# SIRRIMED

SUSTAINABLE USE OF IRRIGATION WATER IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION

# Modelling of drainage and hay production over the Crau aquifer for analysing impact of global change on aquifer recharge

#### **Antoine Baillieux**

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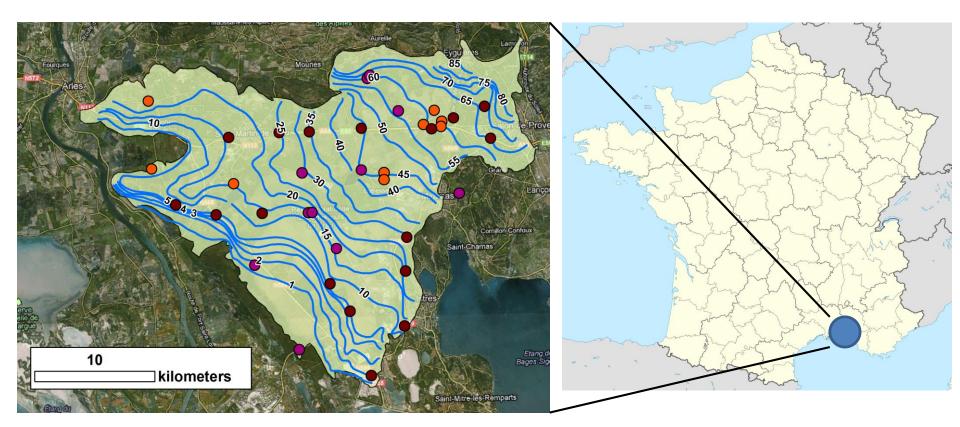






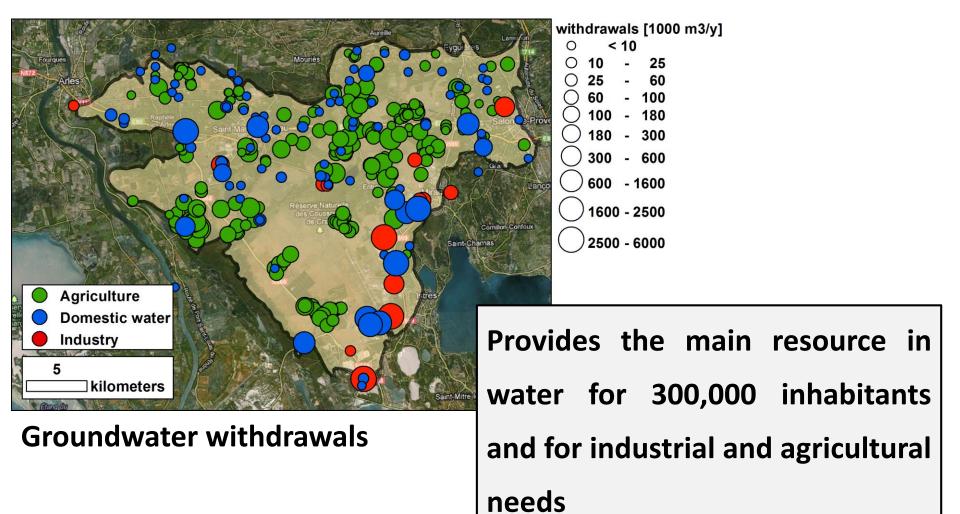
## **CONTEXT**

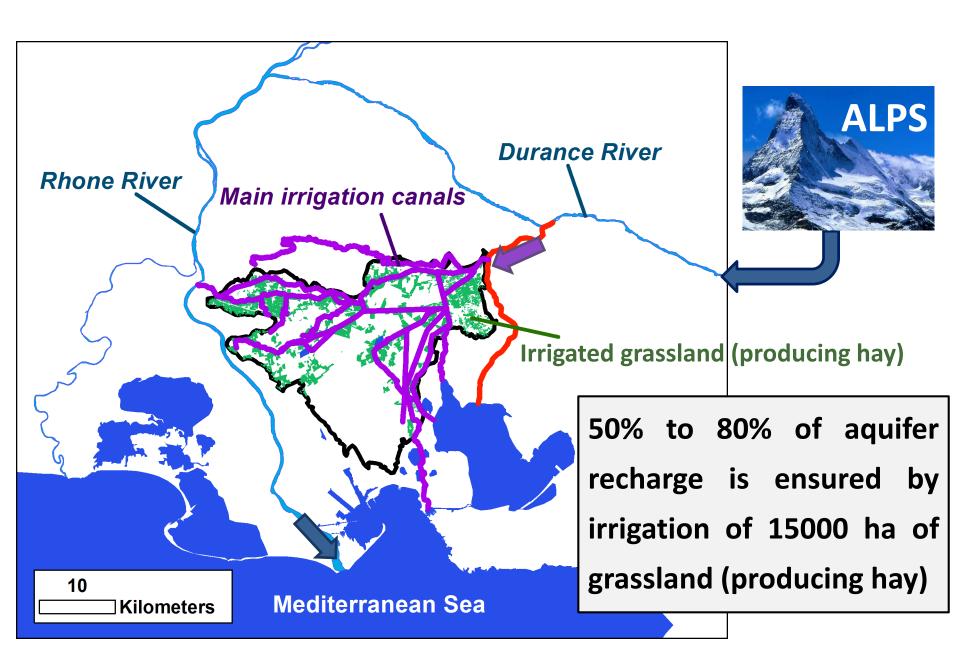
- In Mediterranean region, agricultural production is strongly related to irrigation water, which depends on climate and the competition with other water uses
- Importance of acquiring knowledge and tools for:
- predicting impacts of possible changes in climate and water uses
- defining adaptations of agricultural systems to these changes
- SIRRIMED project addresses issues related to sustainable uses of water in Mediterranean irrigated agricultural systems, with the overall aim of optimizing irrigation water use



Isopiestic lines and observations points

Location of the study area



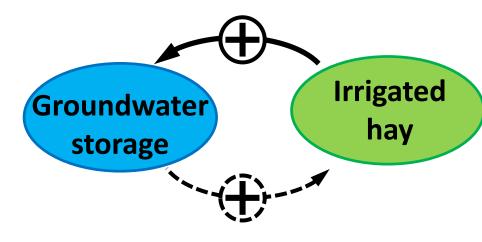


GROUNDWATER AND IRRIGATED
HAY ARE CLOSELY RELATED

WATER AVAILABILITY



Other uses



**GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY IS** 

**NOT SECURED FOR THE FUTURE** 

LAND USE CHANGE

**Urbanization** 

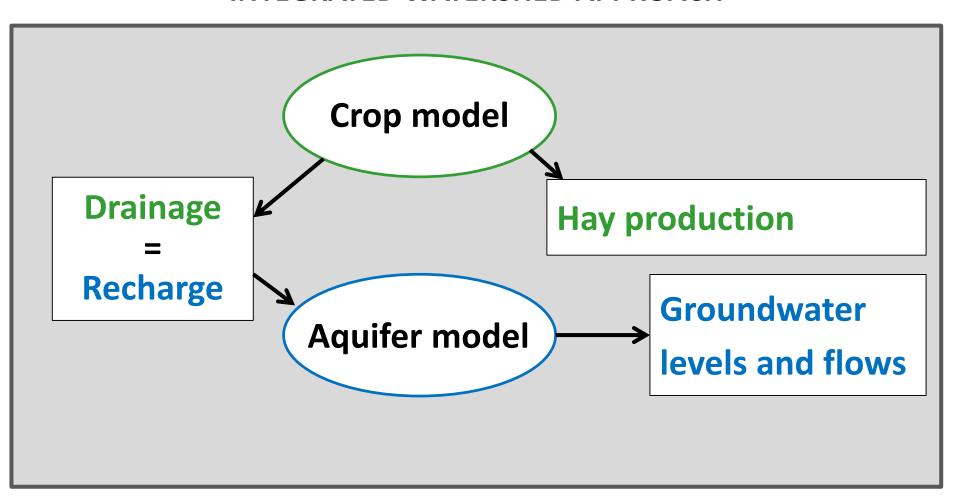
## **OBJECTIVES**

For improving irrigation water management in the context of climate and land-use changes, how to:

- 1) quantify the actual contribution of the irrigation to the total recharge?
- 2) investigate possible evolution of hay production, water drainage and water table level?

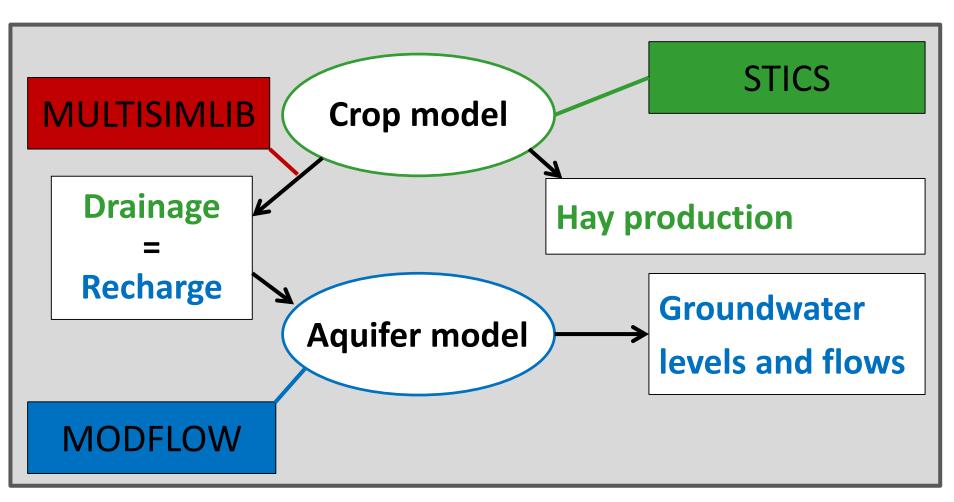
# **METHODS**

#### **INTEGRATED WATERSHED APPROACH**



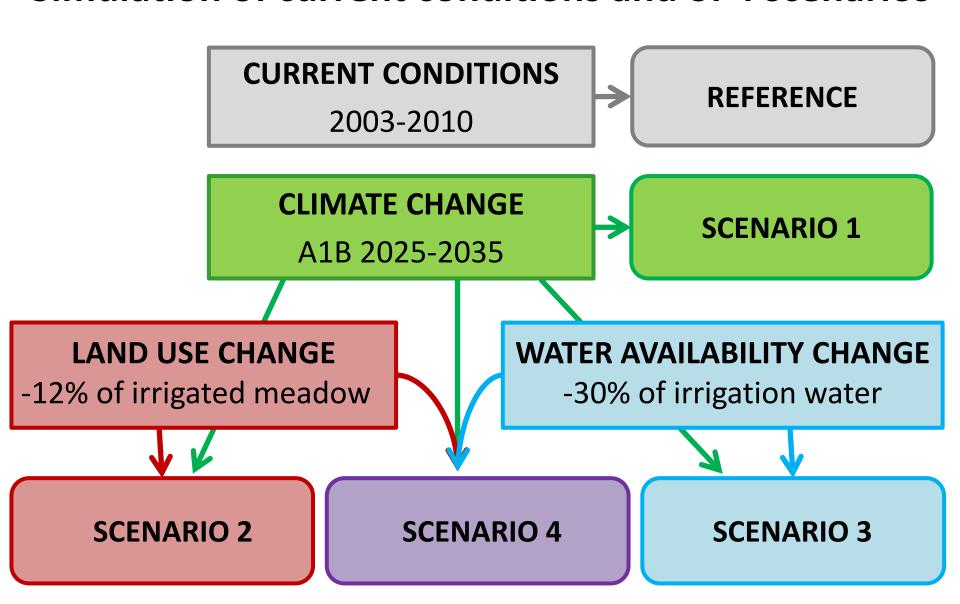
## **METHODS**

#### **INTEGRATED WATERSHED APPROACH**

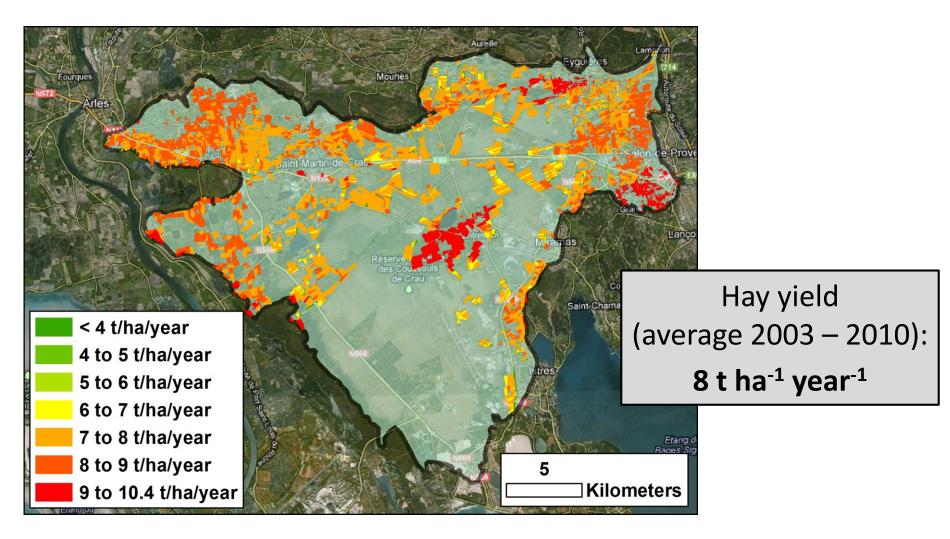


# **METHODS**

# Simulation of current conditions and of 4 scenarios



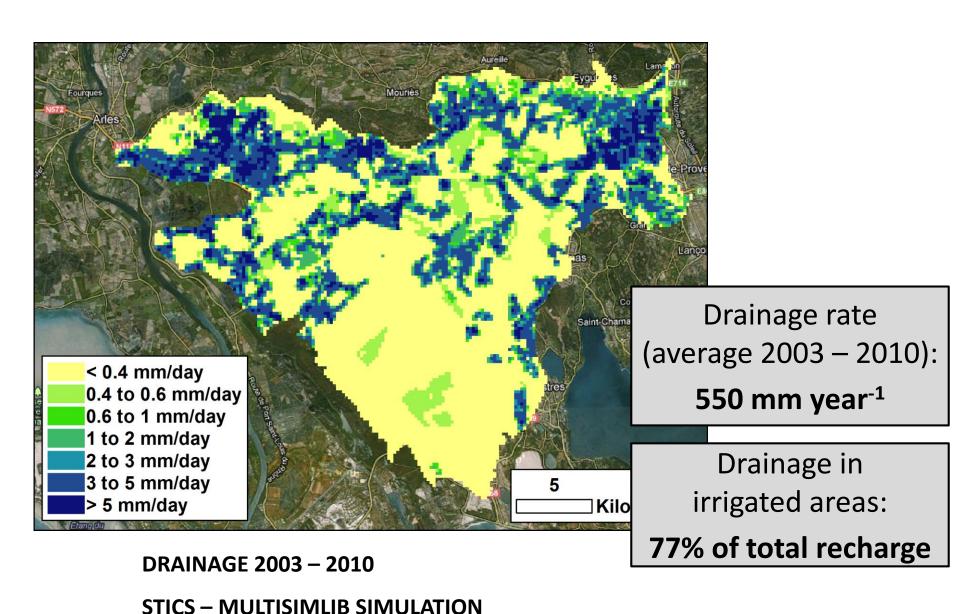
# SIMULATION OF CURRENT CONDITIONS



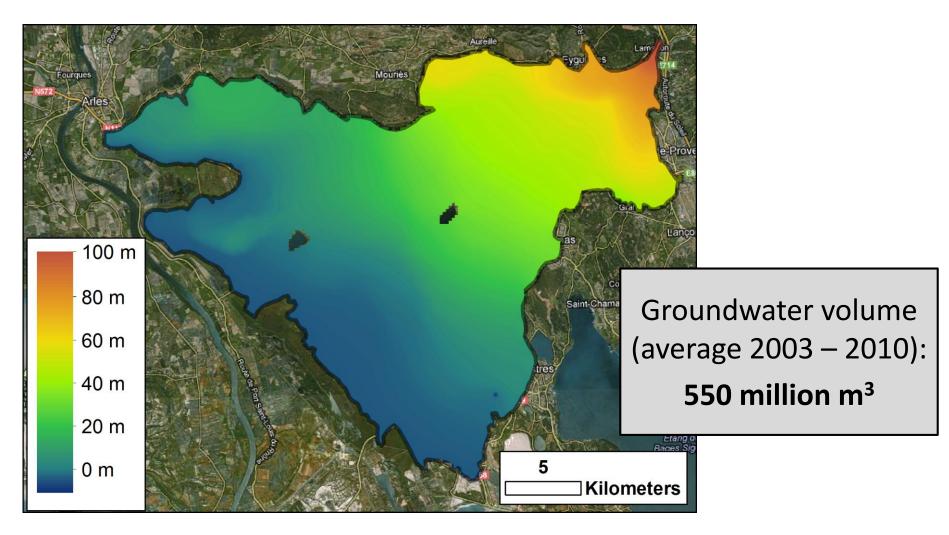
**HAY YIELD 2003 - 2010** 

STICS - MULTISIMLIB SIMULATION

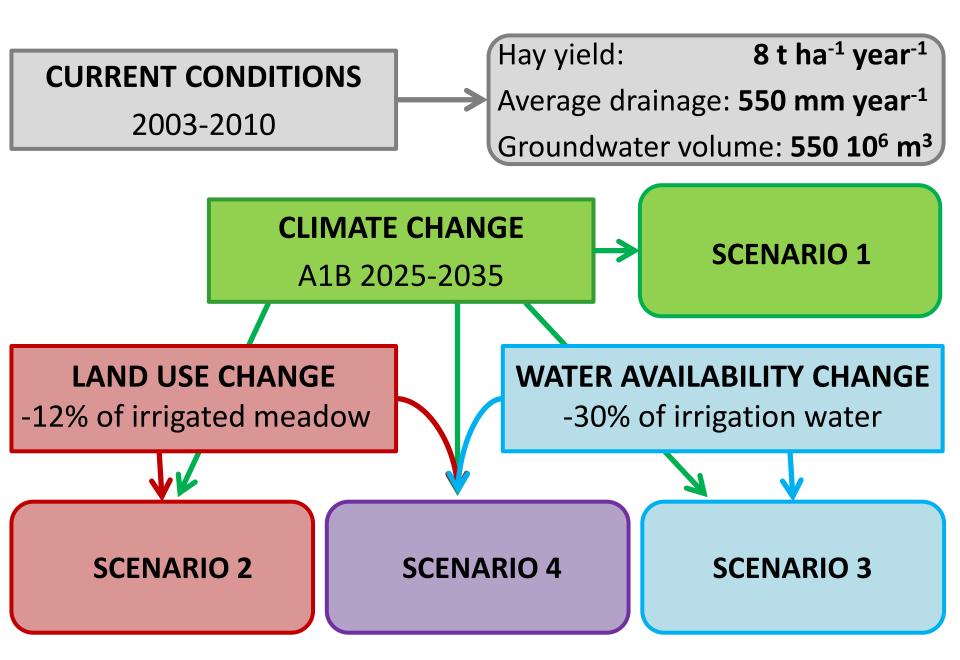
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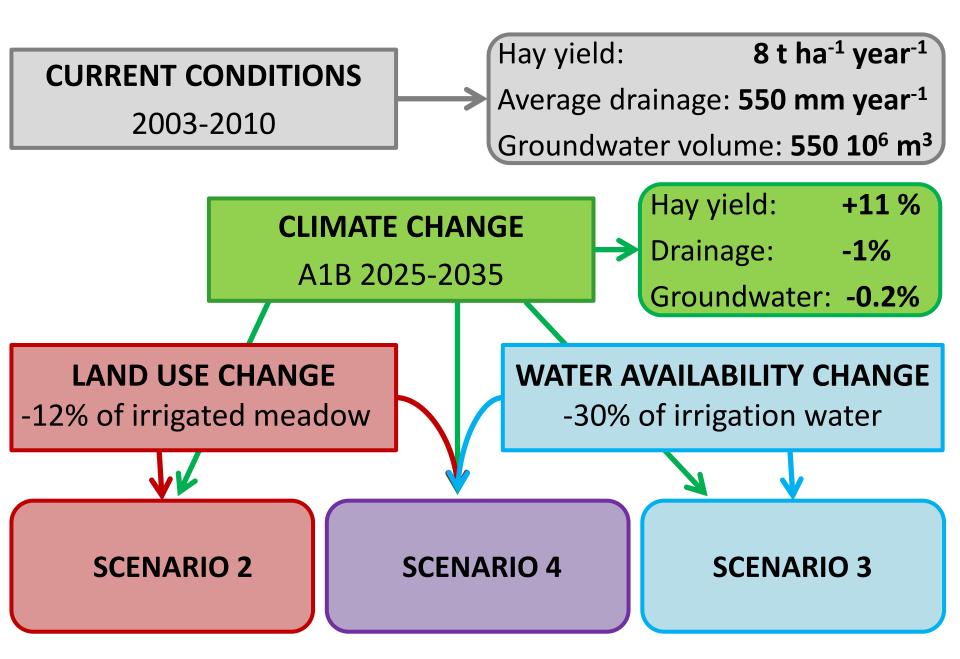


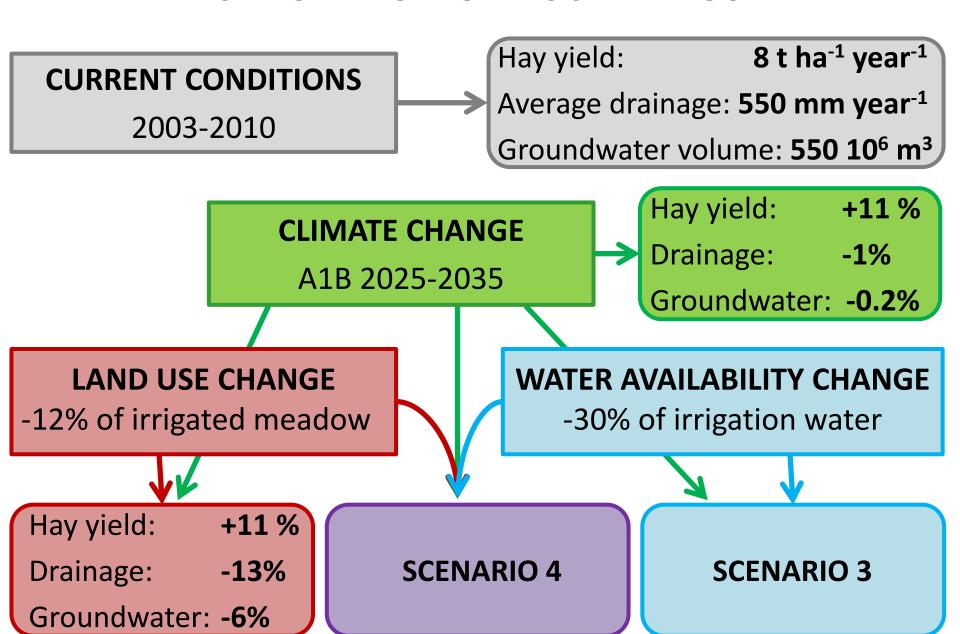
# SIMULATION OF CURRENT CONDITIONS



WATER HEAD 2003 – 2010 MODFLOW SIMULATION







## **CURRENT CONDITIONS**

2003-2010

Hay yield: 8 t ha<sup>-1</sup> year<sup>-1</sup>

Average drainage: **550 mm year**-1

Groundwater volume: 550 106 m<sup>3</sup>

### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

A1B 2025-2035

Hay yield: +11 %

Drainage: -1%

Groundwater: -0.2%

#### **LAND USE CHANGE**

-12% of irrigated meadow

# WATER AVAILABILITY CHANGE

-30% of irrigation water

Hay yield: +11 %

Drainage: -13%

Groundwater: -6%

**SCENARIO 4** 

Hay yield: +3 %

Drainage: -31%

Groundwater: -20%

### **CURRENT CONDITIONS**

2003-2010

Hay yield: 8 t ha<sup>-1</sup> year<sup>-1</sup>

Average drainage: 550 mm year-1

Groundwater volume: 550 106 m<sup>3</sup>

### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

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Hay yield: +11 %

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#### **LAND USE CHANGE**

-12% of irrigated meadow

## WATER AVAILABILITY CHANGE

-30% of irrigation water

Hay yield: +11 %

Drainage: -13%

Groundwater: -6%

Hay yield: +6 %

Drainage: -31%

Groundwater: -19%

Hay yield: +3 %

Drainage: -31%

Groundwater: -20%

## **SUMMARY**

- irrigated grasslands play a major role in the Crau aquifer recharge and, more generally, in the water cycle over the area
- future increases in temperature and an adequate management of irrigation may lead to an increase in hay production
- decrease in drainage, due to global changes, may lead to a significant decrease of the aquifer storage, threatening the sustainability of the groundwater resource

