

Mathematical modelling of food digestion

Steven Le Feunteun

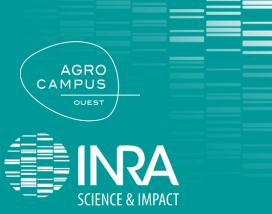
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Mathematical modelling of food digestion



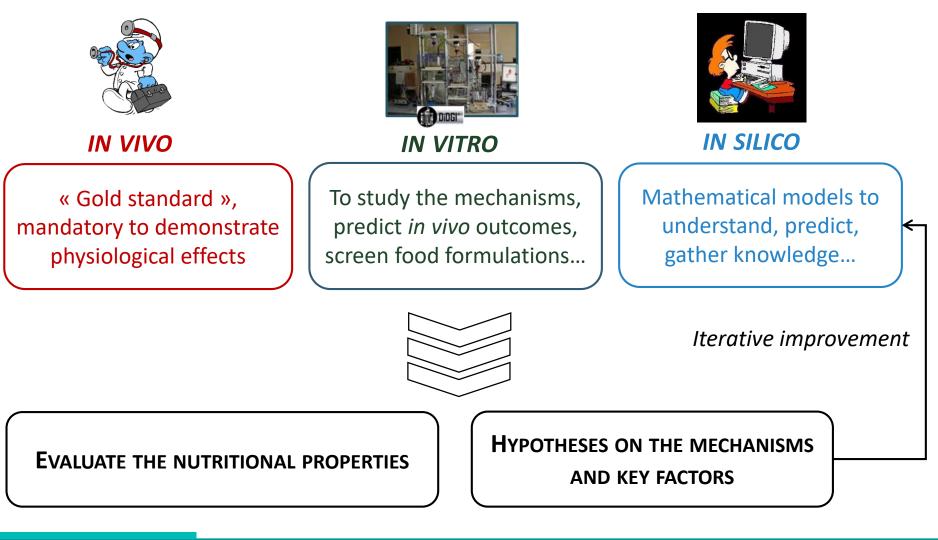


Steven LE FEUNTEUN – BN





Modelling is a complementary tool

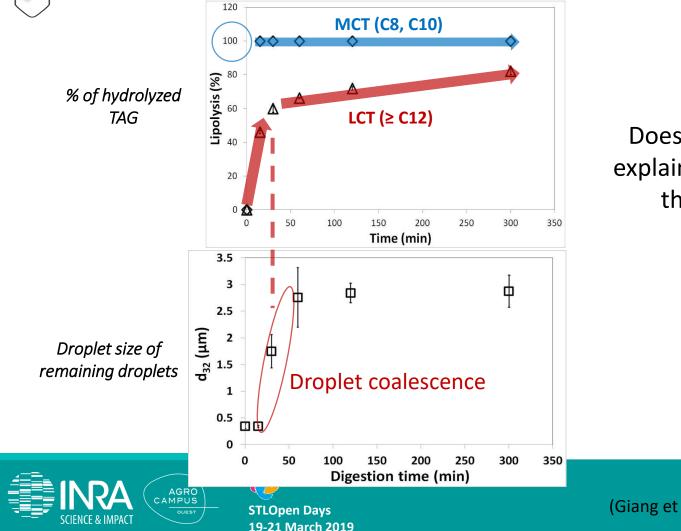


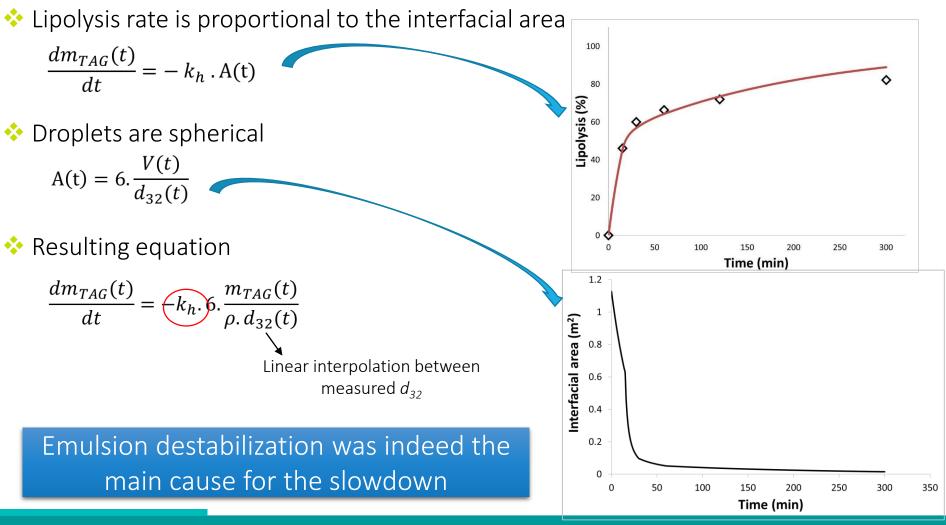




UMR GMPA UR BIA

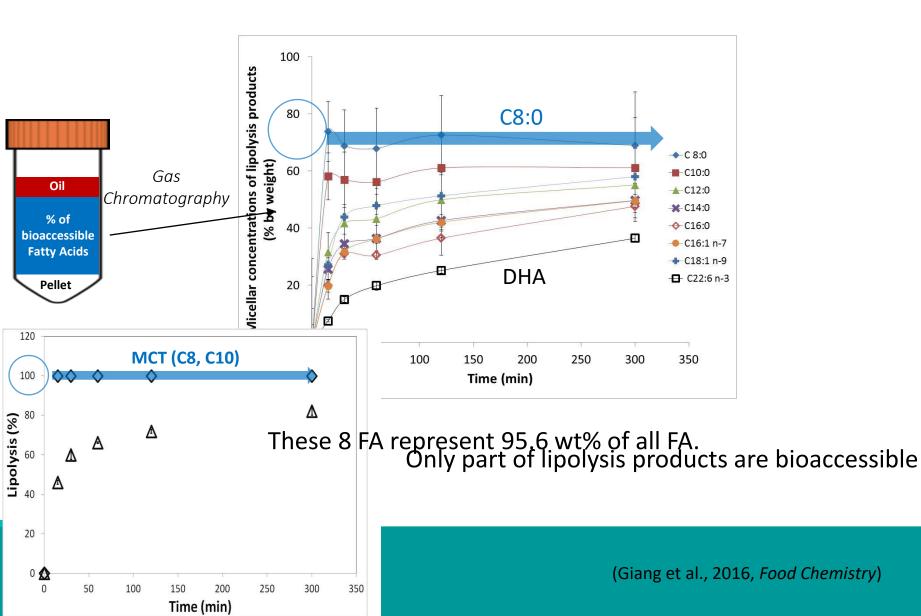
Does the slowdown is fully explained by the reduction of the interfacial area ?



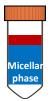




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 \diamond Lipolysis rate of a given FAi is proportional to the interfacial area thereof

 $\frac{dm_{FA_i}^{lip}(t)}{dt} = -k_{FA_i}A_{FA_i}(t)$

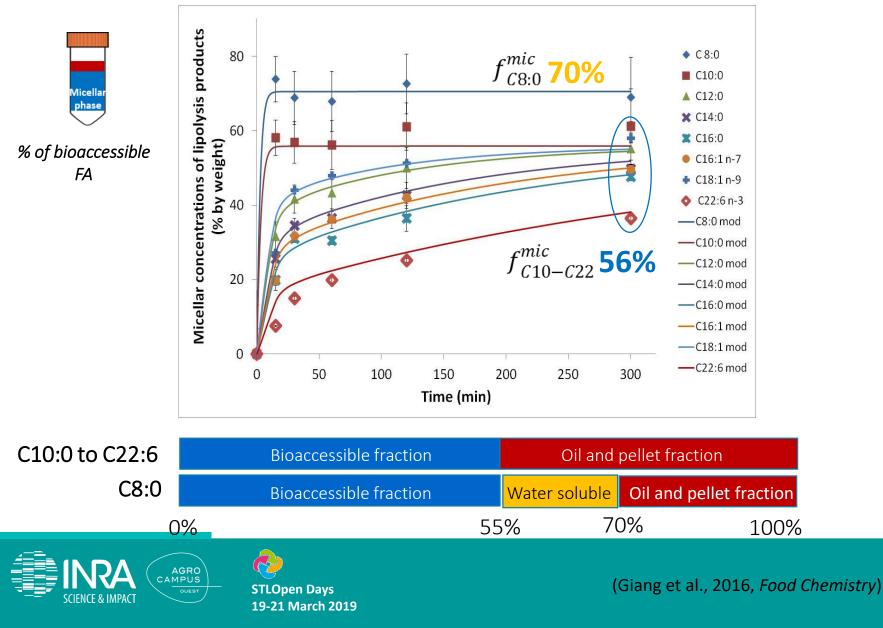
The interfacial area occupied by FAi at time t is proportional to its molar fraction

$$A_{FA_i}(t) = \frac{n_{FA_i}^{lip}(t)}{\sum_i n_{FA_i}^{lip}(t)} \cdot A_{TAG}(t)$$

Only the fraction of FAi transferred into the micellar phase is bioaccessible

$$\frac{dm_{FA_i}^{mic}}{dt} = \underbrace{f_{FA_i}^{mic}}_{dt} \frac{dm_{FA_i}^{lip}}{dt}$$

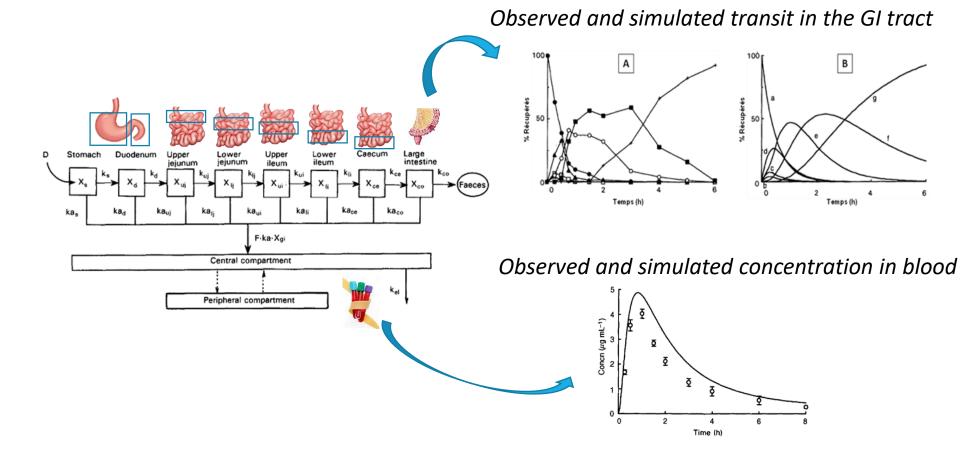




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Models of transit and absorption

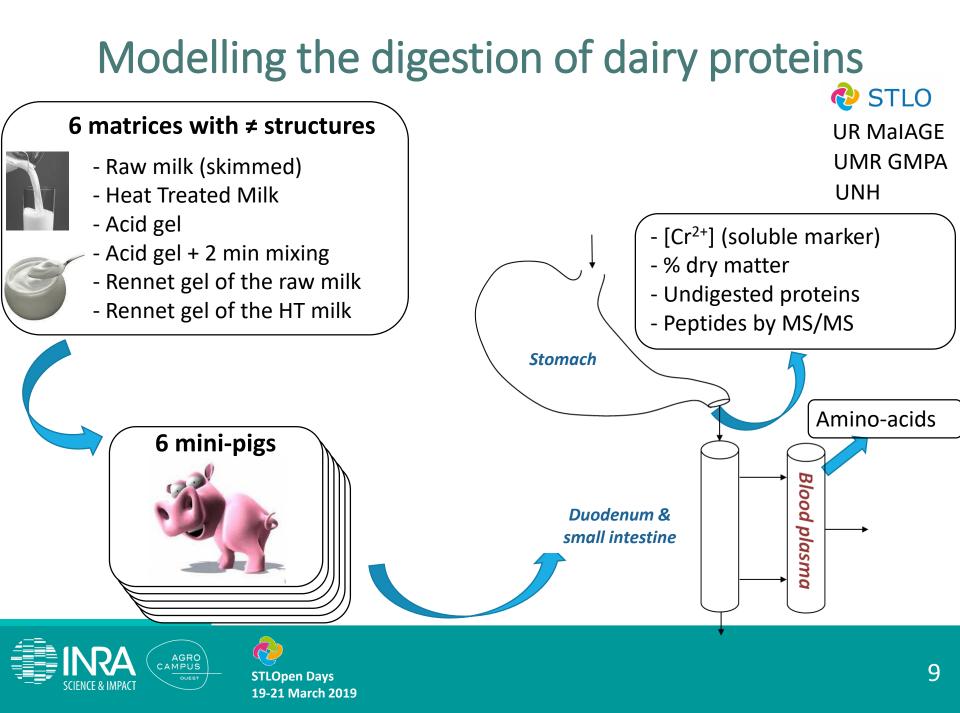
GI tract = a series of reactors (chemical engineering approach)



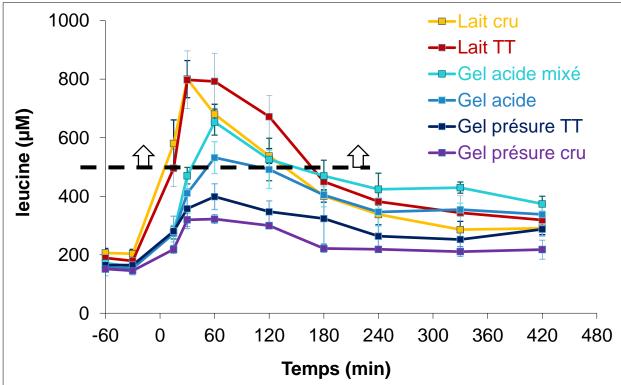
AGRO

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Examples of experimental results



Above a threshold, which increases with age, muscular synthesis is stimulated





(Barbé et al., Food. Chem., 2013) (Barbé et al., Food. Chem., 2014) 10 (Barbé et al., FRI, 2014)

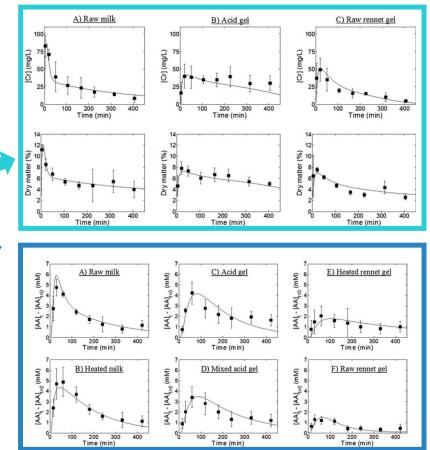
85 years-old

Modelling the digestion of dairy proteins

Milks clot because of the decreasing pH Gels can undergo syneresis Ingestion (mL/min) Secretions (mL/min) 10 1st compartment $\Phi_{
m stimulated}$ 5 $\Phi_{\rm basal}$ 0 Z50 Time (min) 0 500 2nd compartment and % Dry Matter Stomach k₂₃ k_{abs} [AA] Duodenum & proximal jejunum Blood plasma k_{dis} \mathbf{k}_{34} k_{abs} Distal jejunum k4

Contrasted behaviours within the stomach:

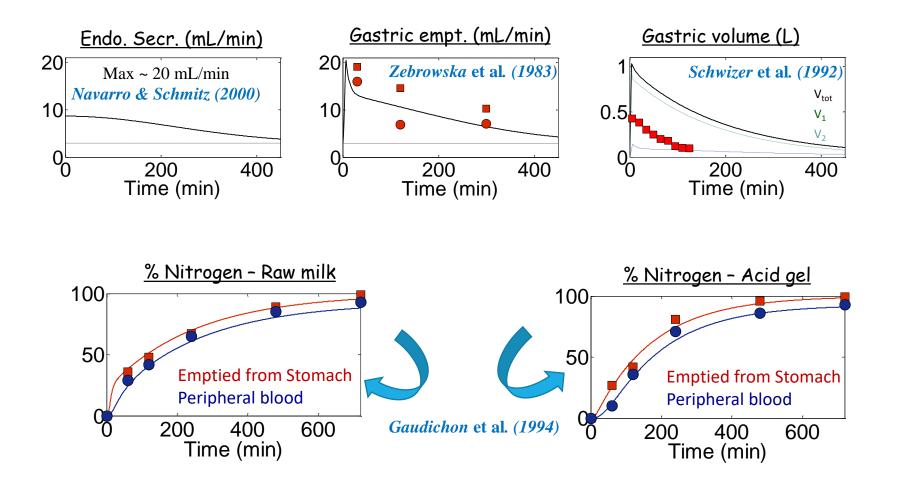
- 20 to 22 model parameters: 3 to 6 unknown
- 3 data sets ([Cr], % dry matter, [AA]) fitted simultaneously for each food matrix



Contrasted gastric emptying kinetics seem a good explanation



Prediction of unobserved quantities





Conclusions

In silico models can be good complements to *in vitro* and *in vivo* studies, in particular to:



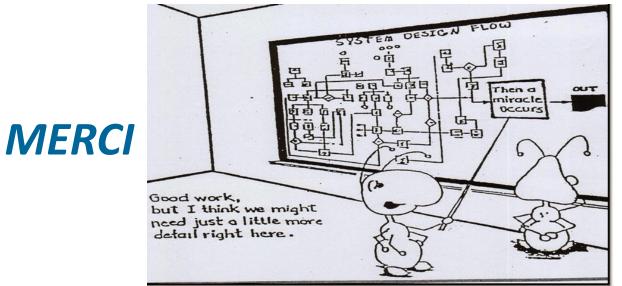
- Gather and structure the available knowledge
- Test our understanding on the mechanisms
- Extract hidden information from the results (e.g. gastric secretions and emptying fluxes...)
- Make predictions

but should also remain simple enough (not too many degrees of freedom) & be stable, robust, computationally not too heavy, reusable...









THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION





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