The effects of bath gas and NO_x addition on *n*-pentane low-temperature oxidation in a jet-stirred reactor

Lorena Marrodán¹, Yu Song², Marco Lubrano Lavadera³, Olivier Herbinet², Mara de Joannon³, Yiguang Ju⁴, María U. Alzueta¹, Frédérique Battin-Leclerc²

¹Aragón Institute of Engineering Research (I3A), Department of Chemical and Environmental Engineering, University of Zaragoza, Spain.

²Laboratoire Réactions et Génie des Procédés, CNRS-Université de Lorraine, Nancy, France.

³Istituto di Ricerche sulla Combustione - C.N.R., Napoli – Italy.

⁴Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Princeton University, NJ 08544, USA

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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1) Comparison of simulations using the present mechanism with literature data.

Fig. S1. Comparison of modeling predictions using the present mechanism (lines) and experimental data (symbols) reported by Zhao et al. [1] for the oxidation of n-pentane in a JSR (42 cm³, 1 atm, 10000 ppm n-pentane, φ =0.5 and 1.33, dilution in Ar/N₂).

Fig. S2. Comparison of modeling predictions using the present mechanism (lines) and experimental data (symbols) reported by Zhao et al. [1] for the oxidation of n-pentane in the presence of NO, in a JSR (42 cm³, 1 atm, 10000 ppm n-pentane, φ =0.5, dilution in Ar/N₂, 0-1070 ppm of NO).

Fig. S3. Comparison of modeling predictions using the present mechanism (lines) and experimental data (symbols) reported by Zhao et al. [2] for the oxidation of n-pentane in the presence of NO₂, in a JSR (42 cm³, 1 atm, 10000 ppm n-pentane, φ =0.5, dilution in Ar/N₂, 0 and 250 ppm of NO₂).

Fig. S4. Comparison of modeling predictions using the present mechanism (lines) and experimental data (symbols) reported by Zhao et al. [2] for the oxidation of n-pentane in the presence of NO₂, in a JSR (42 cm³, 1 atm, 10000 ppm n-pentane, φ =1.33, dilution in Ar/N₂, 0 and 250 ppm of NO₂).



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