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Capacity of curcumin, a polyphenol presenting vasculo-protective properties, to modulate secretion and miRNA and protein profiles of endothelial microparticles

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INTRODUCTION

High levels of endothelial microparticles (EMP) have been observed in patients with cardiovascular diseases and other diseases with endothelial dysfunction. In addition, cardiovascular risk factors, such as diabetes, high blood pressure or dyslipidaemia, are accompanied by elevated plasma levels of EMP. Polyphenols are plant bioactive compounds present in large quantities in most fruits and drinks of plant origin, such as tea, wine or coffee. The work from our group and that of others have shown that polyphenols play an important role in protection og vascular endothelium integrity and functionality.

The aim of this study was to evaluate the ability of a polyphenol, curcumin, to modulate the release of EMPs followinf an inflamatory stress and modify their protein and miRNA profiles.

<u>RESULTS</u>





3) Global protein profile of microparticles released by endothelial cells

Both TNF and pre-exposure to curcumin modify the protein profile in the microparticles released by endothelial cells







4) Global miRNA profile of microparticles released by endothelial cells

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, curcumin can counteract the inflammatory effect of TNFa on the EMPs profile by decreasing their release and modifying their miRNA and protein contents. The proteins, as well as the identified miRNA target genes are involved in the regulation of endothelial cell integrity, particularly the processes regulating monocyte adhesion and their transendothelial migration. We therefore assume that their bioactivity could also be modulated, hypothesis that is currently under evaluation.





