

#### Exploring the cognitive workload during a visual search task in Parkinson's Disease

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# Exploring the cognitive workload during a visual search task in Parkinson's Disease

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## Background

- Visual search impairments in patients with Parkinson's Disease (PD) may negatively affect daily life activities, such as driving<sup>1,2</sup>
- The index of cognitive activity (ICA) is a pupillary response that accurately estimates cognitive workload during various tasks in individuals with cognitive decline<sup>3,4,5</sup>

### Objective

To investigate cognitive workload during a visual search task in patients with PD

## Methods

✓ 20 patients with PD (69 yrs-old ± 8; 16 Males) and 15 controls (61 yrs-old ± 11; 8 Males)

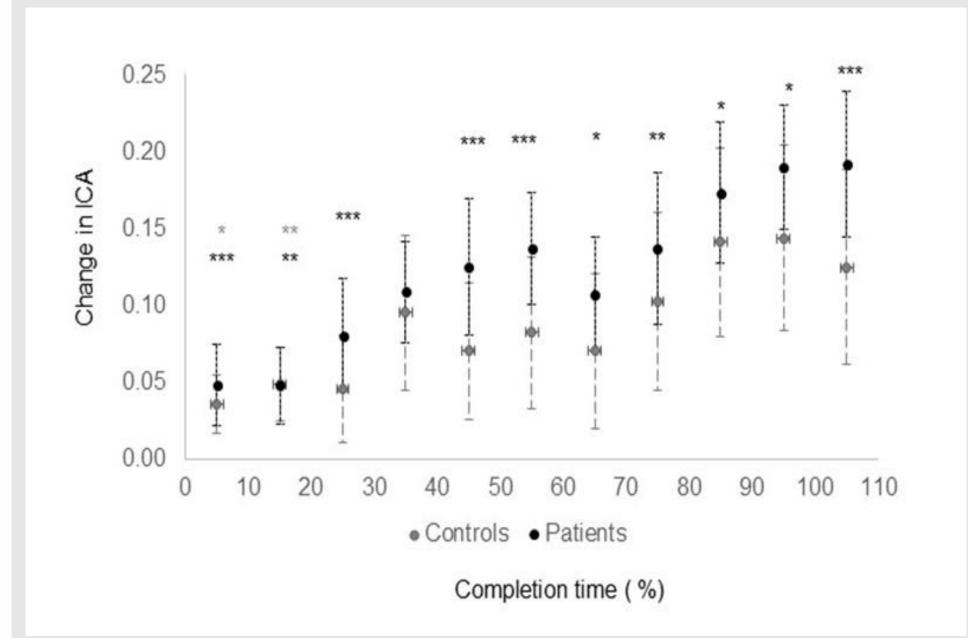
#### **VISUAL SEARCH TASK**

 ✓ Participants were instructed to search for a target stimulus (road sign) among distractor stimuli (other road signs) (Figure 1)

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### Results

✓ PD patients were slower than controls to detect correctly the target (7s. ± 2 vs 5 s. ± 1, p = 0.004) and missed more targets than controls (p = 0.04)



Each asterisk represents significant differences between cognitive workload values at a certain percentage of completion time and the baseline corresponding to 5% before the start of the trial. The black asterisks are for the patients and the gray asterisks are for the controls.

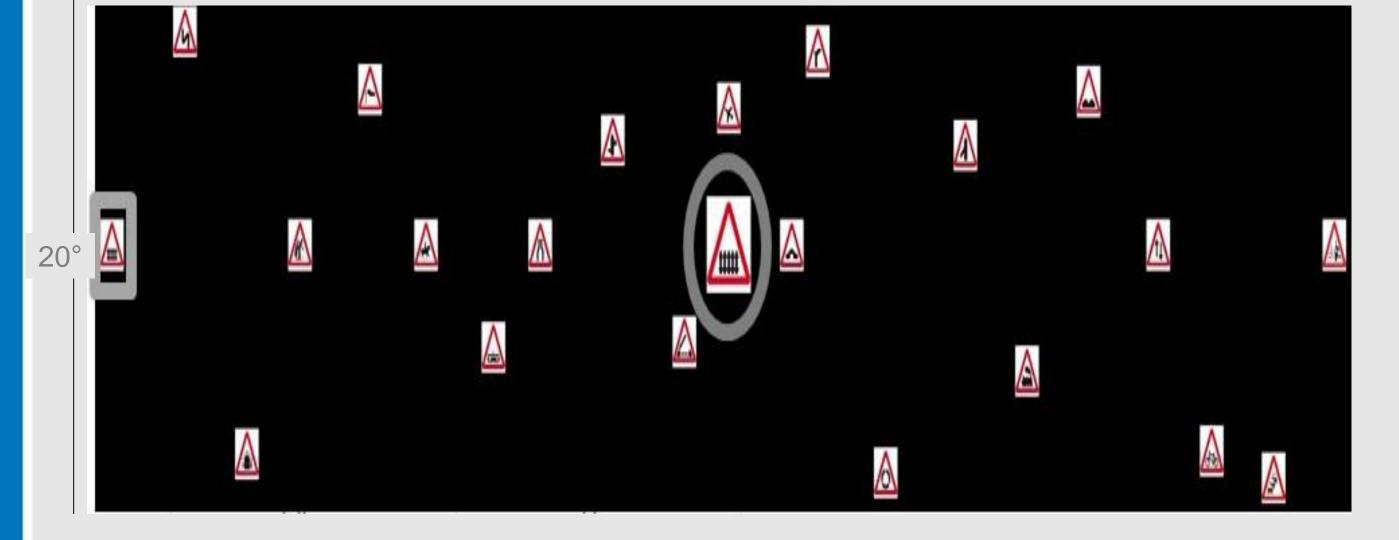


Figure 1. Example of a target-present trial. Gray circle represents the pre-identified target and the gray square represents the target.

- ✓ The task included 42 trials (half of them had the target present)
- ICA was recorded by two synchronized, remote eye trackers (FOVIO, SeeingMachines Inc, Canberra, Australia) at 60 Hz. Values ranged between 0 and 1
- Cognitive workload (ICA) over the course of the visual search task was explored

\*p<0.05 \*\* p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001

Figure 2. Change in ICA from baseline to completion of the visual search of all target-present trials for the left eye

✓ PD patients had increased values in cognitive workload throughout the entire duration of the task when compared to baseline (p < 0.05). By contrast, few significant differences were observed in controls (at 5% and 15%).

#### Conclusion

- PD patients required increased and longer effort to correctly perform the visual search task compared with baseline cognitive workload
- $\checkmark$  The use of ICA in patients with PD while performing a

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static visual search task provides new information into the effort (cognitive workload) required by patients on a moment-to-moment basis

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