

Design and characterization of polymer-based photonic integrated circuits operating in the visible region for environmental detection application

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GPU – Environnements

Design and characterization of polymer-based photonic integrated circuits operating in the visible region for environmental detection application

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Overview

Polymer-on-glass is a suitable platform to develop biochemical photonic sensors. In this work we present our advances on design and fabrication of optical sensor operating at λ=505nm. Enabling a tolerant and reliable fabrication process of these devices lays the groundwork for future low-cost biosensors.

Design **Optical Microring Resonator (OMR)**

OMR Radius

A round trip length below the coherence of the source

- Free Spectral Range
- Low bending losses

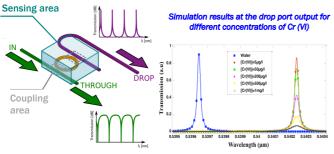
Coupling Area, Gap

- Critical coupling criterion
- High Quality factor

Waveguide profile

- Monomodal conditions @ 540nm
- Strong evanescent field in the sensing area

→ radius = 20 µm, gap = 250nm, w = 350 nm, h = 350 nm



- Resonance is clearly observed @ 540nm
- Only peak attenuation caused by absorption coefficient
- → The real part modification of the refractive index responsible of wavelength shift is negligible at such concentration range.

Label-Free Optical Sensor

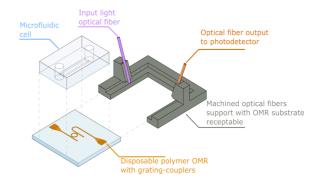
Concept

Microfluidic Cell

Integrated Sensor

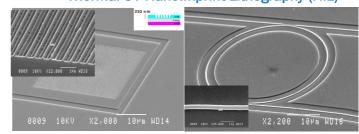
Challenges

- ✓ Miniaturization : Portable device
- √ Fast analysis
- √ Keep good selectivity and sensitivity
- ✓ Liquid environmental detection



Fabrication

Thermal-UV NanoImprint Lithography (NIL)



Characterization set

Conclusions



- Nano-waveguides of 350x350 nm have been designed and manufactured with
- Short period grating couplers (280-500 nm) were manufactured in the same fabrication step.
- Optical characterizations of the device are in progress.
- Active collaborations with Tecnalia, the LAAS and the ENS/LPQM (CNRS running project and ANR in submission) offer new application possibilities.

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