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A Performance Evaluation of Apache Kafka in Support of Big Data Streaming Applications

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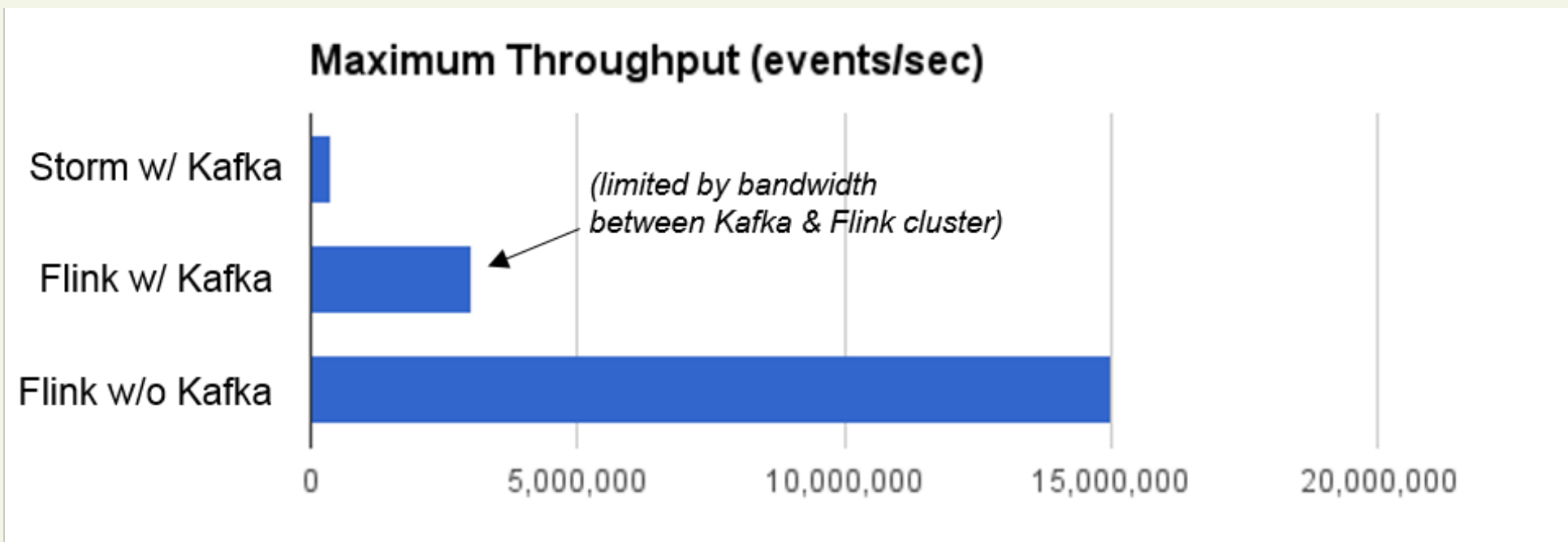
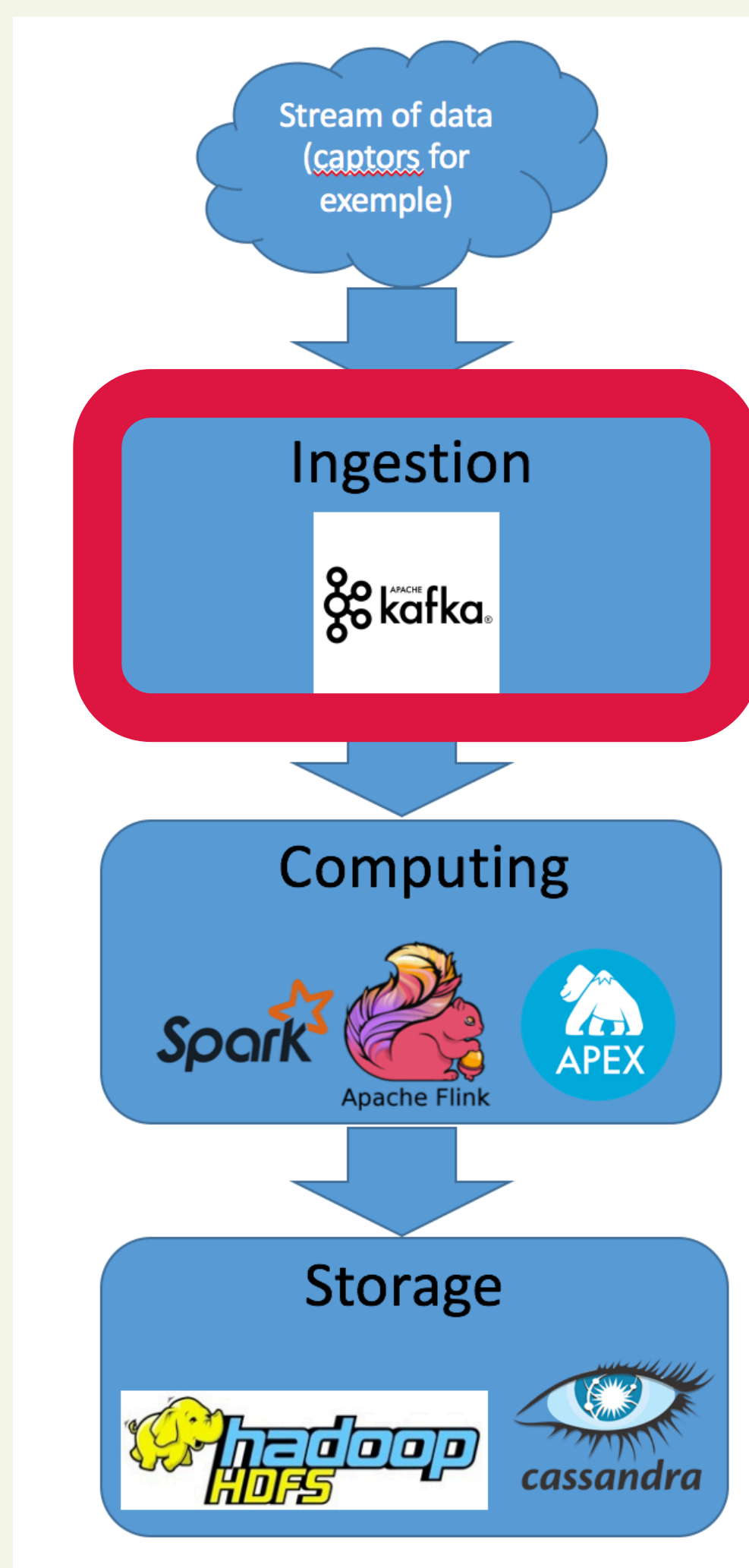
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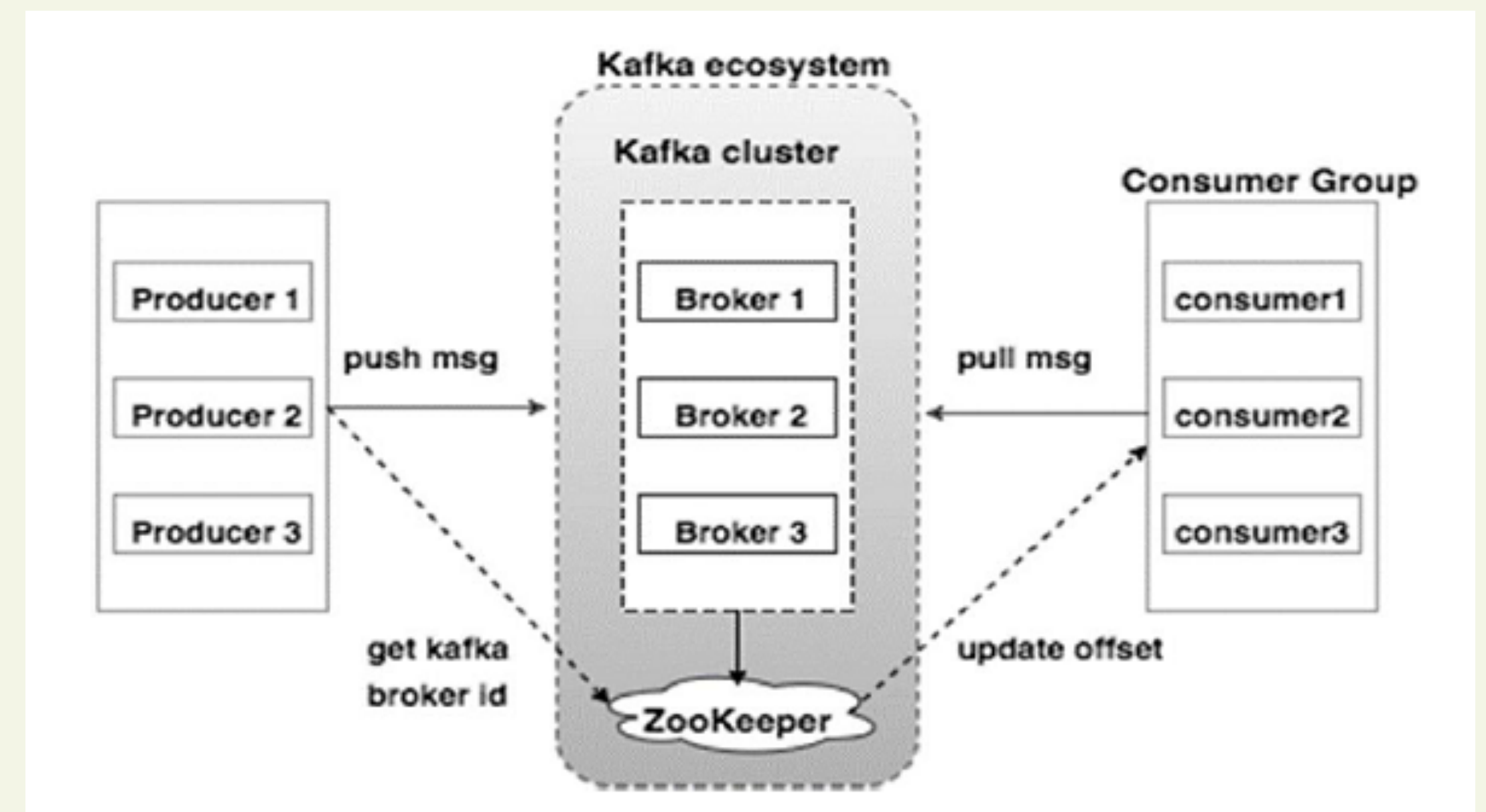
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1. Context

- **Stream computing:** a new paradigm enabling real-time Big Data processing through 3 steps
 - Ingestion: Apache Kafka
 - Processing: Apache Spark / Flink
 - Storage: HDFS, Cassandra
- **Ingestion** can be a **bottleneck** for stream processing



3. Kafka Architecture



4. Methodology

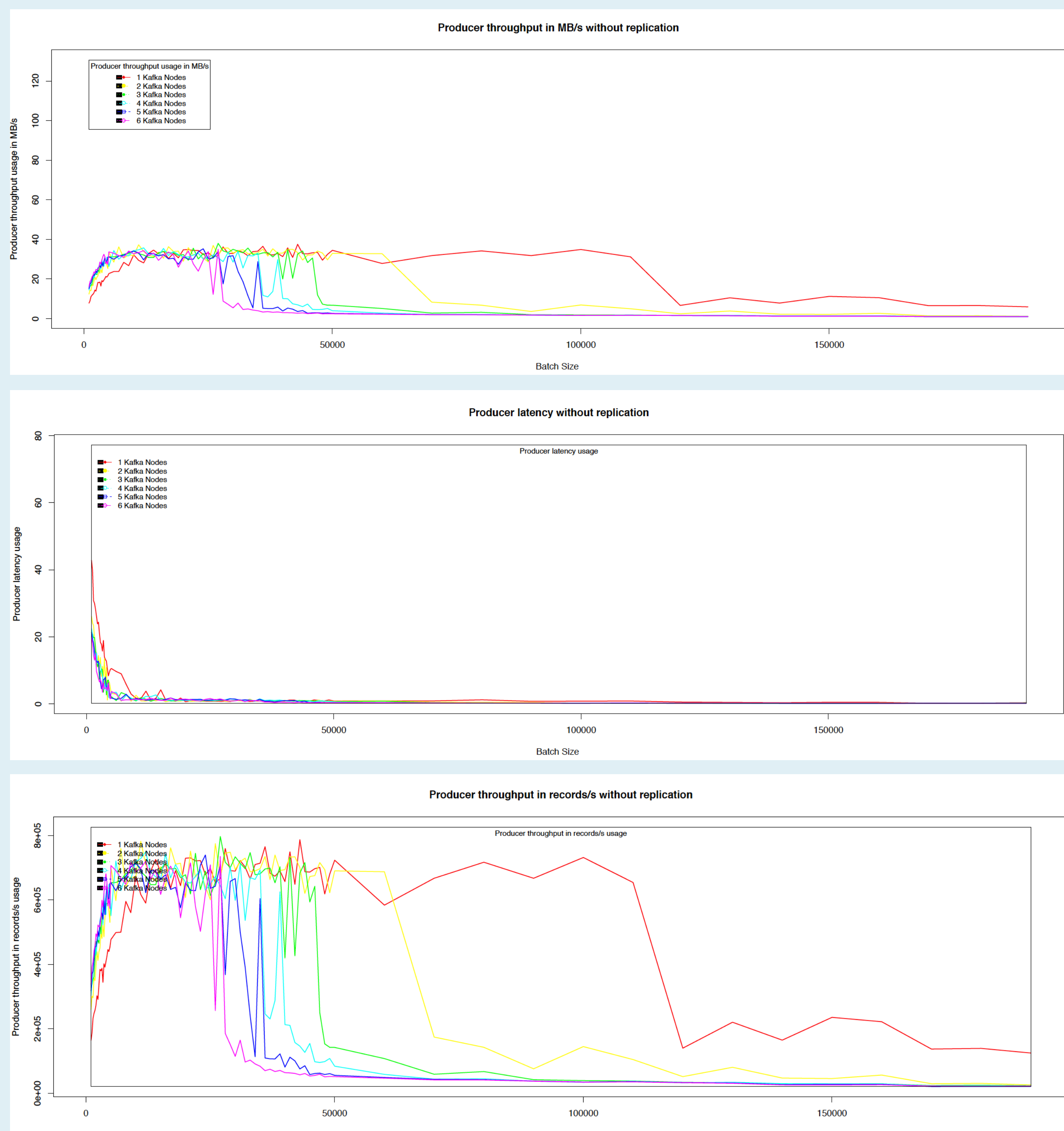
- Isolate the performance of each Kafka component
- Separated tests for Producers and Consumers
- Make **correlations** between configuration parameters, resource usage and performance metrics
- Experiments executed on **Grid5000**
- Up to **32 nodes** (16 cores per nodes, 28 GB RAM, 10 Gigabit Ethernet)

2. Contribution

- Identify the **impact of different parameter** settings on Kafka's overall performance
- **Experiment evaluation** of several configurations and performance metrics of Kafka
- Allow users to **avoid bottlenecks** and **achieve good practice** for stream processing

5. Results

Producer performances when modifying batch size for several number of nodes and a message size of 50B



6. Key metrics

Parameters :

- Message size
- Batch size
- Acquisition strategy
- Network and disk I/O threads
- Message replication
- Hardware

Performance Metrics:

- Throughput (MB/s, items/s)
- Latency
- CPU usage
- Disk usage
- Memory usage
- Network usage

7. Take-aways

- The variation of the batch size shows that there is a range of batches with a better performance.
- When varying the number of nodes in some scenarios: a sudden performance drop (probably due to the internal Kafka synchronizations as well as the underlying network).
- Future work : evaluating reference processing frameworks (Apache Spark and Flink)

Bibliographie / sources

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