Use of nutrigenomics to provide new insights in the molecular mechanisms involved in the effects of grapefruit polyphenols on vascular health in humans



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- The consumption of citrus fruits is associated with CV health benefits.
- However clinical data regarding the effect of grapefruit flavanone consumption on vascular function are lacking.

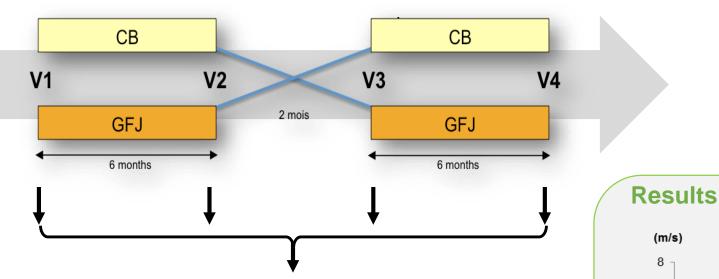
The aim of this study was:

- 1) To address the role of flavanones in the long-term effects induced by the consumption of grapefruit juice on vascular function
- 2) To analyze change in PBMCs transcriptome profile (genes and miRNAs) induced by grapefruit flavanones.

A double-blinded, randomized, controlled cross-over study in healthy post-menopausal women (N=48)

>50-65 year-old

 $>19 \le BMI \le 29.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$ and waist size > 88 cm



PRIMARY OBJECTIVE : To assess the role of flavanones in the effects of grapefruit juice consumption on vascular function

- **Blood Pressure**
- **Endothelial Function** (Flow-mediated dilatation)
- Arterial Stiffness (Carotid-Femoral Pulse Wave Velocity)



(m/s)

8

7,5

6.5

6

GRAPEFRUIT

JUICE

CONTROL

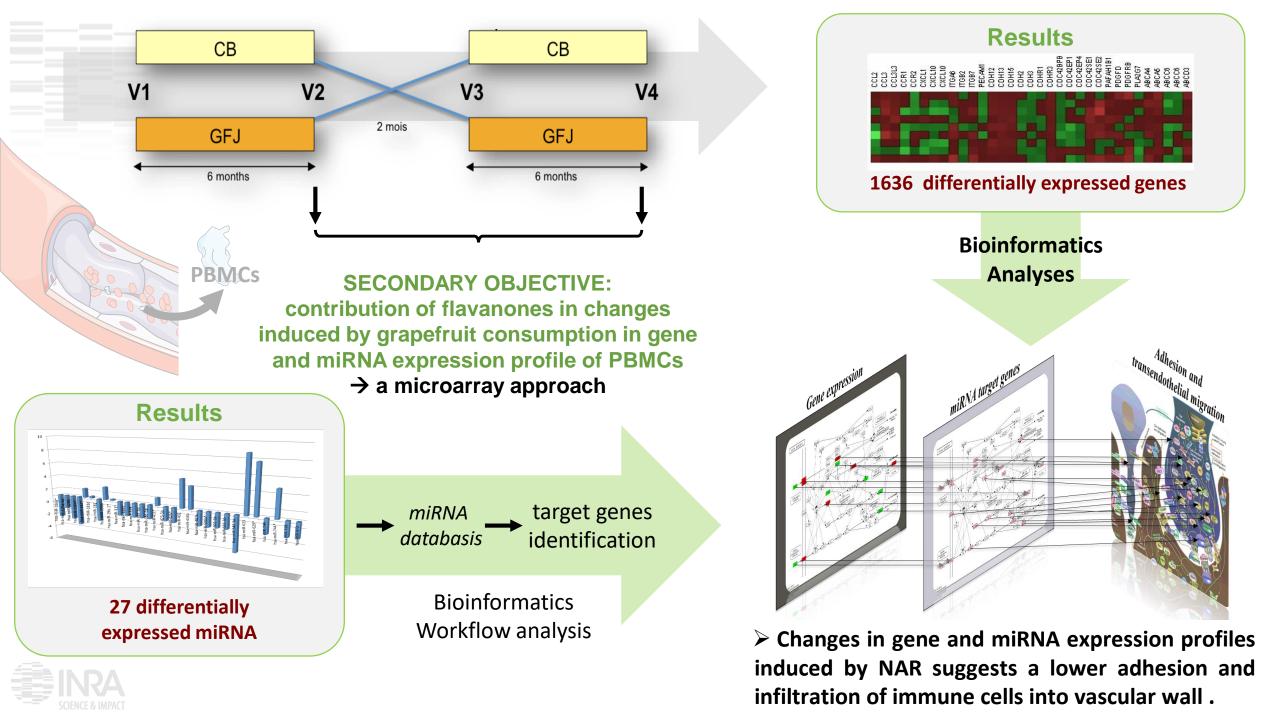
BEVERAGE

Carotid-femoral Pulse Wave Velocity (PWV)

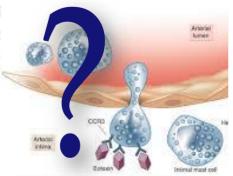
P-value = 0.019

➢GFP flavonones has no effects on blood pressure nor on endothelial function.

> The regular consumption of GFJ by post menopausal women is beneficial for arterial stiffness, this effect related is to grapefruit flavanones.

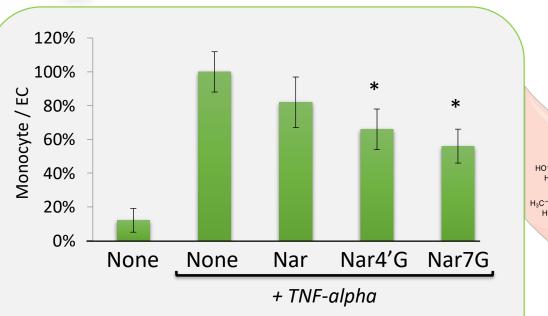


Validation of our hypothesis



1. Exposure of monocytes to NAR metabolites

2. Adhesion assays to TNFalpha stimulated endothelial cells



Exposure of monocytes to plasma NAR metabolites reduced monocytes adhesion to activated endothelial cells

Financial supports:



Modulation of arterial stiffness by flavanones could be a potential way by which grapefruit consumption may exert over the long term beneficial effect on vascular health.

> Inflammation and immune cell infiltration are both known for their role in the induction of arterial stiffness (Makki-Petaja, 2009)

> > Nutrigenomic study revealed that grapefruit flavanones may be effective in reducing the interactions between immune cells and vascular endothelium, as confirmed in cell experiments.



PBMCs

