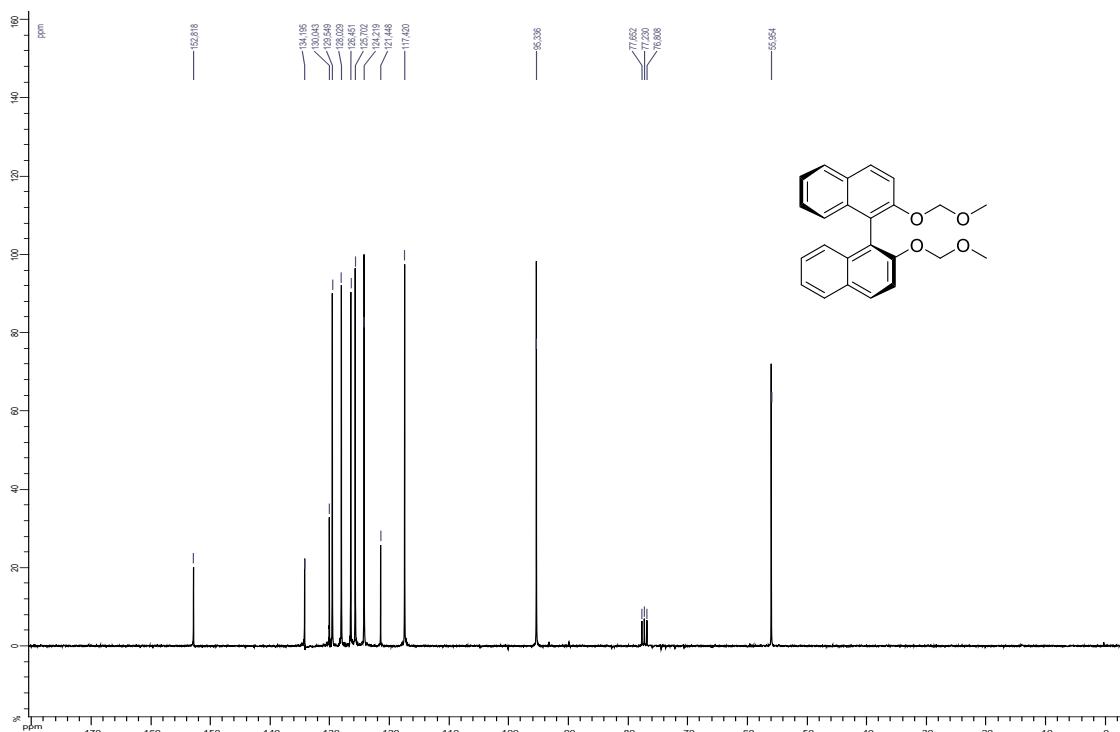
HPLC Analysis for 16f: HPLC ChiralPak IA column [heptane:IPA = 95:05, 1 mL/min, λ = 277 nm, retention times: T_R (minor): 22.8 min, T_R (major): 27.1 min].



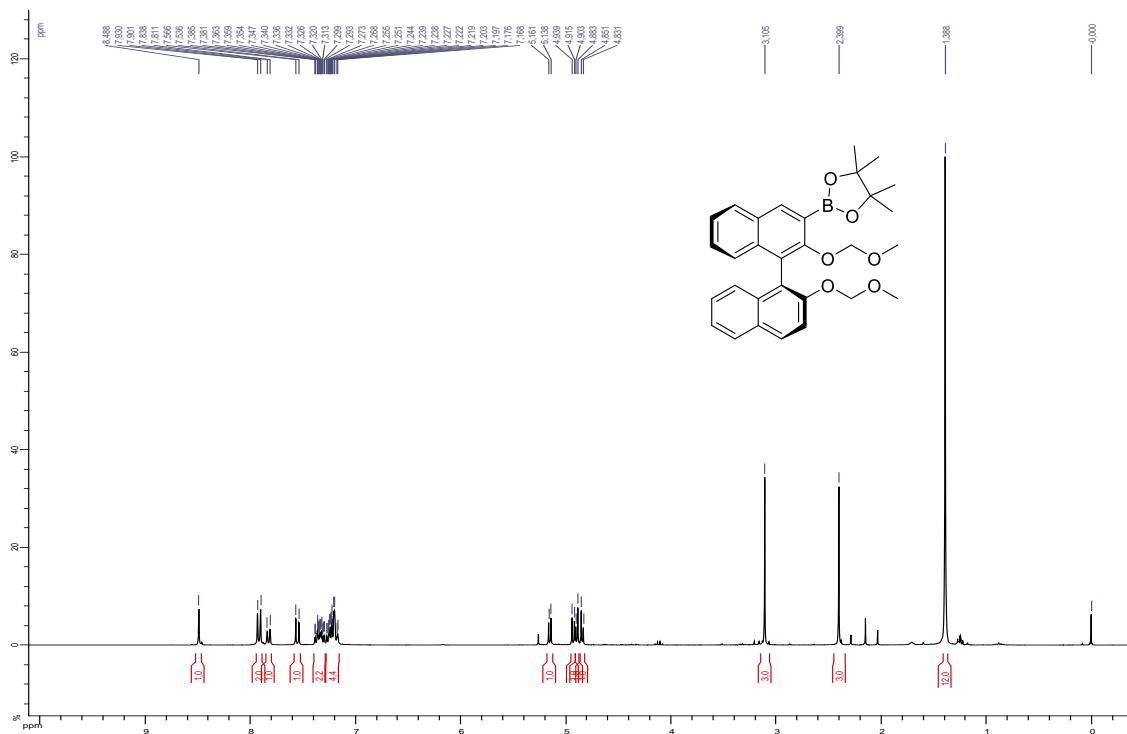
8. Copies of NMR Spectra



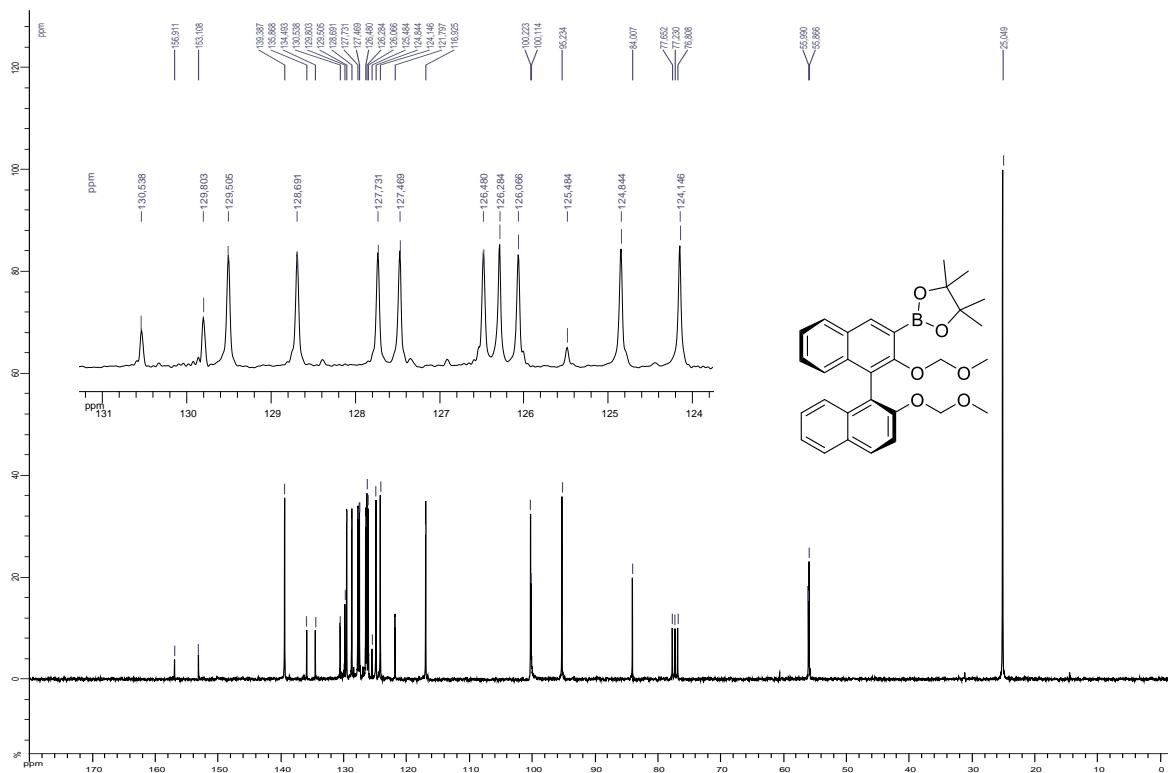
^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz) spectrum of (S)-2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-1,1'-binaphthalene



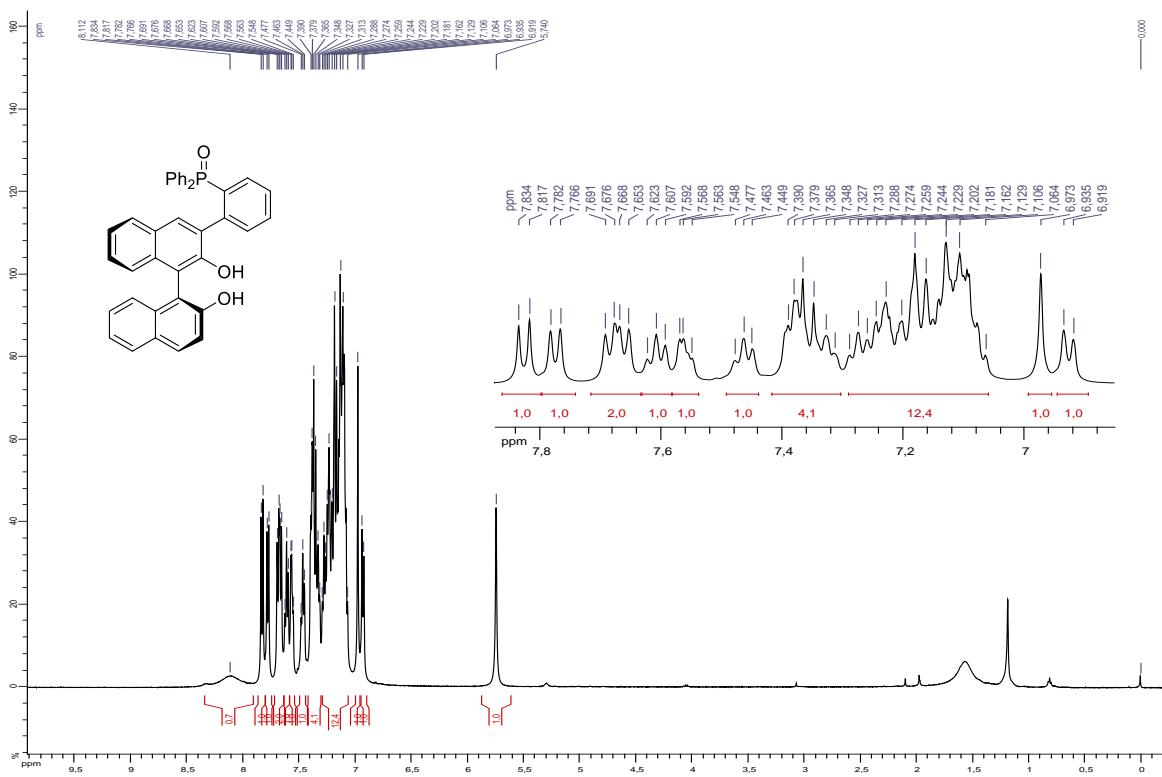
^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz) spectrum of (S)-2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)-1,1'-binaphthalene



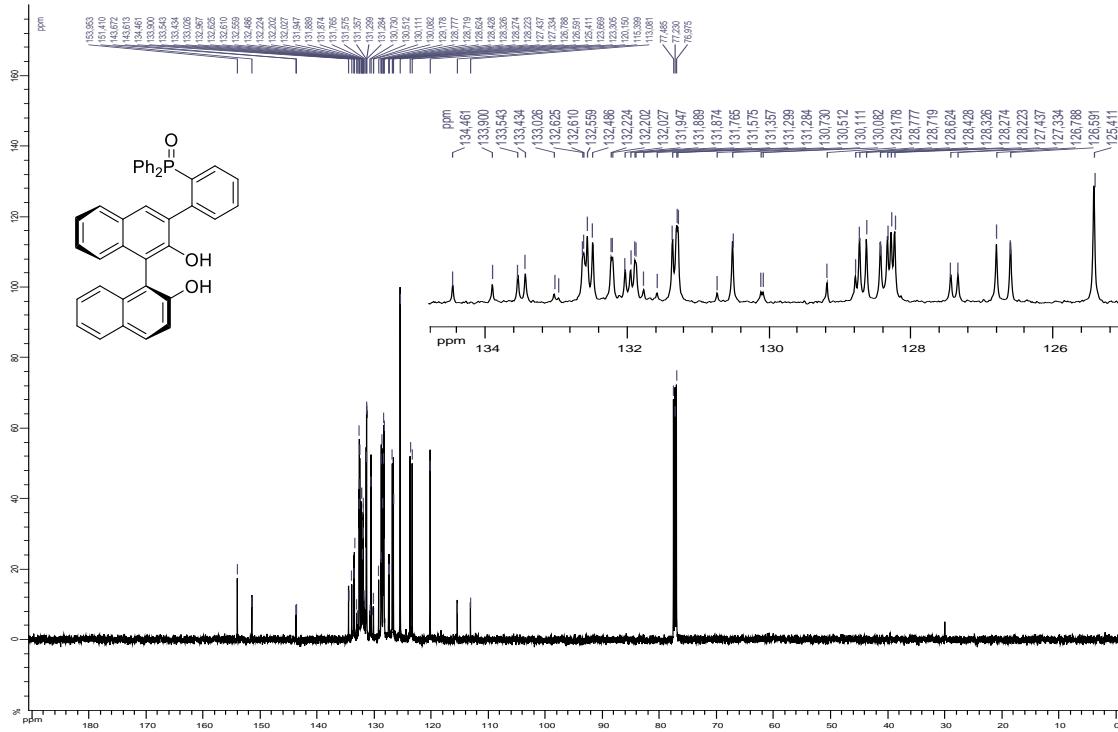
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) spectrum of (S)-2- (2,2'-bis(methoxymethoxy)- [1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)- 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(S)-1]



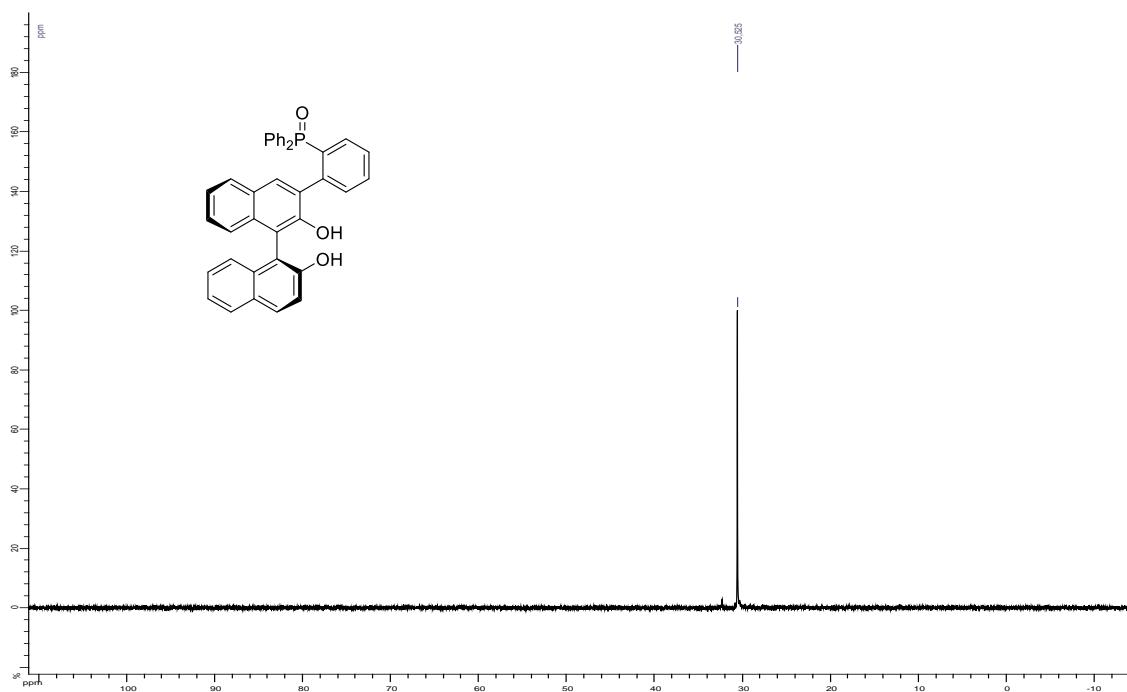
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz) spectrum of (*S*)-2- (2,2'-*bis*(methoxymethoxy)- [1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)- 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [**(S)-1**]



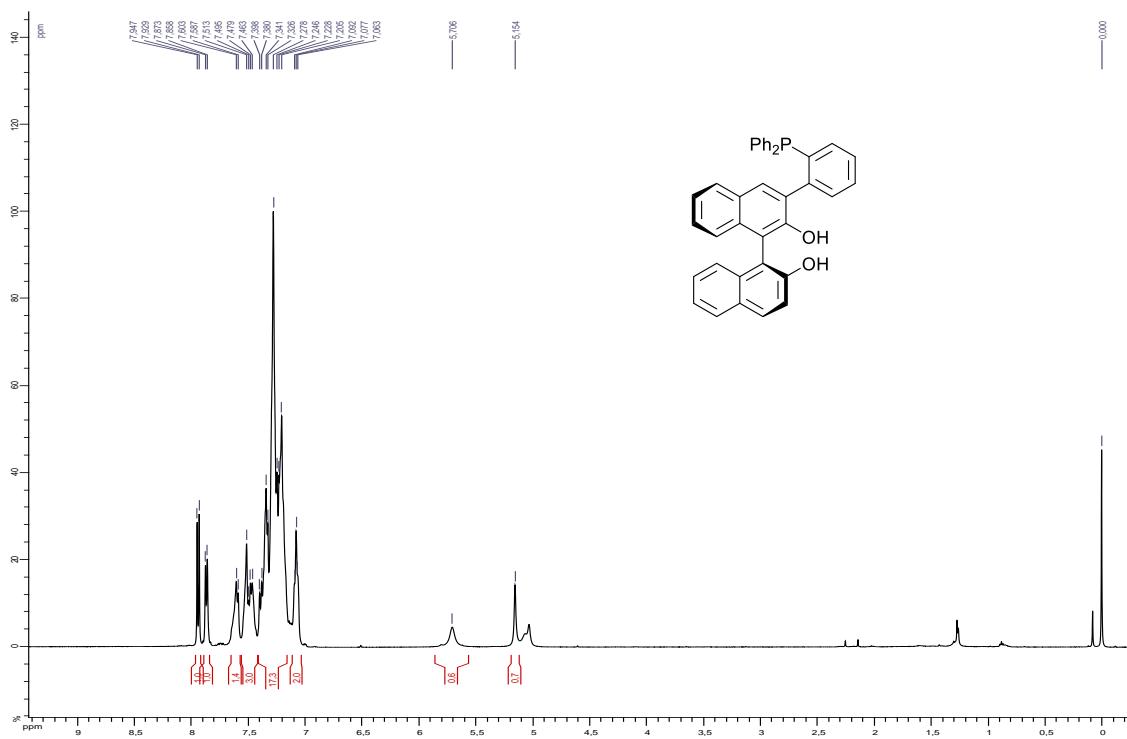
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (*S*)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide
[(*S*)-2]



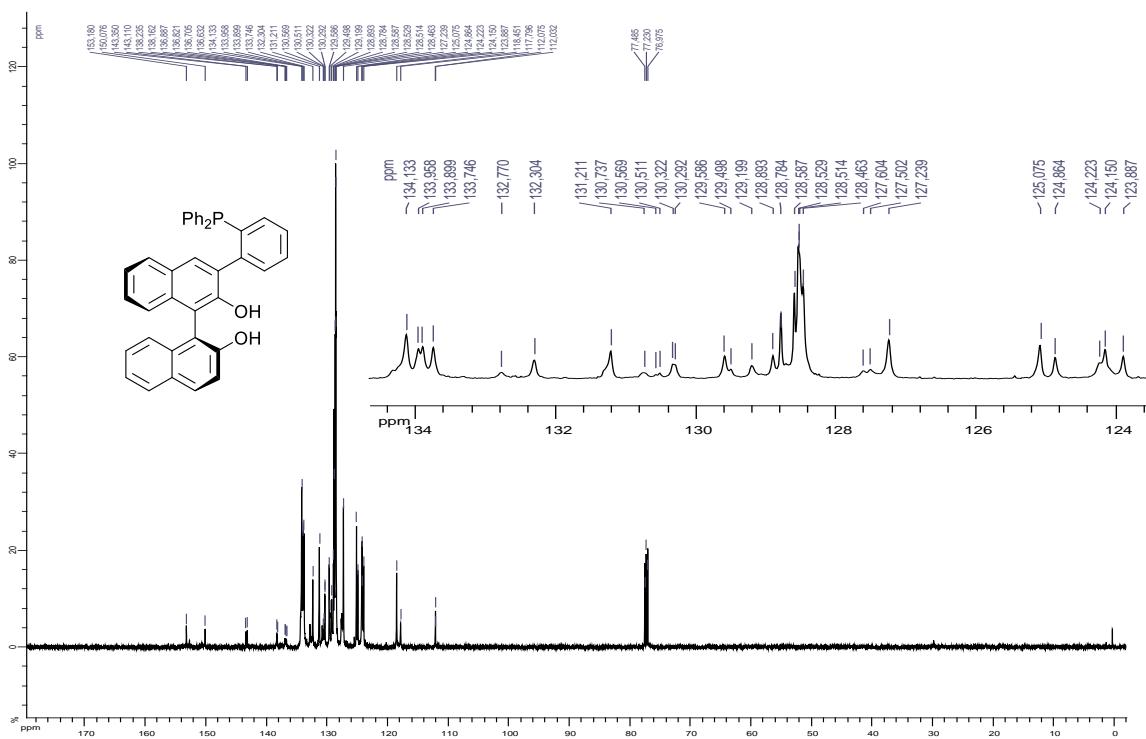
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide [(S)-2]



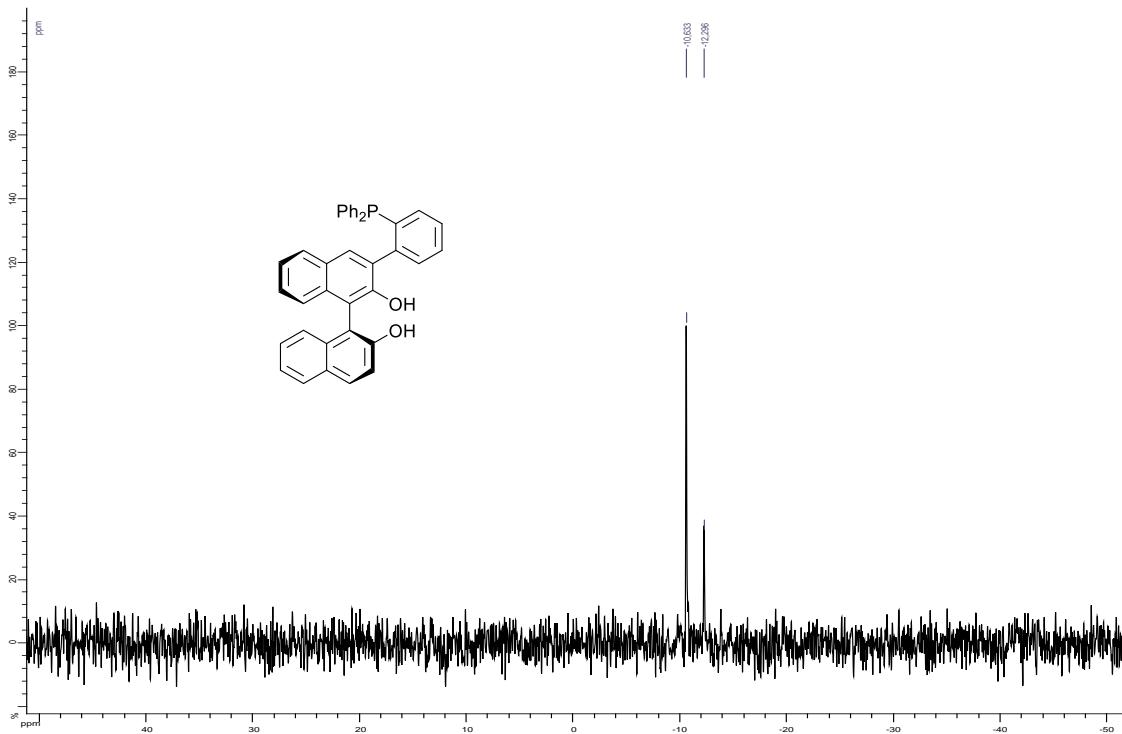
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide [(S)-2]



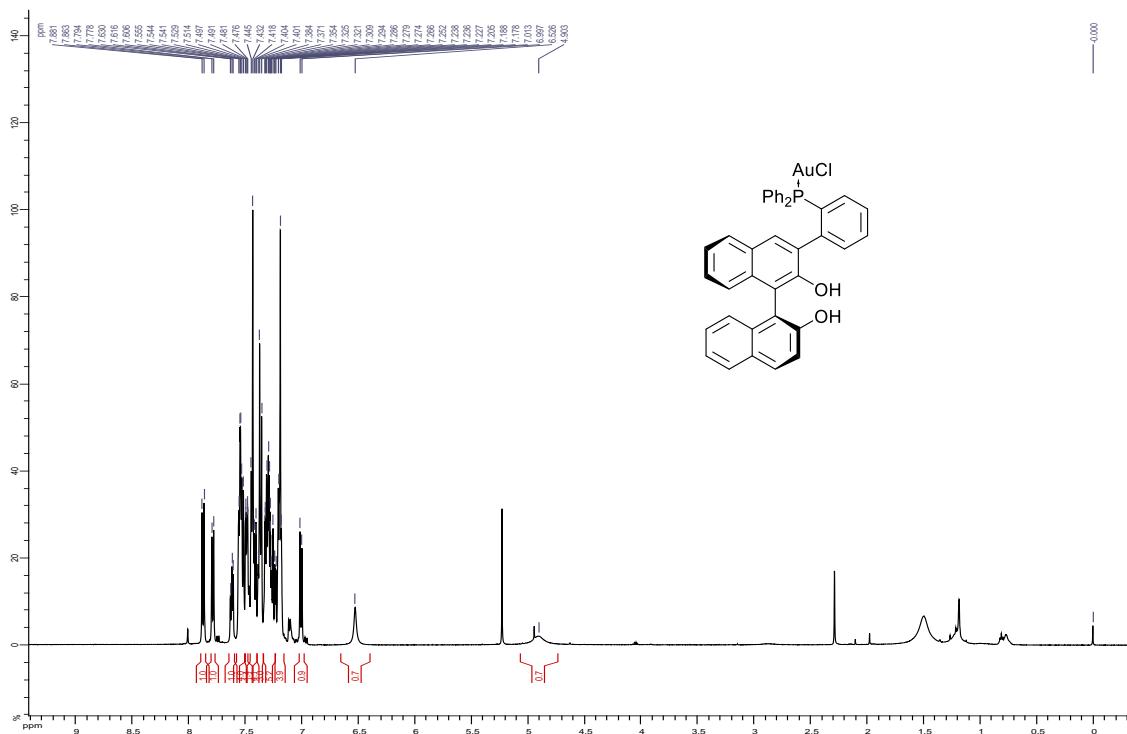
^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-(2-(diphenylphosphanoyl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol [(S)-3]



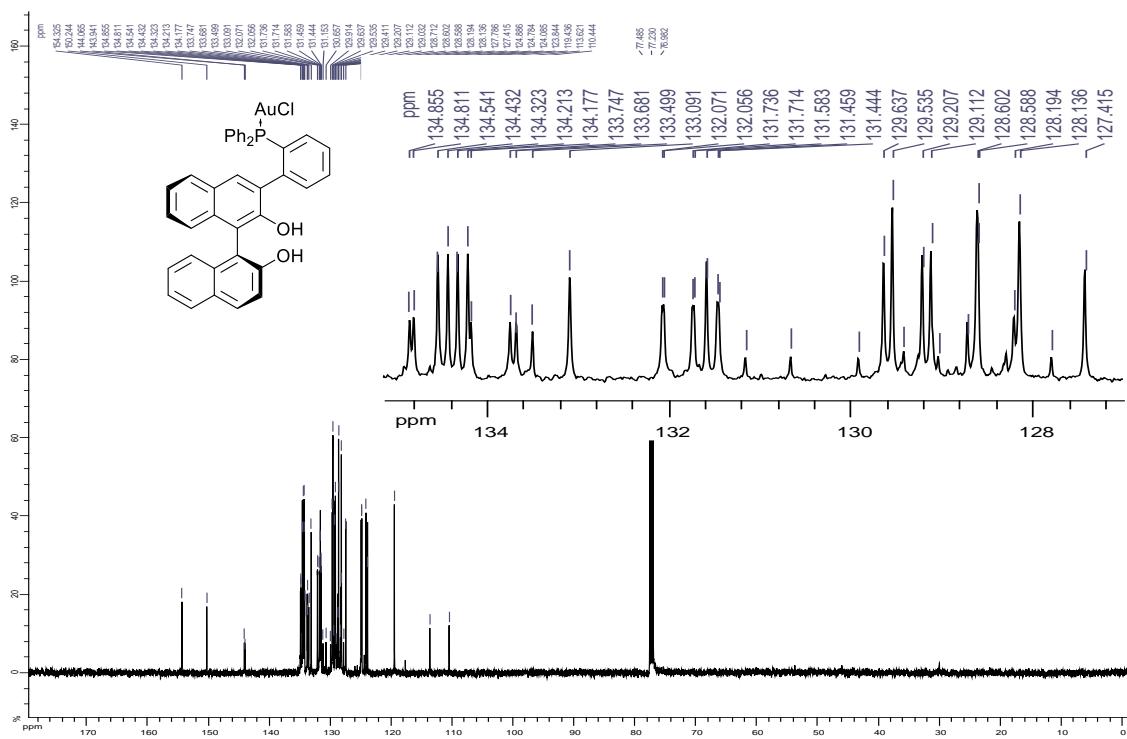
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of (*S*)-3-(2-(diphenylphosphinan-1-yl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol [(*S*)-3]



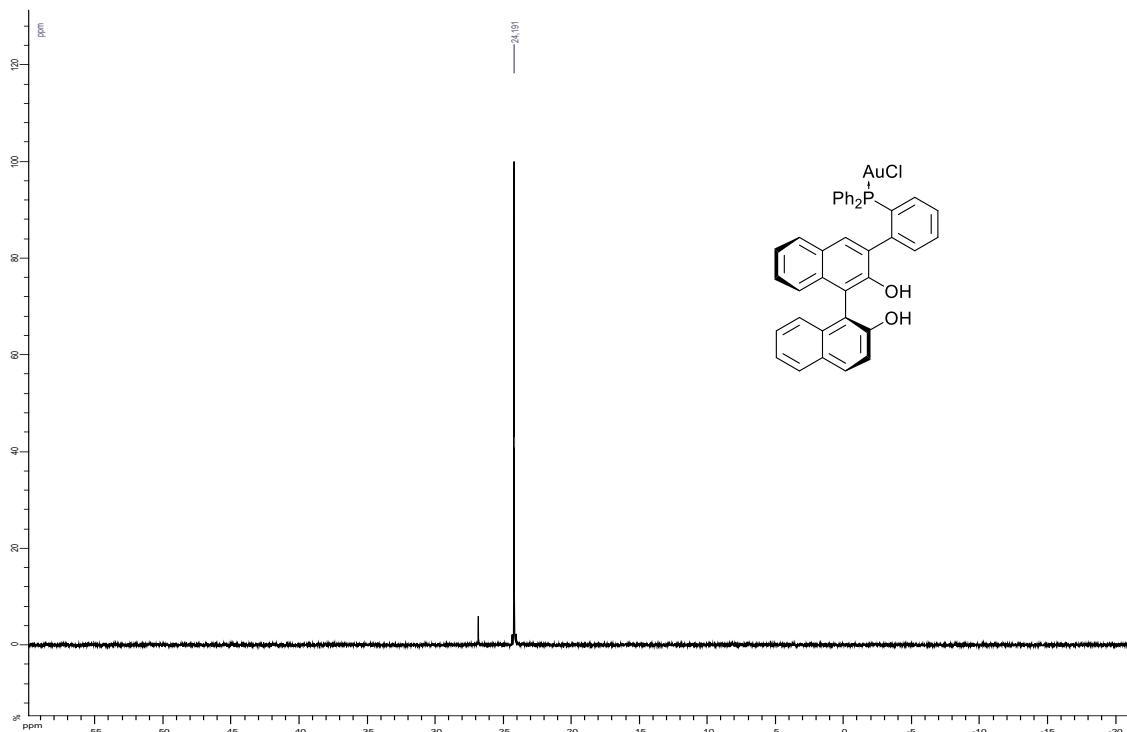
³¹P NMR (CDCl_3 , 120 MHz) spectrum of (*S*)-3-(2-(diphenylphosphanyl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol [(*S*)-3]



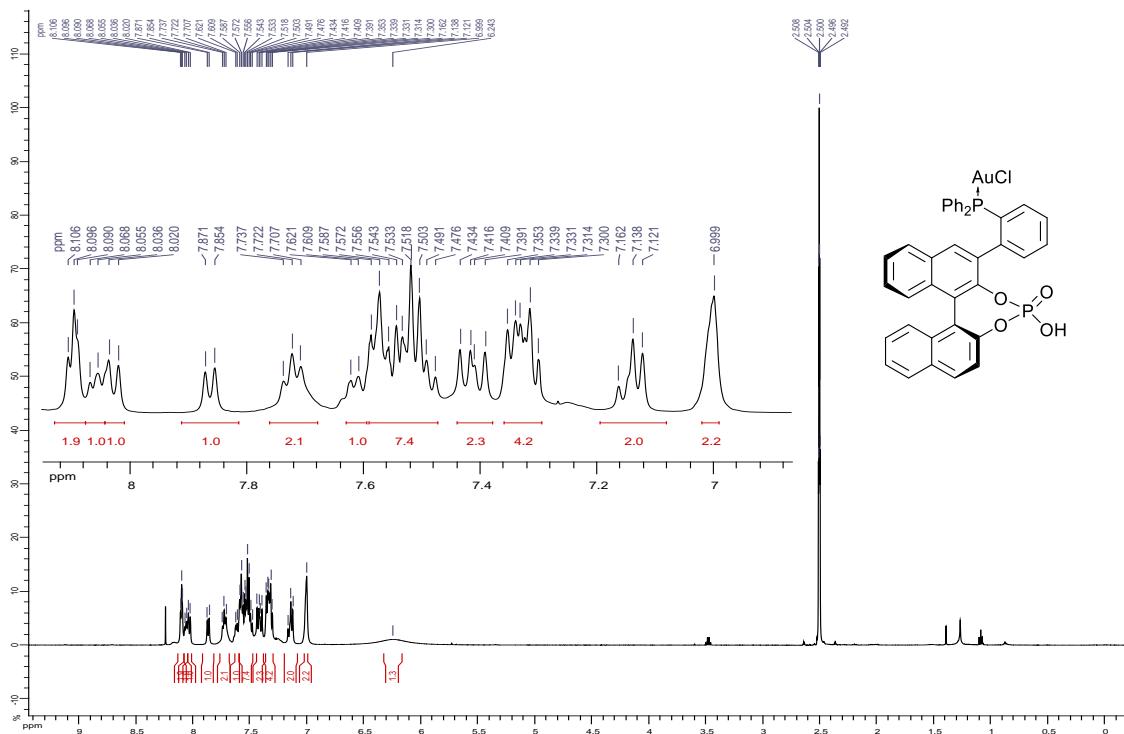
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-4]



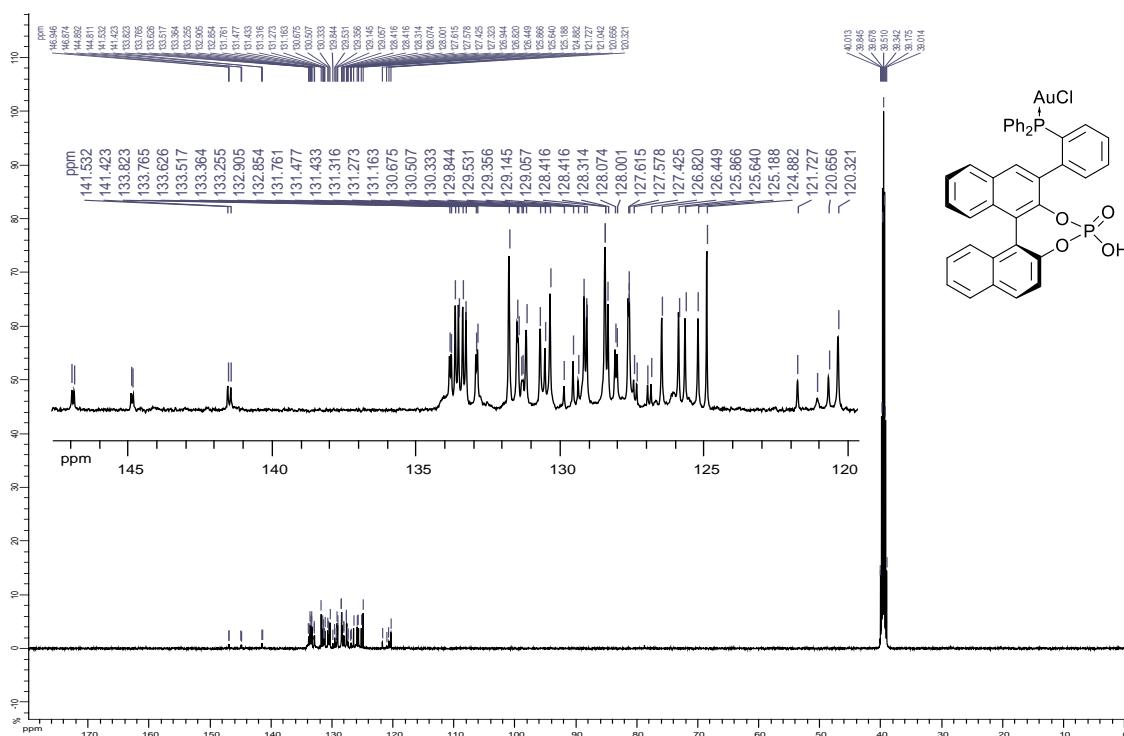
¹³C NMR(CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-4]



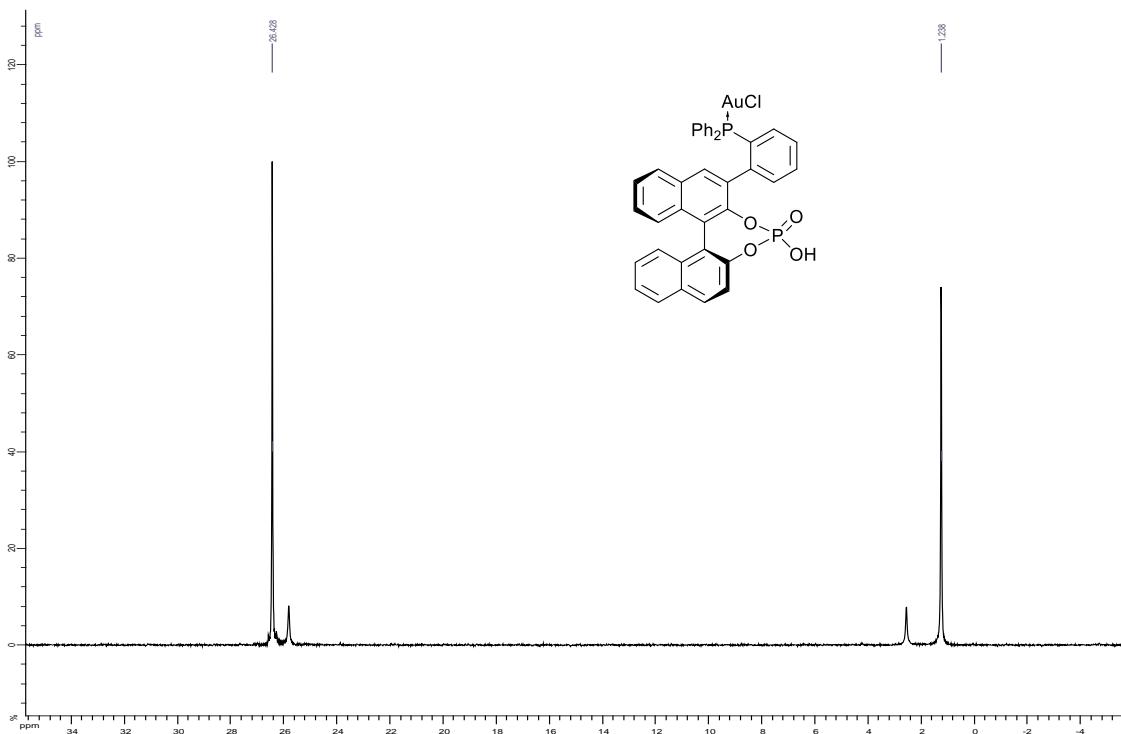
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-dihydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-4]



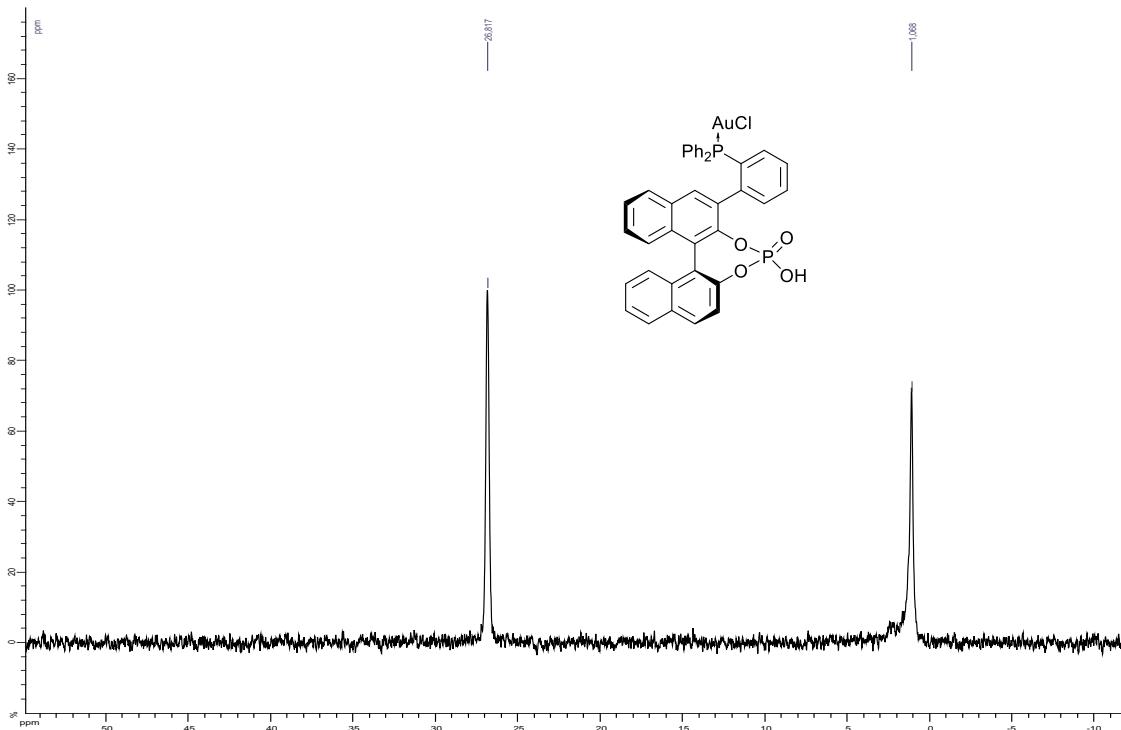
¹H NMR (DMSO, 343K, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



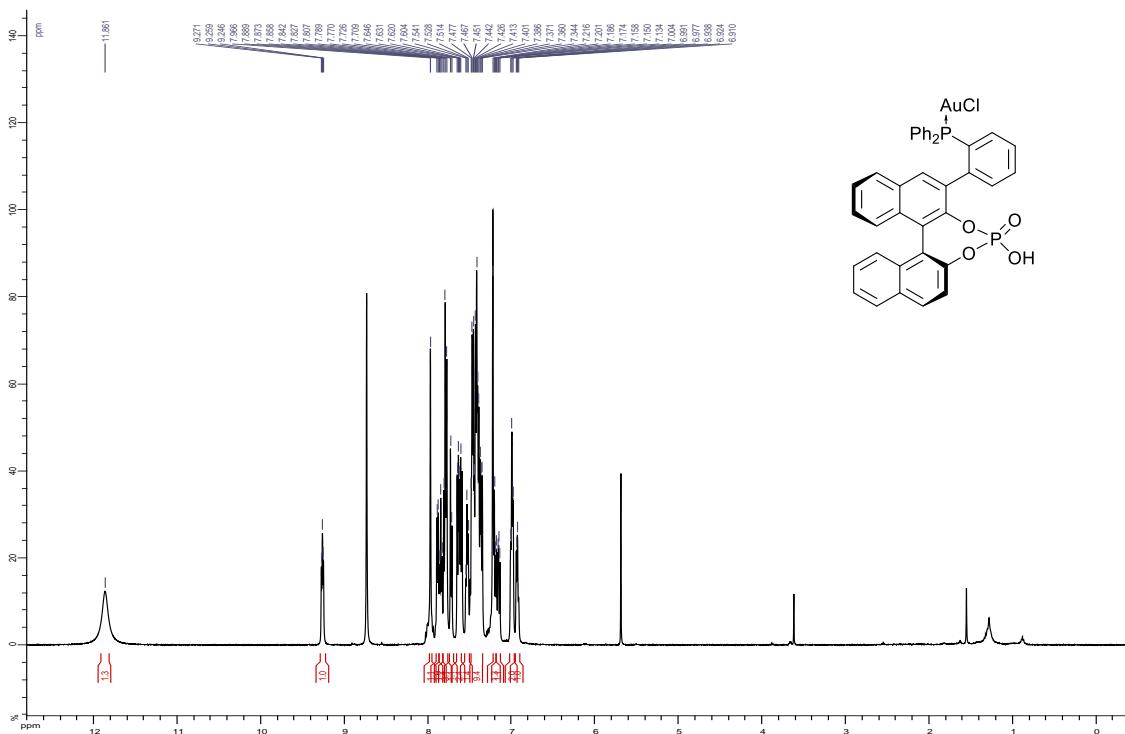
¹³C NMR (DMSO, 343K, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



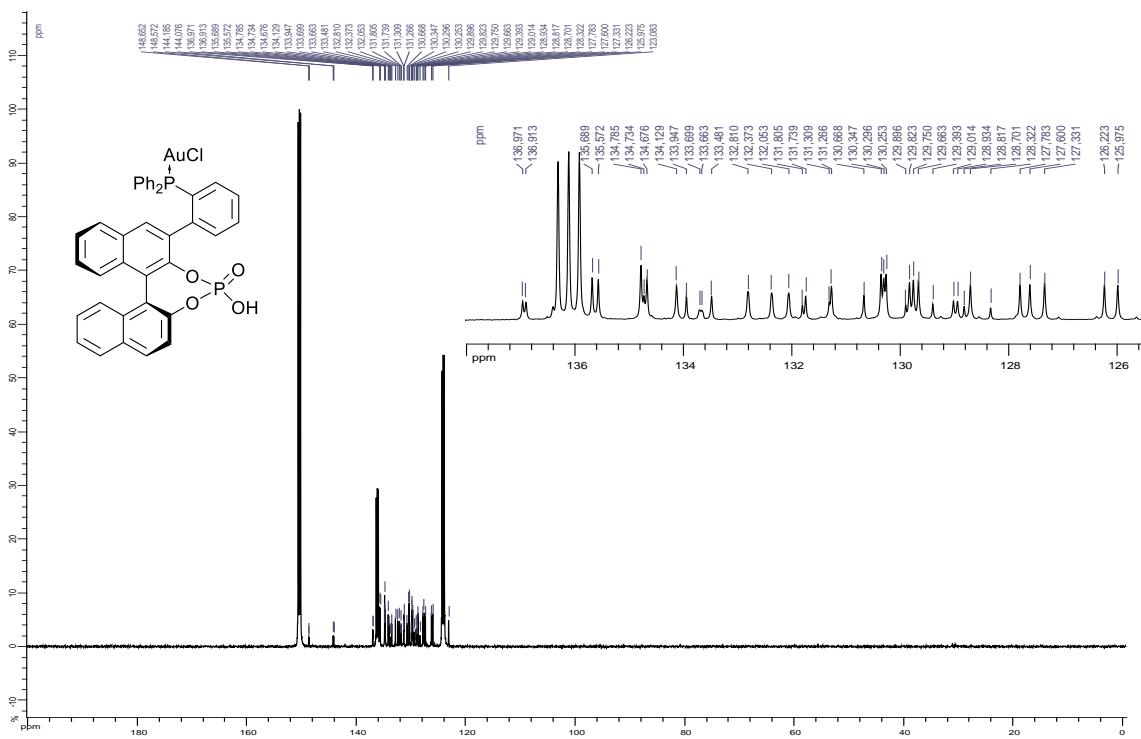
³¹P NMR (DMSO, 343K, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



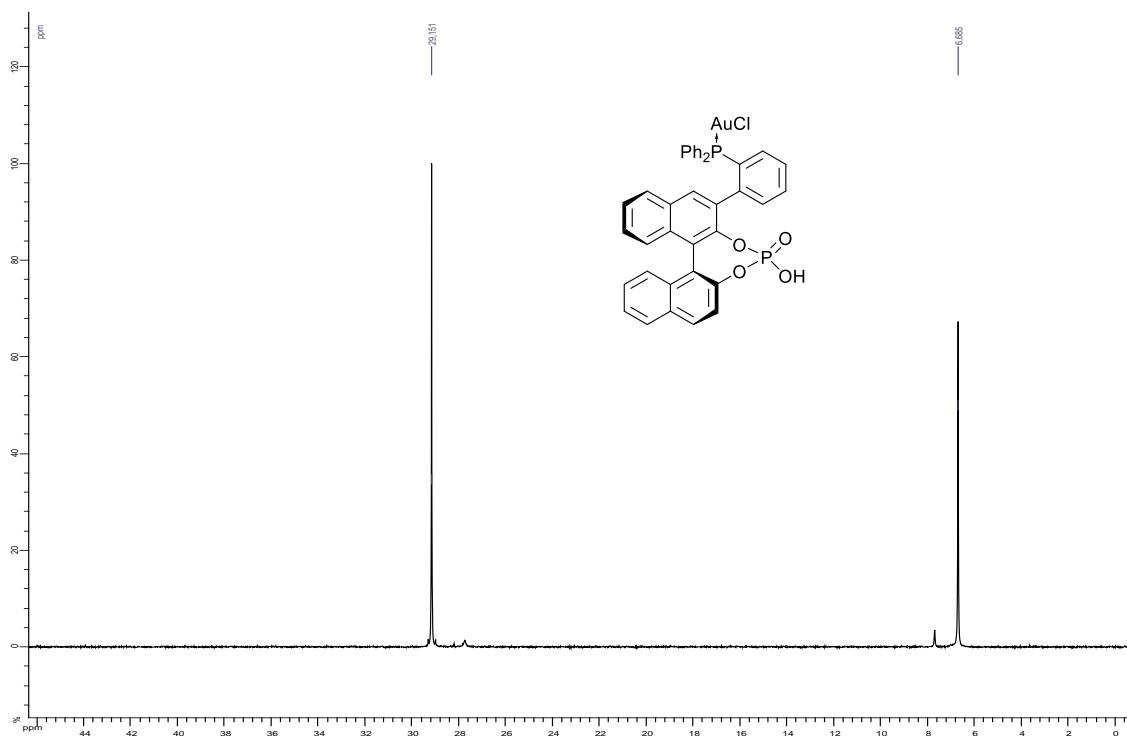
³¹P NMR (DMSO, 383K, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



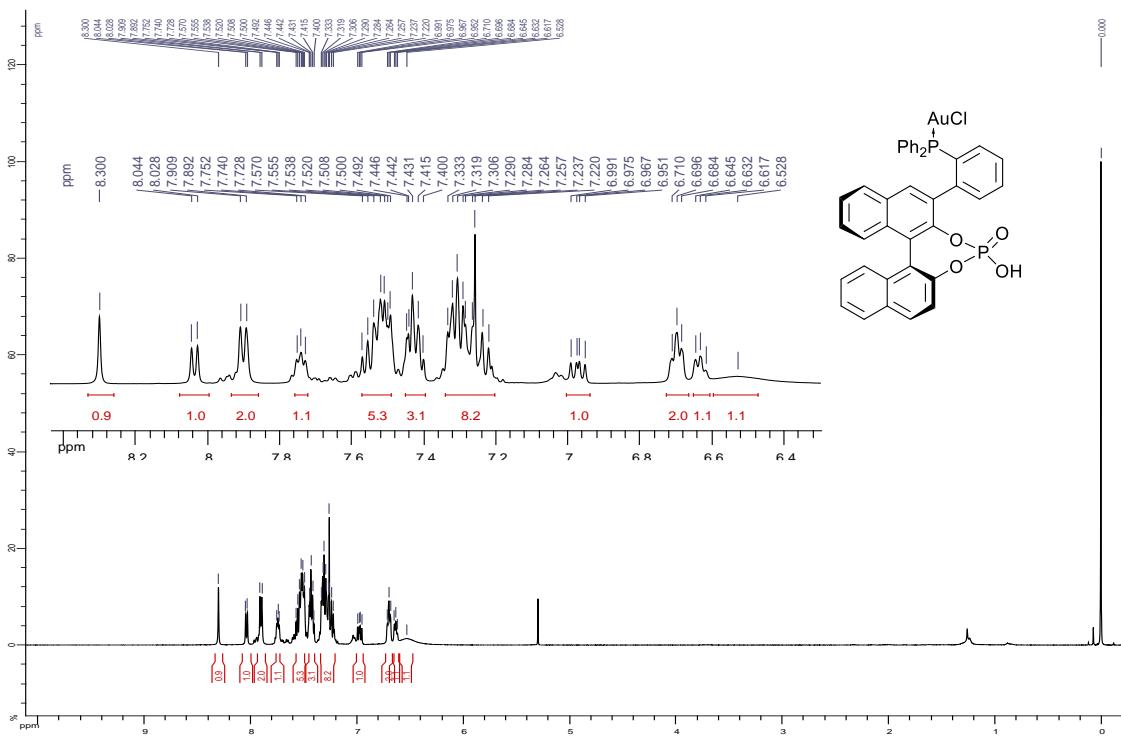
¹H NMR (Pyridine, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



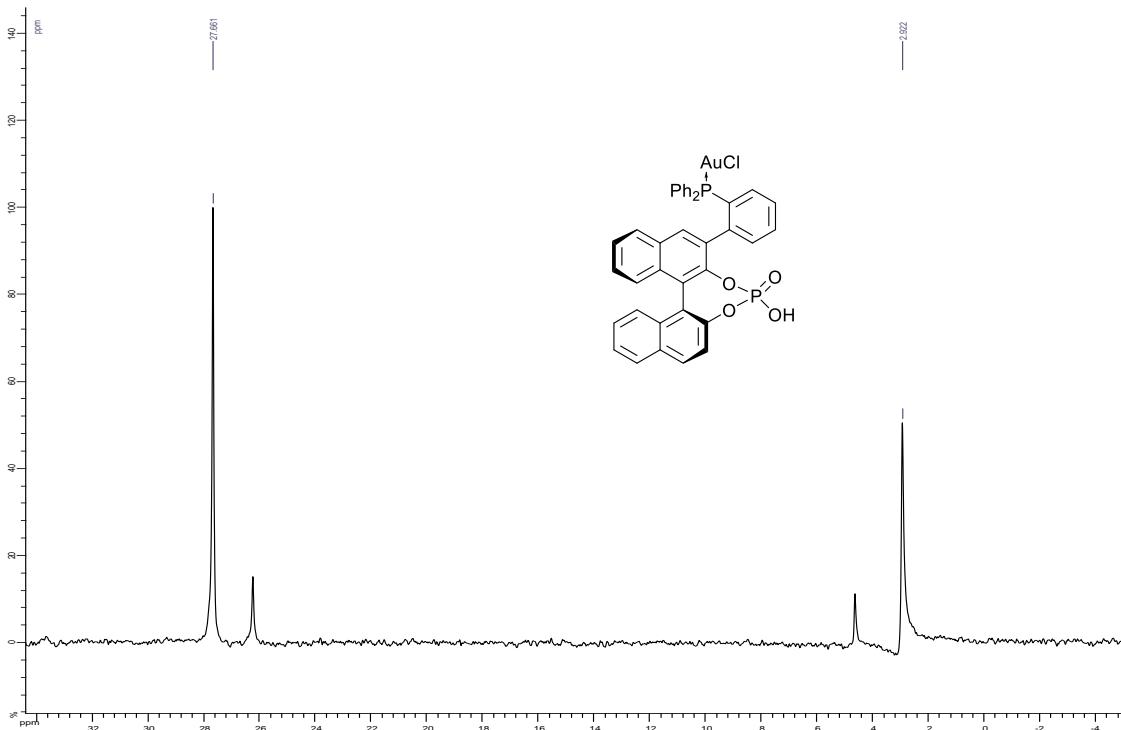
¹³C NMR (Pyridine, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



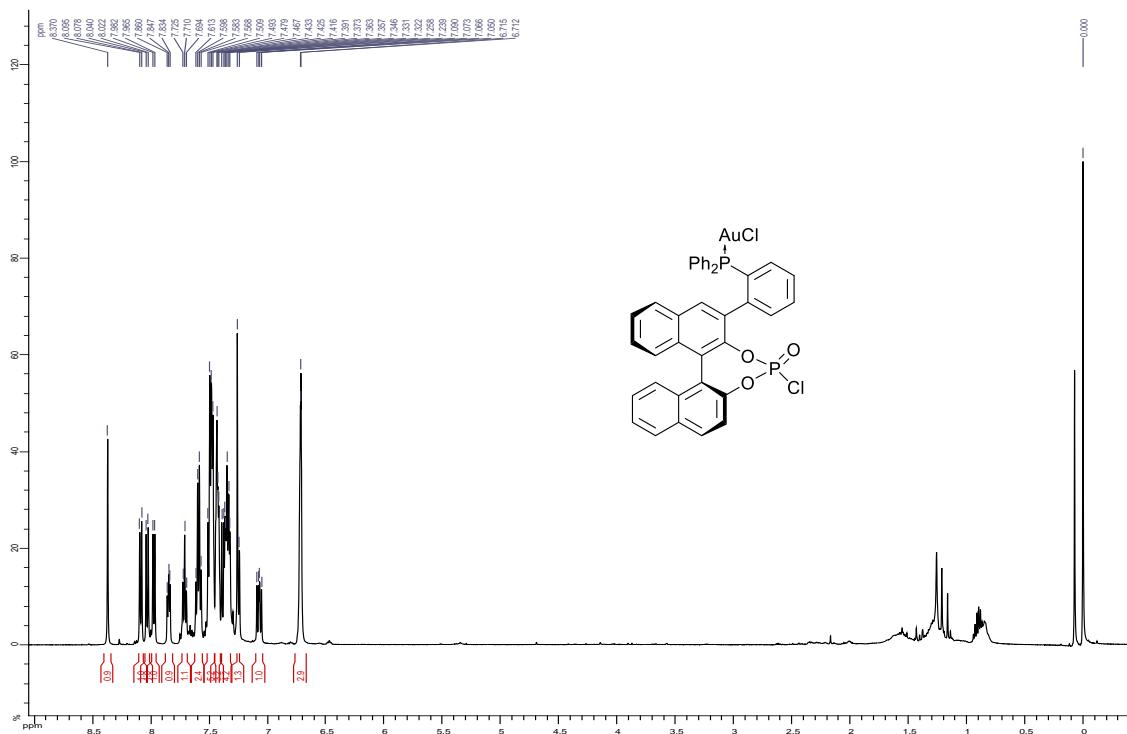
^{31}P NMR (Pyridine, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



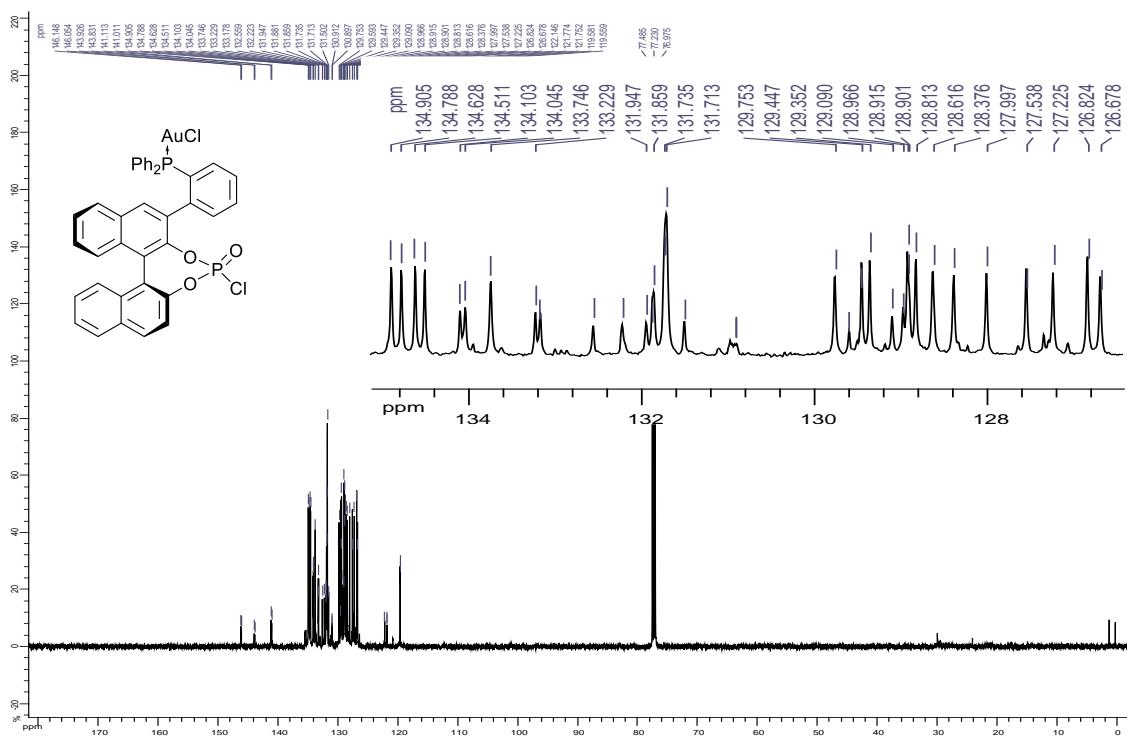
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



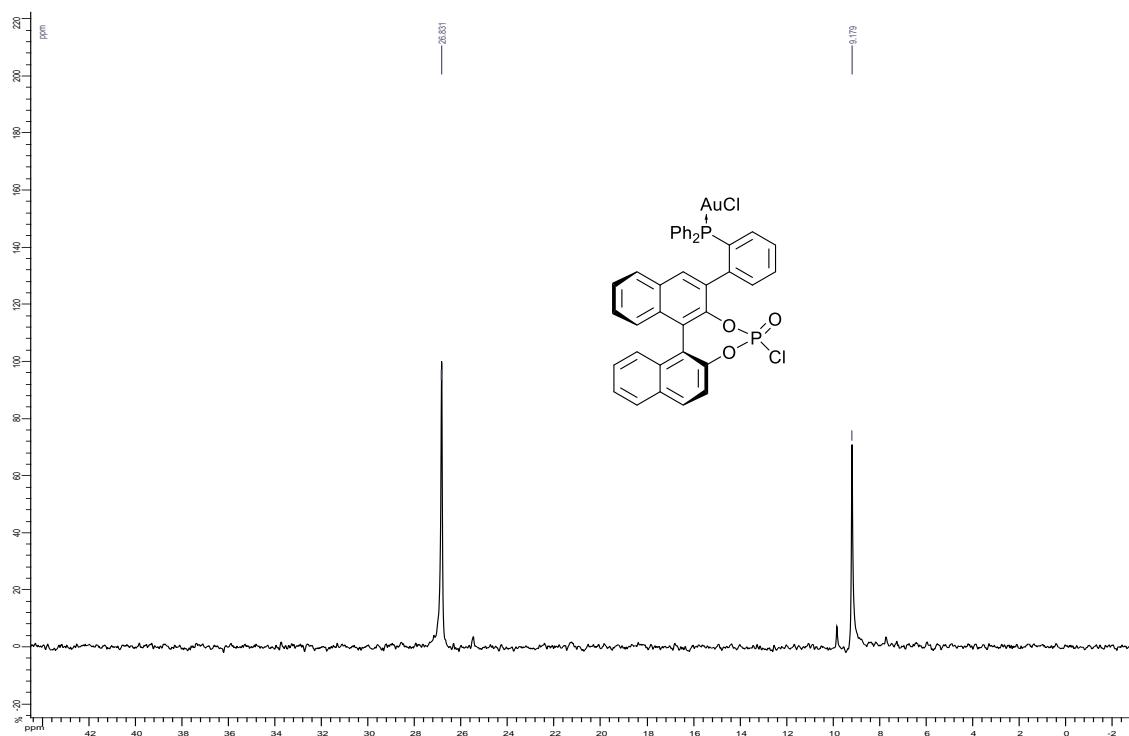
³¹P NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5]



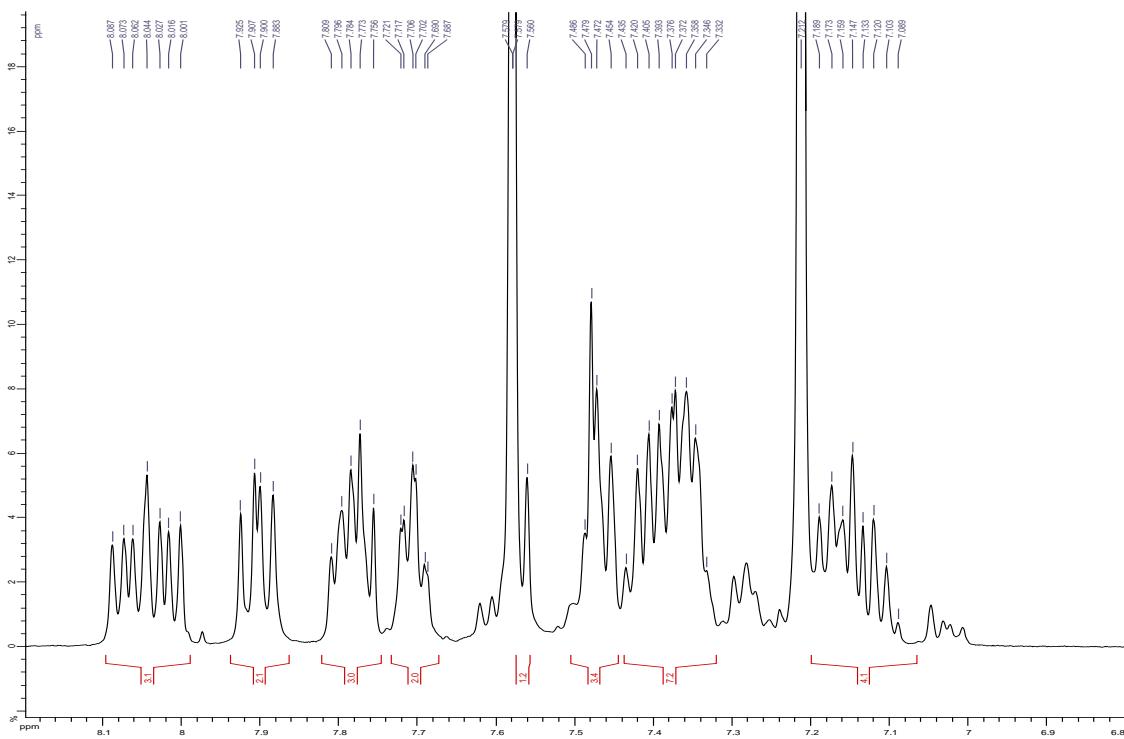
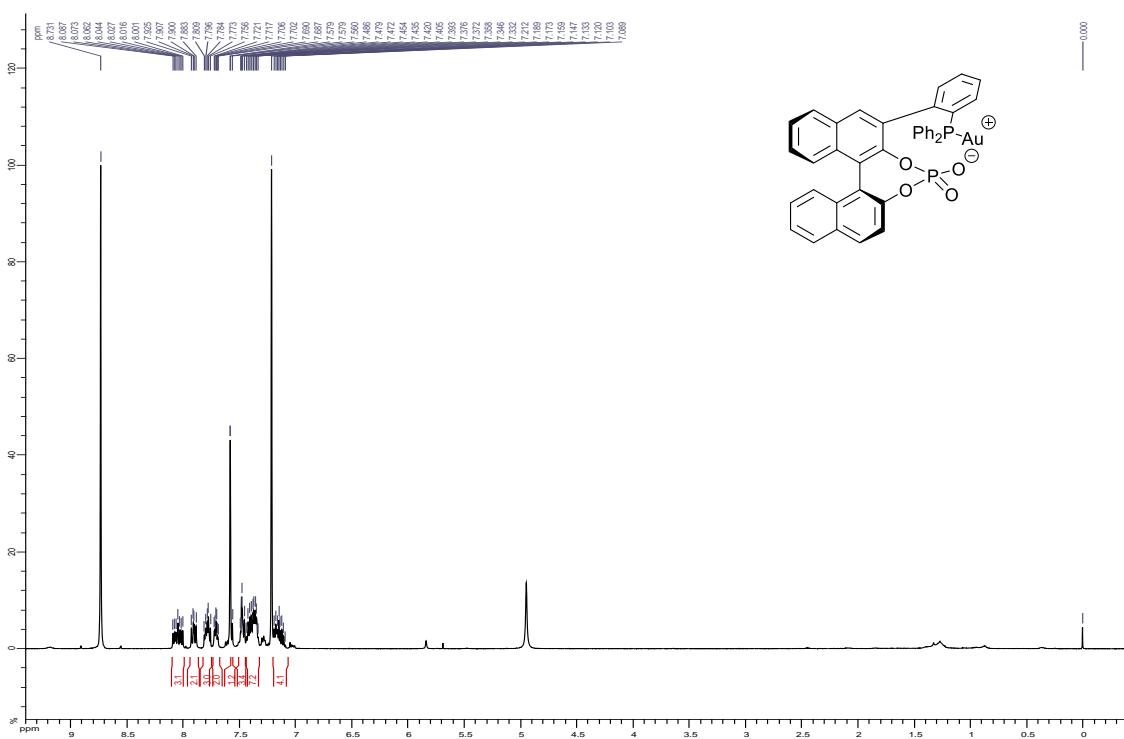
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diylchlorogenphosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [SI-1]



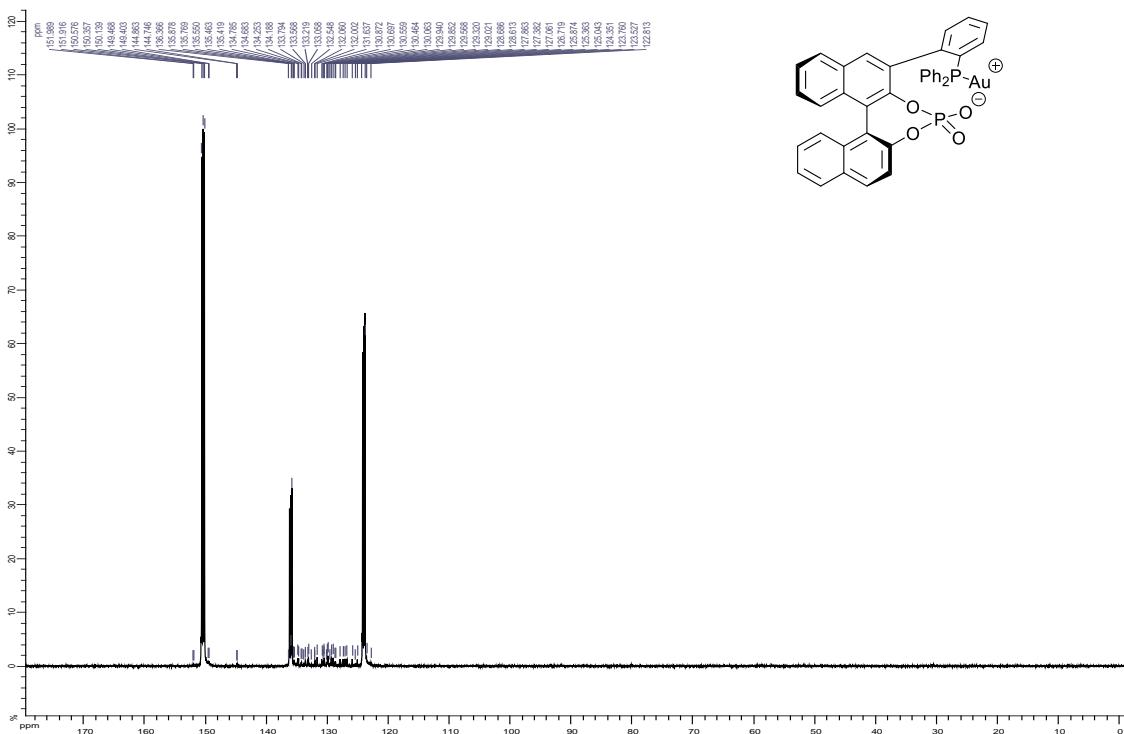
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diylchlorogenphosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [SI-1]



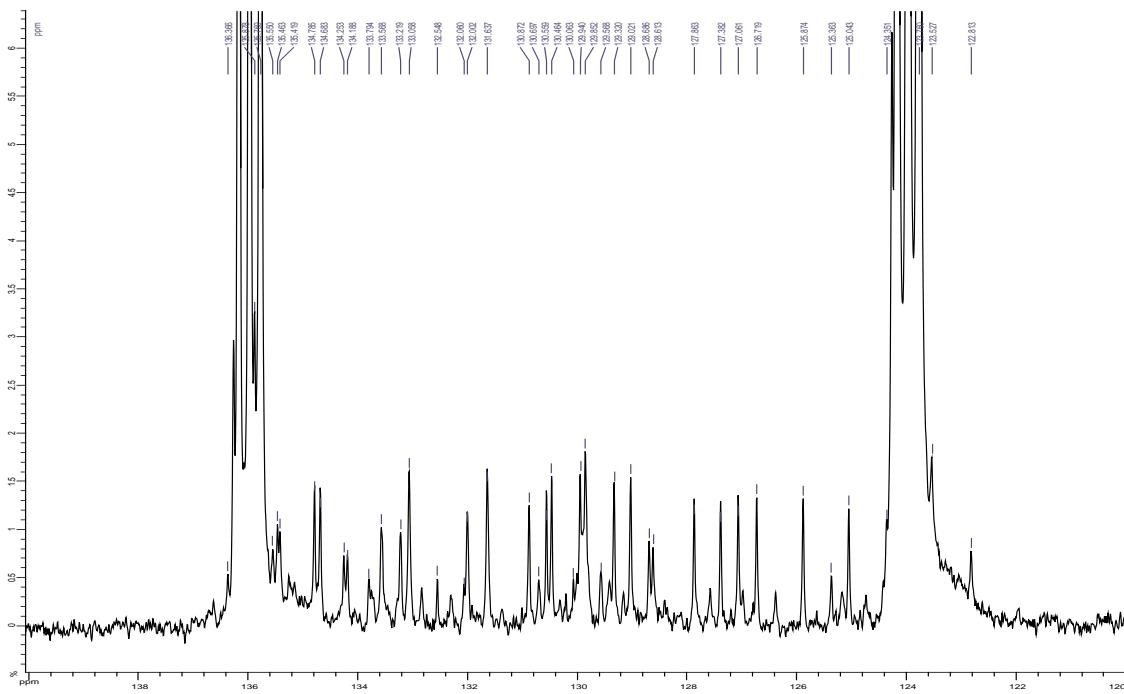
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diylchlorogenphosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) chloride [(S)-5b]



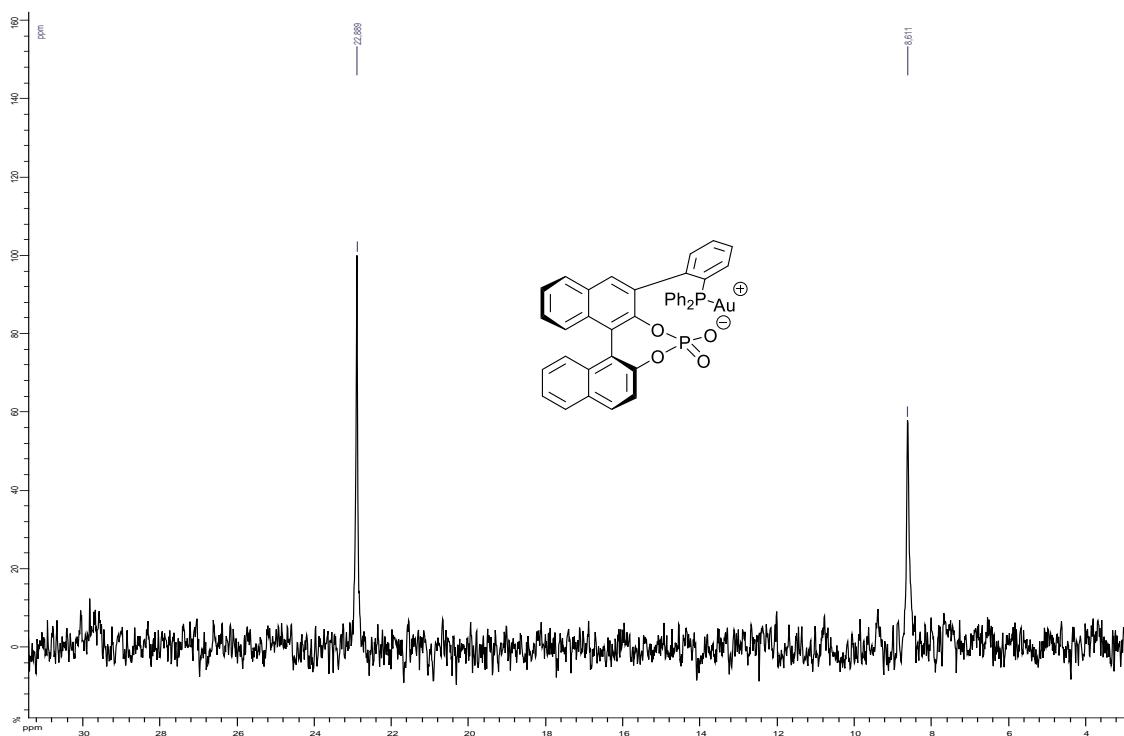
¹H NMR (Pyridine, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-6 (zoom 6.8-8.2 ppm)



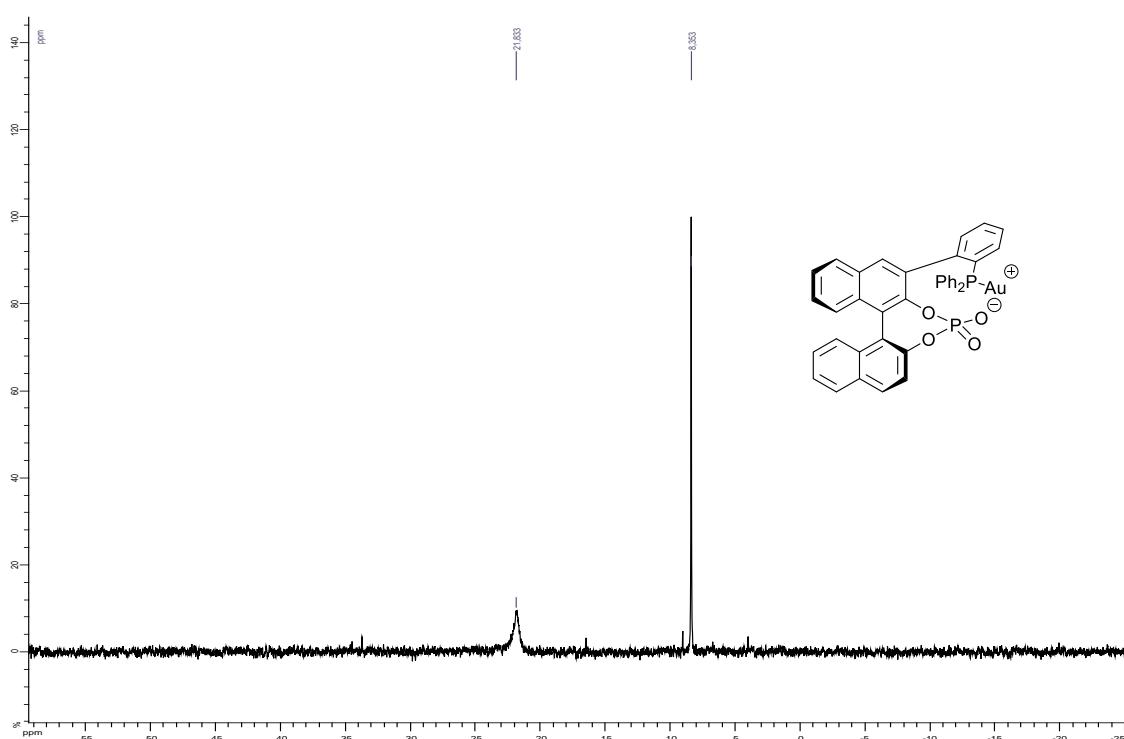
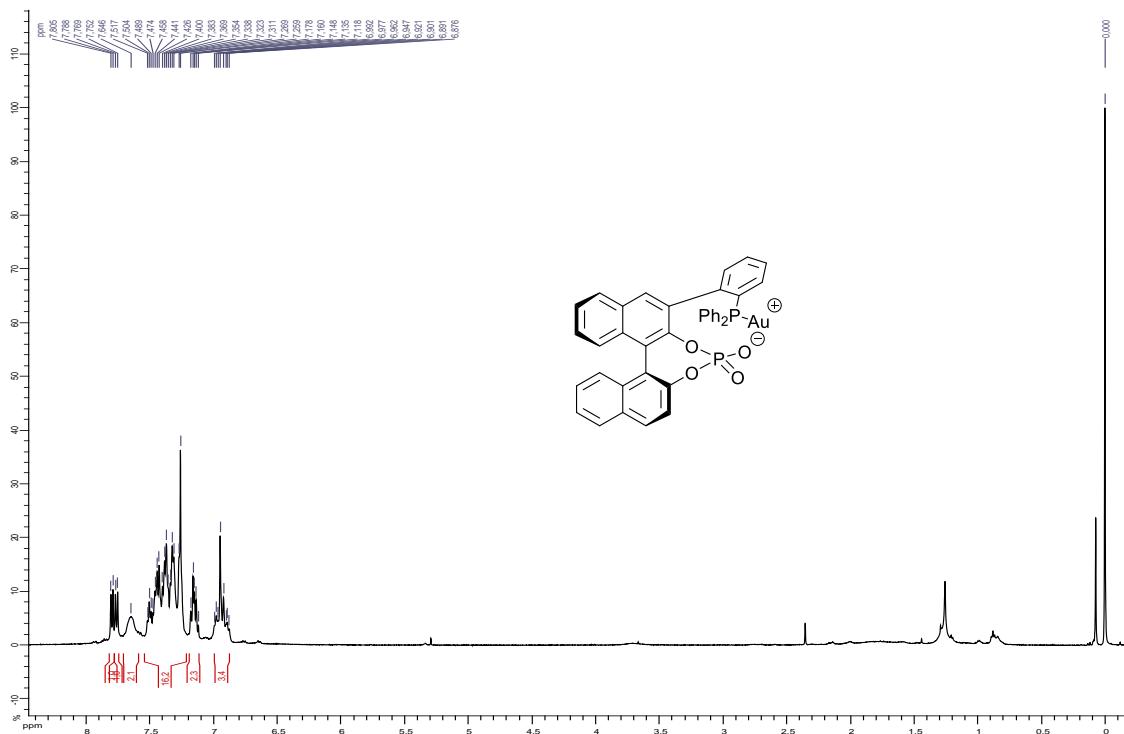
^{13}C NMR (Pyridine, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-6

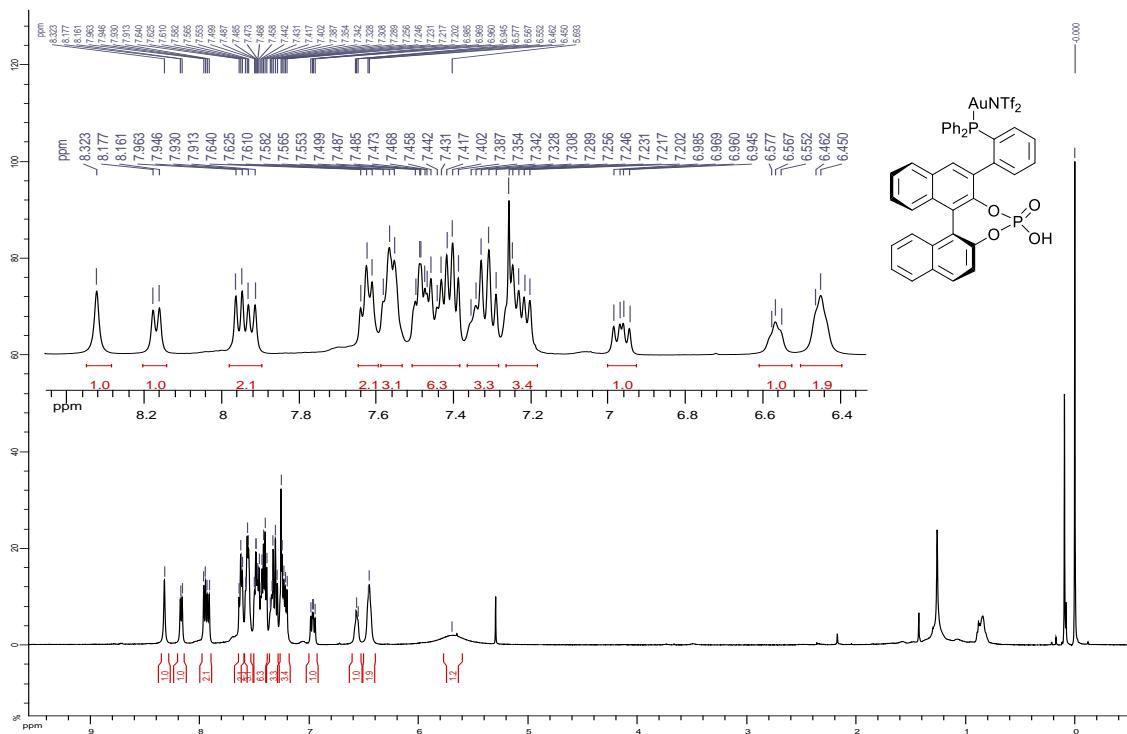


^{13}C NMR (Pyridine, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-6 (zoom 120-140 ppm)

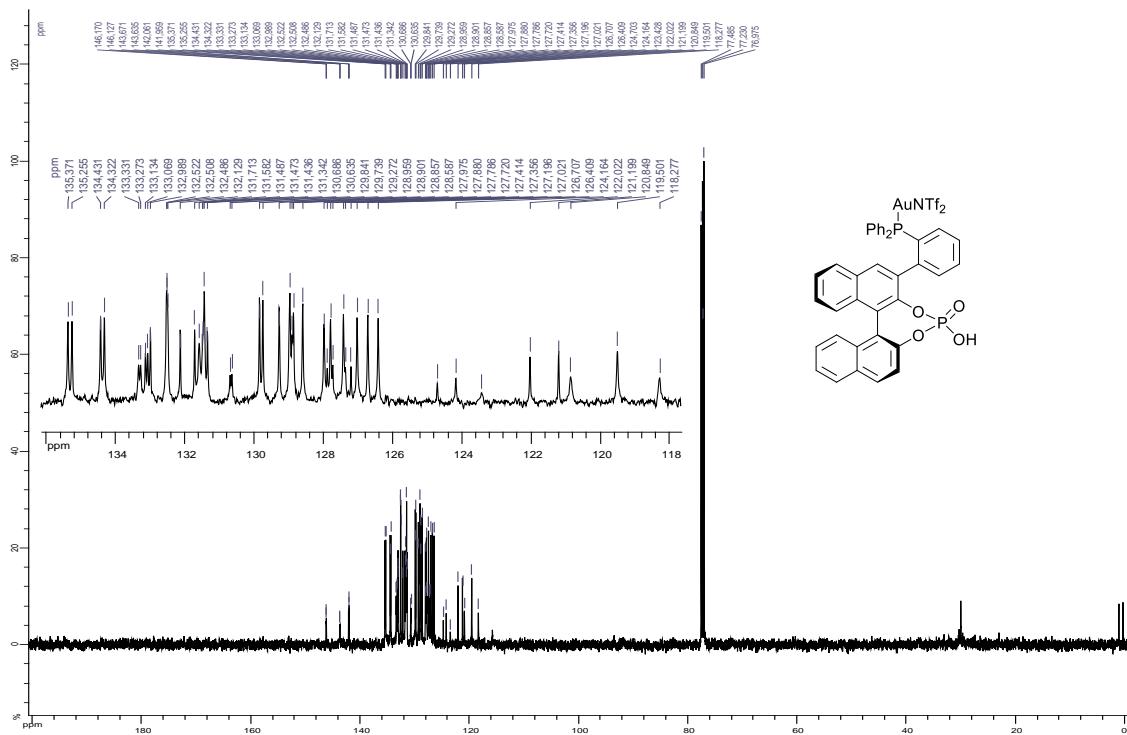


^{31}P NMR (Pyridine, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-6

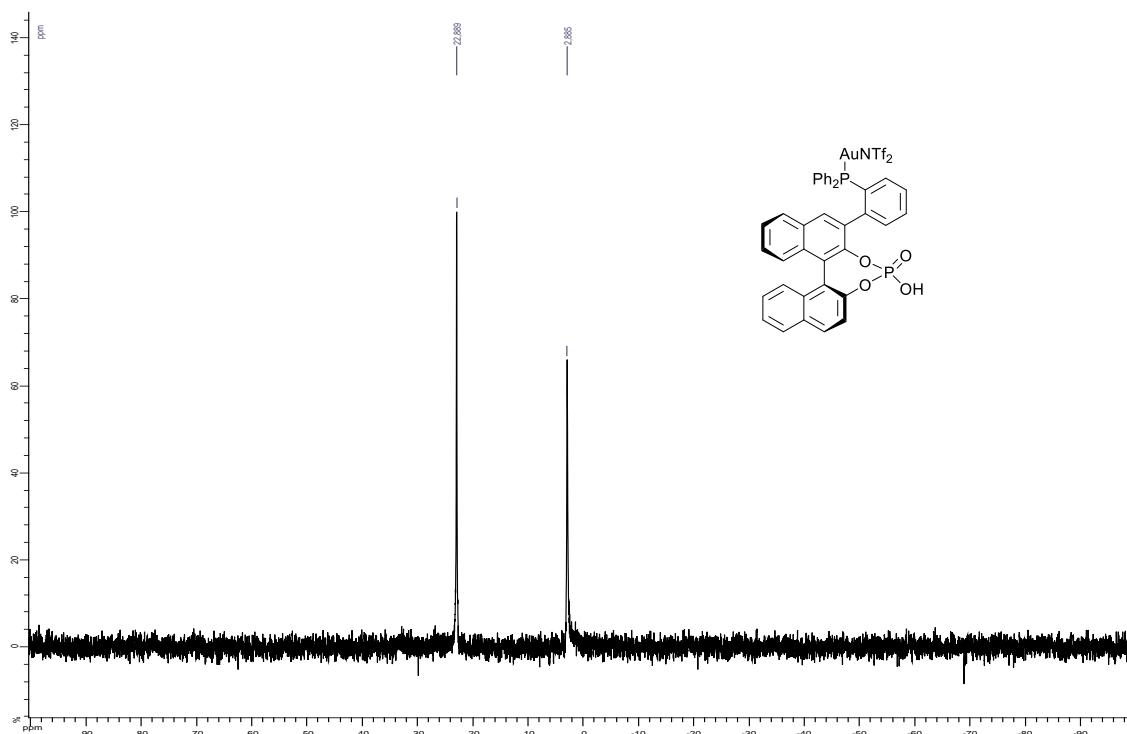




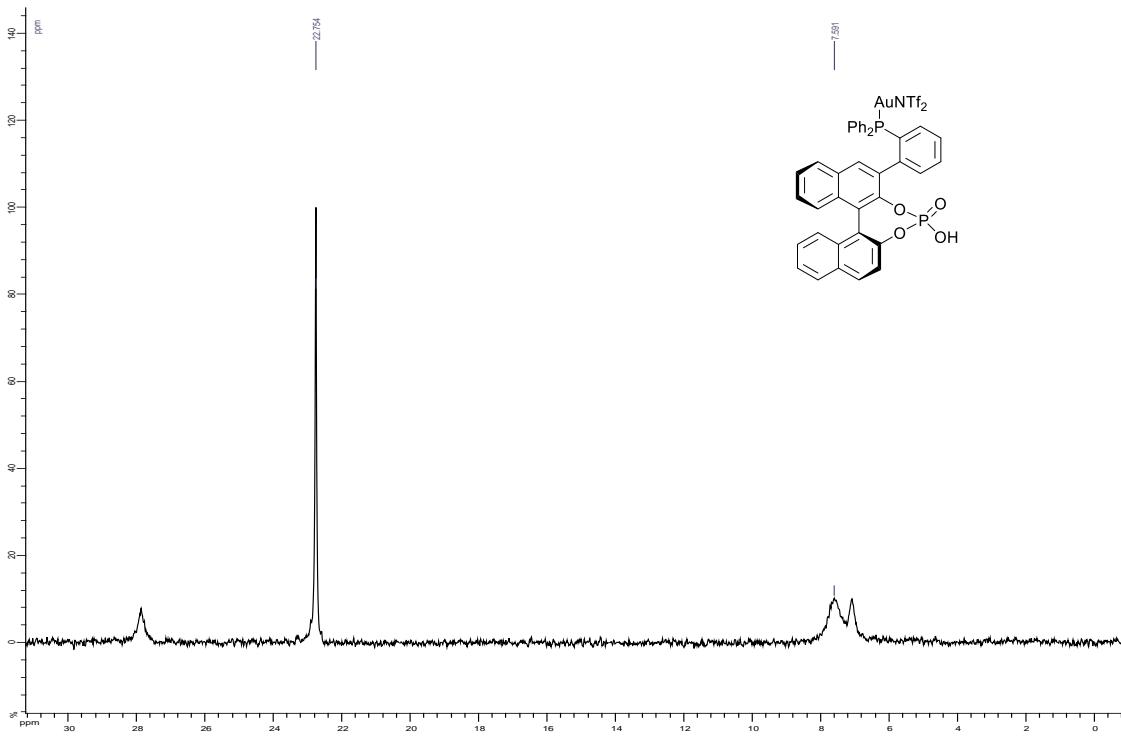
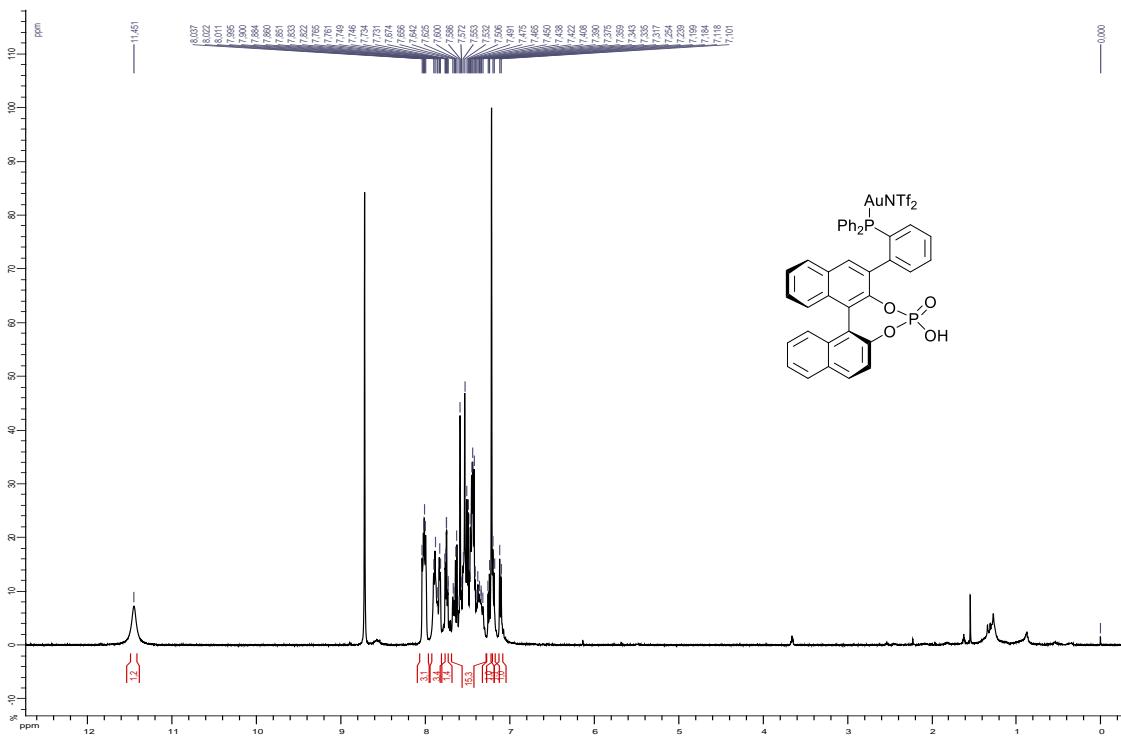
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide [(S)-7a]



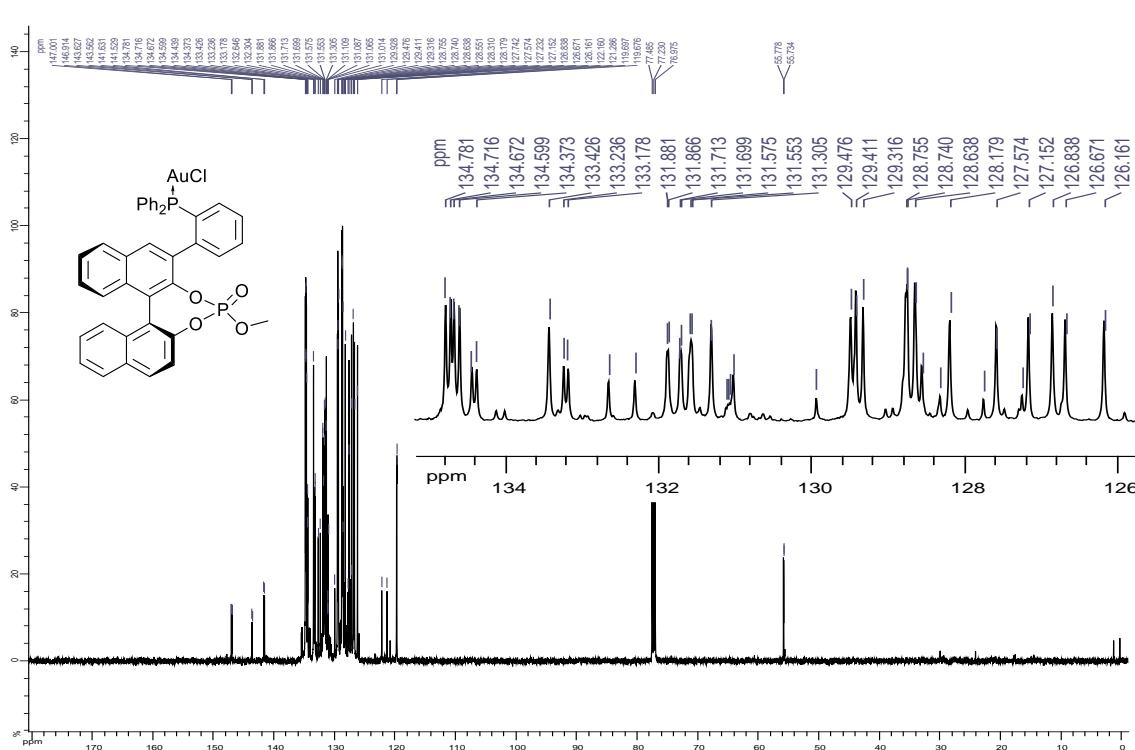
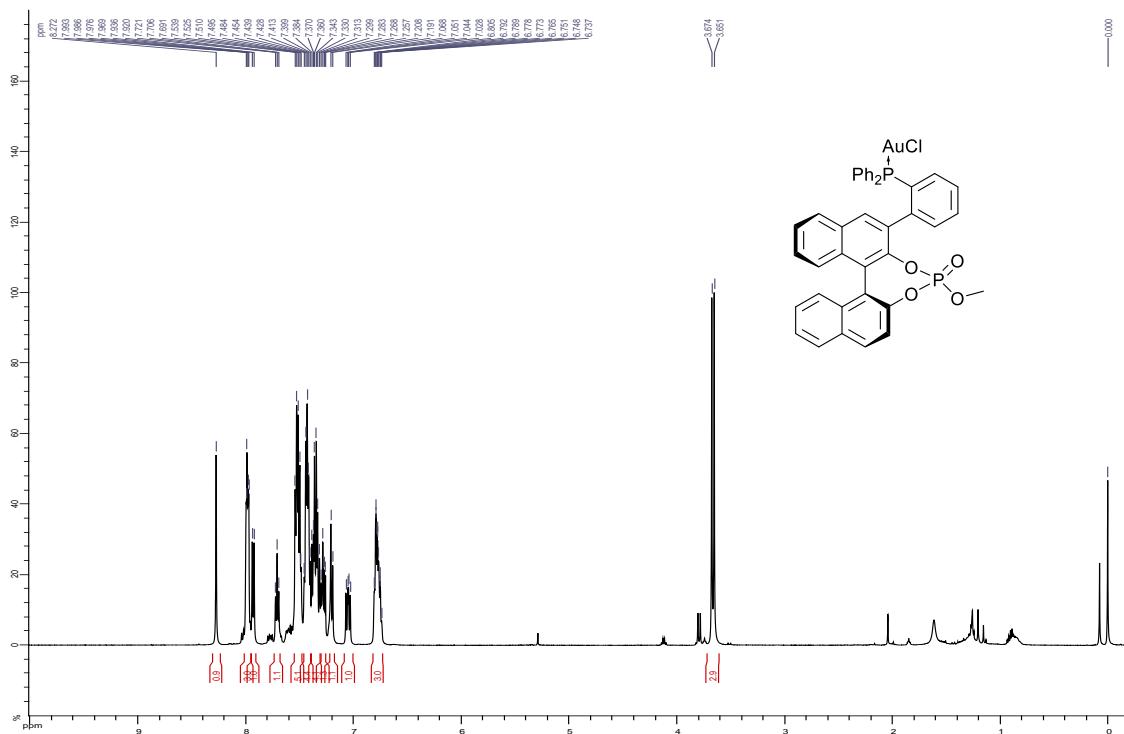
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl)diphenylphosphine gold(I) bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide [(S)-7a]

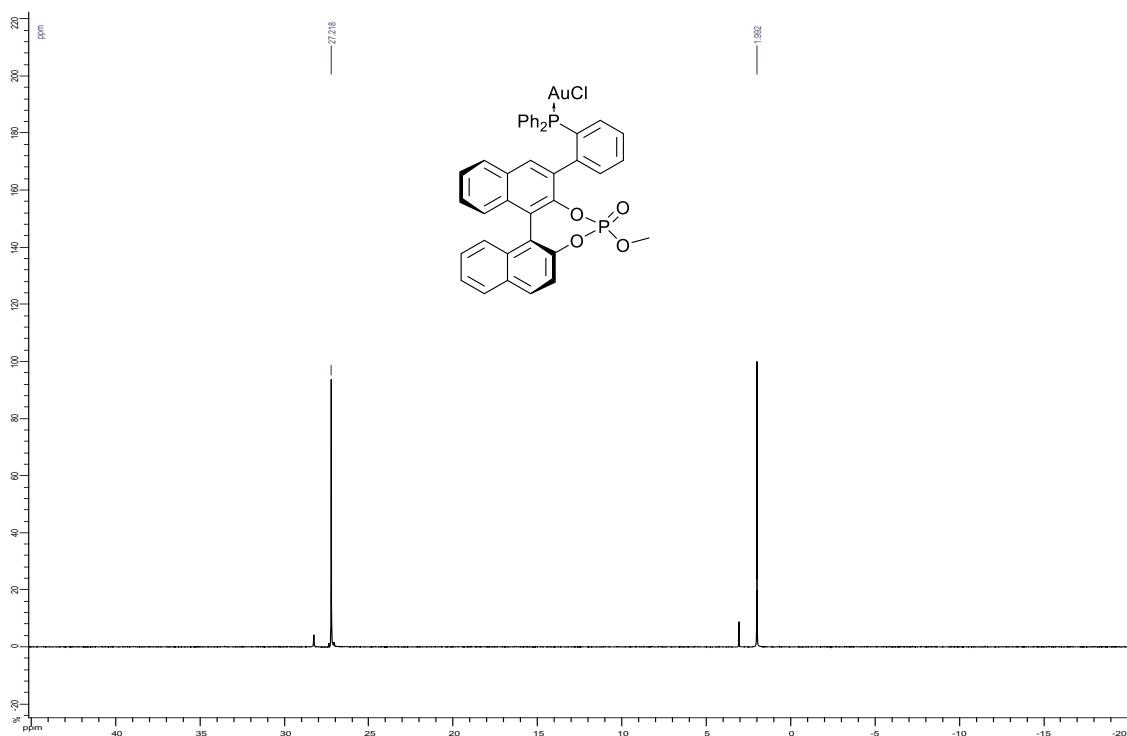


^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl) diphenylphosphine gold(I) bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide [(S)-7a]

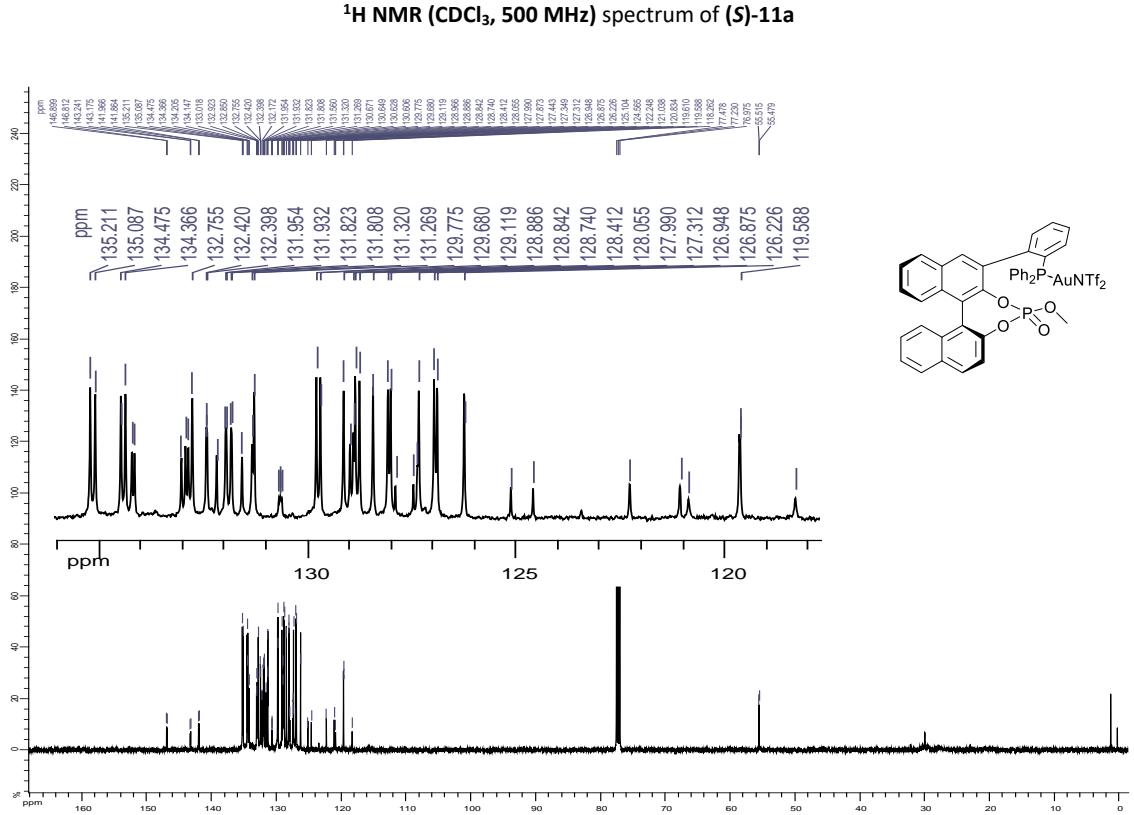
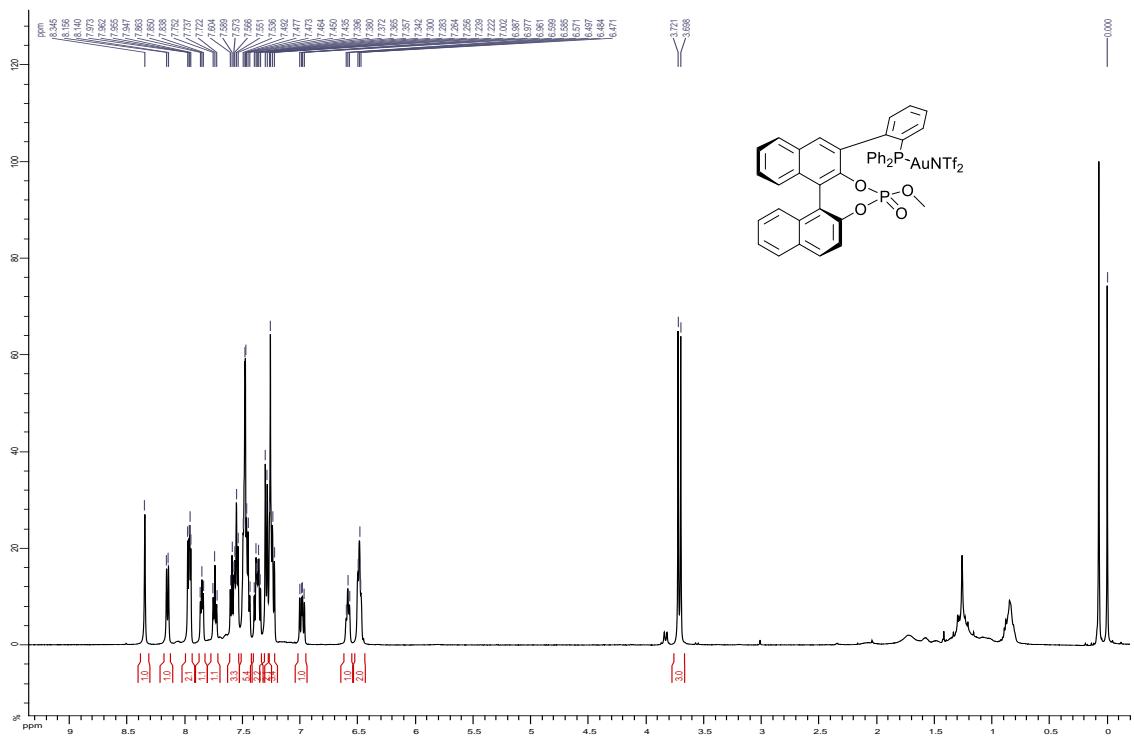


³¹P NMR (Pyridine, 200 MHz) spectrum of (S)-(2-(2,2'-diyl hydrogen phosphate-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-3-yl)phenyl diphenylphosphine gold(I) bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide [(S)-7a]

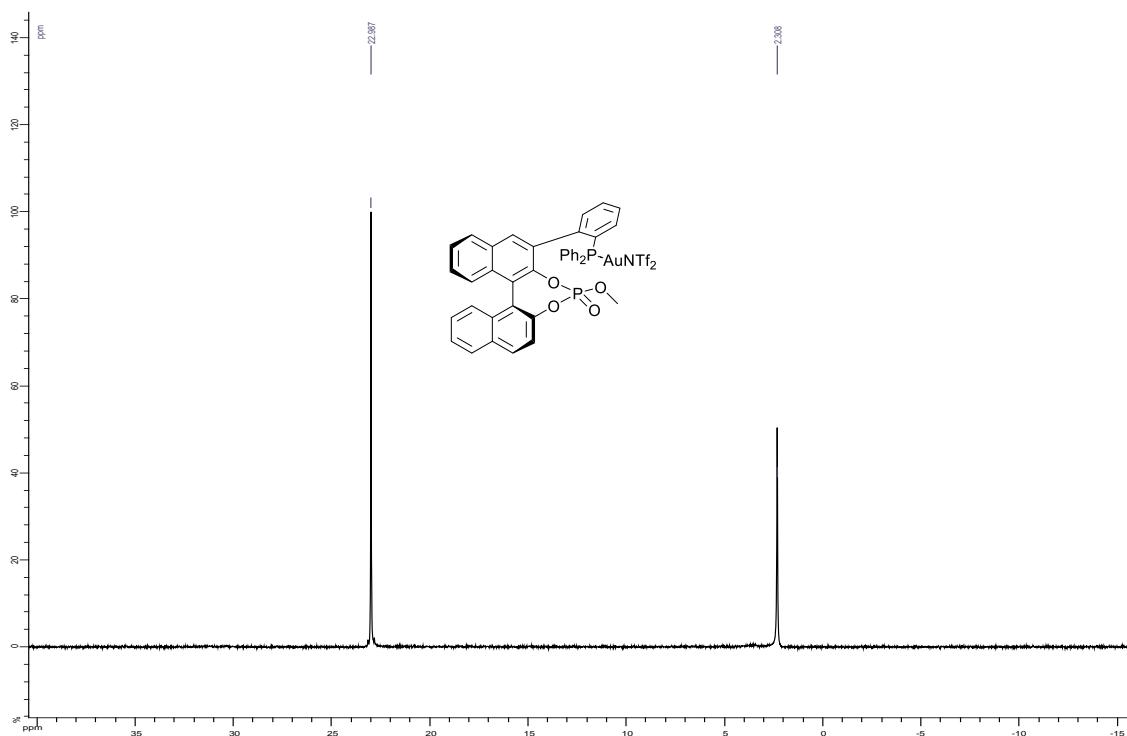




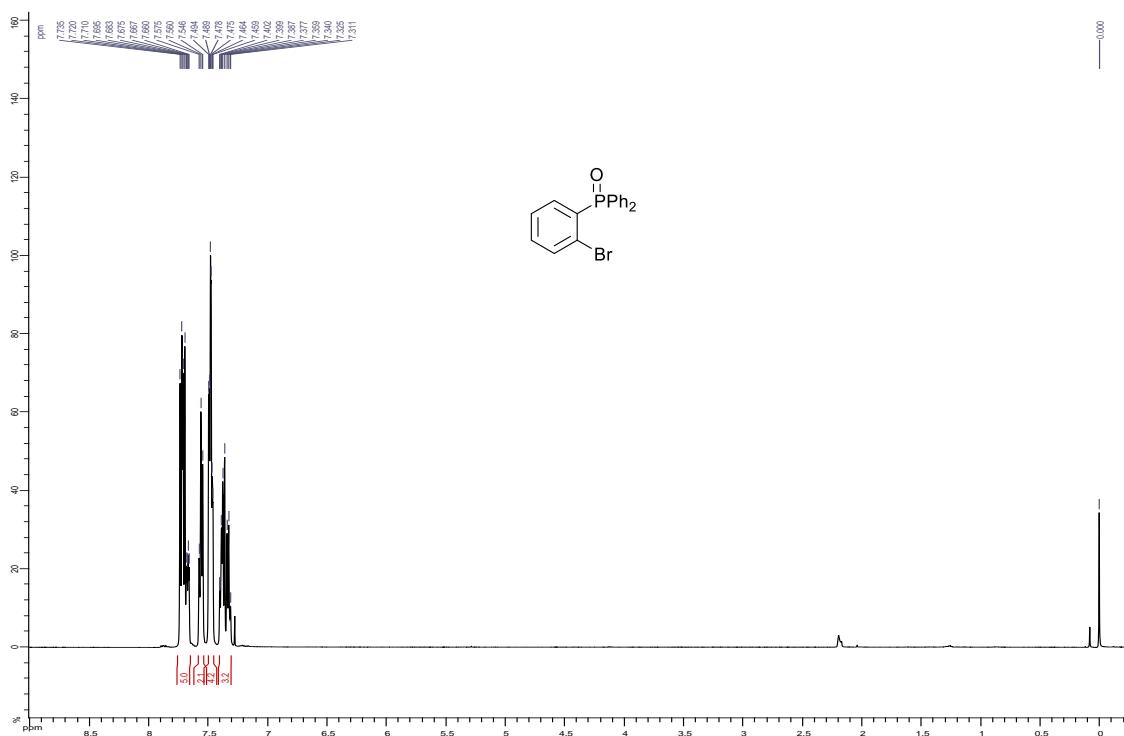
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of **SI-2**



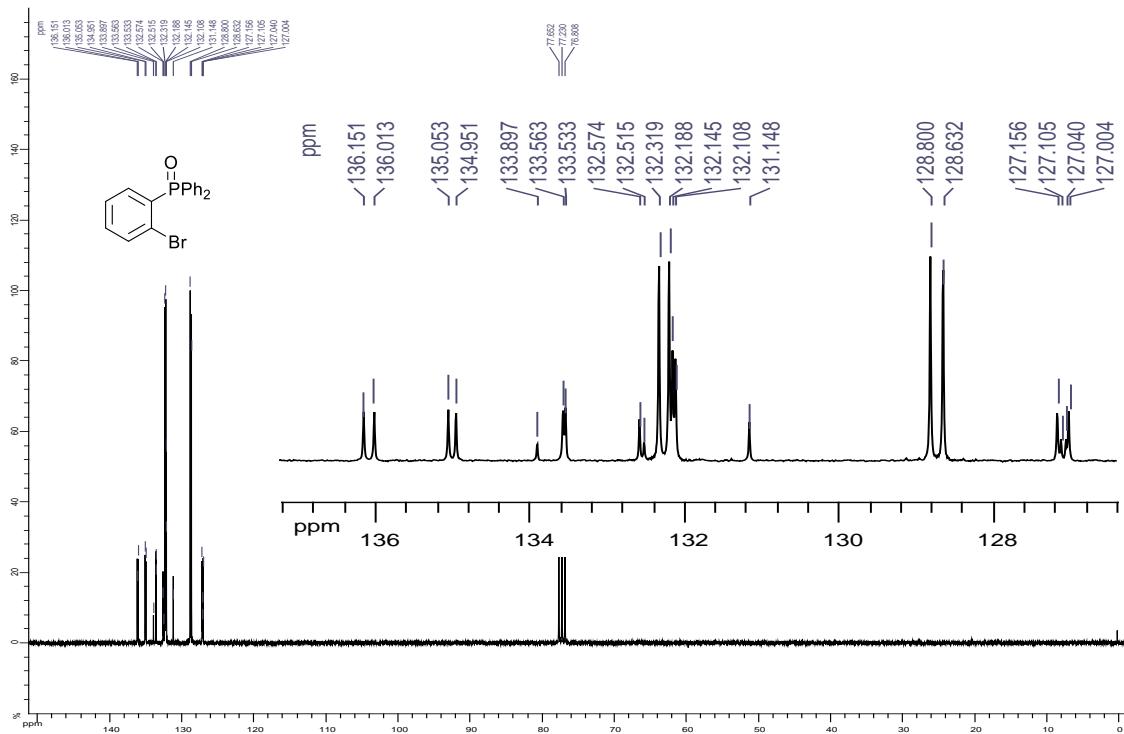
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-11a



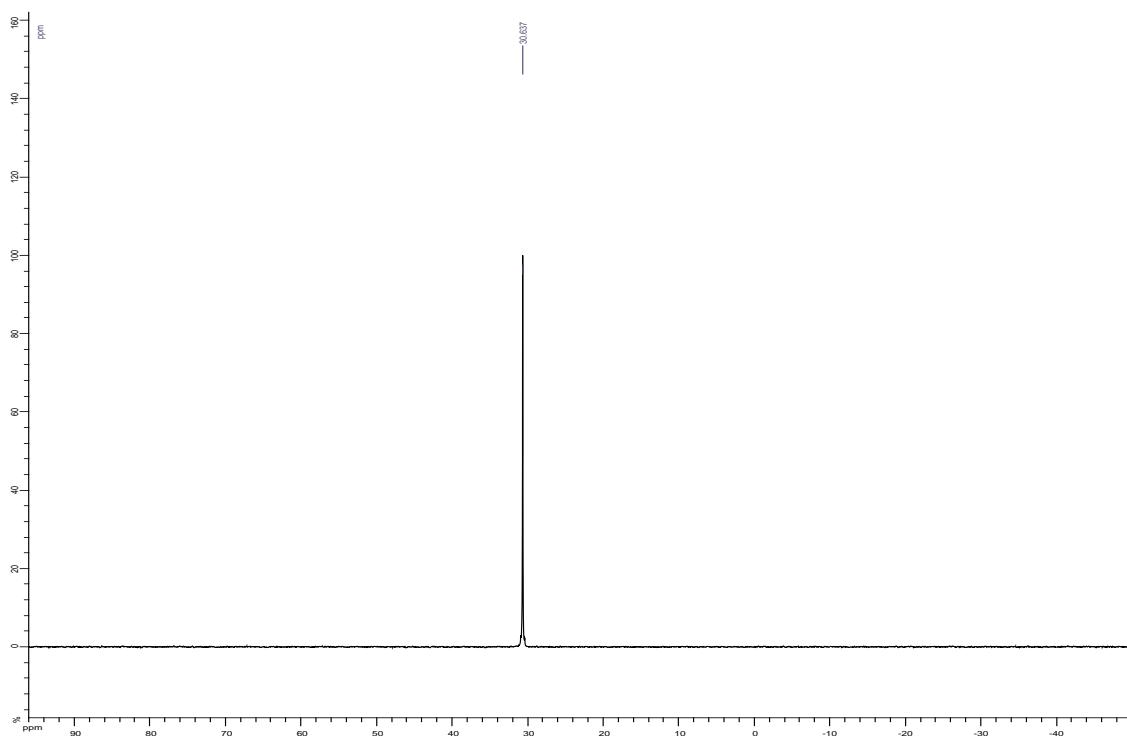
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (S) -11a



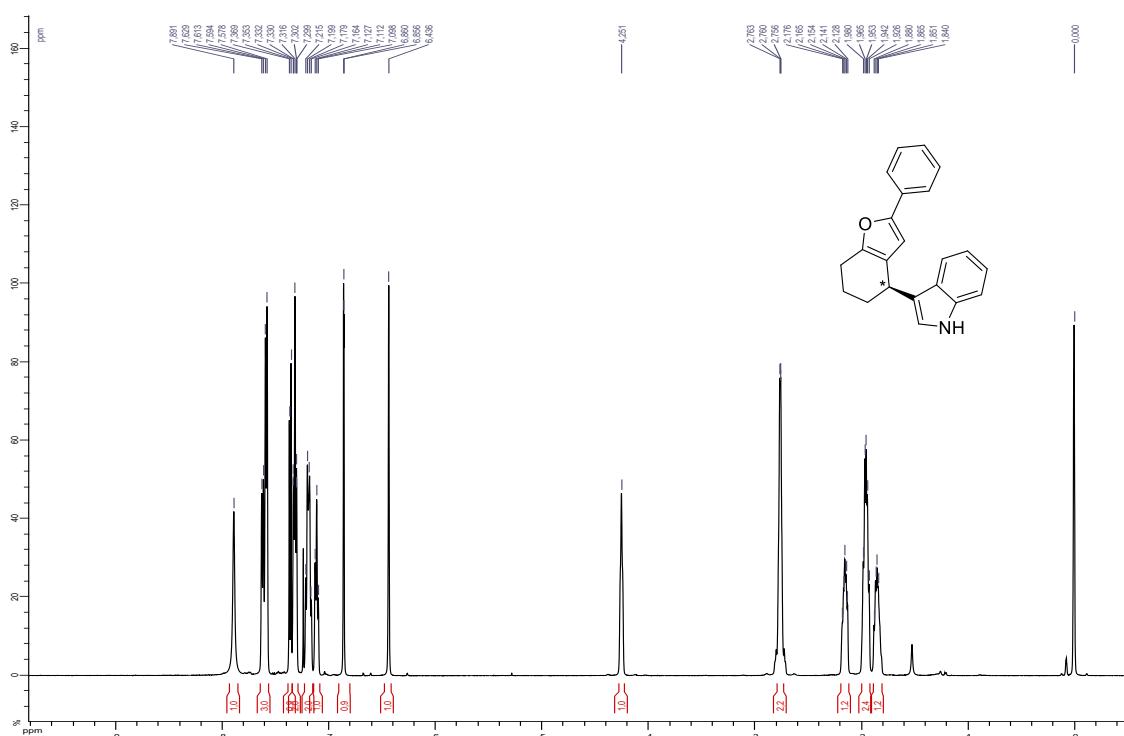
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (2-bromophenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide



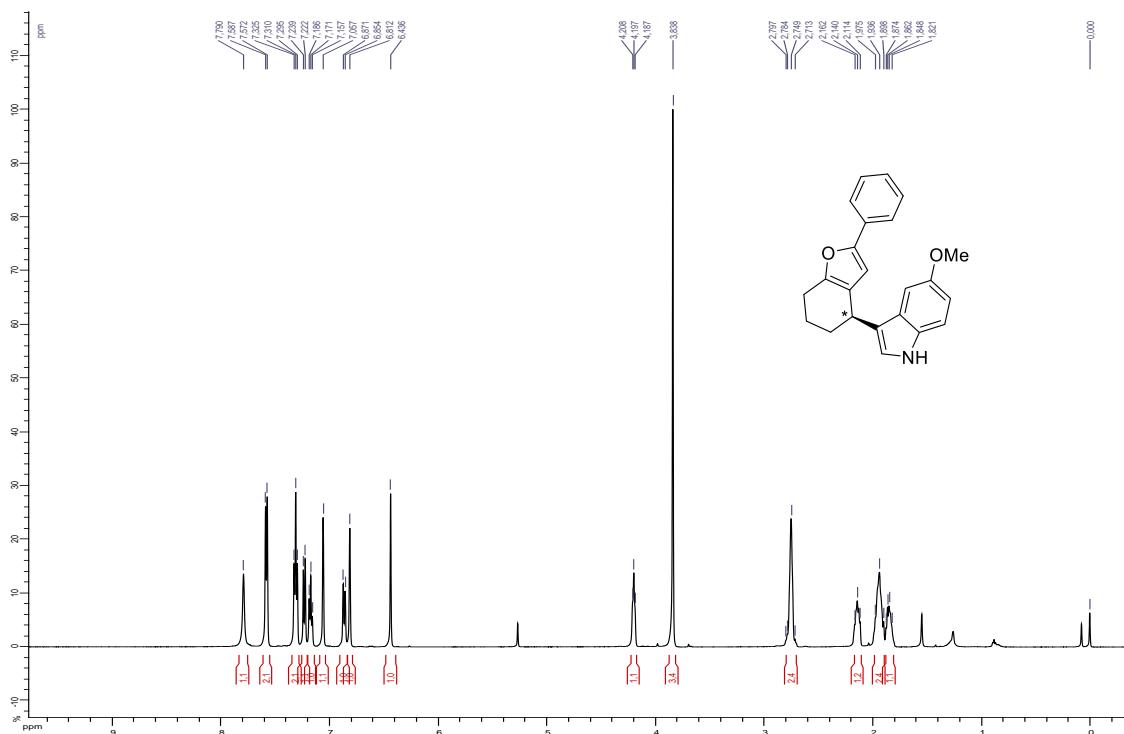
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) spectrum of (2-bromophenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide



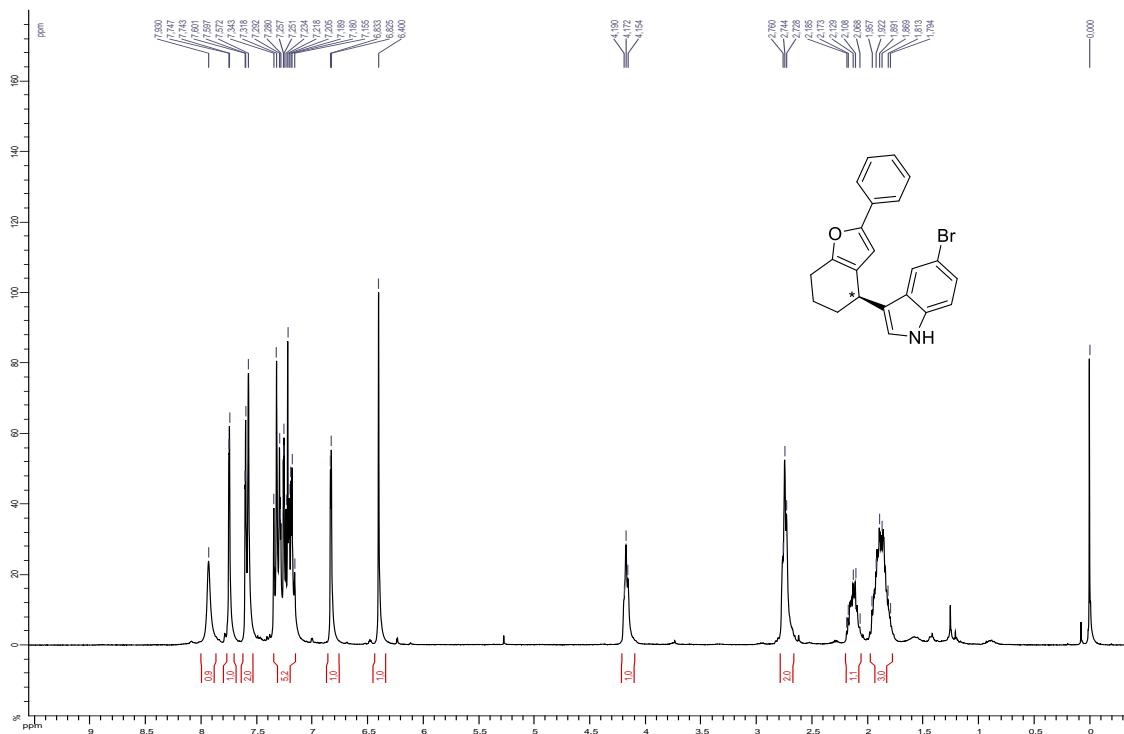
^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) spectrum of (2-bromophenyl)diphenylphosphine oxide



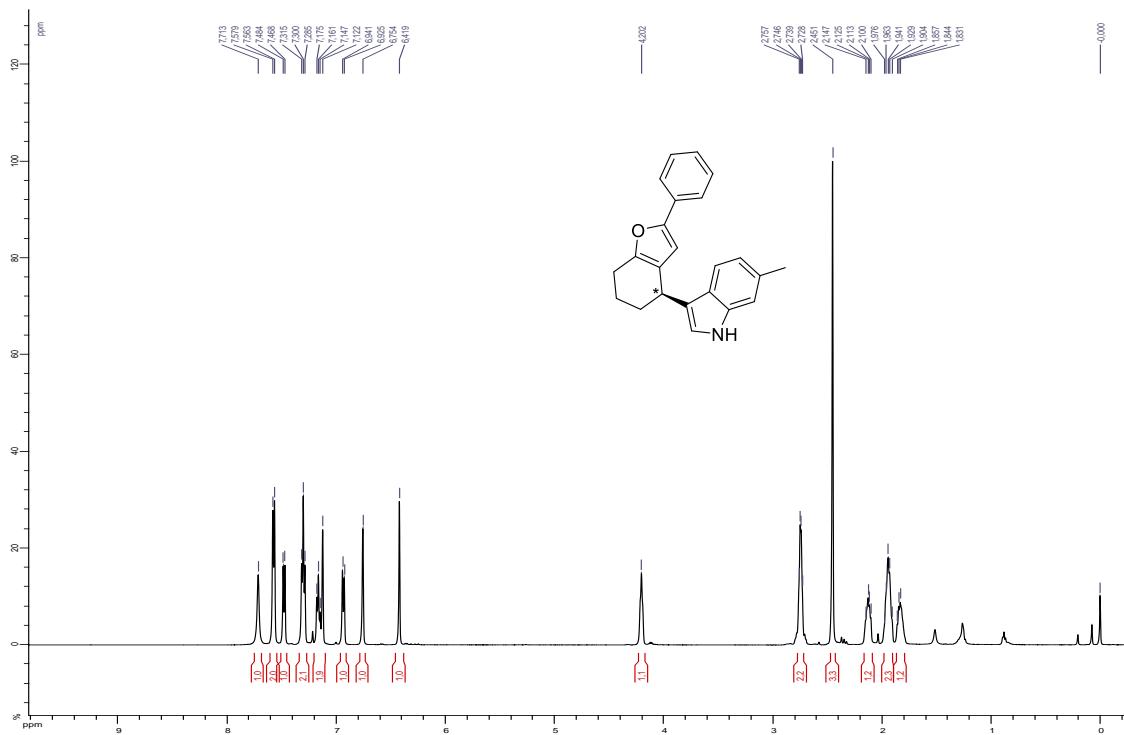
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (R)-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10aa**)



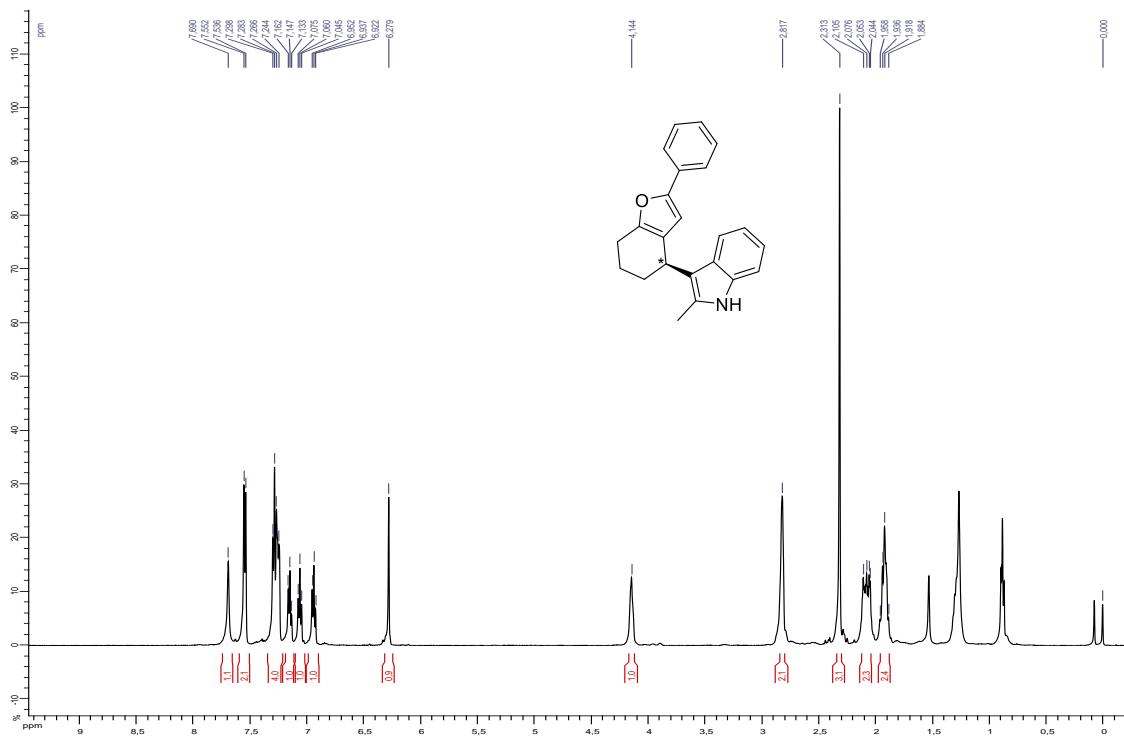
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (R)-5-methoxy-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ab**)



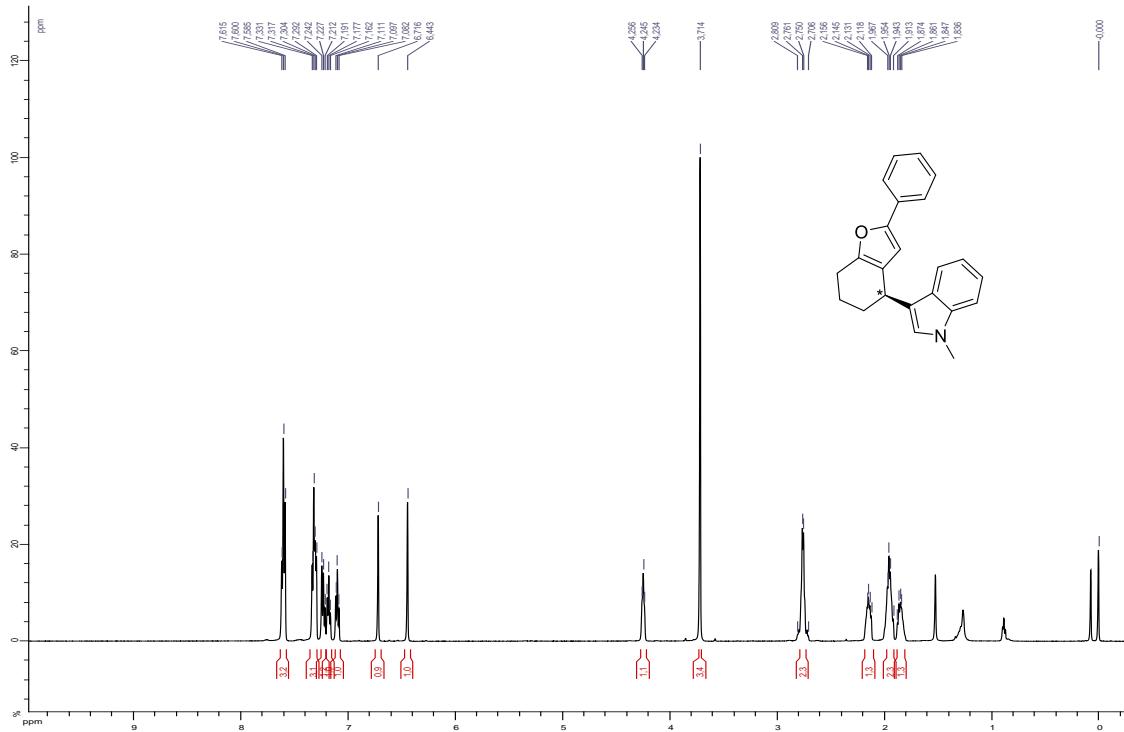
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) spectrum of (R)-5-bromo-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ac)



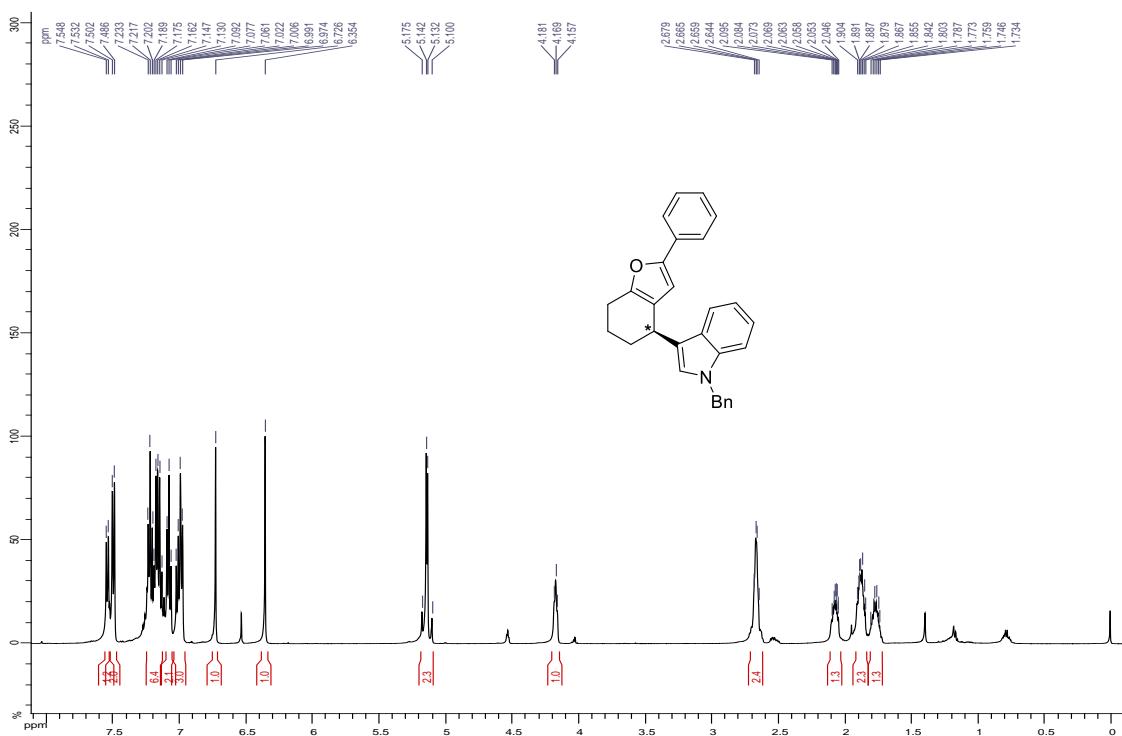
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (R)-6-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (10ad)



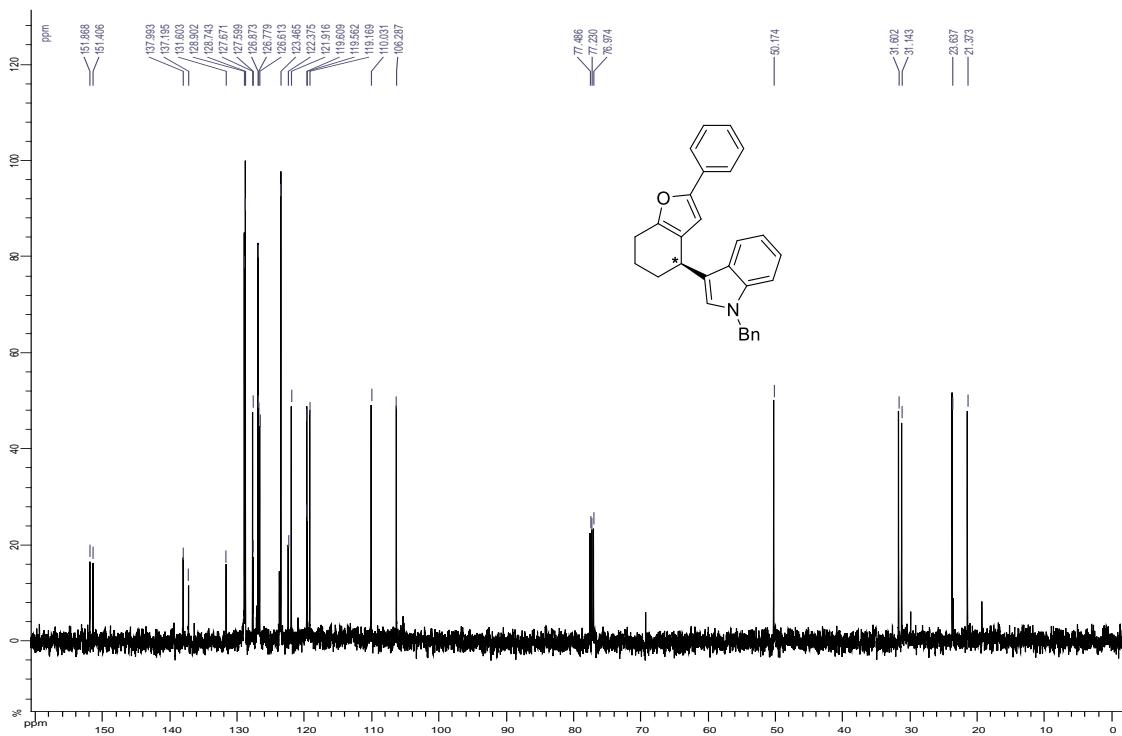
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-2-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (**10ae**)



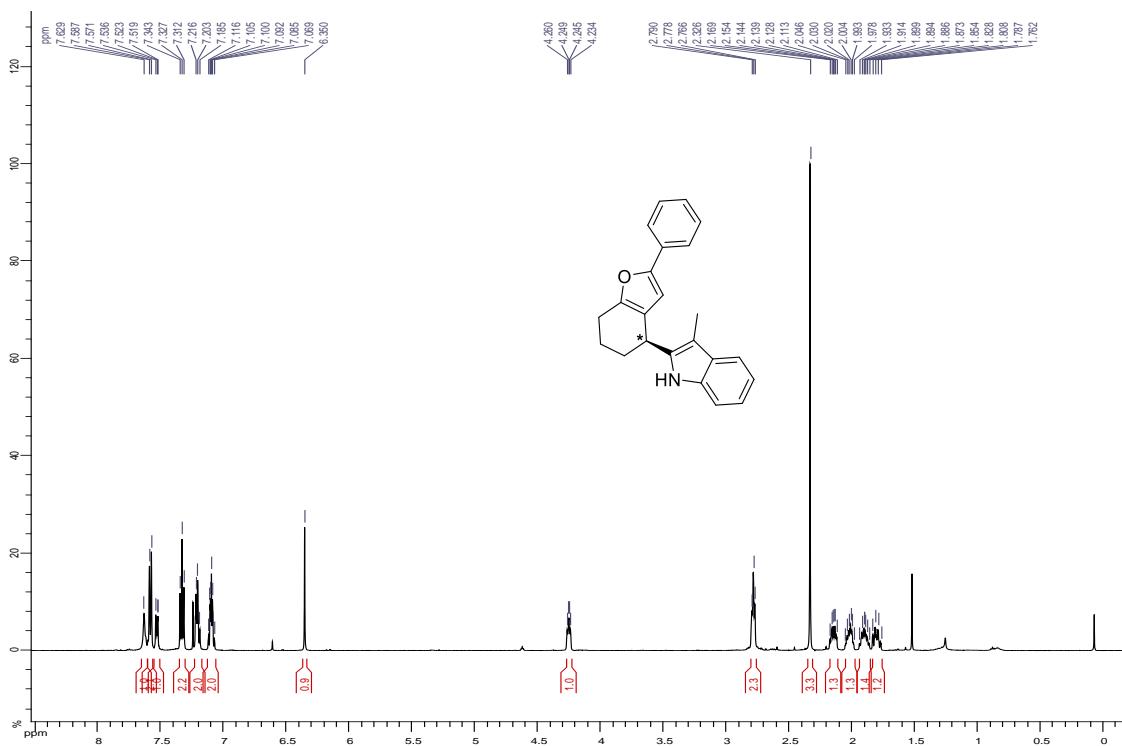
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-1-methyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (10af)



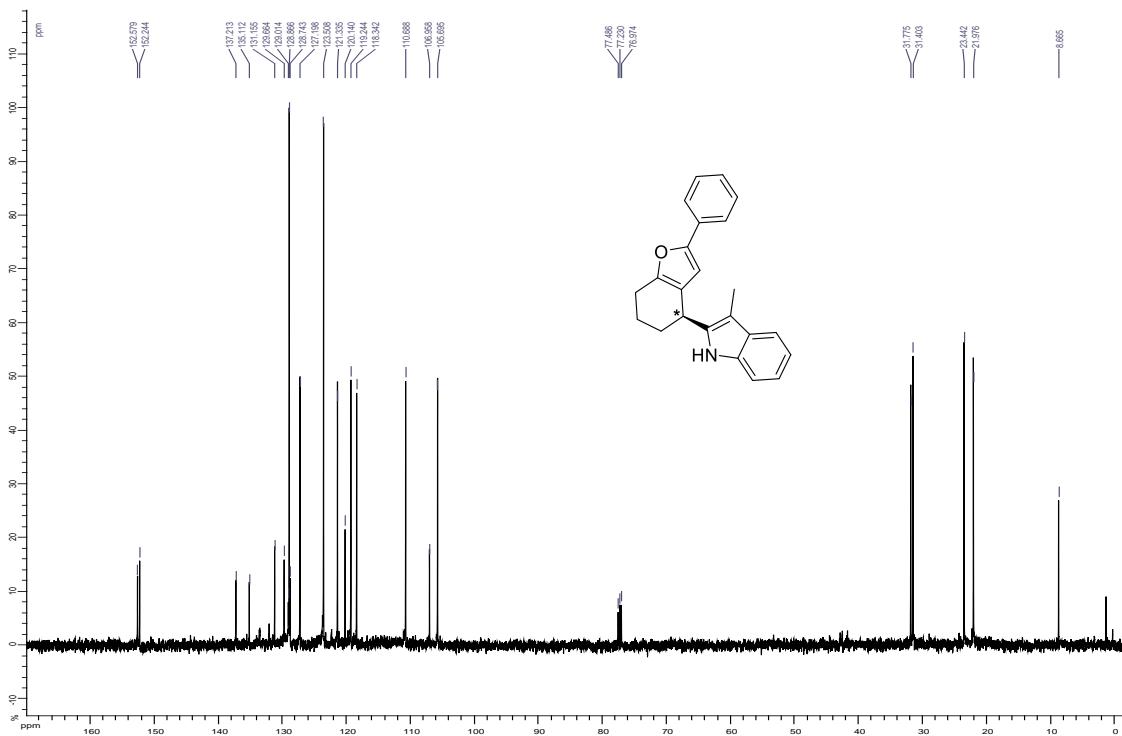
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (R)-1-benzyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (**10ag**)



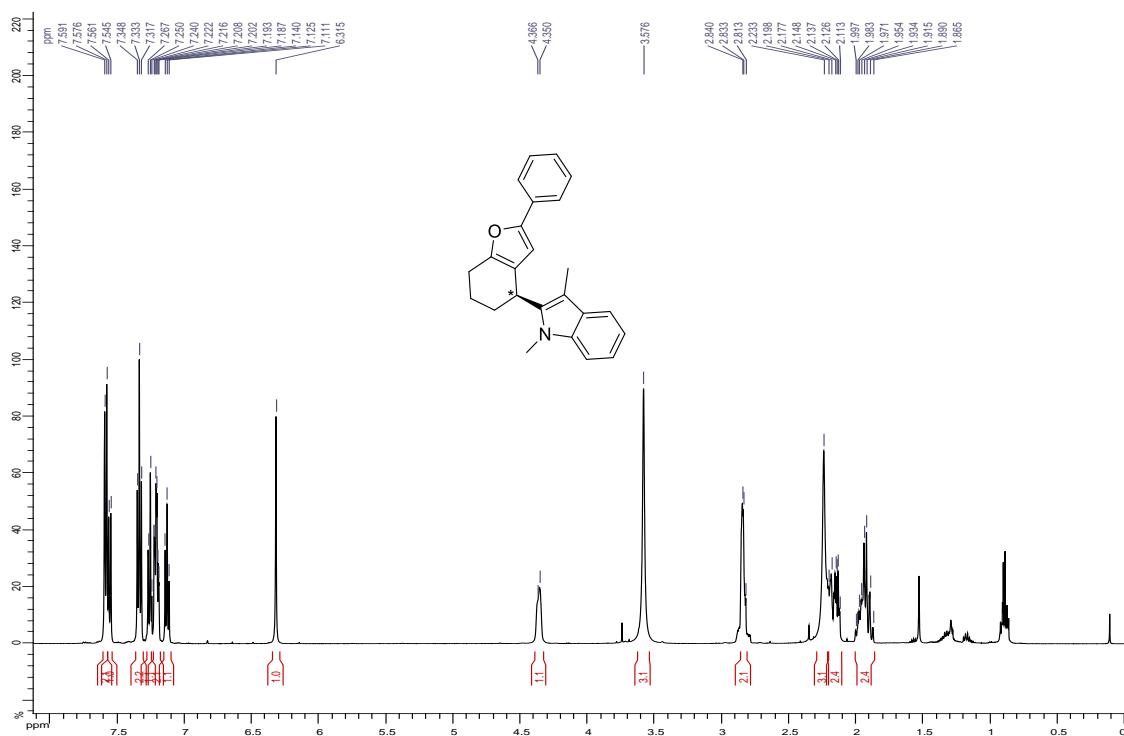
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of (R)-1-benzyl-3-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ag**)



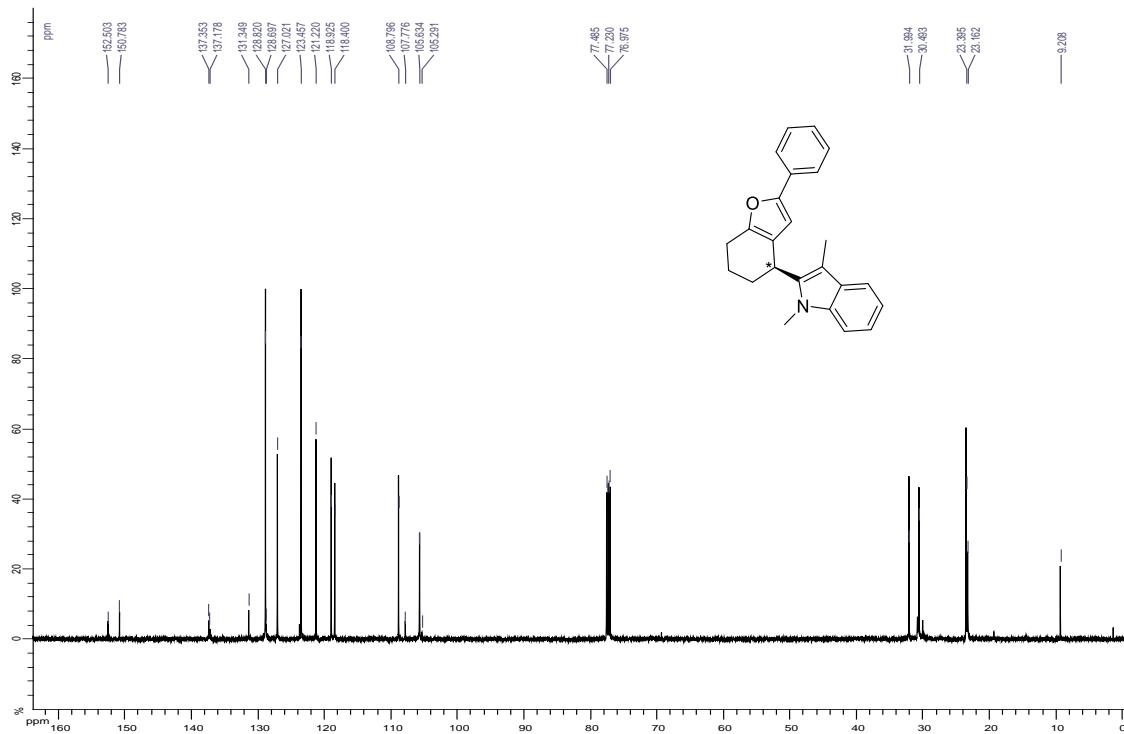
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-methyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (**14ah**)



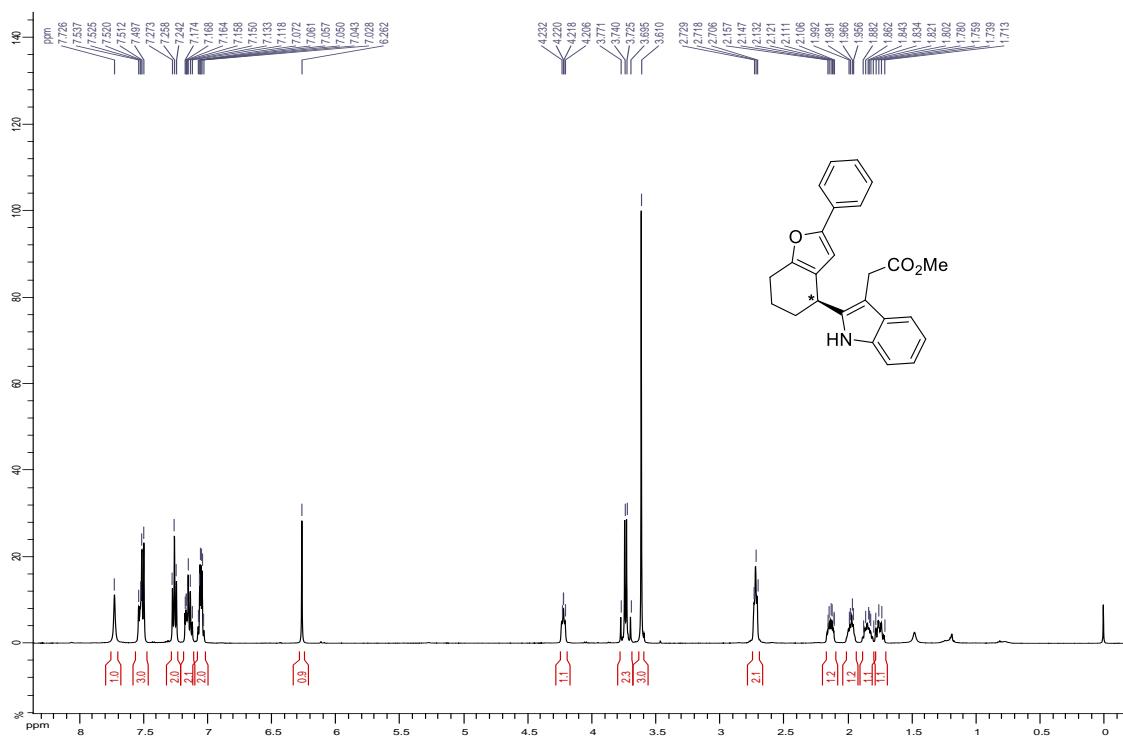
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-methyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**14ah**)



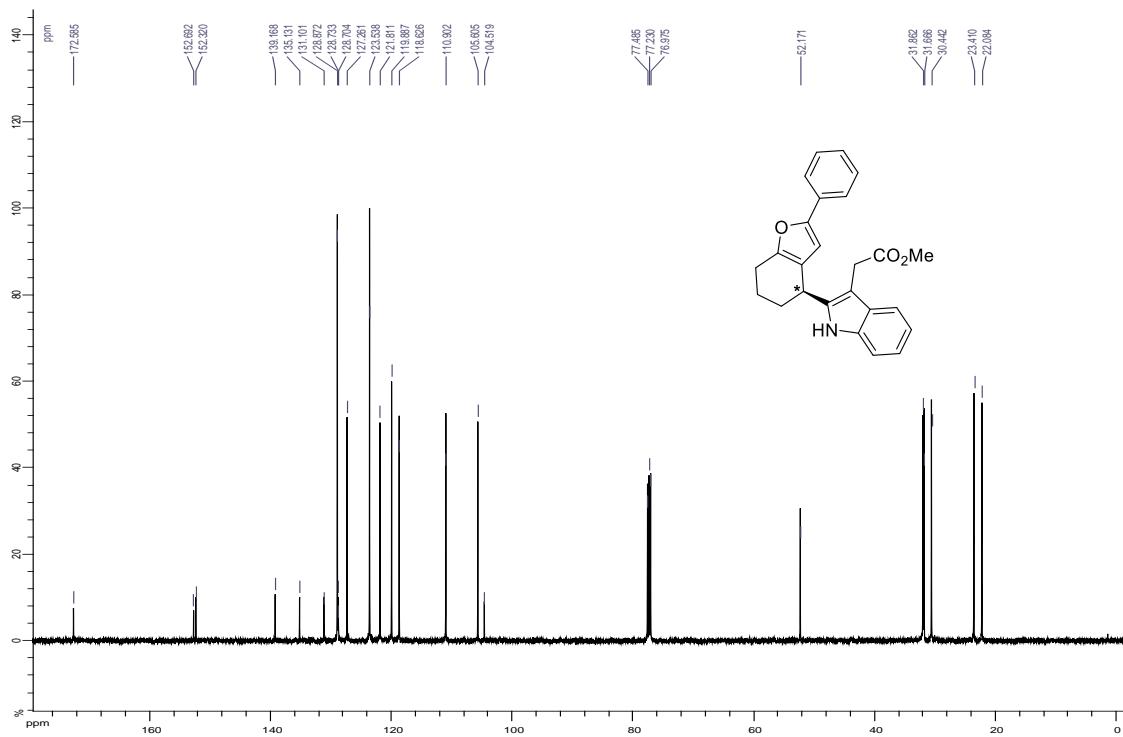
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-1,3-dimethyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (14ai)



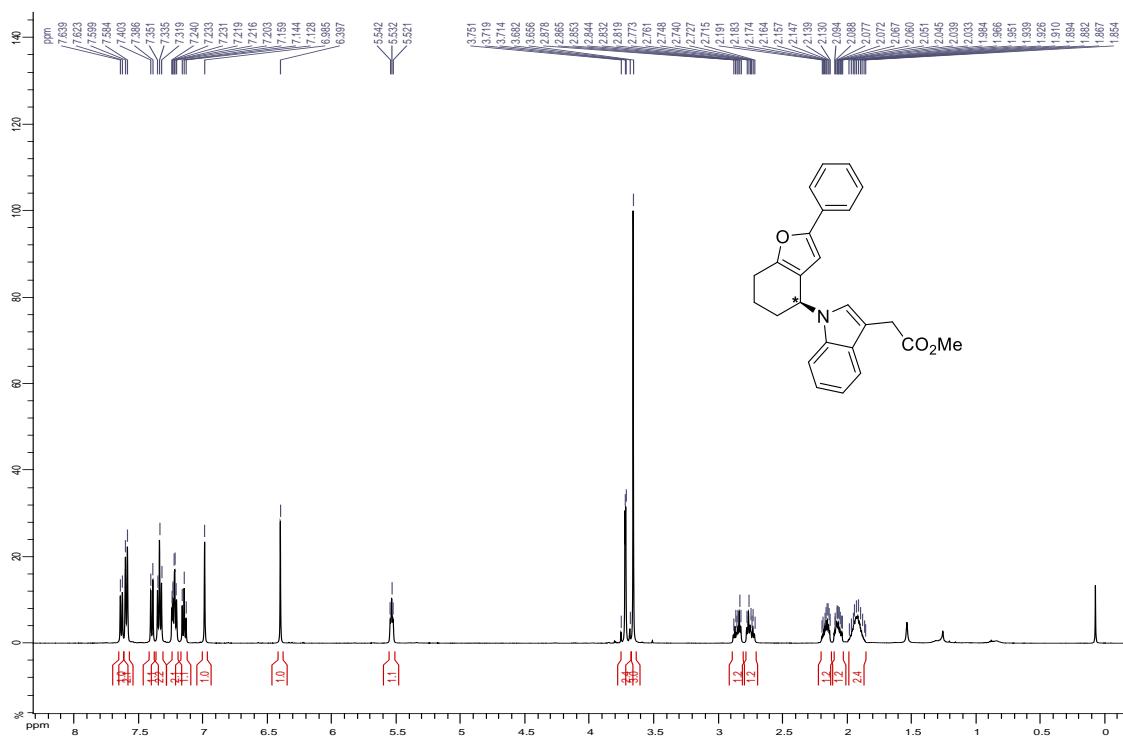
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-1,3-dimethyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (14ai)



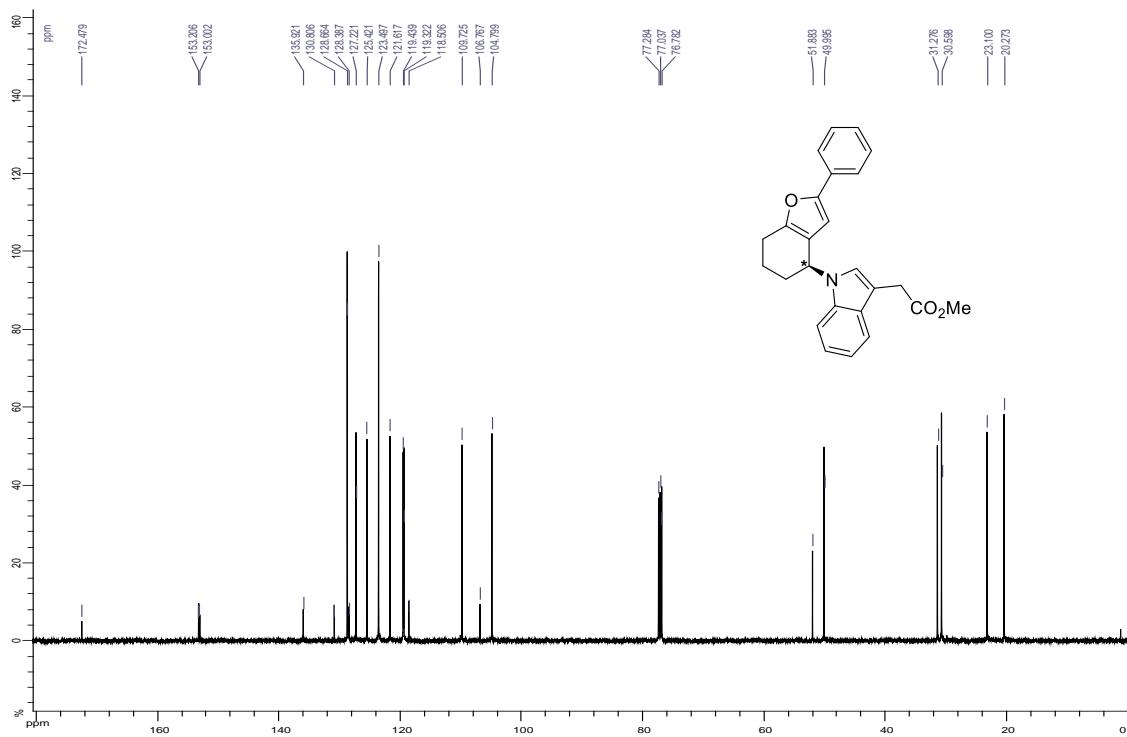
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of methyl (S)-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indol-3-yl)acetate
(14aj)



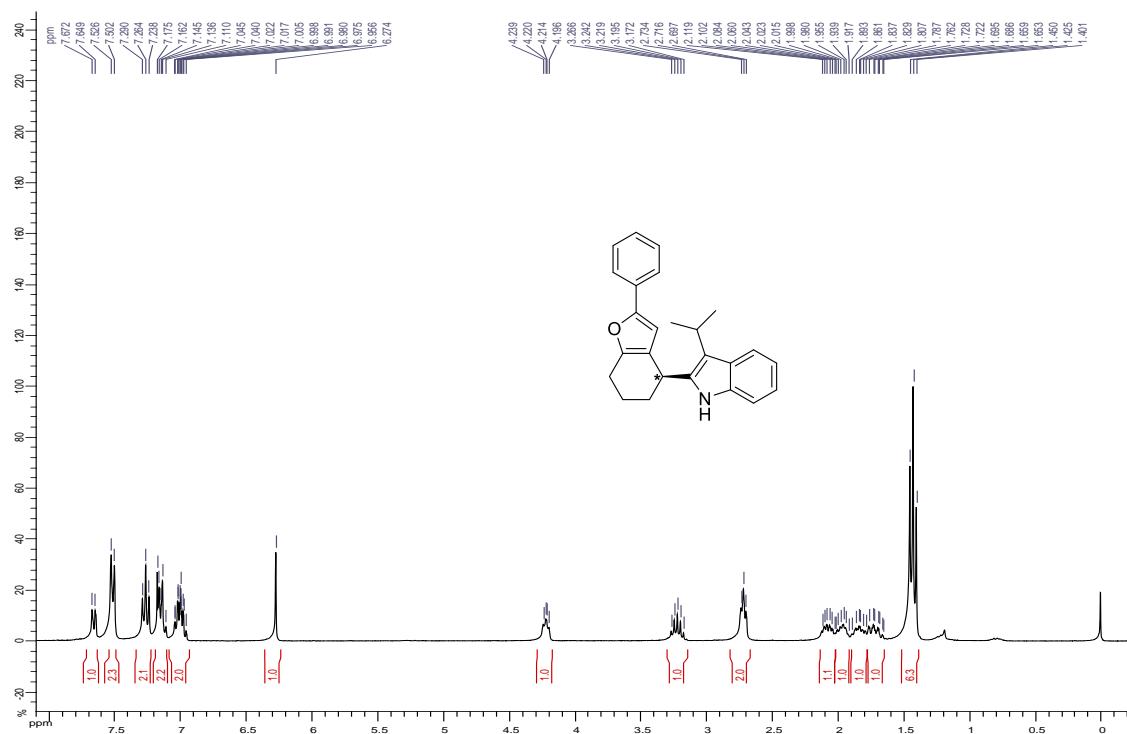
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of methyl (S)-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indol-3-yl)acetate
(14aj)



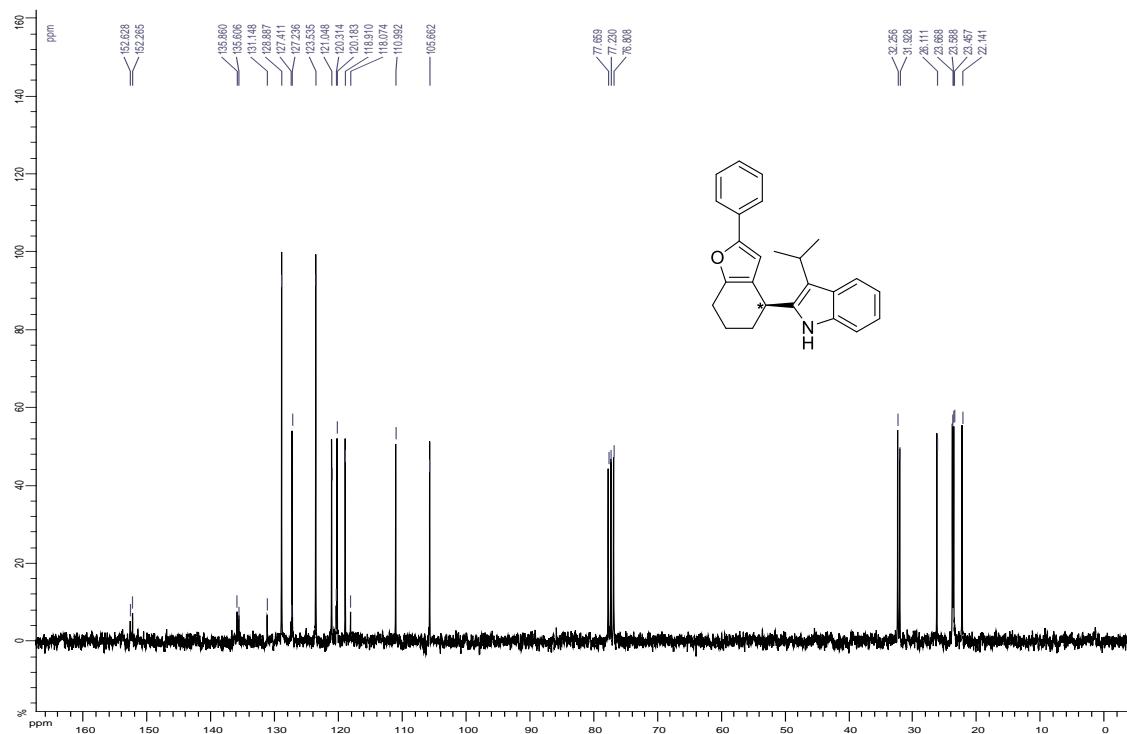
¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of methyl (S)-2-(1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indol-3-yl)acetate
(15aj)



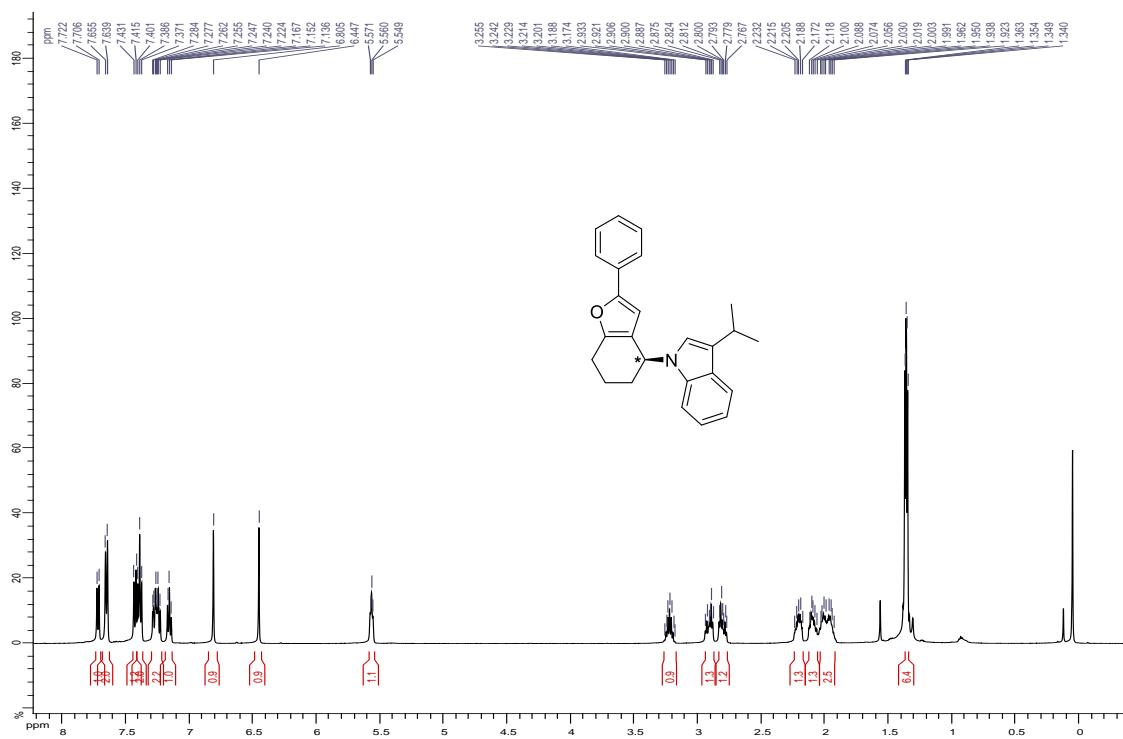
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of methyl (S)-2-(1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indol-3-yl)acetate
(15aj)



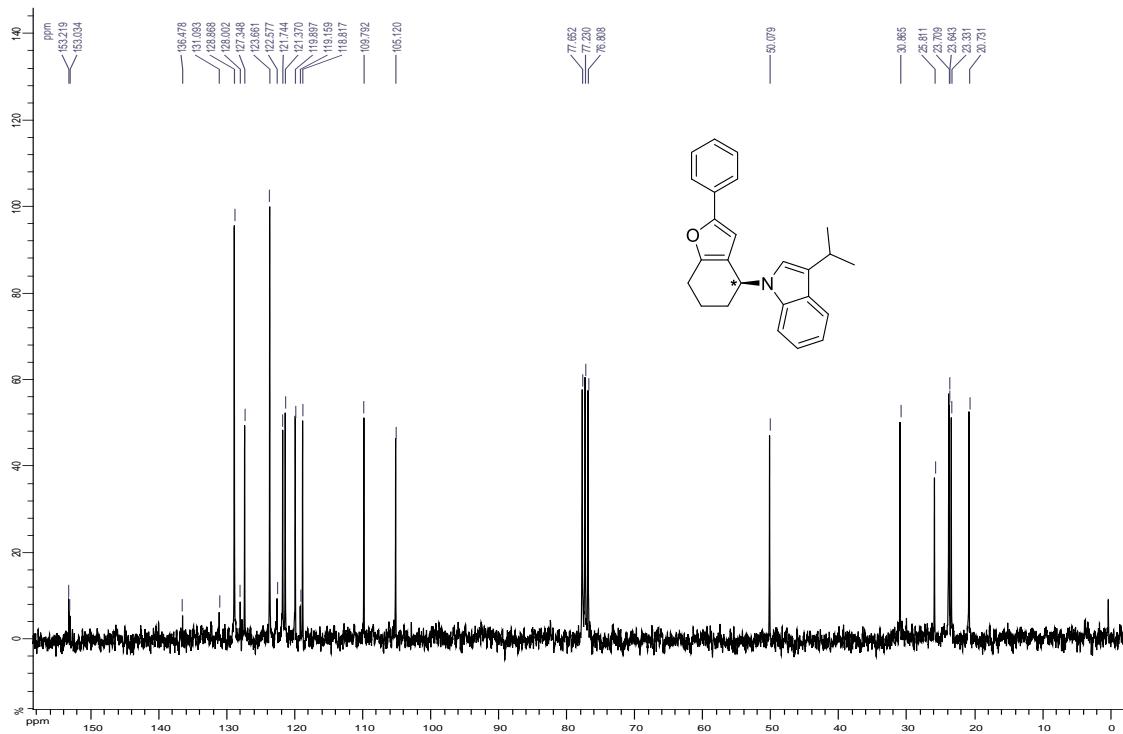
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-isopropyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (14ak)



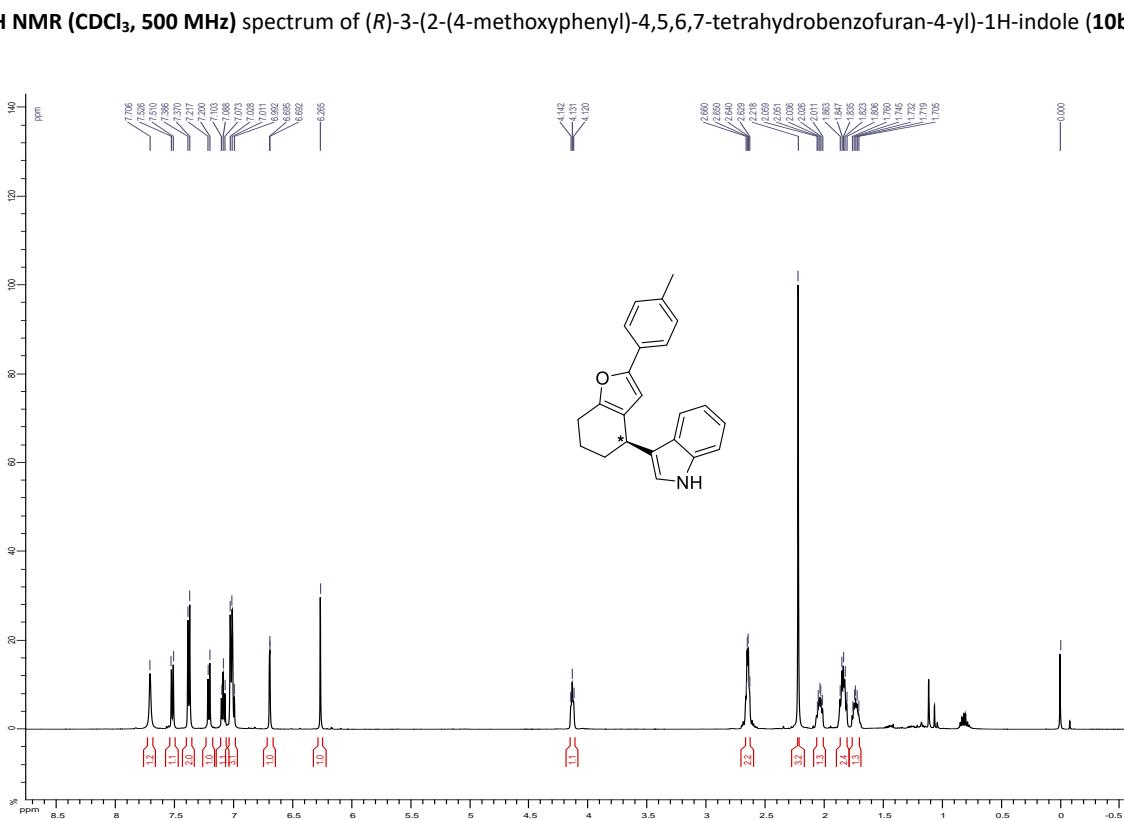
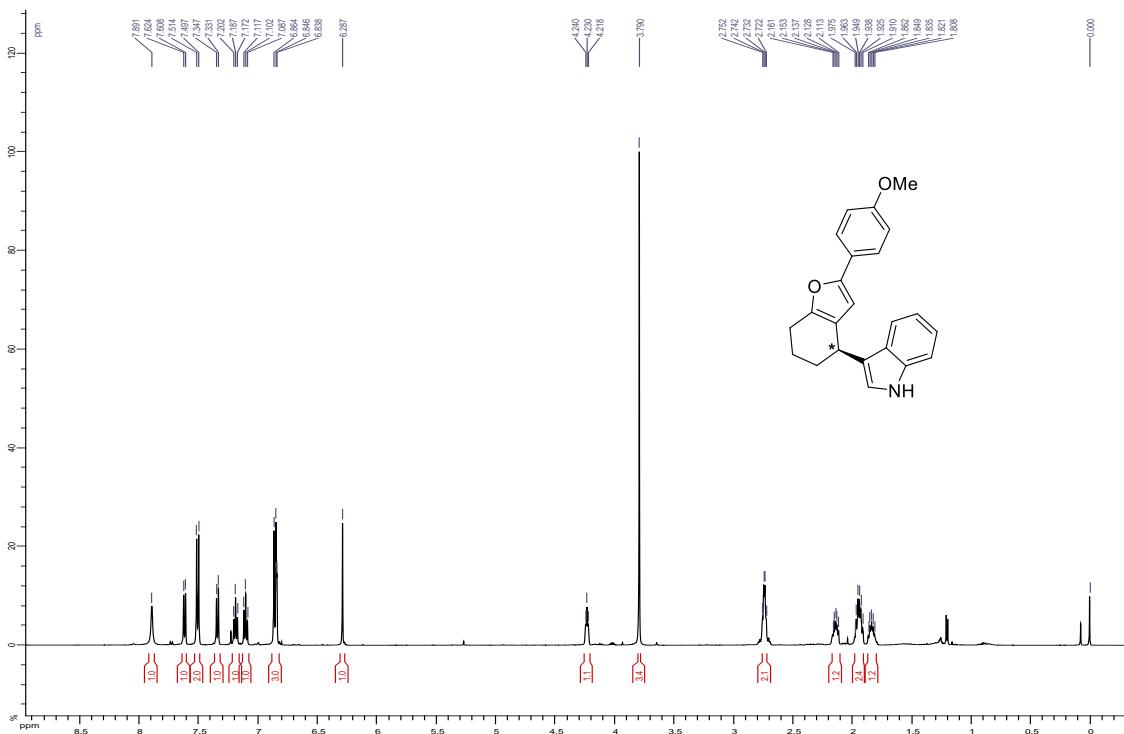
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-isopropyl-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (14ak)

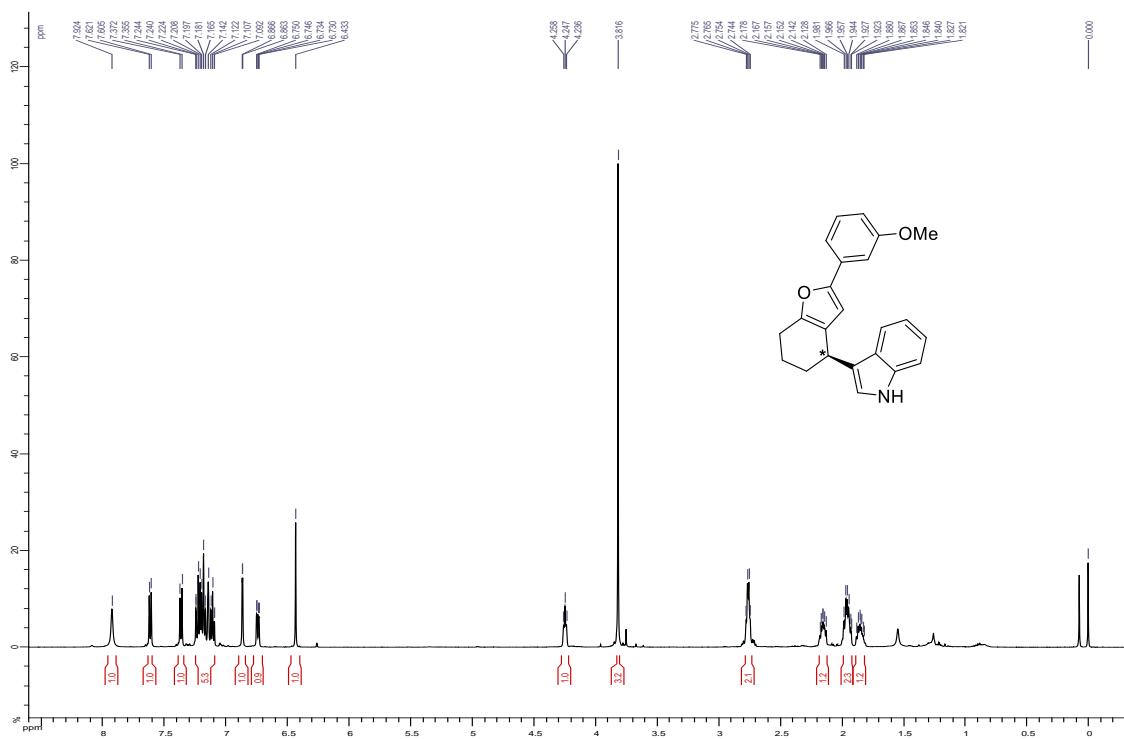


¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-isopropyl-1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (**15ak**)

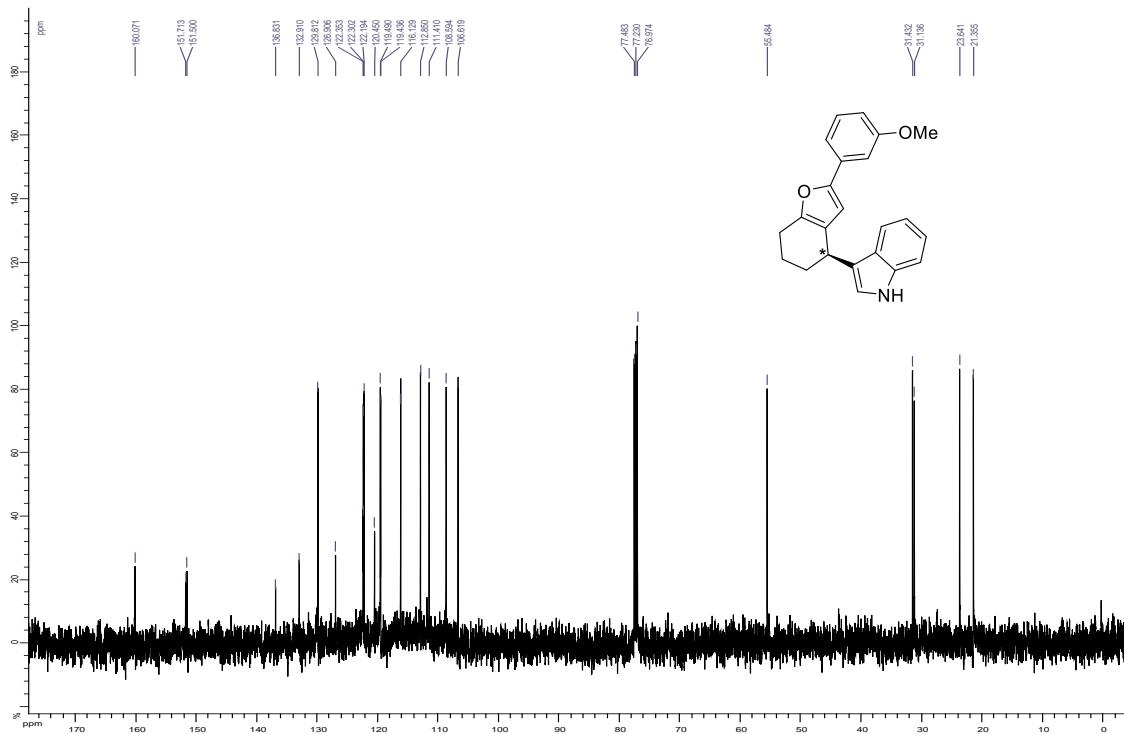


¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (S)-3-isopropyl-1-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-indole (**15ak**)

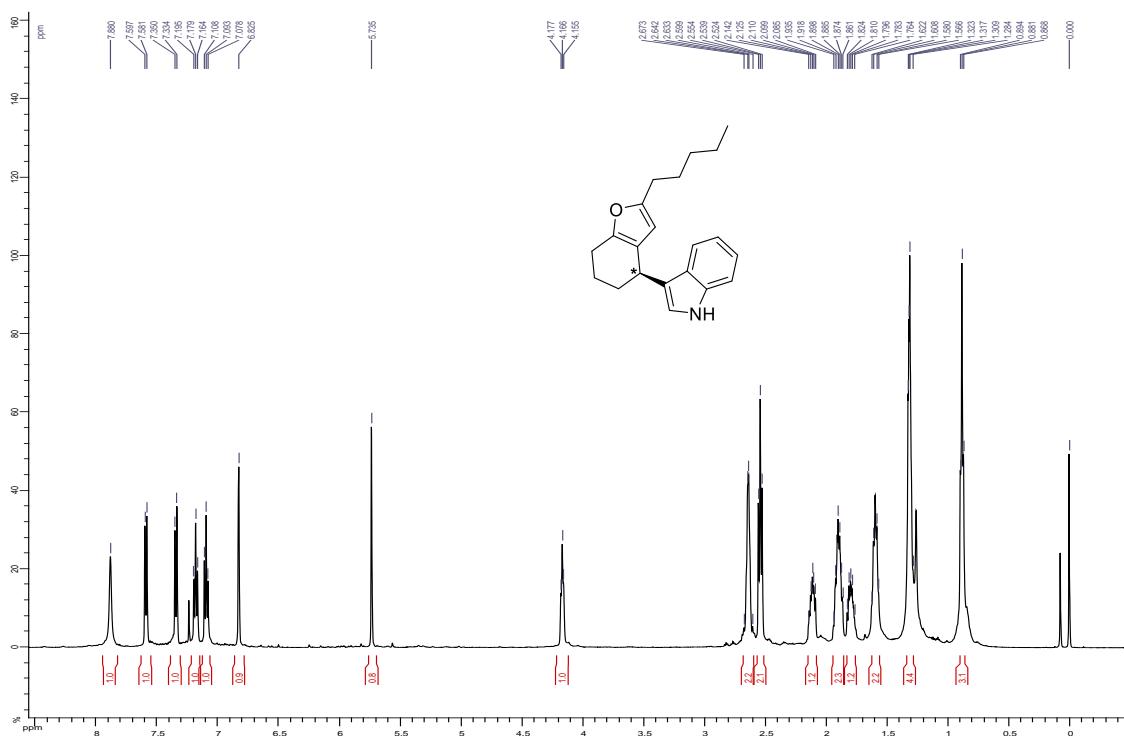




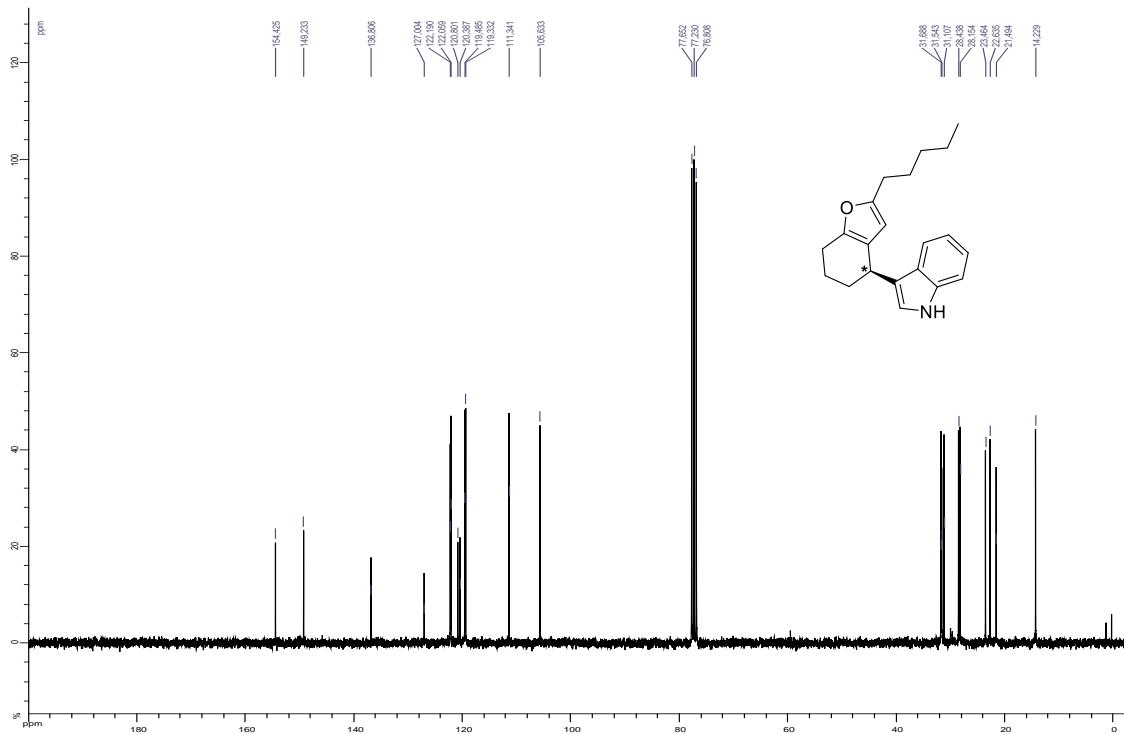
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (10da**)**



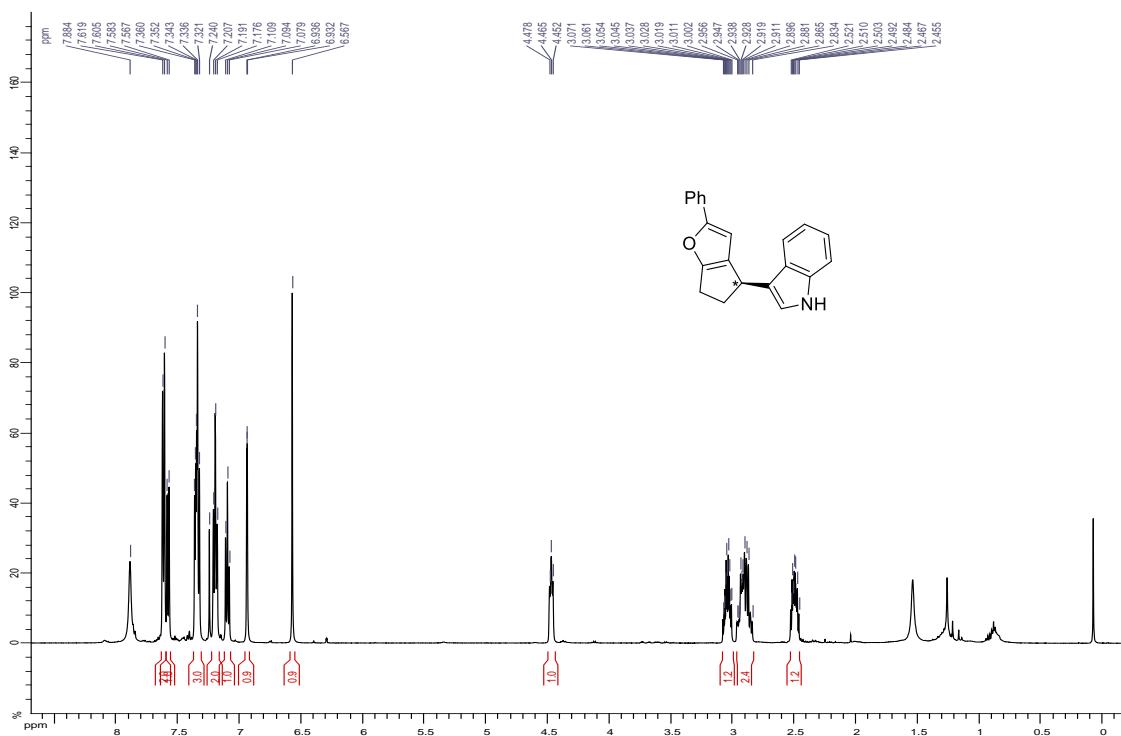
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (10da**)**



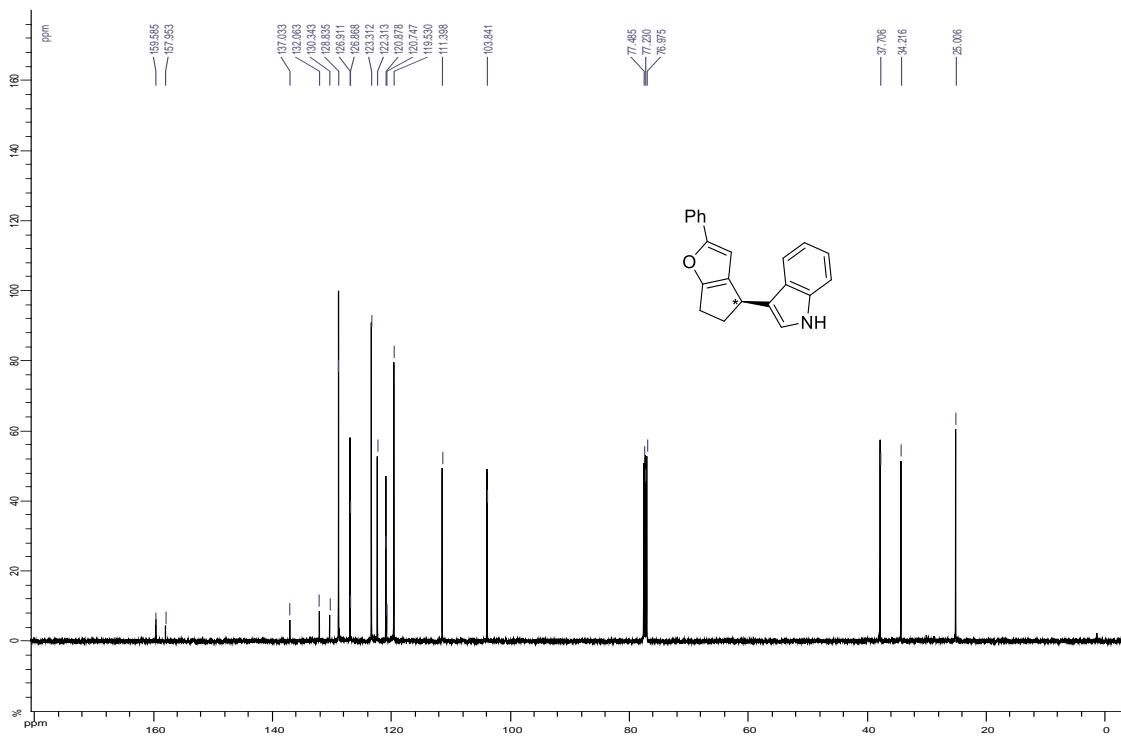
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-pentyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ea**)



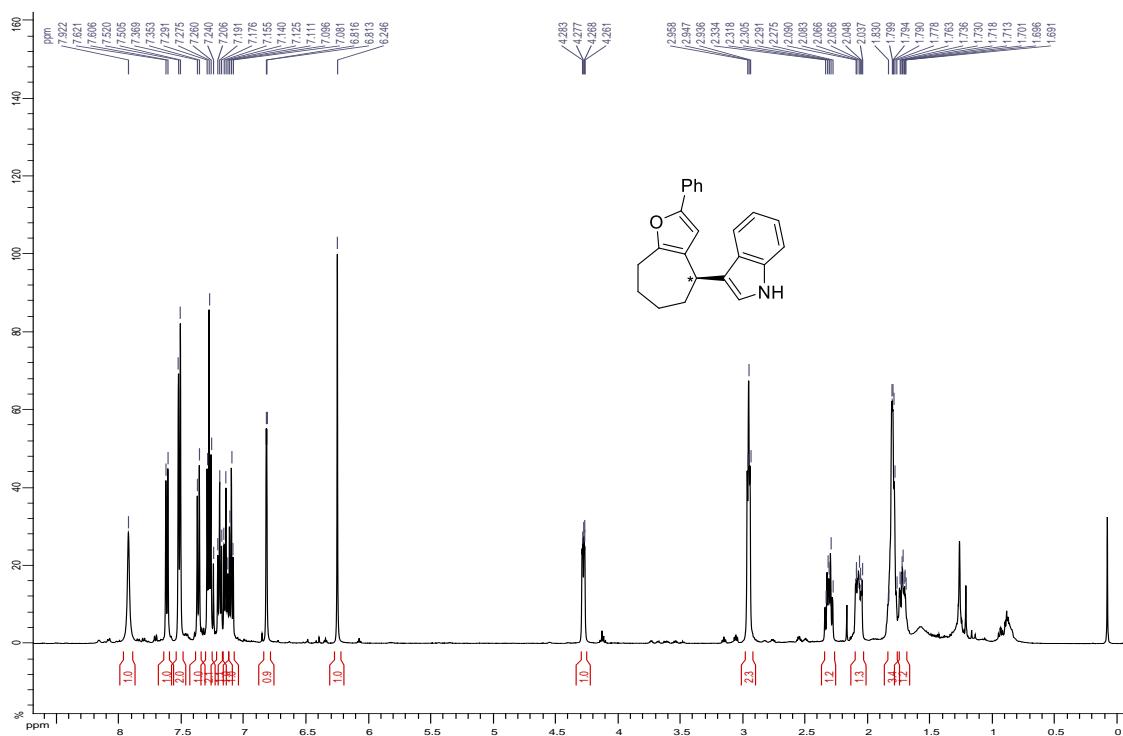
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-pentyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ea**)



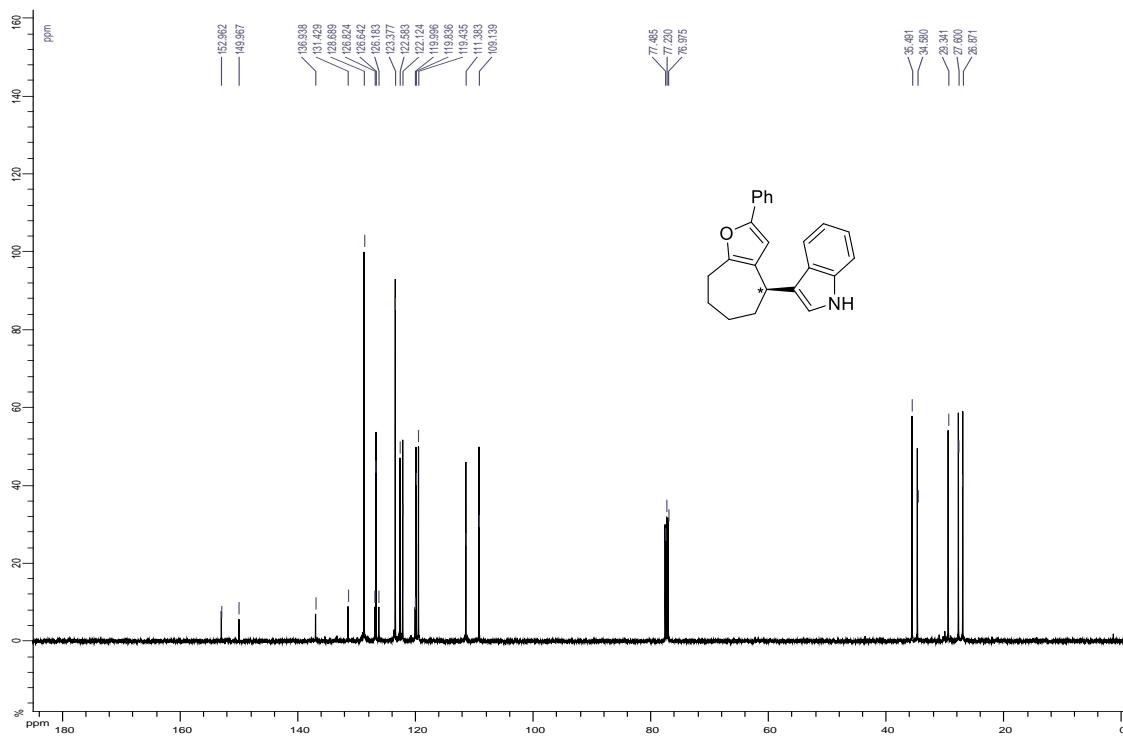
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-4H-cyclopenta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10fa**)



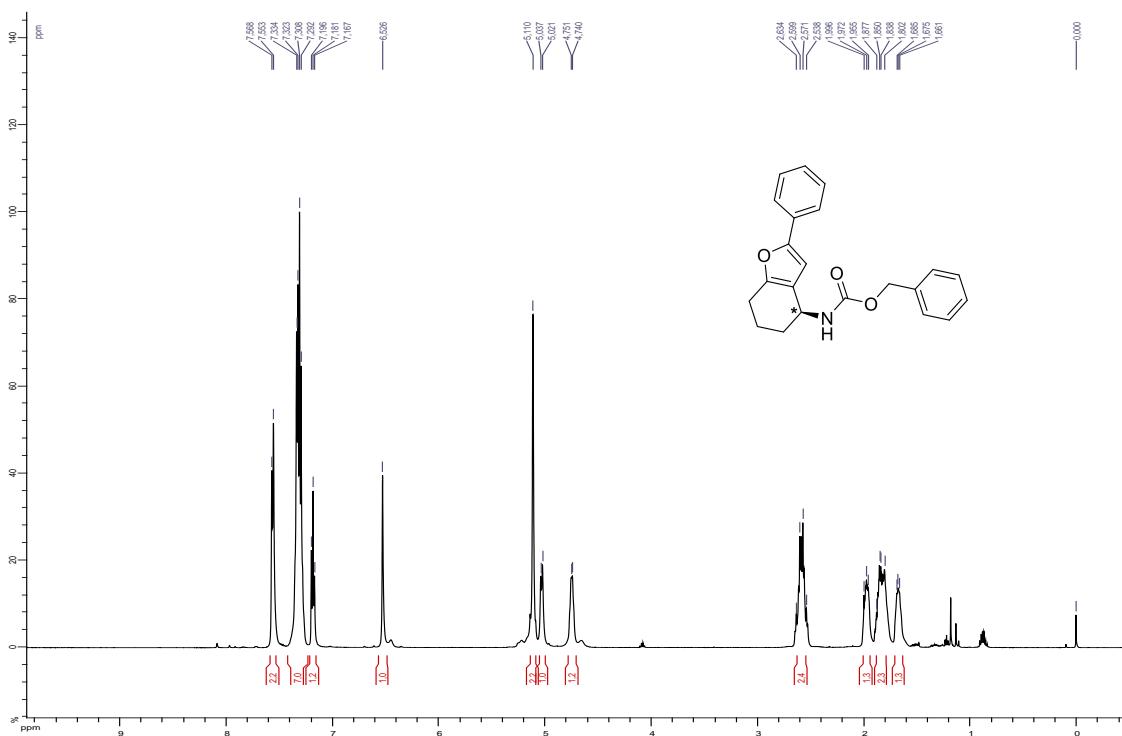
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-4H-cyclopenta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10fa**)



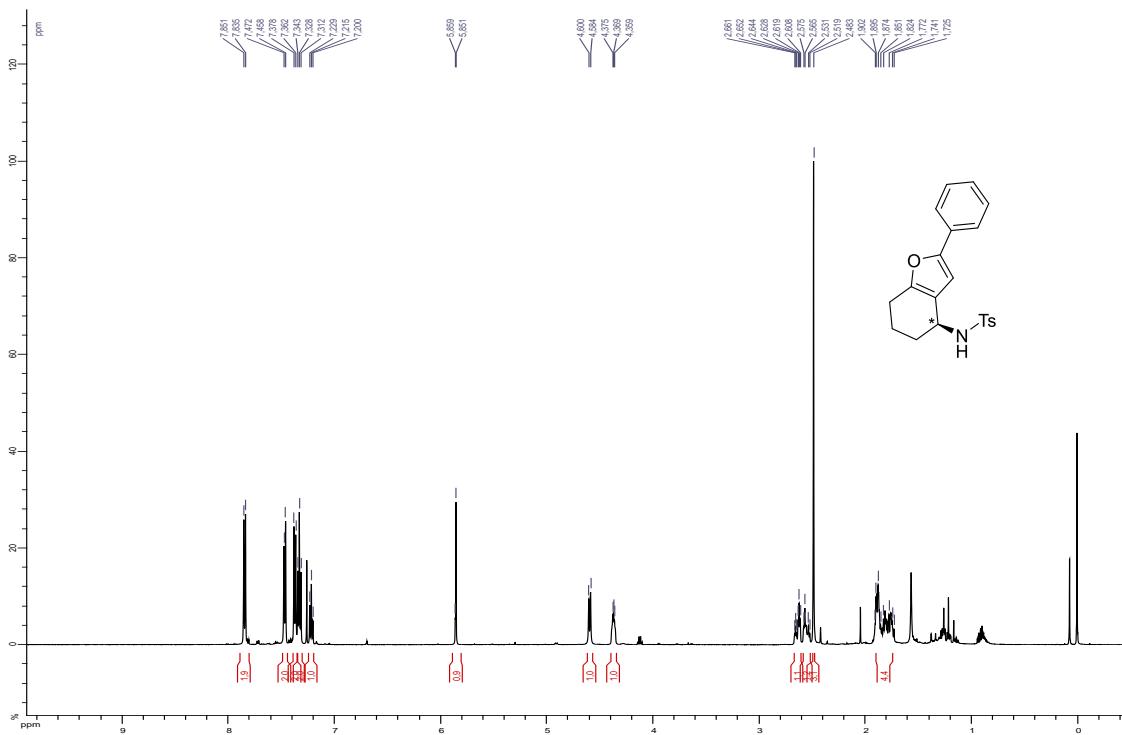
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ga**)



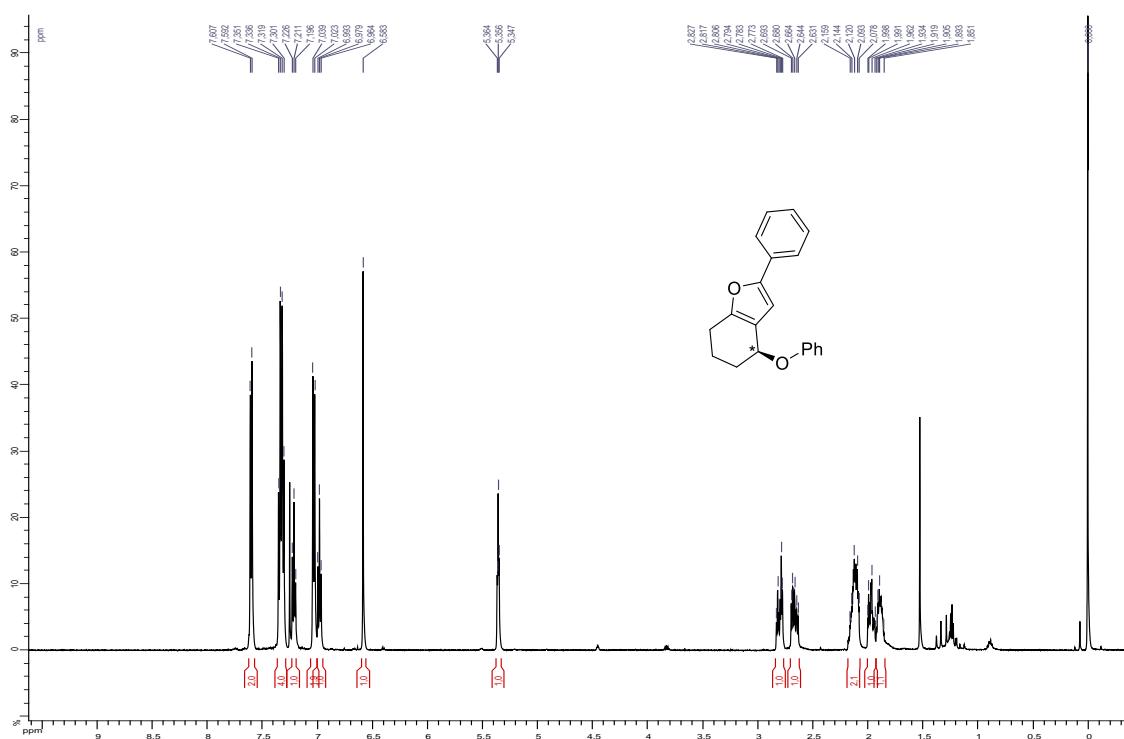
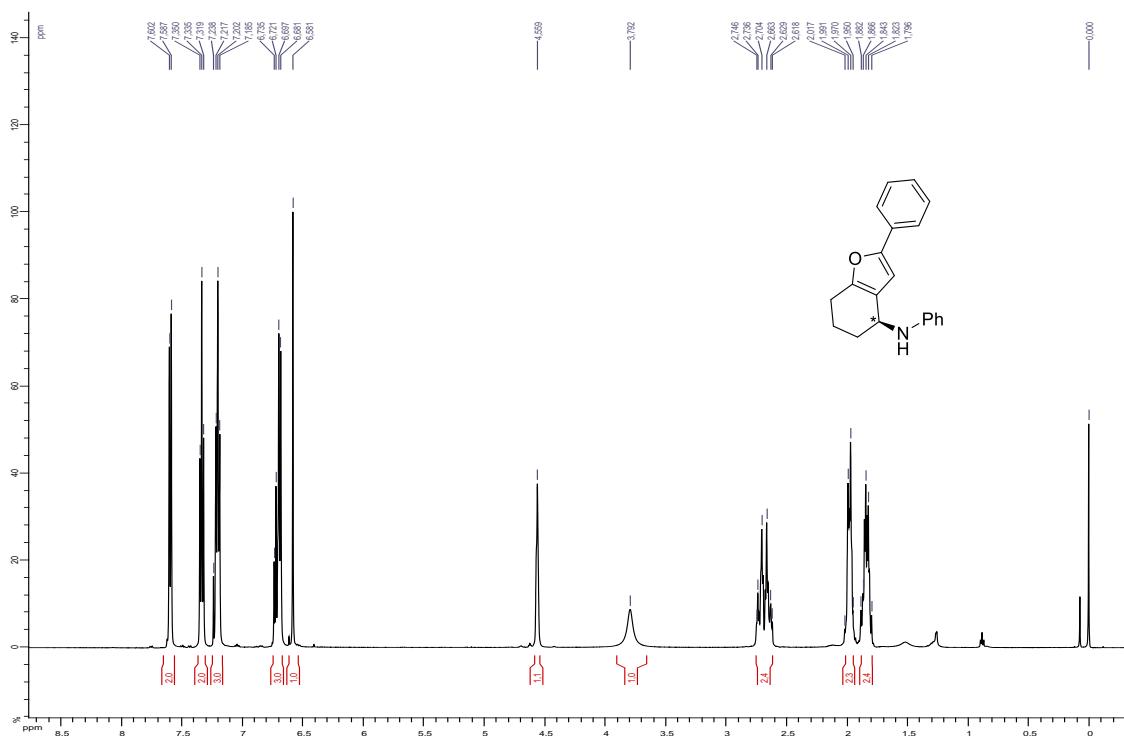
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-3-(2-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-cyclohepta[b]furan-4-yl)-1H-indole (**10ga**)

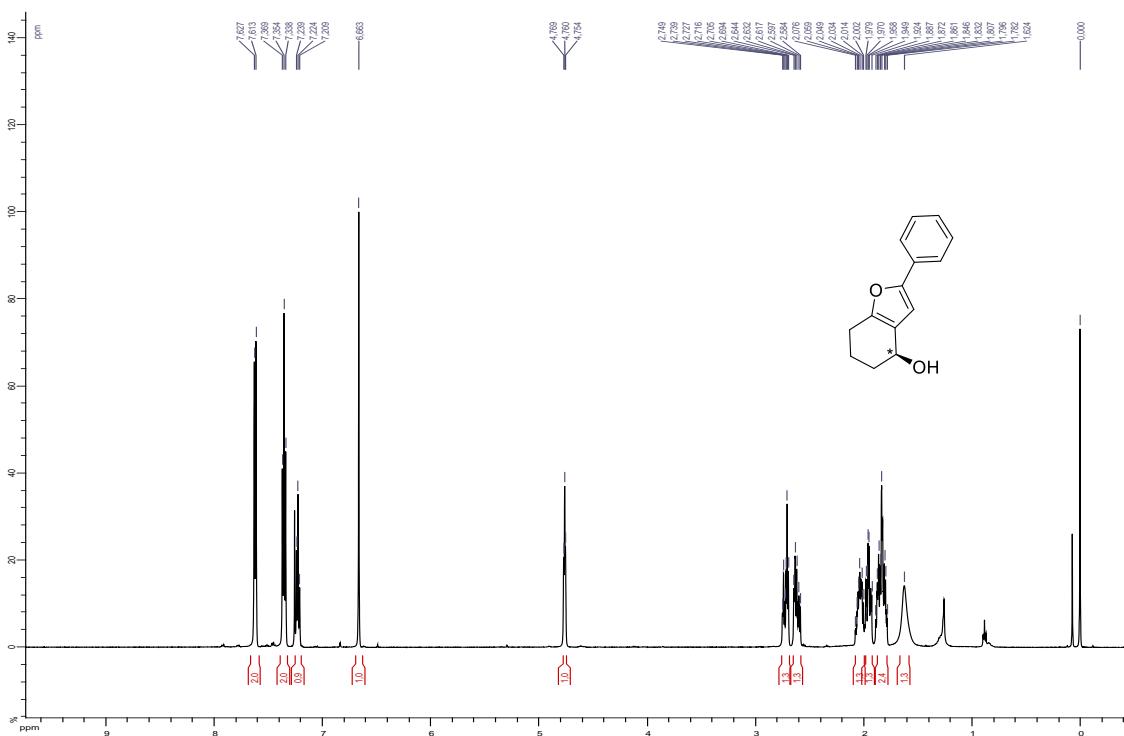


¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of benzyl (S)-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)carbamate (**16a**)

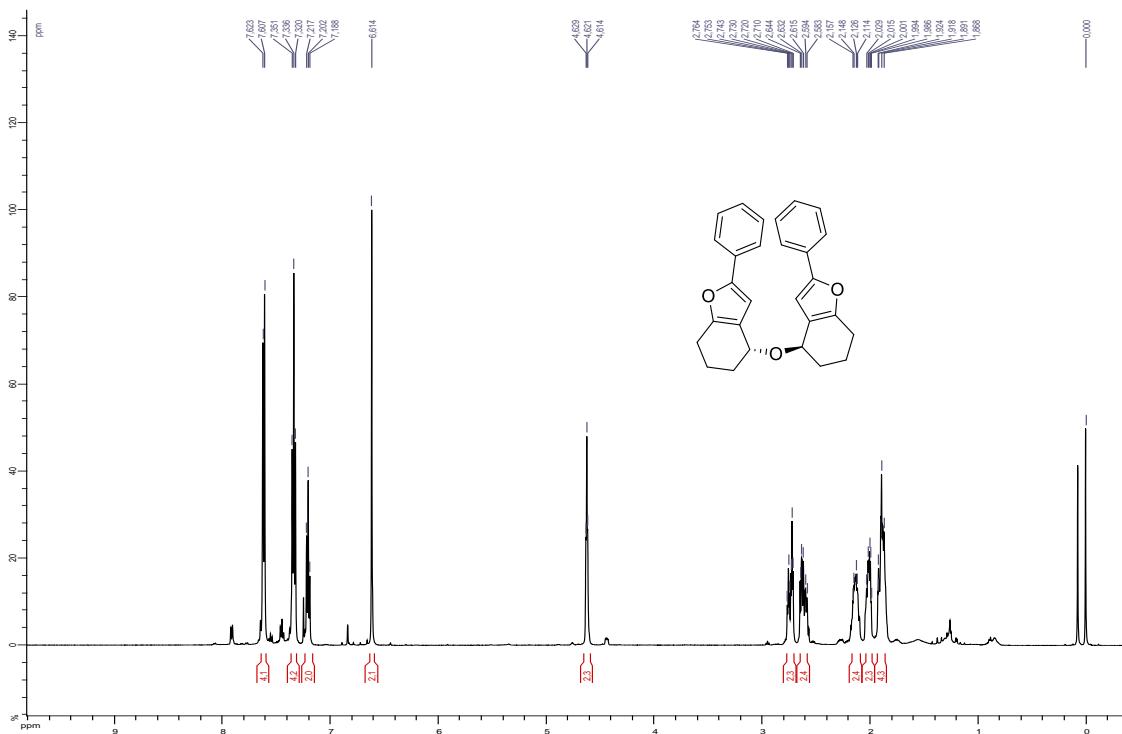


¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-4-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (**16b**)

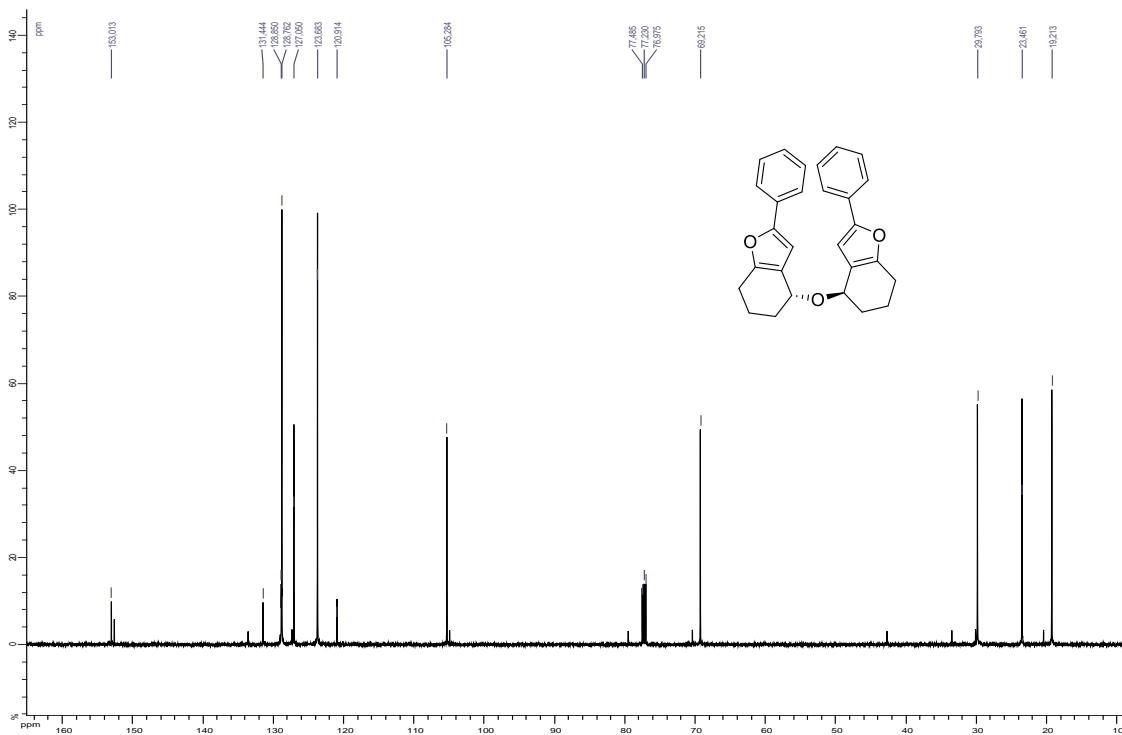




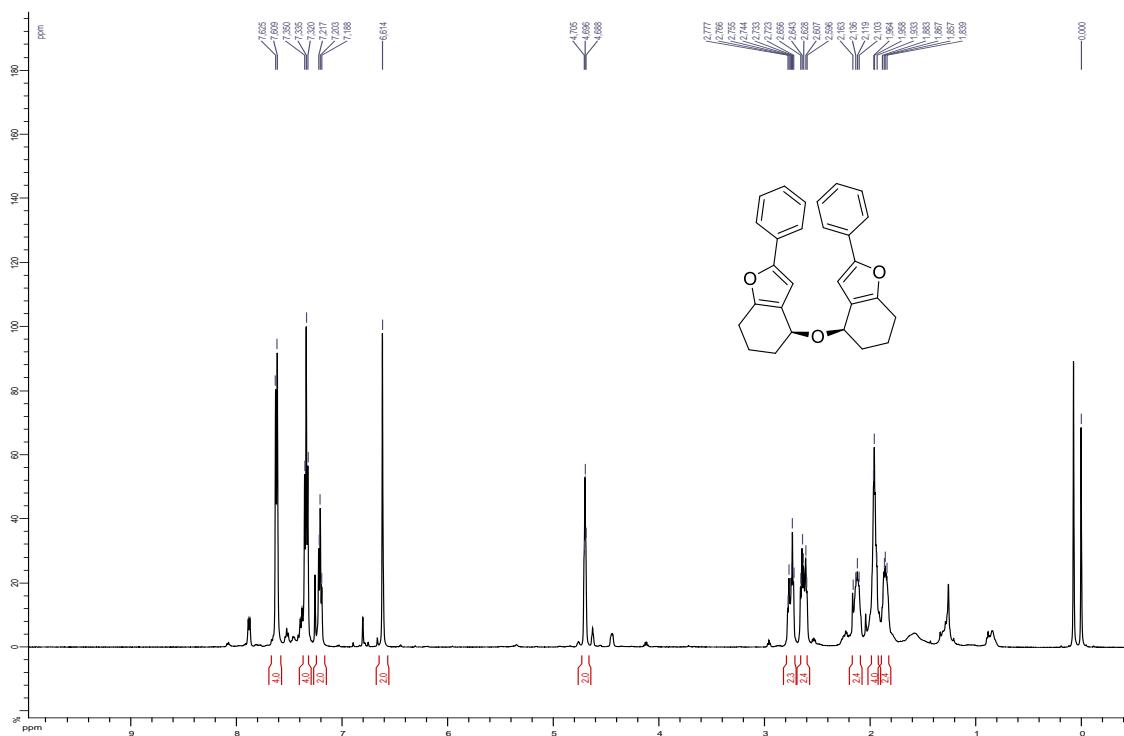
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (S)-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-ol (**16e**)



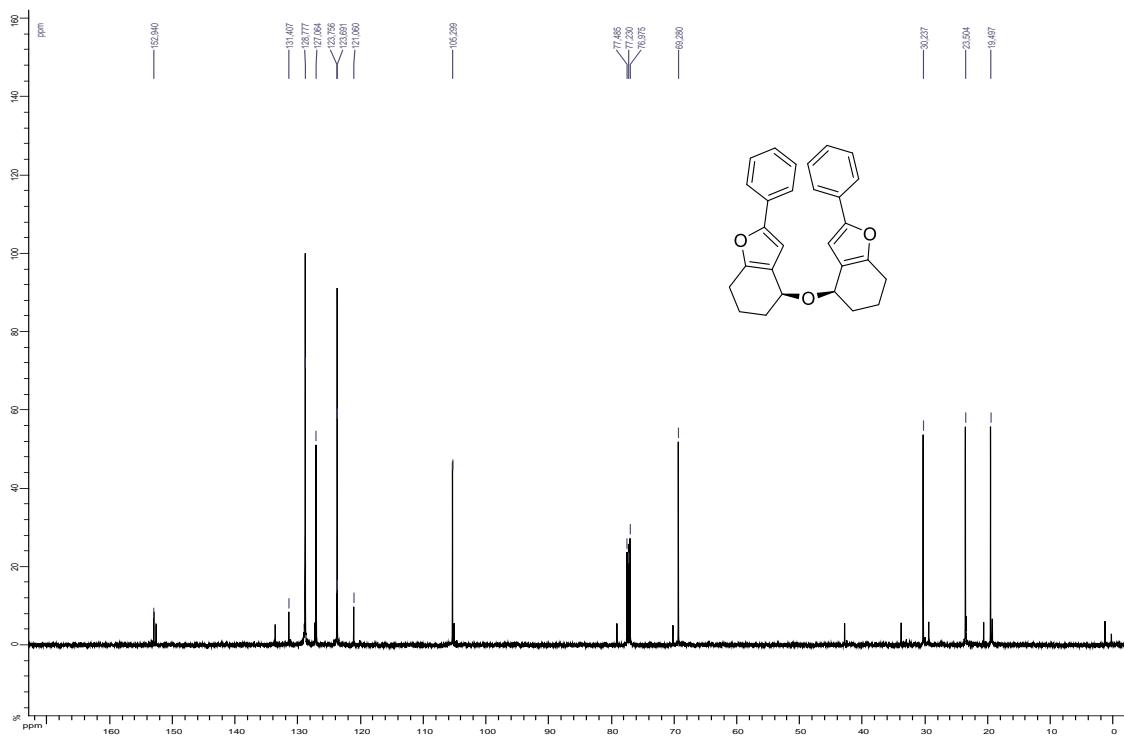
¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of
(S)-2-phenyl-4-(((R)-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran (**16eb**)



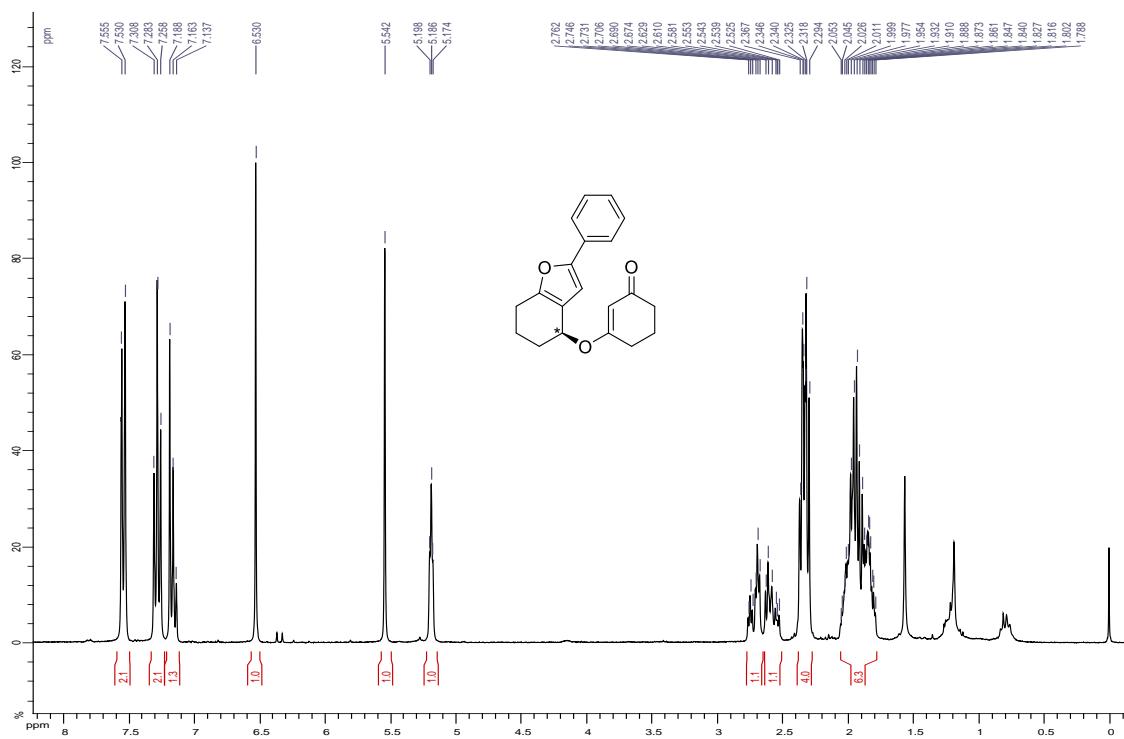
¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of
(S)-2-phenyl-4-(((R)-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran (**16eb**)



¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) spectrum of (*4R,4'R*)-4,4'-oxybis(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran) (**16ec**)



¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) spectrum of (*4R,4'R*)-4,4'-oxybis(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran) (**16ec**)



¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz) spectrum of (*R*)-2-(2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4-yl)cyclohexane-1,3-dione (**16f**)