

Innovative method using the sensor kinect for motor functions evaluation in SMA Type 2 and 3 Children

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INNOVATIVE METHOD USING THE SENSOR KINECT FOR MOTOR FUNCTIONS EVALUATION IN SMA TYPE 2 AND 3 CHILDREN

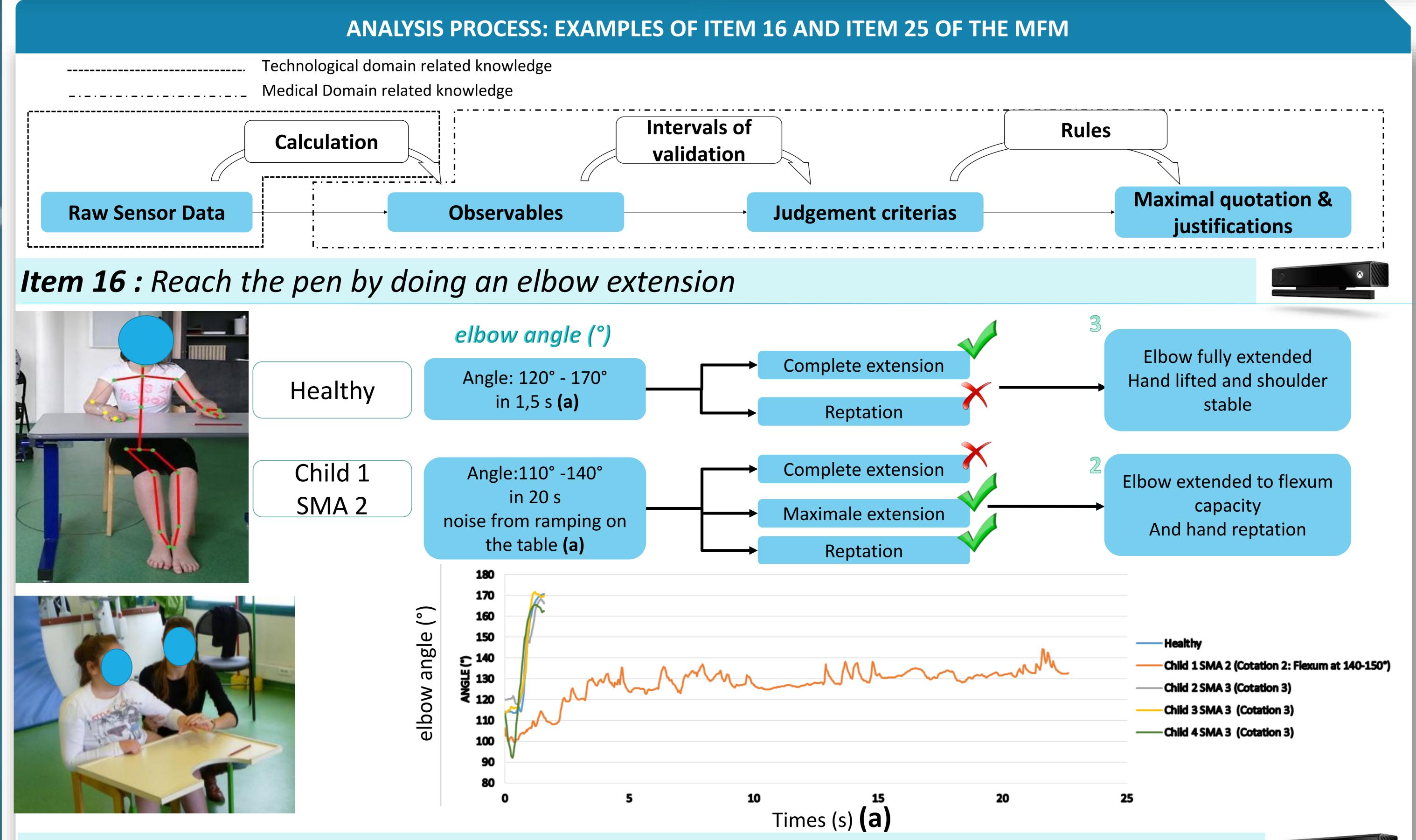
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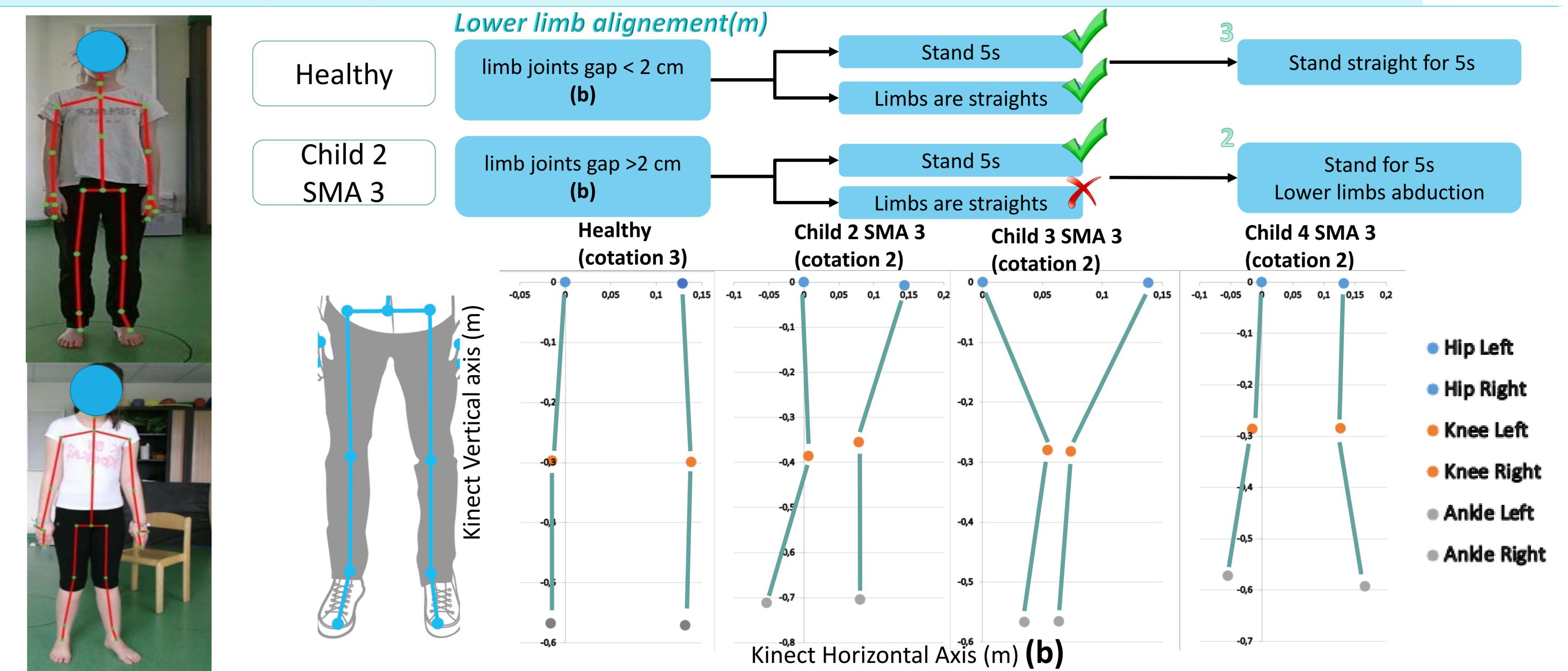
CONTEXT: KINECT FOR THE MFM ASSESSMENT IN SMA 2 AND 3	ITEMS SELECTION AND ANALYSIS PROCESS EXPLANATIONS
The MFM assessment scale focus on motor functions and is proved to be efficient in measuring motor function in SMA type 2 and 3 [1].	 Items are selected based on Kinect's capacities : non ambulatory movements with a fully visible silhouette
New motion capture tools such as Microsoft Kinect are able to identify a silhouette and its articulations in a 3D space without any markers.	2) A Delphi survey was deployed in an experts' population to identify which MFM's items are important for an SMA patient
Can those new motion capture tools be used in clinical context and help to qualify the motor capacity of SMA 2 and 3 children ?[2][3]	Those items were then monitored with a Kinect sensor and analyzed as follows (see the process below):
Note: this project is a continuation of another poster presented here: J. Vevtizou « Evaluation	 Kinect data are converted into biomechanical observables A judgment is applied on those observables and a medical term is

of the Microsof Kinect and KinectLAB software as a clinical assessment tool of functional motor abilities »

- associated to the movement
- 3. Depending on terms activated a quotation is generated



Item 25 : Standing Straight



CONCLUSION

This research propose the following contribution:

- A tool to evaluate MFM items with a Microsoft Kinect by providing argumentation based on medical criteria and observables
- Trials on SMA patients to calibrate and evaluate the tool

Work are in progress to provide automatic advices for therapists during evaluation and to be incorporated into a serious game for children

REFERENCES

[1] Iannaccone ST, American Spinal Muscular Atrophy Randomized Trials (AmSMART) Group. Outcome measures for pediatric spinal muscular atrophy. Arch Neurol. sept 2002;59(9):1445-50.
 [2] Da Gama A, Fallavollita P, Teichrieb V, Navab N. Motor Rehabilitation Using Kinect: A Systematic Review. Games Health J. avr 2015;4(2):123-35.
 [3] Han JJ et al. Reachable Workspace and Performance of Upper Limb (PUL) in Duchene muscular dystrophy. Muscle Nerve sept 2015