Fast growth of monocrystalline thin films of 2D layered hybrid perovskite

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During the past few years hybrid organic-inorganic perovskites (HOIPs) have attracted much interest as solution-processed semiconductors with high potentialities in optoelectronics and photovoltaics. On the one hand 3D HOIPs such as $CH_3NH_3PbI_3$ have shown their outstanding performances when incorporated in solar cells [1]. On the other hand their 2D layered counterparts such as $(C_6H_5C_2H_4NH_3)_2PbI_4$ (PEPI) are promising materials for light emitting devices because of their strong emission at room temperature [2]. However, the optoelectronic properties of hybrid perovskite polycrystalline films suffer from a microscale grain structure. In order to take advantage of the great potential of these materials for both photovoltaics and emitting devices, the synthesis of large monocrystalline films is a key issue. Here we propose a fast crystallization method for the 2D layered hybrid perovskite PEPI. A vapor-assisted process coupled with a capping of the precursor solution allows to grow 2dimensionnal thin films with millimetric monocrystalline grains, a high aspect ratio and a good surface quality (Fig.1). Moreover, this growth is several orders of magnitudes faster than the other reported techniques. In addition, we highlight the benefits of using γ -butyrolactone (GBL) for the growth of layered perovskites monocrystalline grains.



Figure 1. Optical images of 2-dimensionnal PEPI crystals (size of the quartz plate is 25x25 mm).

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