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Lil/TBHP Mediated Oxidative Cross-Coupling of P(O)–H Compounds with Phenols and Various Nucleophiles: Direct Access to the Synthesis of Organophosphates

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Abstract: An efficient and mild method for the direct phosphorylation of phenols, alcohols, and amines with P(O)–H has been reported by Lil/TBHP mediated oxidative cross-coupling reaction. Moreover, this protocol extended to β -keto esters for the synthesis of enol phosphates using H-phosphonates. Nota-

bly, this developed method applied for the synthesis of organopesticides such as paraoxon, cyanophos, and methyl parathion. The key features of this protocol are mild conditions, short reaction time, good functional group tolerance, and broad substrate scope.

Introduction

Phosphate esters have been found in a variety of biological molecules such as nucleic acids, proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, coenzymes and steroids.^[1] They are also essential constituents in many insecticides and herbicides.^[2] Phosphorylation of alcohol group in inositols and glycerols plays an essential role in many physiologically important processes.^[3] In addition, phosphate derivatives are commonly prepared in order to increase the aqueous solubility of alcohols in prodrugs.^[4-6] Recent discoveries of numerous natural organophosphates endowed with interesting activities in both agricultural and medicinal fields have encouraged the development of synthetic analogues.^[12,13] As illustrated in Figure 1, paraoxon, cyanophos, methyl parathion, temefos, coroxon and DEPFMU are well known pesticides.^[14] Moreover, Phosphate esters are tunable reagents and functional groups in organic synthesis.^[7] Further, they have also been widely exploited as organo catalysts,^[8] coupling partners^[9] and directing groups in Pd-catalyzed cross-coupling reactions.^[10] Therefore, organophosphorus compounds attract increasing attention from academic and industrial researchers.^[11]

Traditionally organophosphates are synthesized by using prefunctionalized phosphoryl chlorides (P(O)–Cl) with various nucleophiles via nucleophilic substitution method.^[15] Over the past few years, cross-coupling reactions played a significant role

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Figure 1. Pesticides bearing phosphate and thiophosphate.

for the synthesis of organophosphates.^[16] Atherton and Todd introduced the phosphorylation of alcohols and amines by treating with simple dialkyl phosphites (P(O)–H) as a phosphorylating reagent in the presence of triethylamine and CCl₄ (Scheme 1a).^[17] In 2013, Prabhu and co-workers developed a metal free phosphorylation of alcohols and amines via cross dehydroganative coupling reaction (CDC) in the presence of I₂/H₂O₂ catalytic system (Scheme 1b).^[18] Later, Chen and Han group reported iron catalyzed CDC reaction for the preparation of phosphate esters with P(O)-H compounds and alcohols at high temperature (Scheme 1c).^[19] Similarly, Chen et al. prepared phosphinic acids or phosphinates in the presence of Selectfluor via a one-pot coupling process of secondary phosphine oxides with water or alcohols (Scheme 1d).^[20] Recently, Lu group reported an electrophilic phosphination of arenols with diphenylphosphine oxides leading to the formation of diphenyl aryl phosphinates in the presence of Tf₂O/ H₂O₂ system (Scheme 1e).^[21] In addition, different phosphorylating reagents have been used for the synthesis of variety organophosphates.^[22] However, most of these methods suffers from multistep synthesis, low functional group tolerance and substrate





Scheme 1. Methods for phosphates synthesis.

limitation.^[23,24] Hence, the direct phosphorylation of nucleophiles with good functional group tolerance, broad substrate scope and high yields are highly desirable.

In continuation of our efforts on oxidative cross-coupling reactions,^[25] we herein describe the Lil/TBHP mediated oxidative cross-coupling of phenol derivatives, alcohols, amines, and enols with P(O)–H compounds for the direct synthesis of organophosphates.

Results and Discussion

Initial investigations were initiated with 1 mmol of 4-bromophenol **1a** and 3 mmol of diethyl phosphite **2a** as model substrates in presence of 1 equiv. of TBAI and 3 equiv. of 70 % aq. TBHP in MeCN (2 mL), which afforded the corresponding organophosphate **3a** in 10 % yield (Table 1, entry 1). Subsequently change of halide source from TBAI to KI has improved the product yield **3a** to 18 % and extending the reaction time under the similar conditions could not increase the yield of **3a** (entries 2 and 3). The formation of product could not be observed either the use of stoichiometric amount of I₂ in the presence of TBHP (entry 4) or catalytic amount of I_2 in the presence of H₂O₂ as an oxidant (entry 5).^[18] However, it was delighted to see the product 3a in 87 % yield (entry 6) when 1 equivalent of Lil was used as a iodide source. Further, investigations with other iodide sources such as Nal has furnished **3a** in 38 %, while no product formation was observed with CsI (entries 7 and 8). For this particular reaction it was observed that Lil is superior to other alkali iodides. When Lil was replaced with other lithium halides such as LiCl and LiBr, the reaction was not observed with the former, whereas the later furnished the product 3a only in 10 % (entries 9 and 10). Use of other oxidants such as H₂O₂, O₂ and *m*-CPBA were not effective for this transformation (entries 11-13). To scrutinize the solvent effect, the reactions were performed in different solvents. In case of MeOH as a solvent, 3a was formed only in trace amount and notably we observed the formation of diethyl methyl phosphate ((EtO)₂P(O)OMe) product in 65 % yield, was confirmed by ¹H NMR (entry 14). The reaction was facile in other solvents such as DCM and toluene and afforded the product 3a in comparable yields (entries 15 and 16). Furthermore, catalytic amount of Lil was unsuccessful in promoting the reaction under standard conditions and which was true even at elevated temperature (entries 16-19). It is noteworthy to mention that, when 1 mmol of 2a was treated with 1 mmol of 1a, the reaction worked smoothly and the product **3a** was afforded in 85 % yield (entry 20), which was finalized as the optimized condition for further studies. While in the blank experiments such as absence of halide source and absence of oxidant, there was no product formation (Table 1, entries 21 and 22). These blank experiments clearly show that both halide source and oxidant play an important role in this transformation.

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Table 1. Optimization of the reaction conditions.^[a]

OH Br 1a	+ H-P-OEt OEt 2a	halide source , oxidant solvent, rt, 15 min		Or OEt Or OEt Br 3a
Entry	Halide source	Oxidant	Solvent	Yield ^[b]
	[equiv.]			[%]
1	TBAI (1)	TBHP	MeCN	0
2	KI (1)	TBHP	MeCN	18
3 ^[c]	KI (1)	TBHP	MeCN	18
4	l ₂ (1) l ₂ (0.1)	TBHP	MeCN-	00
5 ^[d]		H_2O_2	-	
6	Lil (1)	TBHP	MeCN	87
7	Nal (1)	TBHP	MeCN	38
8	Csl (1)	TBHP	MeCN	0
9	LiCl (1)	TBHP	MeCN	0.
10	LiBr (1)	TBHP	MeCN	10
11	Lil (1)	H_2O_2	MeCN	0
12	Lil (1)	O ₂	MeCN	0
13	Lil (1)	<i>m</i> -CPBA	MeCN	0
14	Lil (1)	TBHP	MeOH	3
15	Lil (1)	TBHP	DCM	85
16	Lil (1)	TBHP	Toluene	85
17	Lil (0.1)	TBHP	MeCN	0
18	Lil (0.3)	TBHP	MeCN	0
19	Lil (0.5)	TBHP	MeCN	0
20 ^[e]	Lil (0.1)	TBHP	MeCN	0
21 ^[f]	Lil (1)	TBHP	MeCN	85
22	-	TBHP	MeCN	0
23	Lil (1)	-	MeCN	0

[a] Reaction conditions: 1a (1 mmol), 2a (3 mmol), halide source (1 mmol), oxidant (3 mmol), solvent (2 mL), r.t., 1.5 min. [b] Yield based on isolated product. [c] Reaction was stirred for 24 h. [d] 1a (0.72 mmol), 2a (2.17 mmol), H₂O₂ (1 equiv.), 24 h. [e] Reaction was carried out at 80 °C. [f] 1 equiv. of 2a was used.

The generality and substrate scope of the reaction was studied under optimized conditions with various substituted phenols as shown in Table 2. The phenols bearing halogen functional groups such as 4-Br, 4-Cl and 4-F were well tolerated and afforded the required products **3a-c** in good yields. The substitution of a nitro group at ortho, meta and para on phenols did not influence much on the product formation (3d-f, 99 %, 98 % and 95 %). The synthesis of a pesticide 3f (paraoxon) was accomplished in excellent yield using this method. Similarly, 4hydroxybenzamide and 2-bromophenol underwent the reaction and obtained the desired products in excellent yields (3g and 3h). The substrates containing both electron donating as well as withdrawing groups in the same molecule were also well tolerated and furnished the products in good yields (3i and 3j). A simple phenol could react well with 2a and afford the product **3k** in good yield. An electron donating substrates such as *m*-cresol and *p*-cresol provided the products in lower yields (3I and 3m). The oxidative coupling product of 4-methoxyphenol with 2a was obtained in moderate yield (3n), whereas the hydroguinone could manage to give the lower yield of the product (30). To our delight, acetamide group was well tolerated and reacted efficiently to afford the desired product in 72 % yield (3p). When 2-phenylphenol was subjected to the standard reaction conditions, the respective product was obtained in 65 % yield (Table 2, 3q).

Table 2. Substrate scope of phenols with diethyl phosphite.^[a,b]



[a] Reaction conditions: 1 (1 mmol), 2a (1 mmol), Lil (1 mmol), 70 % aq. TBHP (3 mmol), MeCN (2 mL), r.t., 15 min. [b] Yields based on isolated product.

In addition, the scope of phosphites, phosphine oxide, phosphinate and dimethy thiophosphite were investigated under optimized reaction conditions as shown in Table 3. The reaction of 4-bromophenol with dimethyl phosphite 2b, diisopropyl phosphite 2c and di-n-butyl phosphite 2d afforded the corresponding products in low to good yields (4a-4c). Treatment of 3-chlorophenol with 2c provided 4d in 80 % yield. The subTable 3. Substrate scope of phenols with different phosphites, phosphine oxide, phosphinate and dimethyl thiophosphite^[a,b]



[a] Reaction conditions: **1** (1 mmol), **2** (1 mmol), Lil (1 mmol), 70 % aq. TBHP (3 mmol), MeCN (2 mL), r.t., 15 min. [b] Yields based on isolated product.

strates having electron withdrawing and donating groups in the same molecule reacted with 2c and 2d and the desired products were obtained in 82 % yield (4e and 4f). When orthonitrophenol was treated with 2d, the corresponding product was obtained in 90 % yield (4g), while the same substrate reacted with diphenyl phosphite and diphenylphosphine oxide, respective products 4h and 4i were obtained in poor yields. This could be due to the presence of unreacted H-phosphonate. To our delight, phosphorylation of **1a** was observed with ethyl phenylphosphinate and the corresponding product obtained in 45 % yield (4i). Electron rich substrates such as m-cresol and 4-methoxyphenol when reacted with 2c. the products were obtained in 30 % and 45 % yields respectively (4k and 4l). Furthermore, this methodology was extended to the synthesis of pesticides such as cyanophos 4m and methyl parathion 4n where the products were obtained in 43 % and 58 % yields respectively. The reaction was compatible with thiodiphenol and the corresponding product 40 was obtained in lower yield (Table 3).

Furthermore, the substrate scope was extended to 2naphthols and 1,1'-bi-2-naphthols (Table 4, **5a–5ha**). While 2naphthol reacted with **2a** and furnished the desired product in moderate yield, the electron withdrawing analogues such as 1bromo-2-naphthol and 6-bromo-2-naphthol provided the products in good yields (**5a–c**). The 6-bromo-2-naphthol with **2c** under standard reaction conditions, the corresponding product was isolated in 64 % yield (**5d**). When 7-methoxy naphthol was treated with **2a** the product **5e** was obtained in 57 % yield. In case of racemic binaphthol a mixture of monophosphorylation product **5f** (12 %) and diphosphorylation product **5fa** (40 %)

Table 4. Substrate scope of 2-naphthols and 1,1'-Bi-2-naphthols with diethyl and diisopropyl phosphite.^[a,b]



[a] Reaction conditions: 1 (1 mmol), 2a & 2c (1 mmol), Lil (1 mmol), 70 % aq. TBHP (3 mmol), MeCN (2 mL), r.t., 15 min. [b] Yields based on isolated product.

were obtained. Interestingly, the reaction of enantiopure *R* and *S*-binaphthols under standard reaction conditions, furnished the corresponding enantiopure mono and diphosphorylation products *R*-**5g**, *R*-**5ga**, *S*-**5h** and *S*-**5ha** in low to moderate yields (Table 4).

The treatment of 7-hydroxy coumarin, 8-quinolinol and 2methyl-8-quinolinol with **2a** resulted the corresponding products in moderate to good yields (Table 5, **6a–6c**). Similarly, the

Table 5. Substrate scope of hydroxylated heteroarenes.^[a,b]



[a] Reaction conditions: **1** (1 mmol), **2a** (1 mmol), Lil (1 mmol), 70 % aq. TBHP (3 mmol), MeCN (2 mL), r.t., 15 min. [b] Yields based on isolated product.

Table 6. Substrate scope of different nucleophiles with diethyl phosphite.^[a,b]

reactions of benzotriazolyl-*p*-cresol, benzimidazolyl-phenol and hydroxyphenyl-benzothiazole with **2a** furnished the respective products in good yields (Table 5, **6d–6f**).

In addition to phenols, aliphatic alcohols were also investigated under the standard reaction conditions. When the reaction was performed with methanol, ethanol and propanol using 2a, the corresponding coupled products were obtained in good yields (Table 6a, 8a-8c). Similarly, decanol and 3-phenyl propargyl alcohol with 2a resulted phosphorylation products in poor yields (Table 6a, 8d and 8e). To our delight, benzylamine and 4-chloro aniline were also smoothly provided N-P bond formation products with 2a under standard reaction conditions in moderate to good yields (Table 6b, 8f and 8g). There was no reaction with thiophenol, and the starting material remains intact. Based on our previous reports with β -keto esters and dimethyl formamide^[26] we investigated the scope of β -keto esters with 2a under the standard reaction conditions and obtained the enol phosphates in low to moderate yields (Table 6c, 8h-8k).

To investigate the mechanism, we have conducted the control experiments as shown in Scheme 2. The reaction of **1a** with **2a** in presence of 3 equiv. TEMPO under the standard reaction conditions the product **3a** was obtained in 80 % yield (Scheme 2, i). This result indicates that the reaction may not be proceeding through a radical path way. Next, the reaction of **1a** (1 mmol) with **2a** (1 mmol) in the presence of 1 equiv. of I_2 and 1 equiv. of LiOH as a base using 3 equiv. of TBHP, resulted the product **3a** in 55 % yield (Scheme 2, ii). This reaction supports



[a] Reaction conditions: 7 (1 mmol), 2a (1 mmol), Lil (1 mmol), 70 % aq. TBHP (3 mmol), MeCN (2 mL), r.t., 15 min. [b] Yields based on isolated product. [c] 7 (10 mmol), neat.

our interpretation that in situ generated LiOH base and I_2 might be involved in the transformation of **1a** and **2a** to **3a**. Further, we did not detect any product formation in the absence of LiOH and an oxidant (Scheme 2, iii and iv). These results support that the role of both lithium iodide and oxidant might be crucial. Moreover, we have also done the further investigation on the mechanistic studies using NMR experiments. The reaction of diethyl phosphite when treated in an NMR tube with LiI and TBHP in toluene at room temperature resulted in the formation of a product, which was found to be resonating at -40.8 ppm as per ³¹P NMR. It was then identified and compared as an intermediate diethyl phosphoroiodate based on previous ³¹P NMR data^[27] (please see the supporting information).



Scheme 2. Control experiments.

Based on our own control experiments and previous reports,^[27] we have proposed a plausible mechanism as shown in Scheme 3. Initially, Lil reacts with **2a** in the presence of aq. TBHP and generates diethyl phosphoroiodate intermediate **(2a–1)** and LiOH. Subsequentially, the newly formed LiOH may abstract the proton from **1a** and results 4-bromo lithium phenoxide **(1a-1)** and water. Finally, **1a-1** reacts with **2a-1** to obtain the corresponding product **3a** (Scheme 3).



Scheme 3. Plausible mechanism.

Conclusions

In conclusion, we have developed an efficient and mild method for the direct phosphorylation of phenols, alcohols and amines by Lil/TBHP mediated oxidative cross-coupling reaction. Moreover, this protocol extended to β -keto esters for the synthesis of enol phosphates using H-phosphonates. Notably, this developed method applied for the synthesis of organopesticides such as paraoxon, cyanophos, and methyl parathion. The main features of this protocol are mild conditions, short reaction time, good functional group tolerance and broad substrate scope.

Experimental Section

All chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Alfa Aeser and Avra Chemicals, Pvt. Ltd. India and used as received. Silica gel (100-200 mesh) was used for column chromatography and thin-layer chromatography was performed on Merck-pre-coated silica gel 60-F₂₅₄ plates and visualized by UV-light and developed by lodine. All the other chemicals and solvents were obtained from commercial sources and purified using standard methods. All ¹H and ¹³C were recorded on a Avance-300, Avance-400, Inova-500 MHz Spectrometer. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm, using TMS (δ = 0) as an internal standard in CDCl₃ and 85 % H₃PO₄ as external standard for ³¹P NMR (202 MHz). The peak patterns are indicated as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; g, guartet; m, multiplet. The coupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz (Hz). The IR values are reported in reciprocal centimeters (cm⁻¹). Mass spectroscopic data were compiled using Electron Spray Ionization mass spectrometer (ESI-MS) and High-Resolution Mass Spectrometer (HRMS).

General Procedure for the Synthesis of Organophosphates: A mixture of Phenol derivatives and other nucleophiles such as alcohols, amines and β -keto esters (1.0 mmol), H-phosphonate (1 mmol) and Lil (1 mmol) were taken in 2.0 mL of MeCN in a single-neck reactor. To this stirred solution 3 equiv. of 70 % aq. TBHP was added at room temperature, in an open-air atmosphere (**Caution:** It is observed that the reaction is exothermic in nature). The reaction was stirred up to 15 min and the completion of the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with sodium thiosulfate. The organic layer was separated and dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate) to afford the pure product. The product was confirmed by ¹H, ¹³C, ³¹P NMR, IR, ESI-MS and HRMS analysis.

4-Bromophenyl diethyl phosphate (3a): Yellow oil, 263 mg (85 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.45 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 9.0 H_z, 2H), 4.17–4.25 (m, 4H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.7 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 132.6, 121.7 (d, *J* = 4.54 Hz), 117.8, 64.7 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.47; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2981, 2913 2377, 1583, 1485, 1275, 1217, 1164, 1028, 957, 928, 833, 779, 541; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 331 [M + Na]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₁₀H₁₄O₄BrNaP [M + Na]⁺: 330.97053, found: 330.97012.

4-Chlorophenyl diethyl phosphate (3b): Red oil; 211 mg (80 %); ¹H NMR **δ** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.28 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17(d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.16–4.26 (m, 4H), 1.35 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.2 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 130.2, 129.6, 121.3 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 64.7 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.3$. IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2982$, 2911, 2378, 1583, 1488, 1273, 1218, 1164, 1028, 959, 928, 837, 784, 641, 547; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 287 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₄O₄CINaP [M + Na]⁺: 287.02104, found: 287.02051.

4-Fluorophenyl diethyl phosphate (3c): Red oil; 157 mg (63 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.18 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 2H), 4.16–4.27 (m, 4H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.5, 158.6, 146.5 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 121.3 (dd, $J_{C-P} = 4.5$ Hz, $J_{C-F} = 3.6$ Hz), 116.2, 116.0, 64.6 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) $\delta = -6.0$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2896$, 2916, 2377, 1503, 1276, 1197, 1093, 1028, 958, 842, 762, 559; MS (ESI) m/z = 271 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₄O₄FNaP [M + Na]⁺: 271.05059, found: 271.05020.

Diethyl (2-nitrophenyl) phosphate (3d): Yellow oil; 273 mg (99 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.58 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24–4.32 (m, 4H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 147.9 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 133.5, 128.6, 125.9, 121.0, 114.39 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 65.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 7.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.9$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2989$, 2914, 2379, 1604, 1531, 1483, 1354, 1279, 1238, 1164, 1090, 1027, 955, 928, 848, 780, 656, 547; MS (ESI) m/z = 276 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₅O₆NP [M + H]⁺: 276.06315 found: 3276.06244.

Diethyl (3-nitrophenyl) phosphate (3e): Yellow oil; 270 mg (98 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.07 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.23–4.30 (m. 4H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 151.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 148.9, 130.3, 126.3 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 119.8, 115.5 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 65.0(d, J = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.6$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2987$, 2923, 2378, 1588, 1531, 1477, 1354, 1279, 1224, 1165, 1027, 966, 863, 792, 738, 675, 548; MS (ESI) *m*/*z* = 298 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₄O₆NNaP [M + Na]⁺: 298.04509, found: 298.04445.

4-Nitrophenyl diethyl phosphate (3f): Yellow oil; 263 mg (95 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.26 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.21–4.31 (m, 4H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 155.4 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 144.5, 125.6, 120.4 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 65.1 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = –7.1; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2989, 2914, 2379, 1613, 1592, 1491, 1347, 1278, 1232, 1163, 1099, 1026, 927, 859, 776, 752, 688, 552; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 276 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₅O₆NP [M + H]⁺: 276.06315, found: 276.06259.

4-Carbamoylphenyl diethyl phosphate (3g): Yellow solid; M.p. 52–55 °C, 268 mg (98 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.6, 2H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 242.5 Hz, 2H), 4.17–4.28 (m, 4H), 1.36 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 168.5, 153.3 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 130.0, 129.3, 119.8 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 64.8 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.8; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3377, 3207, 2987, 2378, 1670, 1605, 1509, 1391, 1267, 1166, 1028, 963, 936, 859, 774, 689, 548; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 274 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₁H₁₇O₅NP [M + H]⁺: 274.08389, found: 274.08336.

2-Bromophenyl diethyl phosphate (3h): Yellow oil; 295 mg (96 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.93 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28–7.32 (m, 1H), 4.22–4.32 (m. 4H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 143.5 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 143.4, 134.2, 125.3 (d, J = 1.8 Hz), 122.6, 65.4 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.9 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -7.4$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2984$, 2910, 2377, 1582, 1475, 1370, 1281, 1232, 1164, 1098, 1027, 932, 759, 653, 547; MS (ESI) m/z = 331 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₄O₆NNaP [M + Na]⁺: 330.97053, found: 330.97003.

4-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenyl diethyl phosphate (3i): Yellow oil; 214 mg (73 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 6.96 (s, 2H), 4.17–4.25 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 6H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.2 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 137.6, 130.6, 119.6 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 64.6 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 20.7, 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.2$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2989$, 2913, 2377, 1590, 1469, 1304, 1276, 1155, 1025, 979, 859, 803, 754, 702, 644, 560; MS (ESI) m/z = 315 [M + Na]+; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for $C_{12}H_{18}O_4CINaP$ [M + Na]+: 315.05234, found: 315.05184.

Methyl 2-((diethoxyphosphoryl)oxy)-4-methoxybenzoate (3j): Yellow oil; 245 mg (77 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23–4.30 (m. 4H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 164.9, 163.2, 151.4 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 133.2, 114.8 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 110.7, 106.9 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 64.8 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 55.6, 51.8, 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -7.2; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{\nu}_{max}$ = 2978, 1726, 1611, 1505, 1437, 1262, 1195, 1093, 1028, 984, 958, 875, 773, 548; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 319 [M + H]⁺; (IESI-HRMS) calculated for [M + H]⁺: C₁₃H₂₀O₇P [M + H]⁺: 319.09412, found: 319.09322.

Diethyl phenyl phosphate (3k): Yellow oil; 164 mg (71 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.33 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (q, J = 8.6 Hz, 3H), 4.16–4.27 (m, 4H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.7, 129.6, 124.9, 119.9 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 64.5 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.3$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{\nu}_{max} = 2985$, 2937, 2377, 1594, 1490, 1369, 1274, 1212, 1164, 1025, 936, 763, 691, 538; MS (ESI) m/z = 253 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₅O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 253.06002, found: 253.05977.

Diethyl *m*-tolyl phosphate (3I): Red oil; 110 mg (45 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 4.16–4.27 (m, 4H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.6 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 139.8, 129.2, 125.6, 120.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 116.8 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 64.4 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 21.2, 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.2; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2982, 2913, 2378, 1610, 1588, 1488, 1273, 1151, 1032, 964, 855, 783, 688, 505; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 245 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₁H₁₈O₄P [M + H]⁺: 245.09372, found: 245.09292.

Diethyl *p*-tolyl phosphate (3m): Yellow oil; 97 mg (59 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.11 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 4H), 4.16–4.24 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.4 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 134.4, 130.0, 119.6 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 64.4 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 20.6, 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.0. IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2985, 2907, 2378, 1608, 1508, 1445, 1273, 1217, 1165, 1028, 960, 825, 757, 695, 528; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 245 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₁H₁₈O₄P [M + H]⁺: 245.09372, found: 245.09288.

Diethyl 4-methoxyphenyl phosphate (3n): Red oil; 149 mg (57 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.14 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 4.16–4.24 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 156.5, 144.2 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 120.8 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 114.5, 64.4 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 55.5, 16.0 (d, J = 7.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -5.7$. IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2981$, 2921, 2377, 1506, 1443, 1273, 1205, 1165, 1031, 960, 835, 813, 759, 637, 535; MS (ESI) m/z = 261 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₁H₁₈O₅P [M + H]⁺: 261.08864, found: 261.08783.

Diethyl (4-hydroxyphenyl) phosphate (30): Yellow oil; 87 mg (35 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.90 (brs, 1H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.17–4.25 (m, 4H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.0, 143.1 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 120.7 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 116.3, 64.7 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = –5.8. IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3246, 2921, 2854, 2378, 1601, 1509, 1453, 1249, 1198, 1165, 1029, 967, 837, 769, 573; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 269 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₀H₁₅O₅NaP [M + Na]⁺: 269.05493, found: 269.05446.

3-Acetamidophenyl diethyl phosphate (3p): Red oil; 207 mg (72 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.32 (s, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J =

9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19–4.28 (m, 4H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 168.8, 150.6 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 139.7, 129.6, 116.1, 114.9 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 111.4 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 64.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 24.3, 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.5$. IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3277$, 2982, 2939, 2378, 1676, 1550, 1485, 1438, 1371, 1267, 1151, 1026, 983, 878, 784, 687, 523; MS (ESI) m/z = 288[M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₂H₁₉O₅NP [M + H]⁺: 288.09954, found: 288.09884.

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-yl diethyl phosphate (3q): Yellow oil; 199 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR δ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.30–7.51 (m, 8H), 7.23 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.85–4.01 (m, 4H), 1.17 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 147.6 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 137.4, 131.5 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 131.1, 129.4, 128.6, 128.0, 127.3, 125.1, 120.4, 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.9 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.8$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3366$, 2985, 2937, 2377, 1504, 1479, 1434, 1277, 1207, 1163, 1099, 1029, 957, 935, 789, 734, 701, 591, 553, 506; MS (ESI) m/z = 329 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₆H₁₉O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 329.09132, found: 329.09077.

4-Bromophenyl dimethyl phosphate (4a): Yellow oil; 84 mg (30 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.6 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 132.7, 121.6 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 118.0, 55.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -4.2; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2954, 2925, 2378, 1582, 1284, 1217, 1040, 1011, 947, 830, 793, 548; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 303 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₈H₁₀O₄BrNaP [M + Na]⁺: 302.93923, found: 302.93895.

4-Bromophenyl diisopropyl phosphate (4b): Yellow oil; 306 mg (91 %): ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.69- 4.79 (m, 2H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.0 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 132.4, 121.8 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 117.5, 73.6 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 23.5 (d. *J* = 4.5 Hz), 23.4 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -8.0; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2981, 2378, 1584, 1485, 1387, 1271, 1218, 1143, 1106, 1003, 930, 833, 775, 547; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 337 [M + H]⁺; ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₂H₁₉O₄BrP [M + H]⁺: 337.01988, found: 337.01919.

4-Bromophenyl dibutyl phosphate (4c): Light yellow oil; 281 mg (77 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.45 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.11–4.17 (m, 4H), 1.64–1.69 (m, 4H), 1.35–1.43 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.8 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 132.6, 121.7 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 117.7, 68.3 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 32.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 18.5, 13.4; ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.2$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2960$, 2931, 2872, 2378, 1583, 1485, 1284, 1217, 1165, 1066, 1026, 1011, 943, 930, 832, 756, 633, 548; MS (ESI) m/z = 387 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₂H₂₂O₄BrNaP [M + Na]⁺: 387.03313, found: 387.03339.

3-Chlorophenyl diisopropyl phosphate (4d): Yellow oil; 234 mg (80 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.26 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.72–4.78 (m, 2H), 1.38 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 6H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 151.3 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 134.7, 130.2, 125.6, 120.6 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 118.3 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 73.7 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 23.6 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 23.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -8.2; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2982, 2937, 2377, 1589, 1472, 1387, 1179, 1143, 1272, 1247, 1003, 950, 815, 780, 678, 527; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 293 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₂H₁₉O₄CIP [M + H]⁺: 293.07040, found: 293.06968.

Methyl 2-(diisopropoxyphosphoryloxy)-4-methoxybenzoate (4e): Yellow oil; 284 mg (82 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78- 4.85 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 6H), 1.32(d, J =6.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 165.1, 163.4, 151.5 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 133.1, 115.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 110.8, 73.6 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 55.5, 51.7, 23.6 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 23.4 (d, J = 5.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -8.9$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2982$, 2378, 1728, 1610, 1577, 1507, 1436, 1262, 1197, 1142, 1091, 1008, 893, 868, 773, 698, 519'; MS (ESI) m/z = 347 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₅H₂₄O₇P [M + H]⁺: 347.12542, found 347.12368.

Dibutyl 4-chloro-3,5-dimethylphenyl phosphate (4f): Yellow oil; 286 mg (82 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 6.95 (s, 2H), 4.10–4.16 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 6H), 1.64–1.70 (m, 4H), 1.36–1.44 (m, 4H), 0.91–0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.3 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 137.6,130.6, 119.7 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 68.2 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 32.1 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.0; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3364, 2962, 2872, 2377, 1748, 1591, 1548, 1470, 1286, 1155, 1027, 979, 879, 640, 559; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 349 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₆H₂₇O₄CIP [M + H]⁺: 349.13300, found: 349.13238.

Dibutyl (2-nitrophenyl) phosphate (4g): Yellow oil; 298 mg (90 %); ¹H NMR **δ** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.94 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55–764 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.32 (m, 1H), 4.16–4.26 (m, 4H), 1.73–1.66 (m, 4H), 1.34–1.46 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 143.5 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 141.4 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 134.2, 125.5, 125.0, 122.5, 69.0 (d, J = 6.3Hz) 32.0 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 18.4, 13.4; ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -7.2$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2962$, 2940, 2874, 2378, 1604, 1532, 1289, 1235, 1149, 1029, 932, 848, 780, 743, 657, 547, 522; MS (ESI) m/z = 332 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₂₂O₆NP [M + H]⁺: 332.12575 found: 332.12564.

2-Nitrophenyl diphenyl phosphate (4h): Yellow oil; 38 mg (10 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.96 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30–7.39 (m, 6H), 7.20–7.27 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.1 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 143.0 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 134.3, 129.9, 125.9, 125.8 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 122.5, 120.0 (d, J = 5.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -18.5$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2925$, 2855, 2377, 1590, 1532, 1486, 1351, 1302, 1351, 1302, 1270, 1184, 1161, 1089, 1010, 954, 849, 688, 656, 581, 503; MS (ESI) m/z = 372 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₈H₁₅O₆NP [M + H]⁺: 372.06315, found: 372.06308.

2-Nitrophenyl diphenylphosphinate (4i): Yellow oil; 99 mg (29 %); ¹H NMR **δ** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.97 (q, J = 8.3 Hz, 4H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45– 7.49 (m, 5H), 7.18 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 144.2 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 134.3, 132.9, 131.7 (d, J = 10.8 Hz), 130.2, 129.1, 128.8 (d, J = 13.6 Hz), 125.7, 124.5, 122.9 (d, J = 3.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = 33.7$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3245$, 3055, 2923, 2850, 2377, 2310, 1729, 1603, 1528, 1483, 1438, 1351, 1271, 1228, 1130, 1089, 1033, 997, 956, 913, 844, 730, 695, 59, 527; MS (ESI) m/z = 340 [M + H]+; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₈H₁₅O₄NP [M + H]+:340.07332 found: 340.07252.

4-Bromophenyl ethyl phenylphosphonate (4j): Yellow oil; 153 mg (45 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.86 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.51 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.19–4.30 (m, 2H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.6 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 132.9, 132.5, 131.9 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 128.5 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz), 128.1, 126.2, 122.3 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 117.7, 63.0 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 16.2 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = 15.7; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3482, 2985, 1634, 1482, 1259, 1213, 1131, 1035, 919, 832, 754, 551; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 341 [M + H]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₁₄H₁₅O₃BrP [M + H]⁺: 340.99367, found: 340.99227.

Diisopropyl m-tolyl phosphate (4k): Yellow oil; 83 mg (30 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H),7.02 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70–4.78 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 6H), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃):

150.8 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 139.7, 129.1, 125.4, 120.6 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 116.9 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 73.3 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 23.6 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 23.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 21.2; ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -7.9; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{\nu}_{max}$ = 2981, 2937, 2377, 1610, 1588, 1488, 1386, 1271, 1252, 1149, 1107, 997, 961, 893, 848, 783, 688, 537; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 295 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₃H₂₁O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 295.10697, found: 295.10613.

Diisopropyl 4-methoxyphenyl phosphate (4I): Yellow oil; 131 mg (45 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.14 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.69–4.77 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 6H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 156.4, 144.5 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 120.9 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 114.4, 73.2 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 65.5, 23.6 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 23.5 (d, J = 4.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -7.4$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2981$, 2937, 2378, 1506, 1387, 1250, 1206, 1179, 1105, 1001, 942, 810, 834, 810, 636, 535; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 311 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₃H₂₁O₅NaP [M + Na]⁺: 311.10188, found: 311.10108.

O-4-Cyanophenyl O,O-dimethyl phosphorothioate (4m): Yellow oil; 106 mg (43 %). ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 153.7 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 133.8, 121.8 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 118.1, 109.2, 55.3 (d, J = 5.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = 65.7$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2953$, 2850, 2374, 2230, 1602, 1500, 1228, 1169, 1031, 923, 834, 797, 687, 551; MS (ESI) m/z = 244 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₉H₁₁O₃NPS [M + H]⁺: 244.01918, found: 244.01871.

O,O-Dimethyl O-4-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate (4n): Yellow oil; 153 mg (58 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.26 (d, *J* = 9.15 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 9.15 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 155.23–155.29 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 144.8, 125.4, 121.4–121.5 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 55.42–55.46 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = 65.6; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2953, 2377, 2309, 1613, 1590, 1490, 1347, 1225, 1111, 1031, 924, 859, 766, 646, 503; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 264 [M + H]⁺.

O-3-(3-Hydroxyphenylthio)phenyl O,O-dimethyl phosphorothioate (40): Yellow oil; 40 mg (11 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 156.0, 148.8 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 135.4, 135.1, 129.5, 124.3, 121.3 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 116.5, 55.1 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = 66.5. IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3388, 2951, 2846, 2377, 1598, 1583, 1486, 1265, 1208, 1165, 1032, 943, 927, 827, 777, 656, 535, 516; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 343 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₁₆O₄PS₂ [M + H]⁺: 343.02221, found: 343.02194.

Diethyl naphthalen-2-yl phosphate (5a): Red oil; 140 mg (50 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.81 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.42–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21–4.29 (m, 4H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 133.8, 130.8, 129.7, 127.6, 127.4, 126.6, 125.4, 119 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 116.3 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 64.6 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 16.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.2$. IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2983$, 2931, 2377, 1632, 1598, 1510, 1465, 1358, 1277, 1247, 1213, 1162, 1028, 972, 865, 814, 751, 687, 559, 478; MS (ESI) m/z = 303 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₁₇O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 303.07567, found: 303.07523.

1-Bromonaphthalen-2-yl diethyl phosphate (5b): Red oil; 330 mg (92 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.27 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61–7.67 (m, 2H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.93 Hz, 1H) 4.28–4.36 (m, 4H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 146.0, 132.7, 131.5, 128.9, 128.1,127.8, 126.9, 125.9, 119.8, 112.8 (d, J = 8.8 Hz), 65.0 (d, J = 6.0 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz,

CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.8$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2986$, 2907, 2377, 1624, 1597, 1501, 1356, 1283, 1254, 1231, 1165, 1029, 999, 964, 848, 811, 749, 637, 522; MS (ESI) m/z = 381 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₁₆O₄BrNaP [M + Na]⁺: 380.98618, found: 380.98612.

6-Bromonaphthalen-2-yl diethyl phosphate (5c): Yellow oil; 297 mg (83 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J =8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d. J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21–4.29 (m, 4H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.5 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 132.2, 131.8, 130.0, 129.6, 129.0, 128.8, 121.0 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 119.2, 116.3 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 64.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta =$ -6.3; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} =$ 2984, 2937, 2377, 1628, 1589, 1500, 1363, 1276, 1246, 1198, 1150, 1054, 1028, 975, 934, 880, 801, 755, 705, 648, 575, 504; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 381 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₁₆O₄BrNaP [M + Na]⁺: 380.98618, found: 380.98593.

6-Bromonaphthalen-2-yl diisopropyl phosphate (5d): Yellow oil; 247 mg (64 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.65- 7.74 (m, 3H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 9.06 Hz, 1H), 4.73–4.86 (m, 2H), 1.39 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.8 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 132.2, 131.7, 129.9, 129.6, 129.0, 128.7, 121.2 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 119.1, 116.4 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 73.6 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 23.6 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 23.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -8.2; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3010, 2979, 2910, 2378, 2313, 1589, 1500, 1272, 1247, 1199, 1003, 972, 935, 879, 785, 645, 520; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 387 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₆H₂₁O₄BrP [M + H]⁺: 387.03553, found: 387.03511.

Diethyl (7-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl) phosphate (5e): Red oil; 177 mg (57 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.72 (q, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.21– 4.29 (m, 4H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 158.2, 148.9 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 135.2, 129.4, 129.1, 126.2, 118.3, 117.4 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 115.3 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 105.4, 64.6 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 55.2, 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.2; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2983, 2925, 2378, 1632, 1513, 1467, 1390, 1252, 1216, 1153, 1029, 983, 911, 853, 774, 545; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 333 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₅H₁₉O₅NaP [M + Na]⁺: 333.08623, found: 333.08595.

rac-Diethyl (2'-hydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl) phosphate (5f): White solid; M.p. 92–97 °C, 51 mg (12 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82–7.94 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82–7.94 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.39 (m, 5H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.87–3.97 (m, 2H), 3.48–3.61 (m, 1H), 3.26–3.40 (m, 1H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 152.2, 147.2, 147.2, 133.6, 131.5, 130.7, 130.0, 129.1, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 126.5, 125.9, 125.7, 124.6, 123.5, 122.6, 122.5, 119.8, 119.5, 115.8, 64.8, 64.7, 64.3, 64.3, 15.8, 15.8, 15.4, 15.4; ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = –5.1; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3230, 2979, 2929, 2374, 1620, 1595, 1474, 1253, 1222, 1144, 1032, 1000, 869, 818, 748, 623; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 423 [M + H]⁺; ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₂₄H₂₄O₅P [M + H]⁺: 423.13559, found: 423.13497.

rac-[1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl tetraethyl bis(phosphate) (5fa): white solid; M.p. 142–147 °C, 224 mg (40 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.98 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27–7.33 (m, 4H), 3.67–3.76 (m, 4H), 3.46–3.52 (m, 4H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 146.6 (d, J =6.358 Hz),133.4, 130.7, 129.9, 127.8, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 121.5 (d, J =8.1 Hz), 119.1, 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 64.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.7 (d, J =6.3 Hz), 15.5 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta =$ -7.5; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2980$, 2922, 2378, 1624, 1592, 1508, 1475, 1362, 1278, 1226, 1164, 1100, 1028, 997, 845, 815, 751, 699, 500; MS (ESI) m/z = 581 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for $C_{28}H_{32}O_8NaP_2$ [M + Na]⁺: 581.14646, found: 581.14537.

*R***-Diethyl (2'-hydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl) phosphate (5g):** White solid; M.p. 165–167 °C, 51 mg (12 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.05 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34(q, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.27 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.92–3.97 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.92–3.97 (m, 2H), 3.53–3.61 (m, 1H), 3.31–3.39 (m, 1H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 152.1, 147.2(d, J = 7.2 Hz), 133.7, 131.6, 130.8, 130.0, 129.1, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 126.6, 125.9, 125.7, 124.6, 123.6, 122.5, 119.8, 119.6, 116.0, 64.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.8 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 15.4 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -5.0$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3051$, 2928, 2855, 2346, 1623, 1507, 1434, 1249, 1211, 1060, 1019, 989, 976, 869, 816, 748, 600, 519 MS (ESI) m/z = 445 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₂₄H₂₃O₅NaP [M + Na]⁺: 445.11753, found: 445.11410.

R-[1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl tetraethyl bis(phosphate) (5ga): White solid; M.p. 52–55 °C, 129 mg (23 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.98 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, J =9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27–7.34 (m, 4H), 3.65–3.77 (m, 4H), 3.46–3.52 (m, 4H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 146.6 (d, J = 6.6 Hz),133.4, 130.7, 129.9, 127.8, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 121.5 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 119.1, 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 64.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.3 (d, J =6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -7.5$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} =$ 2983, 2922, 2377, 1623, 1592, 1507, 1474, 1361, 1277, 1225, 1164, 1100, 1027, 997, 845, 819, 750, 700, 583, 526; MS (ESI) *m*/*z* = 559 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₂₈H₃₃O₈P₂ [M + H]⁺: 559.16452, found: 559.16348.

S-Diethyl (2'-hydroxy-[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl) phosphate (5h): White solid; M.p. 142–147 °C, 51 mg (12 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.05 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H). 7.48(t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34(q, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.92–3.98 (m, 2H), 3.53–3.61 (m, 1H), 3.31–3.39 (m, 1H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 152.1, 147.2(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 133.7, 131.6, 130.8, 130.0, 129.1, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 126.6, 125.9, 125.7, 124.6, 123.6, 122.5, 119.8, 119.6, 116.0, 64.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.8 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 15.4 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 2929, 2350, 1623, 1593, 1507, 1434, 1249, 1220, 1029, 990, 869, 816, 749, 702, 554; MS (ESI) m/z = 423 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₂₄H₂₄O₅P [M + H]⁺: 423.13559, found: 423.13579.

S-[1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl tetraethyl bis(phosphate) (5ha): White solid; M.p. 57–60 °C, 240 mg (43 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.99 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.27–7.34 (m, 4H), 3.65–3.77 (m, 4H), 3.46–3.52 (m, 4H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 146.6 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 133.4, 130.7, 129.9, 127.8, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 121.5 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 119.1, 64.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 64.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 15.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -7.5$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2983$, 2922, 2377, 1623, 1592, 1507, 1474, 1362, 1278, 1226, 1164, 1100, 1027, 997, 845, 815, 751, 700, 583, 520; MS (ESI) m/z = 559 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₂₈H₃₃O₈P₂ [M + H]⁺: 559.16452, found: 559.16349.

Diethyl 2-oxo-2H-chromen-7-yl phosphate (6a): White solid; M.p. 62–65 °C, 148 mg (49 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.70 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (d,

J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.21−4.31 (m, 4H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.2, 154.8, 153.2 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 142.7, 128.9, 1116.7 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 115.9, 115.6, 108.5 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 64.9 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = −6.8; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3566, 2984, 2915, 2377, 1737, 1614, 1564, 1503, 1398, 1272, 1232, 1153, 1124, 1099, 1027, 992, 956, 916, 843, 799, 755, 630, 502; MS (ESI) *m*/*z* = 299 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₃H₁₆O₆P [M + H]⁺: 299.06790, found: 299.06702.

Diethyl quinolin-8-yl phosphate (6b): Black oil; 168 mg (59 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48–7.52 (m, 1H), 7.43–7.47 (m, 1H), 4.33–4.42 (m, 4H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.2, 146.7 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 140.9 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 135.8, 129.6, 126.2, 124.5, 121.7, 119.2 (d, J = 2.7 Hz), 64.7 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.0$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{\nu}_{max} = 3419$, 2982, 2378, 1500, 1472, 1370, 1273, 1164, 1096, 1027, 964, 927, 833, 793, 543; MS (ESI) m/z = 282 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₃H₁₇O₄NP [M + H]⁺: 282.08897, found: 282.08758.

Diethyl 2-methylquinolin-8-yl phosphate (6c): Yellow oil; 197 mg (66 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.38 –4.46 (m, 4H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.0, 146.3 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 140.5 (d, J = 4.5 Hz), 135.8, 127.9, 125.2, 124.4, 122.6, 119.5 (d, J = 2.7 Hz), 64.7 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 25.4, 16.0 (d, J = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.0$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2982$, 2914, 2377, 1603, 1503, 1432, 1251, 1231, 1166, 1095, 1028, 957, 933, 884, 839, 760, 502; MS (ESI) *m*/*z* = 318 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₁₈O₄NNaP [M + Na]⁺: 318.08657, found: 318.08549.

2-(2H-Benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-2-yl)-4-methylphenyl diethyl phosphate (6d): Yellow oil; 273 mg (75 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.94 (q, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.00–4.11 (m, 4H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 144.8, 141.7 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 135.4, 131.8(d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 131.3, 127.3, 127.0, 121.7, 118.2, 64.7(d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 20.6, 15.8 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.9; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2983, 2925, 2377, 1563, 1511, 1277, 1233, 1164, 1029, 932, 882, 823, 749, 580; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 362 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₇H₂₁O₄N₃P [M + H]⁺: 362.12642, found: 362.12553.

2-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenyl diethyl phosphate (6e): Yellow oil; 214 mg (61 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.33 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 2H), 7.28–7.47 (m, 5H), 4.16–4.33 (m, 4H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 148.1, 147.5 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 131.6, 131.0, 126.0, 122.8, 122.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 121.2, 65.4(d, J = 6.6 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 7.2 Hz). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -5.2$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2979$, 2377, 1627, 1489, 1454, 1274, 1215, 1163, 1031, 964, 932, 746, 616, 521; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 347 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₇H₂₀O₄N₂P [M + H]⁺: 347.11552, found: 347.11493.

2-(Benzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)phenyl diethyl phosphate (6f): Red oil; 227 mg (62 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.44 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.95(d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.66(d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H) 4.21–4.30 (m, 4H), 1.32 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.1, 152.3, 148.6 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 135.9, 131.6, 130.2, 126.1, 125.0(d, *J* = 10.8 Hz), 124.6(d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 123.1, 121.4, 119.8, 65.0(d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 16.0(d, *J* = 6.3 Hz). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -6.9; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3065, 2983, 1580, 1285, 1210, 1162, 1026, 974, 857, 759, 730, 691, 517; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 364 [M + H]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for [M + H]⁺: C₁₇H₁₉O₄NPS [M + H]⁺: 364.07669, found: 364.07510. **Diethyl methylphosphate (8a):** Colorless liquid; 138 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.08–4.18 (m, 4H), 3.78 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 3H), 1.36 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 63.7 (d, J = 6.1 Hz), 54.0 (d, J = 6.1 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.9 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = 0.1$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3451$, 2988, 1643, 1259, 1032; MS (ESI) m/z = 169 [M + H]⁺; HRMS m/z (ESI) calculated for C₅H₁₄O₄P [M + H]⁺: 169.06242, found: 169.06153.

Triethyl phosphate (8b): Colorless liquid; 137 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR δ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.07–4.15 (m, 6H), 1.34 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 9H); ¹³C NMR δ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 63.4 (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): 63.4 (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 16.0 (d, J = 6.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -6.47$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3455$, 2980, 1642, 1259, 1031; MS (ESI) m/z = 183 [M + H]⁺; HRMS m/z(ESI) calculated for C₆H₁₆O₄P [M + H]⁺: 183.07807, found: 183.07706.

Diethyl propylphoshate (8c): Colorless liquid; 147 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.07–4.15 (m, 4H), 3.99 (q, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 2H) 1.66–1.75 (m, 2H), 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 6H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR δ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 69.1 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 63.6 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 23.6 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 9.9; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = –0.8; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3457, 2978, 1641, 1260, 1029; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 197 [M + H]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₇H₁₈O₄P [M + H]⁺: 197.09372, found: 197.09265.

Decyl diethyl phosphate (8d): Yellow oil; 54 mg (15 %); ¹H NMR δ (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.99–4.16 (m, 6H), 1.82 (s, 2H), 1.63–1.71 (m, 2H), 1.26–1.36 (m, 18H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.0 Hz,3H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 67.6 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 63.5 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 31.8, 30.2 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 29.4, 29.2, 29.1, 25.4, 22.6, 16.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 14.0; ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -0.8$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 2924$, 2855, 2378, 1508, 1459, 1394, 1264, 1166, 1031, 976; MS (ESI) m/z = 317 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₄H₃₁O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 317.18522, found: 317.18463.

Diethyl (3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl) phosphate (8e): Yellow oil; 54 mg (20 %); ¹H NMR δ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.43–7.46 (m, 2H), 7.29– 7.37 (m, 3H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14–4.21 (m, 4H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 131.7, 128.8, 121.9, 87.2, 82.9 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 64.0 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 55.7 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -0.9; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 2981, 2924, 2854, 2377, 1490, 1373, 1266, 1165, 1023, 970, 836, 751, 691, 546; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 291 [M + Na]⁺; (ESI-HRMS) calculated for C₁₃H₁₂O₄NaP [M + Na]⁺: 291.07567, found: 291.07503.

Diethyl benzylphosphoramidate (8f): Orange liquid; 158 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR δ (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.24–7.36 (m, 5H), 3.97–4.13 (m, 6H), 3.05 (brs, 1H),1.30 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 139.5 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 128.5, 127.2 (d, J = 10.4 Hz), 62.6 (d, J = 4.7 Hz), 45.3, 16.1 (d, J = 6.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = 8.4$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3417$, 2982, 2908, 1641, 1449, 1231, 1031, 964, 868; MS (ESI) m/z = 244 [M + H]⁺; HRMS m/z (ESI) calculated for C₁₁H₁₉O₃NP [M + H]⁺: 244.10971, found: 244.10834.

Diethyl 4-chlorophenylphosphoramidate (8g): Brown solid; M.p. 70–72 ^{°C}, 82 mg (65 %); ¹H NMR **\delta** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.02–4.21 (m, 4H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR δ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 138.6, 129.1, 126.3, 118.4 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 62.7 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz), 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = 2.3; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3141, 2956, 2728, 1895, 1595, 1492, 1393, 1224, 1026, 977, 831, 566; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 264 [M + H]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₁₀H₁₆O₃NCIP [M + H]⁺: 264.05508, found: 264.05381.

Methyl 3-(diethoxyphosphoryloxy)but-2-enoate (8h): Yellow oil; 114 mg (45 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.32 (s, 1H), 4.24–4.29 (m, 4H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 164.0, 158.3 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 104.9 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 64.8 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 51.0, 21.6, 16.0 (d, J = 7.2 Hz). ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -8.7; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3477, 2988, 1728, 1670, 1441, 1277, 1216, 1157, 1018, 914; MS (ESI) m/z = 253 [M + H]⁺; HRMS m/z (ESI) calculated for C₉H₁₈O₆P [M + H]⁺: 253.08355, found: 253.08223.

Ethyl 3-(diethoxyphosphoryloxy)but-2-enoate (8i): Yellow oil; 85 mg (32 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.31 (s, 1H), 4.22–4.31 (m, 4H), 4.15 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (d, *J* = 1.51 Hz, 3H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 163.6,158.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 105.4 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 64.8 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 59.7, 21.6, 16.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 14.2. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -8.6; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3456, 2985, 1725, 1667, 1444, 1277, 1213, 1153, 1026, 994; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 267 [M + H]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₁₀H₂₀O₆P [M + H]⁺: 267.09920, found: 267.09784.

tert-Butyl 3-(diethoxyphosphoryloxy)but-2-enoate (8j): Yellow oil; 83 mg (28 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.25 (s, 1H), 4.20-4.30 (m, 4H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.37 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.9, 156.6 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 107.2 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 80.0, 64.7 (d, J = 5.8 Hz), 28.1, 21.5, 16.6 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): $\delta = -8.5$; IR, cm⁻¹: $\tilde{v}_{max} = 3470$, 2982, 1719, 1666, 1445, 1281, 1228, 1150, 1029; MS (ESI) m/z = 295 [M + H]⁺; HRMS m/z (ESI) calculated for C₁₂H₂₄O₆P [M + H]⁺: 295.13050, found: 295.12900.

Ethyl 3-(diethoxyphosphoryloxy)-3-phenylacrylate (8k): Yellow oil; 76 mg (23 %); ¹H NMR δ (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.6 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 6.00 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10–4.27 (m, 6H), 1.32 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR δ (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 164.0, 156.8 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 133.9, 130.7, 128.4, 126.9, 106.5 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 64.8 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 60.2, 16.0 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 14.2. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): δ = -7.8; IR, cm⁻¹: \tilde{v}_{max} = 3475, 2984, 1723, 1642, 1447, 1275, 1169, 1024, 977; MS (ESI) *m/z* = 329 [M + H]⁺; HRMS *m/z* (ESI) calculated for C₁₅H₂₂O₆P [M + H]⁺: 329.11485, found: 329.11343.

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