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Cédric Lemaire, Yann Quilichini, Jérémie Santini, Nicole Brunel-Michac, Julien Cartailler, Romain Souchal, Pierre Conchon, Stéphane Herbette

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# Plasticity of xylem vulnerability to cavitation and its structural determinants in Populus tremula x alba



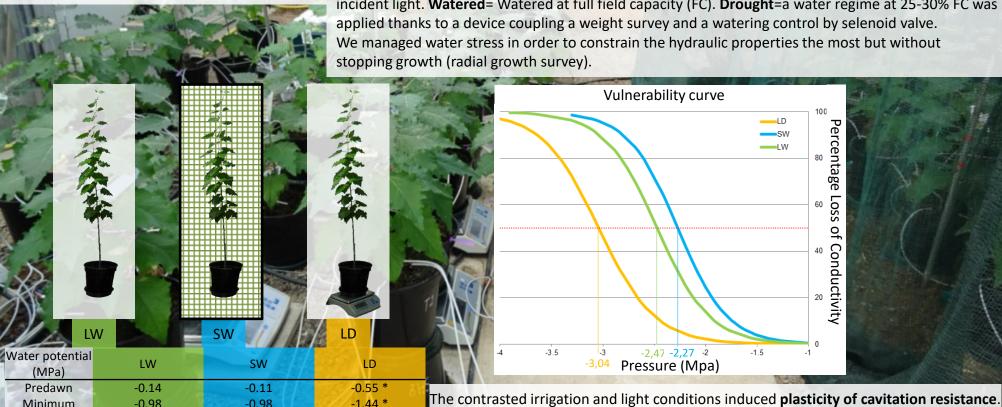
Cédric Lemaire<sup>1</sup>, Yann Quilichini<sup>2</sup>, Jérémie Santini<sup>2</sup>, Nicole Brunel-Michac<sup>1</sup>, Julien Cartailler<sup>1</sup>, Romain Souchal<sup>1</sup>, Pierre Conchon<sup>1</sup>, Stephane Herbette<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>UCA, INRA, PIAF, F-63000 Clermont-Ferrand, France; <sup>2</sup>UMR CNRS 6134 SPE, Università di Corsica, Corti, France; \*correspondence author: e-mail: Stephane.HERBETTE@uca.fr en region

# Scientific

Xylem vulnerability to cavitation is a major trait to assess plant drought resistance. An environmental plasticity for this trait could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitation remains weak, background: could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. Knowledge on plasticity of vulnerability to cavitable could permit an acclimation to climate conditions. The objective of this setup is to investigate these latter.

### **Experimental setup:**

Young poplar trees grown under contrasted conditions: LW: Light + Watered; SW: Shaded + Watered; LD: Light + Droughted. Light= full Sun Light. Shade= plants covered by shade-house intercept 30% of incident light. Watered = Watered at full field capacity (FC). Drought = a water regime at 25-30% FC was applied thanks to a device coupling a weight survey and a watering control by selenoid valve. We managed water stress in order to constrain the hydraulic properties the most but without stopping growth (radial growth survey).



## Structural basis?

Several imaging and microscopy methods are used to investigate the structural determinants underlying this changes in cavitation resistance.

