

Reconstructing pyrenean fields: Preliminary results from a multidisciplinary approach

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Reconstructing pyrenean fields: Preliminary results from a multidisciplinary approach

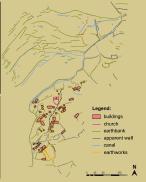
Ch. Rendu, C. Calastrenc, O. Passarrius, R. Julia, M. Llubes - collab: E. Bille, M. Conesa, P. Illes, C. Jodry, P. Berard

Operating context: Extension of a solar power station (1700 m) => archaeological survey of 10 ha, with evidence of a medieval village and an undated system of terraces

Scientific context: This study is part of a long-term, interdisciplinary research project on the landscape in the Eastern Pyrenees.

Interest of this project

- 1. An entire medieval village (4 ha) = <-> non destructive method.
- 2. Fields and terraces (6 ha) with deep soils: history of a agrarian land-scape.



Methods

surface surveys:

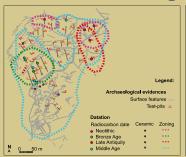
- DGPS
- Geophysics
- Aerial photography

Excavations:

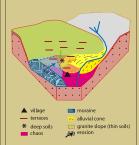
- -52 trial trenches
- geomorphology
- 22 radiocarbon dates



Lands over the long-term



Age and density of the evidences

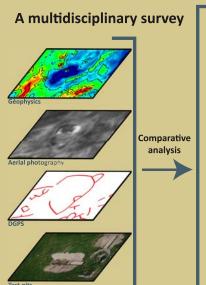


- * Complexity of natural sedimentary dynamics
 - * Complexity of anthropic sedimentary processes.
 - * No chronological inversion
- * Breaks in the chronological series

=> Ancient agricultural shaping of the slope (Bronze Age boundary markers and terraces)

=> Different phases: possible alternating land uses

Periodization of the medieval settlement and its farmlands



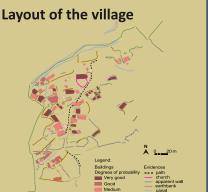


Medieval Periodization of the Terraces

11th-12th c.: first medieval soil and 1st wall

12th-13th c.: 2nd terrace wall and 1st drainage

mid-14th c.: 3 terracing (new wall) and 2nd drainage



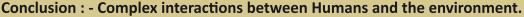
- * At the same time the village was deserted, the fields were reorganized.
- * Continuity of cultivation -> Rapid transformation from village fields to a single large farm.











- New evidence for regional agrarian history.