



Porcine SAA is not likely an apolipoprotein bound to circulating HDL3

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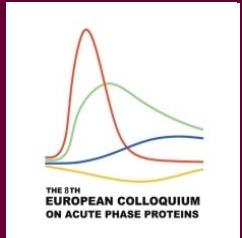
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“Porcine Serum Amyloid A is not likely an apolipoprotein bound to circulating HDL”

Laura Soler, Ana Gutiérrez, P. David Eckersall, Nicola Merola, Jose J Cerón, Theo Niewold



8th European Colloquium on Acute Phase Proteins
Helsinki, August 26th 2010

Veterinary clinical analysis research group, University of Murcia



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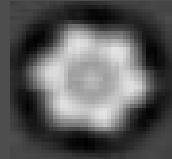
University of Murcia

Introduction



SERUM AMYLOID A (SAA)

Acute phase, 14 kDa protein, multimers



SAA1 and SAA2

Mainly produced in liver

Circulating

Apolipoproteins

Neutral IEP

SAA3

Mainly produced locally

Not circulating

Alkaline IEP

Different functions

Introduction



PORCINE SAA: THE BIG UNKNOWN



- Purification of pig SAA not published
- Nucleotide and amino acid sequences of each SAA isoform has not been reported
- No reports on identification by proteomic techniques

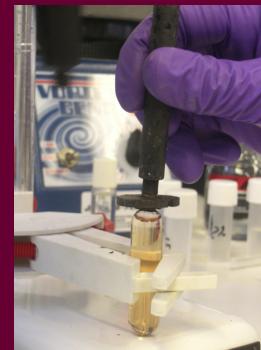
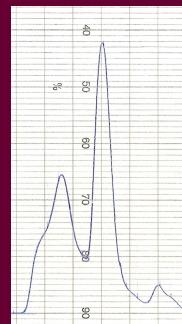
Mass spectral analysis of pig (*Sus scrofa*) apo HDL: Identification of pig apoA-II, a dimeric apolipoprotein

Donald L. Puppione^{a,*}, Julian P. Whitelegge^b, Lang M. Yam^a, Verne N. Schumaker^a

- *Importance:* swine resistance to amyloidosis development

OBJECTIVES

- ① Purifying SAA from porcine serum using traditional protocols and study its properties



- ② Analyzing predicted properties from sequences deposited in UniProtKB database by using ExPASy server sequence analysis tools



SAA purification from pig serum

1- Guanidine hydrochloride-eluted HIC

The acute phase serum amyloid A protein (SAA) in the horse: isolation and characterization of three isoforms

C. Hultén ^{a,*}, K. Sletten ^b, C. Foyn Bruun ^c, G. Marhaug ^c

2- Ethanol-eluted HIC

Use of Ethanol-Eluted Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography in the Purification of Serum Amyloid A

James W. Smith and Thomas L. McDonald

3- Gradient density ultracentrifugation using

Separation of Bovine Plasma Lipoproteins by a Rapid Ultracentrifugation Method

R. S. Gardner, N. H. Ogden*, P. J. Cripps and D. Billington†

Methods

SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting analysis



1. Rabbit anti-bovine SAA3 pAb Dr. Molenaar



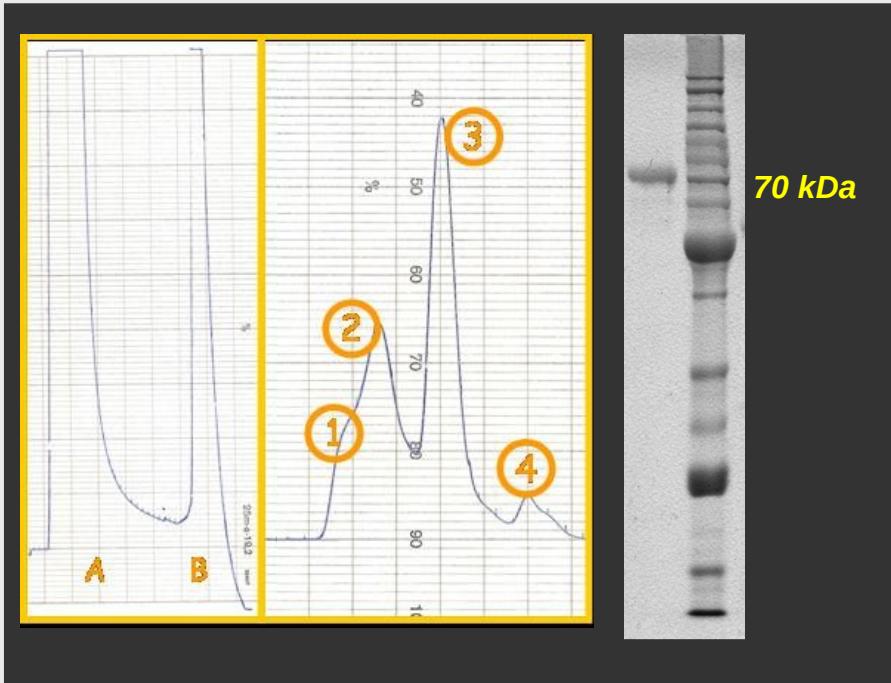
2. Rat anti-porcine recombinant SAA mAb

Sequence analysis

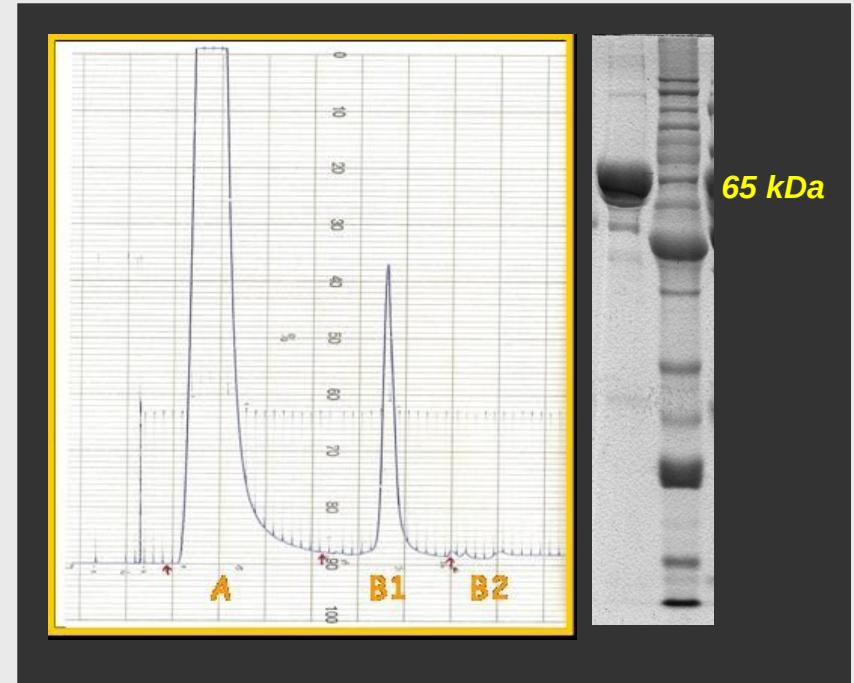
Search UniProtKB database for porcine SAA sequences
and analyze with ExPASy tools (ProtParam, GRAVY)

Results

- Hydrophobic interaction chromatography



Guanidine hydrochloride

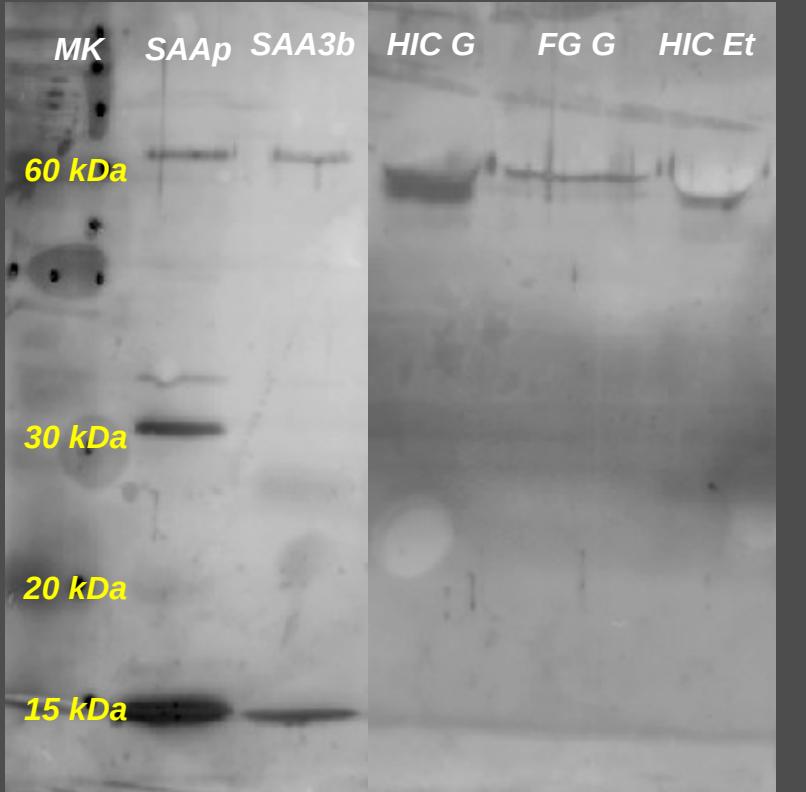
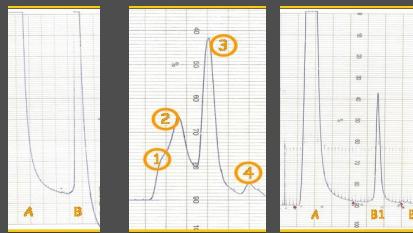


Ethanol

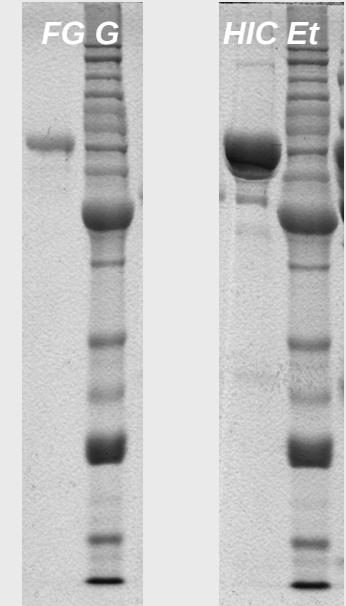
Results

- Immunoblotting analysis

Rabbit
pAb



Rat mAb

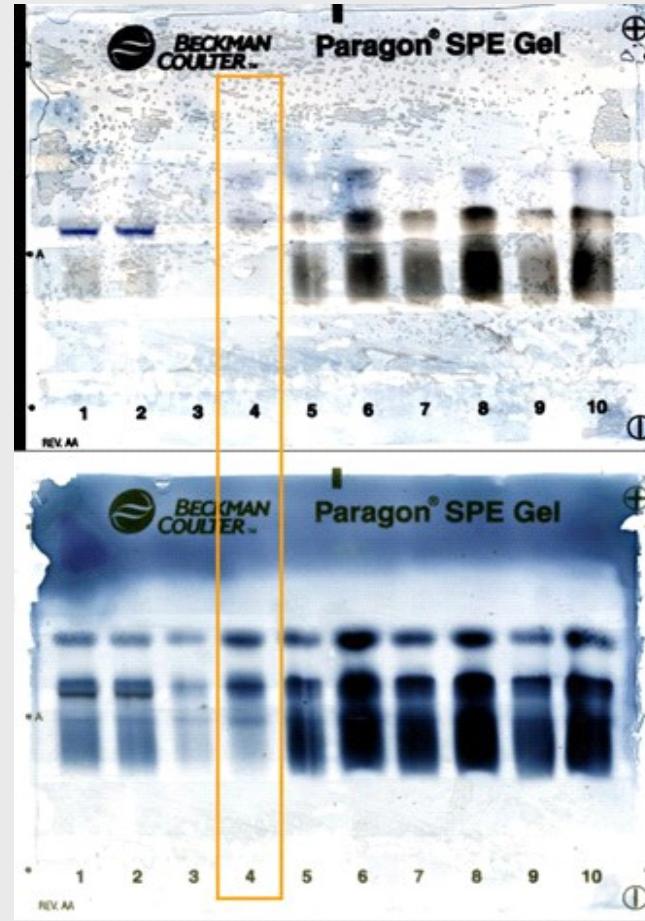
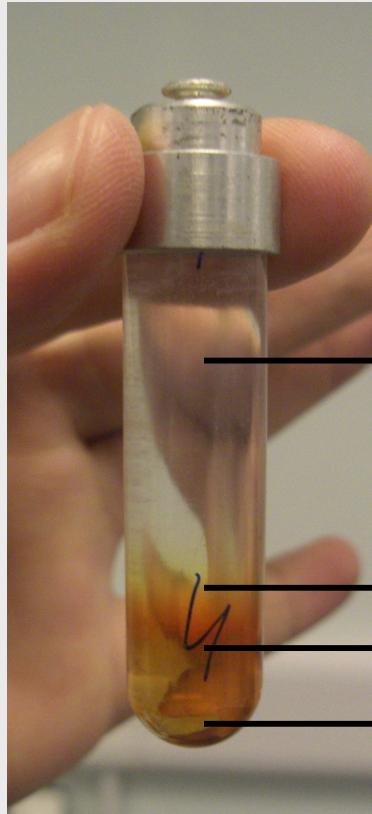


Results from HIC chromatography:

- Porcine SAA binds to the HIC columns and need chaotropic agents, like guanidine hydrochloride, to elute.
- The purification showed has a very low throughput and yield
- It seems that the bulk of the SAA remain unbound to the HIC columns and is lost during the process

Results

• Gradient Density Ultracentrifugation



Sudan

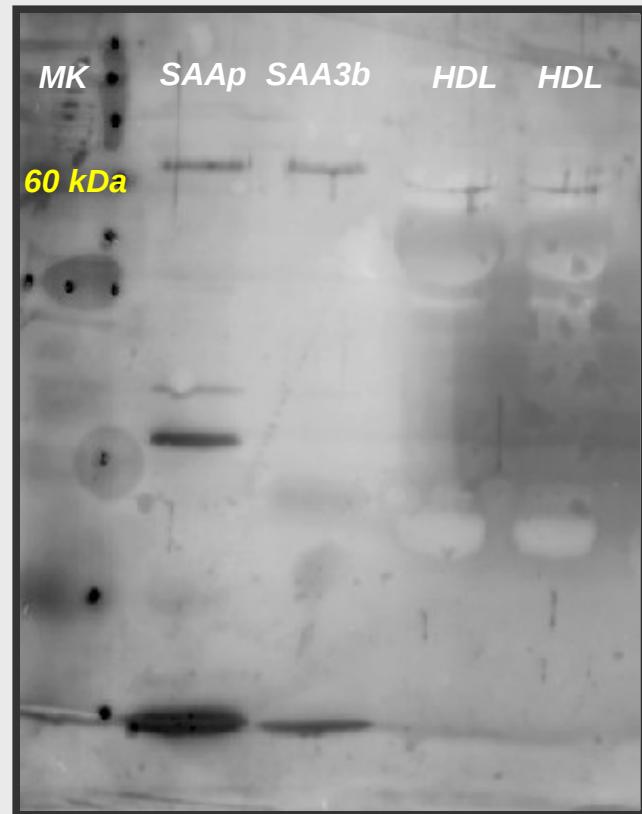
Coomassie

Agarose gel electrophoresis

Results

- Immunoblotting analysis

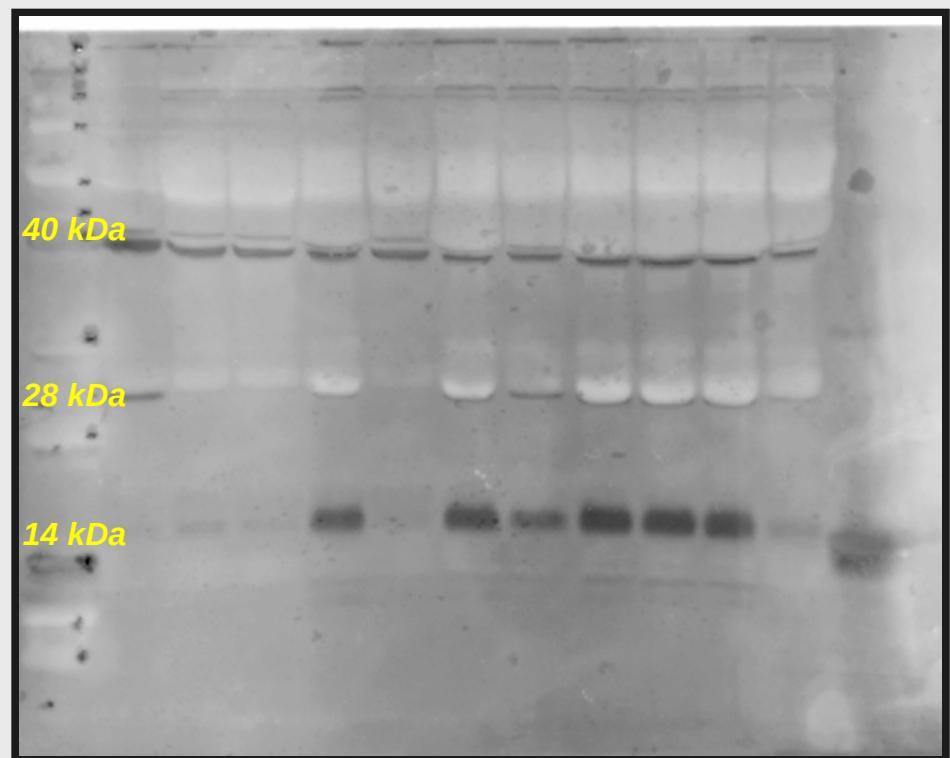
Rabbit pAb



Rat mAb

HDL

Proteins



Results from SAA-HDL isolation by gradient density ultracentrifugation:

- Porcine SAA is present in HDL-rich fractions

Mass spectral analysis of pig (*Sus scrofa*) apo HDL: Identification of pig apoA-II, a dimeric apolipoprotein

Donald L. Puppione^{a,*}, Julian P. Whitelegge^b, Lang M. Yam^a, Verne N. Schumaker^a

- Immunoblot analysis indicates that the bulk of SAA in porcine serum is not bound to HDL, but soluble and present in the serum protein layer

Results

- Sequence analysis

- ^① Q2HXZ9 Chang et al., 2007, **Liver**, 130 aa, translated from

- ② B9P414 Rodriguez et al., 2007, mRNA, Mammary gland, 89 aa, translated from mRNA

B9P414

Q2HXZ9

MKLSTGIIFCFLILGVSSQRWASFLKEAGQGAKDMW
RAYSDMREANYKNSDKYFHARGNYDAAQRGPGGA
WAAKVISDARENVQRVTDLFKHGDSGHGVEDSRAD
QAANAWGRSGKDPNHFRPRGLPDKY

Results

- Sequence analysis

Q2HXZ9

Molecular weight: 14511.1

Theoretical pI: 9.48

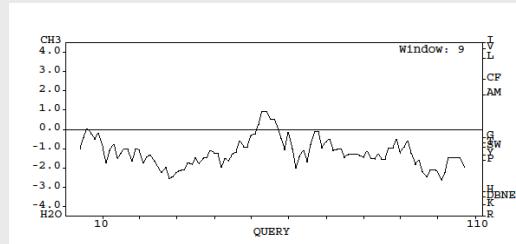
Grand average of hydropathicity (GRAVY): -0.86

B9P414

Molecular weight: 9854.6

Theoretical pI: 9.15

Grand average of hydropathicity (GRAVY): -1.254



Results from sequence analysis:

SAA3-like sequences:

- Low hidrophobicity
- High isoelectric point
- SFLK motif

Protein purification vs. sequence analysis:

Theoretically low hydrophobic protein that can behave as hydrophobic, but the bulk of the protein is found to be hydrophilic

Molenaar et al. *Serum Amyloid A3 from Bovine Mammary Tissue; Progress Toward its Function and Purification*. 7th International Acute Phase Protein Congress Barcelona. 2nd October 2008

Teorethical properties

MW – 12.7 Kd monomer

Isoelectric point – pI 9.56-9.59 monomer

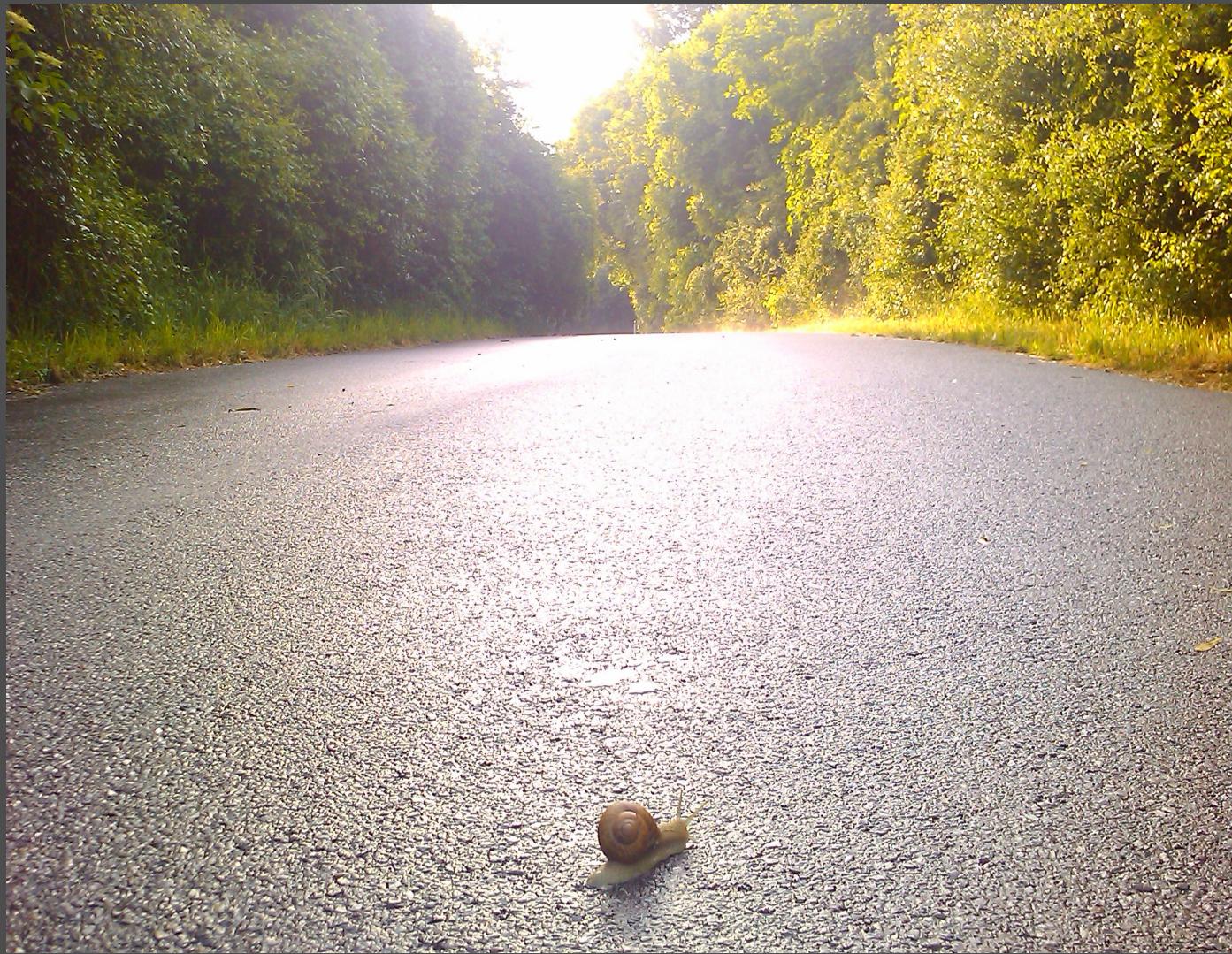
Average low hydrophobicity

Evidenced properties

- Behaves as if it were highly hydrophobic – binds strongly to hydrophobic columns
- When purified from milk, the bulk of SAA was found in skimmed milk, not in cream. HIC not successful to purify SAA.

CONCLUSION

The results obtained in this study suggest that circulating SAA in the pig might be a SAA3-like protein, which would preclude its function as an apolipoprotein and would explain the high resistance of pigs to the development of AA-amyloidosis



Thank you
Kiitoksia
Gracias
Tack så mycket
Mange tak
Vielen Dank
Dank u wel
Merci
Grazie mille
Obrigado