



Contribution of archaeozooly and archaeobotany to a multi-agent system mimicking the LBK society (Central Europe, 6th-early 5th millenia cal.BC)

Stéphanie Bréhard, Aurélie Salavert, Mehdi Saqalli, R. Bendrey, Jean-Pierre Bocquet-Appel, Jean-Denis Vigne, Anne Tresset

► To cite this version:

Stéphanie Bréhard, Aurélie Salavert, Mehdi Saqalli, R. Bendrey, Jean-Pierre Bocquet-Appel, et al.. Contribution of archaeozooly and archaeobotany to a multi-agent system mimicking the LBK society (Central Europe, 6th-early 5th millenia cal.BC). Conference Early farmers, May 2012, Cardiff, United Kingdom. 2012. hal-01799965

HAL Id: hal-01799965

<https://hal.science/hal-01799965v1>

Submitted on 25 May 2018

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

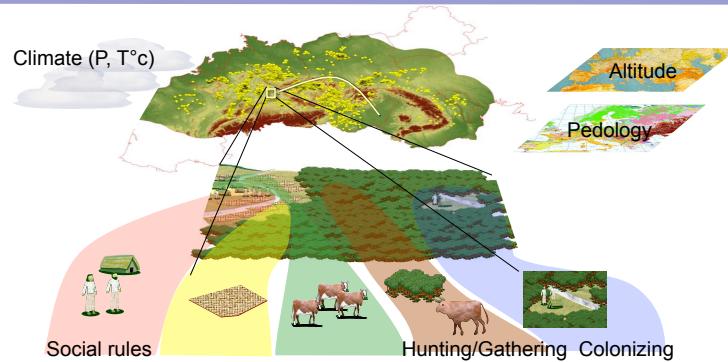
Contribution of archaeozoology and archaeobotany to a multi-agent system mimicking the LBK society (Central Europe, 6th- early 5th millennia cal. BC)



S. BRÉHARD¹, A. SALAVERT¹, M. SAQALLI², R. BENDREY¹,
J.-P. BOQUET APPEL³, J.-D. VIGNE¹, A. TRESSET¹



MUSÉUM
NATIONAL
D'HISTOIRE
NATURELLE



The aim of this poster is to describe the contribution of bioarchaeology to the construction of the OBRESOC MAS.

The hypotheses produced by this MAS will be eventually confronted with independent bioarchaeological observations.

AGRICULTURE

archaeological data
(e.g., Bakels 1978, 1999; Kreuz 1990,
2007; Krömer 1997; Blieck 2002;
Salavert 2011)

- Emmer/Einkorn
- Pea/Lentils
- Flax/Poppy



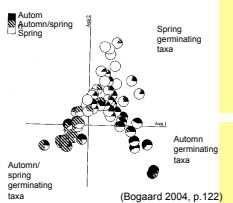
- archaeological data
(Bogaard 2004)
- experimentation
- agronomy

- Reproduction characteristics
- Sowing seasons, maturation span & harvest season
- Max. yield (weight/cultivated unit)
- Growth speed

- archaeological data
(Bogaard 2004)

- agronomy

- ethnology



archaeological data

- Fields created from slashing & burning forests
- Permanent small fields & Gardens: "garden cultivation"

SPECIES

- Cattle
- Sheep/goats
- Pigs

archaeological data
(Arbogast et al. 2001; Schmitzberger,
2008; Kováčiková, 2011; unpub. database)

ETHO-PHYSIOLOGICAL CONSTRAINTS

+ Ecological requirements

- Natural mortality
- Age at first parturition
- Calving/lambing rates
- Litter size
- Breeding life
- Life span
- Birth season
- Duration of lactation
- Weaning age
- Amounts of milk
- Animal weight & growth speed

- feral populations
 - traditional farming (Africa, Middle-East)
 - primitive breeds (Western Europe)
 - extensive range management (Europe)
- (e.g. Penneller, 1993; Quittet & Denis, 1963; Quittet & Zert, 1971; Dahl & Hjort, 1976; Jeziorski, 1977; Molenaar & Casabianca, 1979; Lecomte & Le Neveu, 1986; Lecomte & Le Neveu, 1986; Jensen, 1986; Hall & Hall, 1988; Lécrivain & Jameau, 1988; Bouyoucos, 1955; Bokonon-Ganta & Micó, 1992; Amador, 1995; Berger et al., 1997; Frzinský & Labudský, 2002; Otté & Chilonda, 2002; Chilonda & Brock, 2004; Haileadis & Issakidou, 2011)

SCALE

ENVIRONMENT

ANIMAL FEEDING

- Herd management: village/micro-regional scale
- 0.5 cattle/individual (0.8 head/ind.)
- Ruminants: meadow/forest pastures & leaf foddering in forest
- Pigs: household refuse & acorns

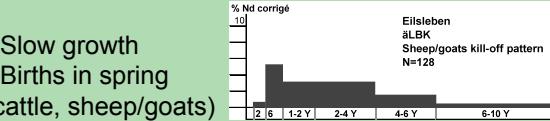
(Ebersbach & Schade 2004 ; Gregg 1988)

PRACTICES

Agronomy Zootechnics

- Cattle slaughtered btw 1-4 yrs (priority)
- Sheep: 6 mths-2 yrs & 2-6 yrs
- Males preferably slaughtered
- 850 kg max. cattle; 30 kg sheep; 130 kg pigs

archaeological data
(Ménil, 1984; Arbogast, 1994;
Hachem, 1995; Tresset, 1996;
Kováčiková, 2011; Bréhard, unpub.)

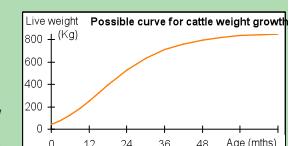


PRODUCTS/BY-PRODUCTS

- Meat
- Milk/dairy products (cow; ewe; goat?)
- Hair?

- meat and offal weight/age at death
- milk: 1.5 kg/milking cow/day; 0.3 kg/milking ewe/day

archaeological data
(Hachem, 1995; Tresset, 1996; Bréhard et al., 2010;
Kováčiková, 2011; Bréhard, unpub.)



1 - CNRS-Muséum national d'histoire naturelle (UMR 7209 Archéozoologie, archéobotanique : sociétés, pratiques et environnements), CP 56, 55 rue Buffon, F-75231 Paris cedex 05, France

2 - CNRS-Université Toulouse le Mirail (UMR 5602 GEODE), Maison de la Recherche, 5 Allées Antonio Machado, 31058 Toulouse, France

3 - CNRS-EPHE (UPR2147), 44 rue de l'Amiral Mouchet, 75014 Paris, France

This research is supported by the ANR project OBRESOC—A retrospective observatory of an archaeological society: the trajectory of the LBK Neolithic (Convention ANR-09-CEP-004-01/OBRESOC).