Supporting information

Mo Addition for Improved Electrochromic Properties of V_2O_5 Thick Films

Issam Mjejri $^{\dagger,\,\ddagger}$, Manuel Gaudon $^{\dagger,\,\ddagger}$, and Aline Rougier $^{\dagger,\,\ddagger,\,*}$

[†]CNRS, ICMCB, UMR 5026, F-33600 Pessac, France

[‡]Univ. Bordeaux, ICMCB, UMR 5026, F-33600 Pessac, France

*Corresponding Author: <u>aline.rougier@icmcb.cnrs.fr</u>, ICMCB-CNRS, 87 avenue du Dr Albert Schweitzer, 33608 Pessac cedex, France

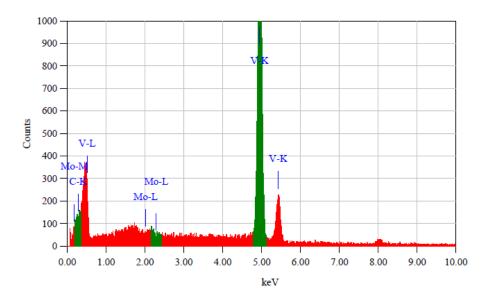
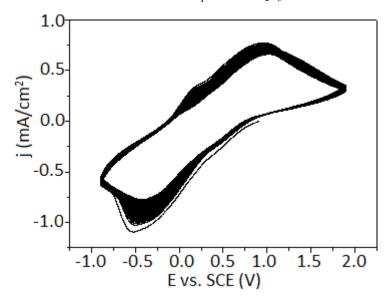


FIGURE S1. EDS spectrum of V_2O_5 :Mo films.



 $\label{eq:cycled} \textbf{FIGURE S2.} \ Cyclic \ Voltammograms \ of 10.0\% \ Mo \ doped \ V_2O_5. \ The \ films \ cycled \ in \ Mo: V_2O_5 \ / \ NaTFSI \ in \ EMITFSI/Pt \ vs \\ SCE \ cells \ with \ a \ scan \ rate \ of \ 20mV/s.$

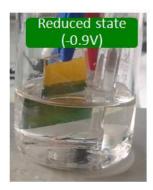
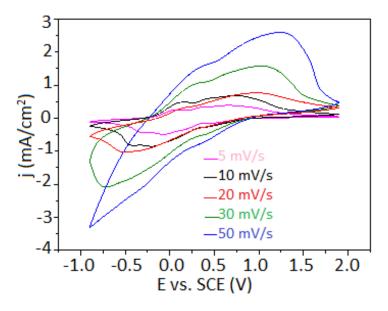




FIGURE S3. Visual appearance, orange (+1.9V) and reduced states (-0.9V).



 $\textbf{FIGURE S4.} \ \ \text{Cyclic voltammograms of the Mo-V}_2O_5 \ \text{film in NaTFSI in EMITFSI at different scan rates}$

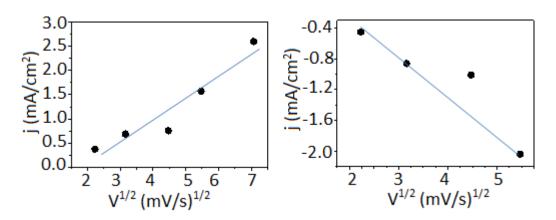


FIGURE S5. Current density vs. $v^{1/2}$

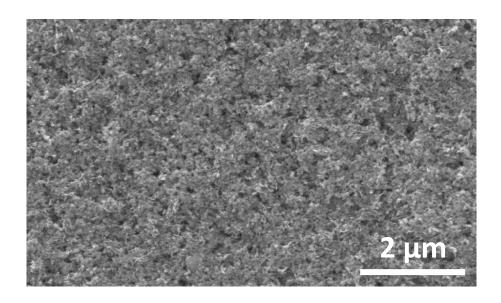


FIGURE S6. SEM of WO₃.2H₂O thick films: doctor blading.

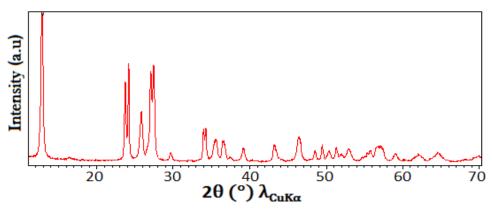


FIGURE S7. XRD of WO₃.2H₂O thick films (monoclinic P2/m).

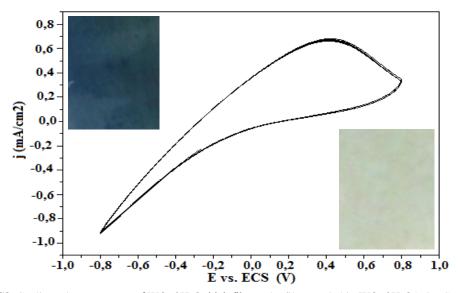


FIGURE S8. Cyclic Voltammograms of $WO_3.2H_2O$ thick films. The films cycled in $WO_3.2H_2O$ / LiTFSI in EMITFSI/Pt vs SCE cells with a scan rate of 20mV/s.