

Collembolan trait patterns with climate modifications along a European gradient: the VULCAN case study

Jonathan Bonfanti, Jérôme Cortet, Mickael Hedde, Sophie Joimel, Paul Henning Krogh, Henning Petersen

▶ To cite this version:

Jonathan Bonfanti, Jérôme Cortet, Mickael Hedde, Sophie Joimel, Paul Henning Krogh, et al.. Collembolan trait patterns with climate modifications along a European gradient: the VULCAN case study. International Conference of Ecological Sciences Sfécologie-2016, Oct 2016, Marseille, France. , 2016, $10.13140/\mathrm{RG}.2.2.11717.45280$. hal-01624911

HAL Id: hal-01624911 https://hal.science/hal-01624911v1

Submitted on 16 Apr 2024

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Collembolan trait patterns with climate modifications along a European gradient: the VULCAN case study

Jonathan Bonfanti^a, Jérôme Cortet^a, Mickaël Hedde^b, Sophie Joimel^b, Paul Henning Krogh^c, Henning Petersen^d

a. Centre d'Ecologie Fonctionnelle et Evolutive - CEFE UMR 5175, Montpellier, France b. UMR ECOSYS, INRA, AgroParisTech, Université Paris-Saclay, Thiverval-Grignon, France c. Aarhus University, Department of Bioscience, Silkeborg, Denmark d. Natural History Museum, Mols Laboratory, Ebeltoft, Denmark



Biomass

Pop. density

Ind. weight

Sp. richness





Introduction

What are the links between collembolan functional traits and climatic gradients at a large scale?

Gradients as temperature are known to play a role in collembolan communities sorting. For example, in the VULCAN project, long-term adaptations have been shown in the taxonomic structure of collembolan communities (Fig. 1).

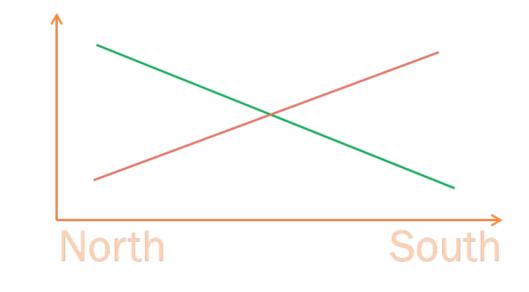


Fig. 1 – Latitudinal cline in taxonomic structure of collembolan communities (from Pestersen 2011).

Work hypothesis

- ☐ We shall be able to establish functional profiles in collembolan communities along a North to South climatic gradient.
- ☐ At a large scale, climatic filtering will drive functional profiles characteristics.
- ☐ In the most constrained areas, functional profiles will converge and functional richness will decrease.



Methods

The VULCAN sites

- Shrublands
- Fauna samples include plant leaves, soil surface and soil
- 61 collembolan species
- North/South opposition in climate and in soil characteristics

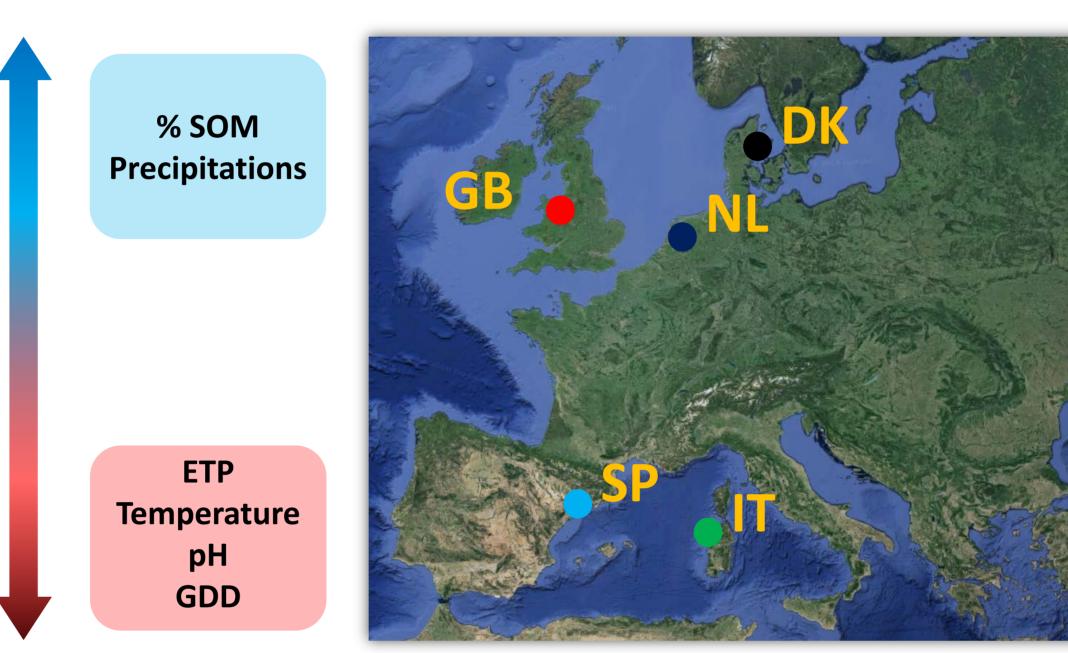


Fig. 2 – Location and main characteristics of the five VULCAN sites (from Beier *et al.*, 2009).

The trait-based analysis

2 collembola traits databases were used:

- BETSI.cesab.org
- SoilBioStore.au.dk

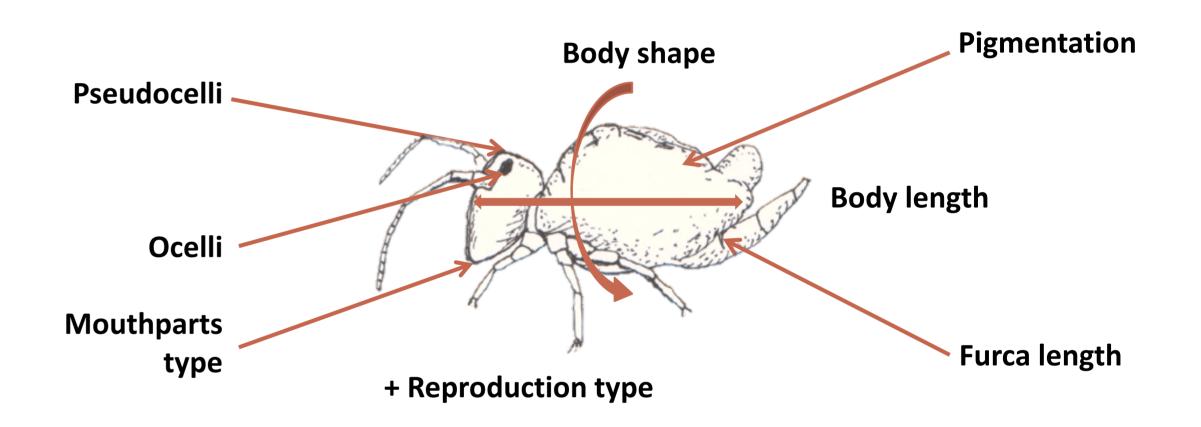


Fig. 3 – Traits collected from the databases and used in the analysis.

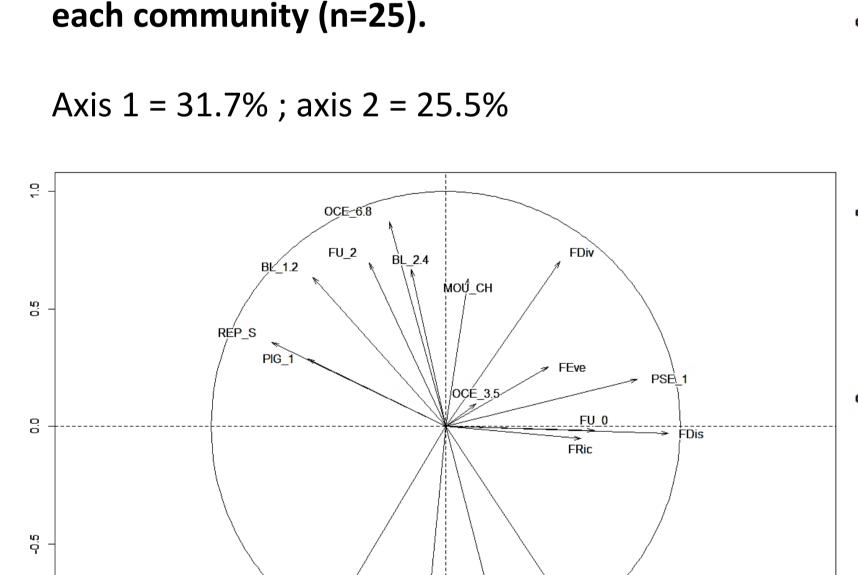


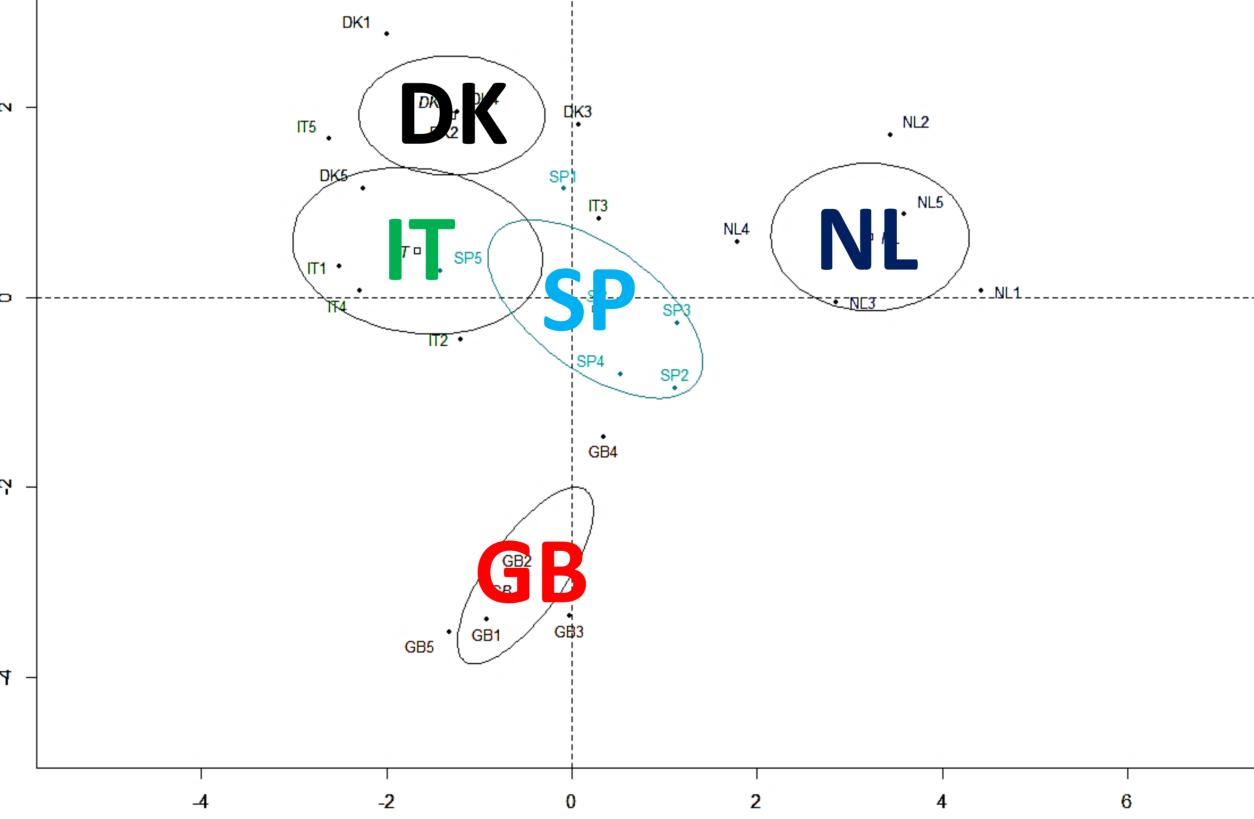
Results

representing Community Weighted Mean (CWM)

of each trait and functional indices calculated for

Principal Component Analysis (PCA)





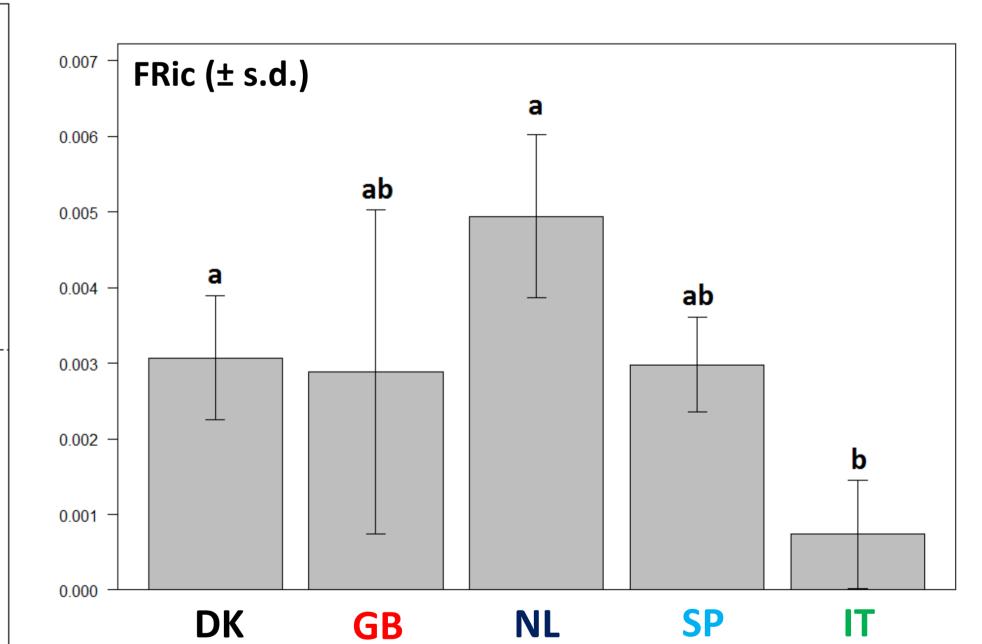


Fig. 5 – Mean value (± s.d.) of the Functional Richness (FRic) for each VULCAN site, ordered from North (left) to South (right). Significance level = 5%

Conclusions and prospects

- > Highlighting different functional profiles was possible for each site at a community level.
- The North/South opposition remains unclear, and we observe a distortion of the functional profiles distances regarding to geographical distances.
- ➤ As expected, the more constrained sites (SP and IT) present the closest functional profiles, and FRic tends to decrease in these areas.
- Southern sites appear as subsets of northern-sites functional potentialities.
- > Ongoing work: Exploring the trait shifts through collembola soil vertical distribution; linking these results with vegetation traits.

Aknowledgments

- To the VULCAN project holders, for data accessibility
- To the BETSI database contributors, and the Tebis network (www.reseau-tebis.fr)
- To the SoilBioStore.au.dk database contributors

Contact

jonathan.bonfanti@univ-montp3.fr