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Etienne Prévost. In search of a conservation limit for the Allier A. salmon population: how and what for?. Scientific Committee for Diadromous Fish of the Loire, Nov 2016, Orléans, France. hal-01603880

HAL Id: hal-01603880

<https://hal.science/hal-01603880>

Submitted on 5 Jun 2020

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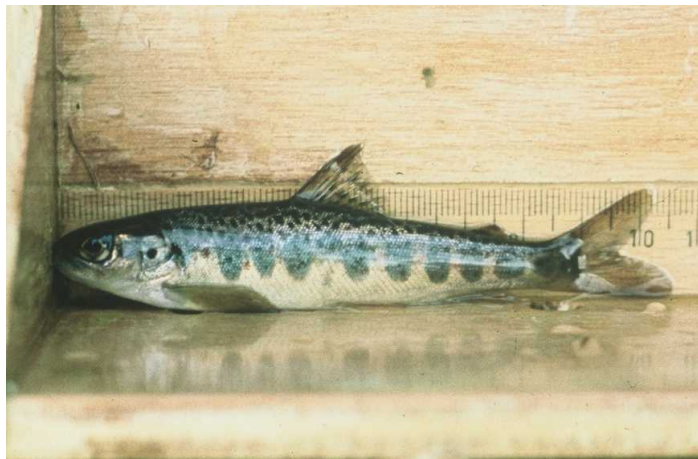
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In search of a Conservation Limit for the Allier A. Salmon population: How and what for ?

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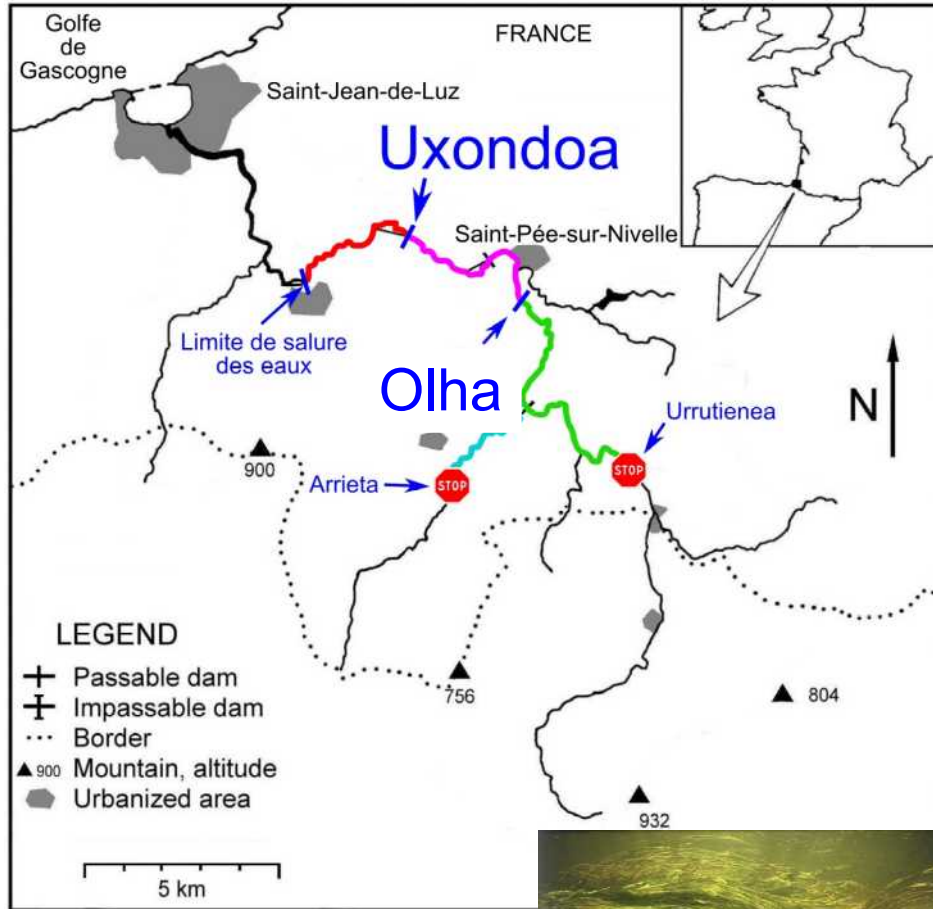




NASCO Conservation Limit

- Conservation Limit is a Biological Reference Point
 - BRP: Abundance benchmark against which population status can be assessed
- Conservation Limit (CL): abundance level above which population should be maintained
 - If falling below, remedial management action should be taken
- NASCO CL: spawning escapement producing MSY
 - Derived from Stock-Recruitment analysis
- An illustration using the Nivelles R. data series

The Nivelle R.: the southernmost Index River in Europe



Uxondoa trapping station

Redd counts

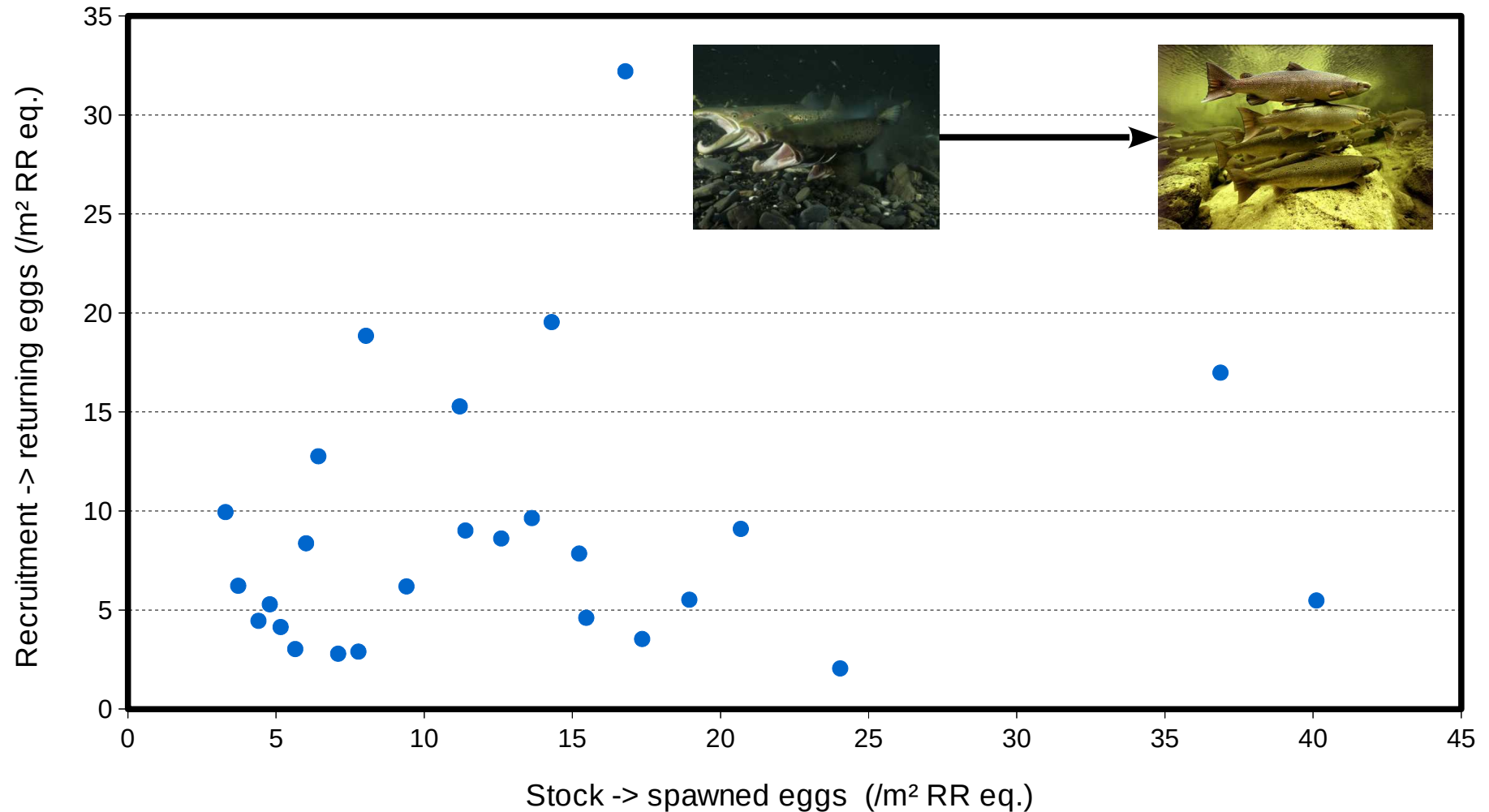


Olha trapping station

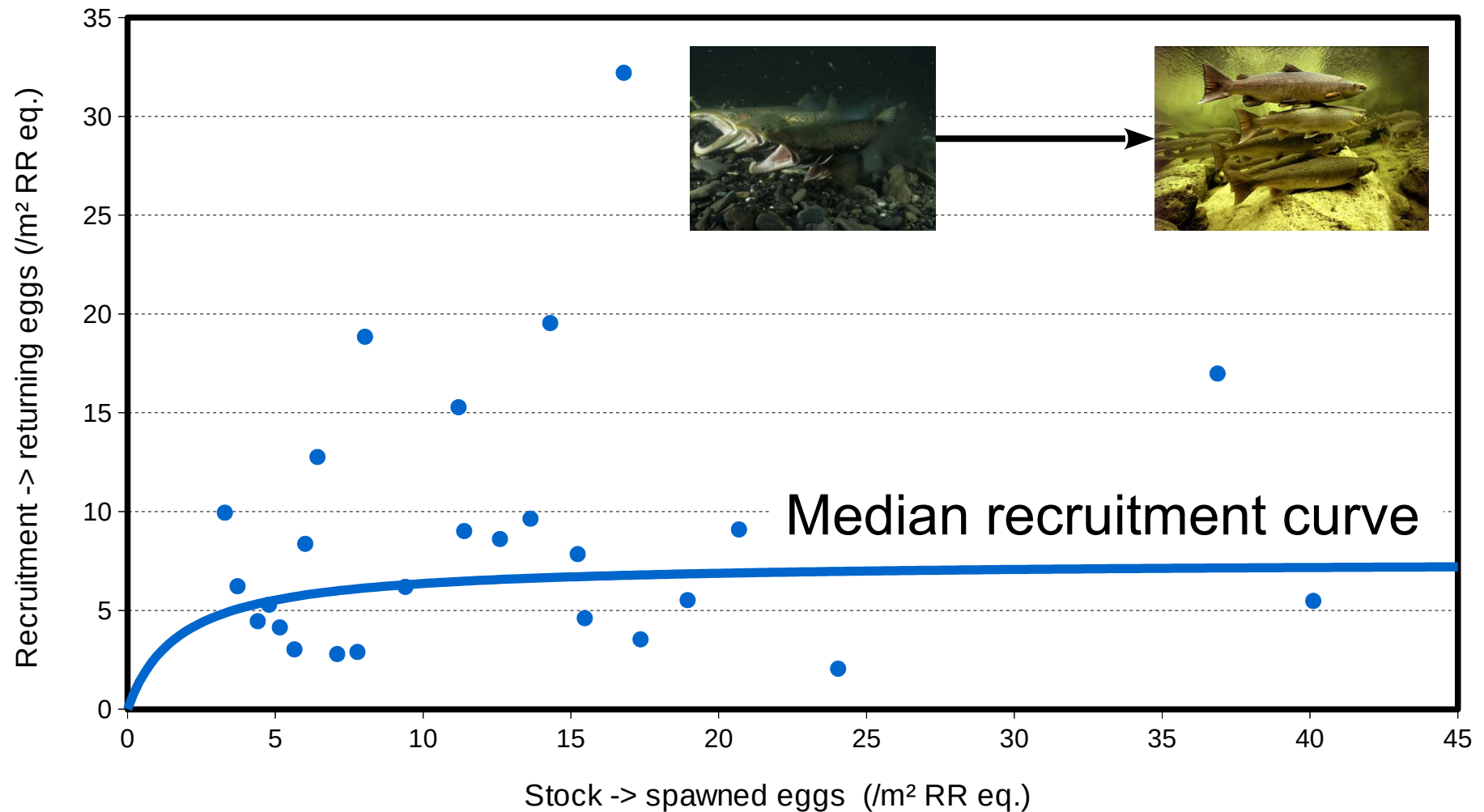
Adult returns estimation



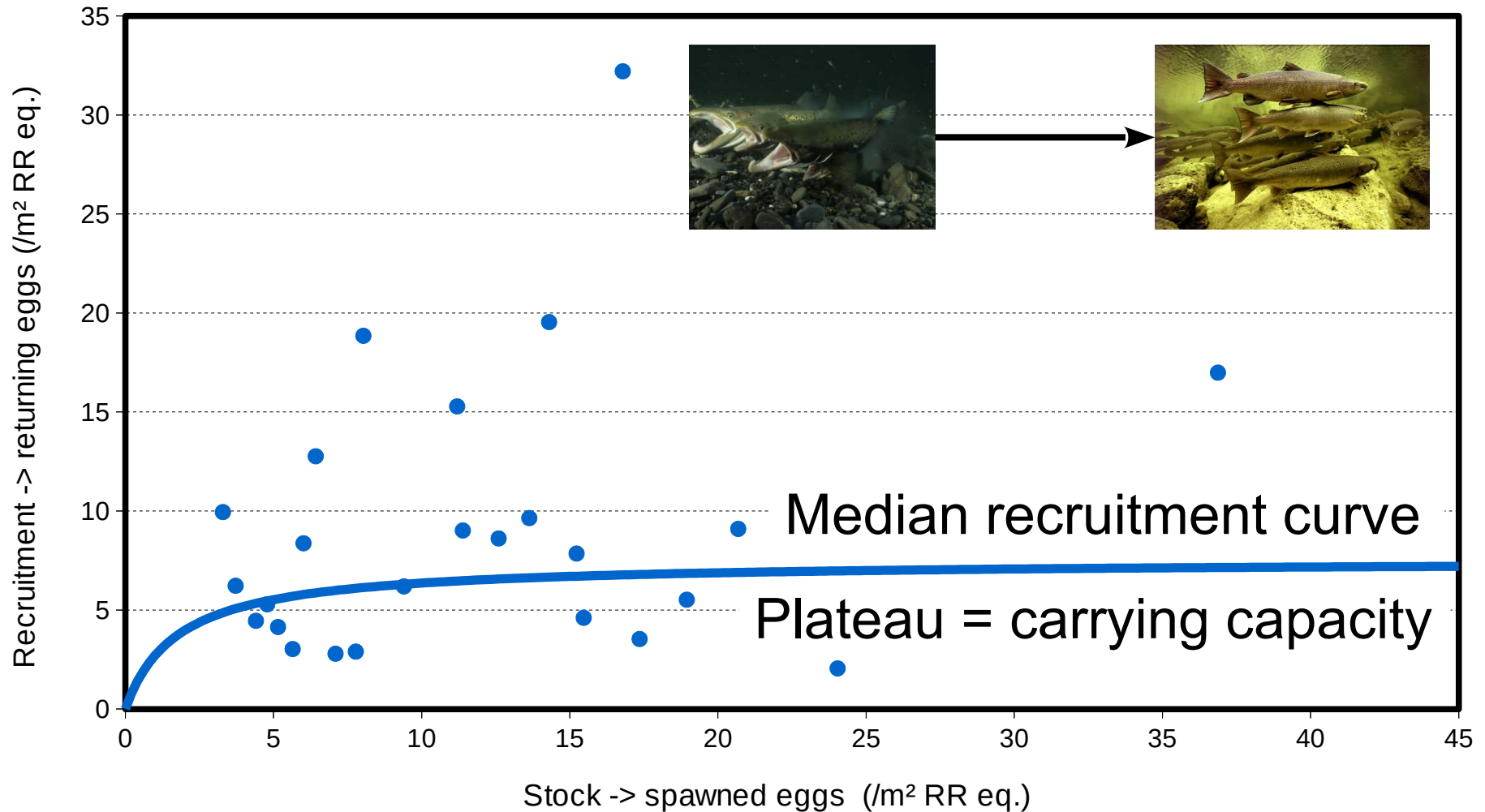
The egg-to-egg Stock/Recruitment series of the Nivelles R.



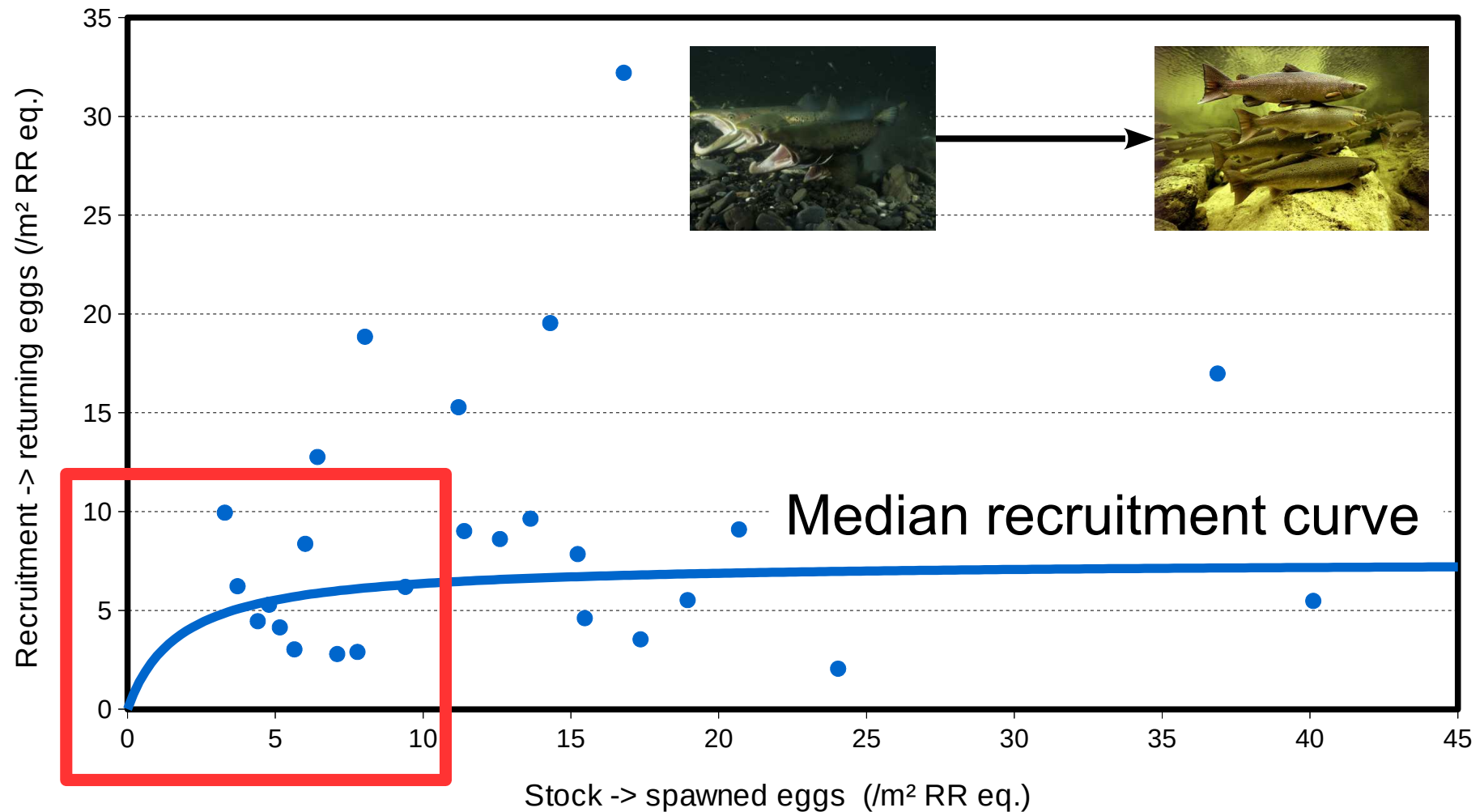
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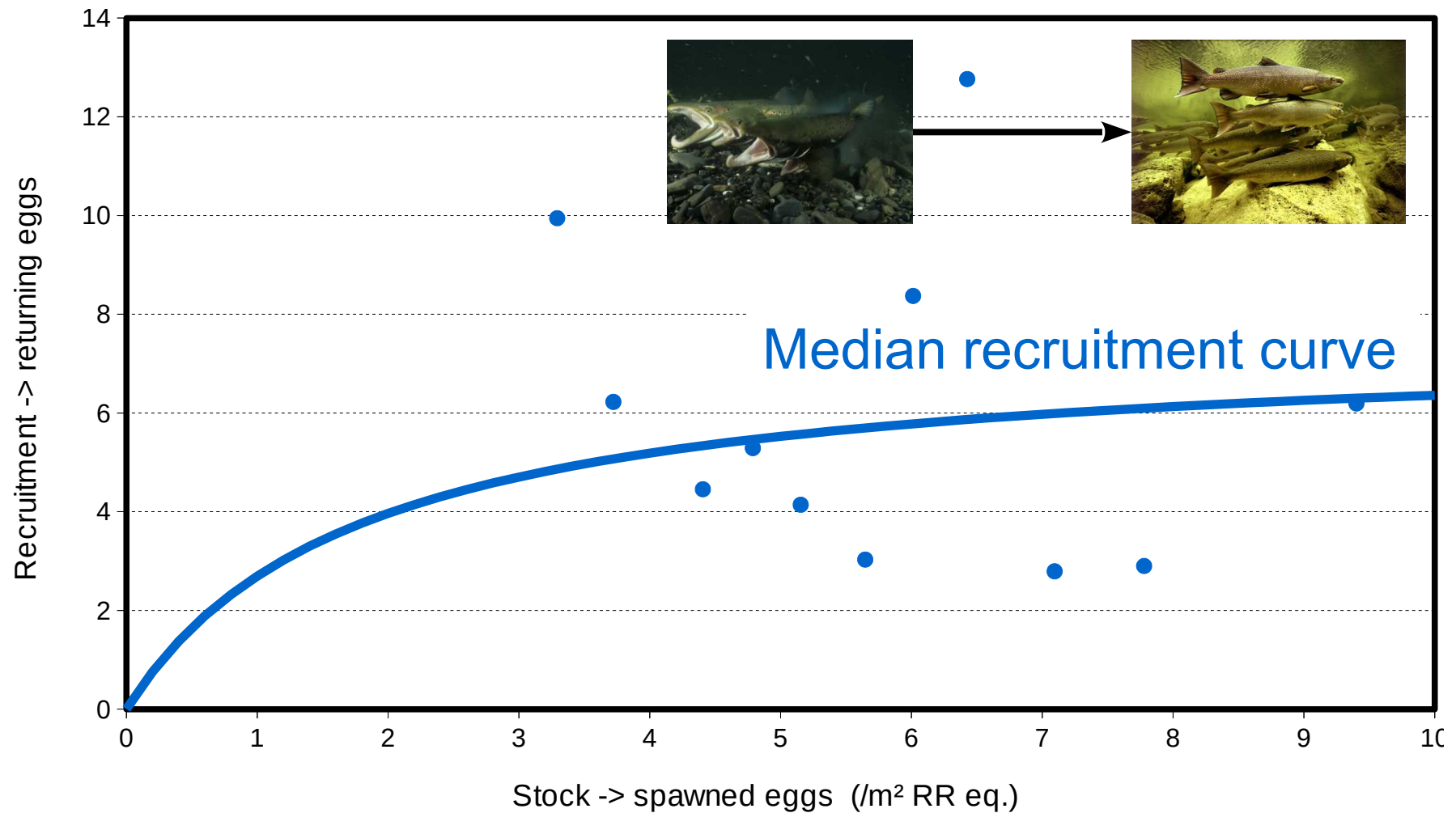
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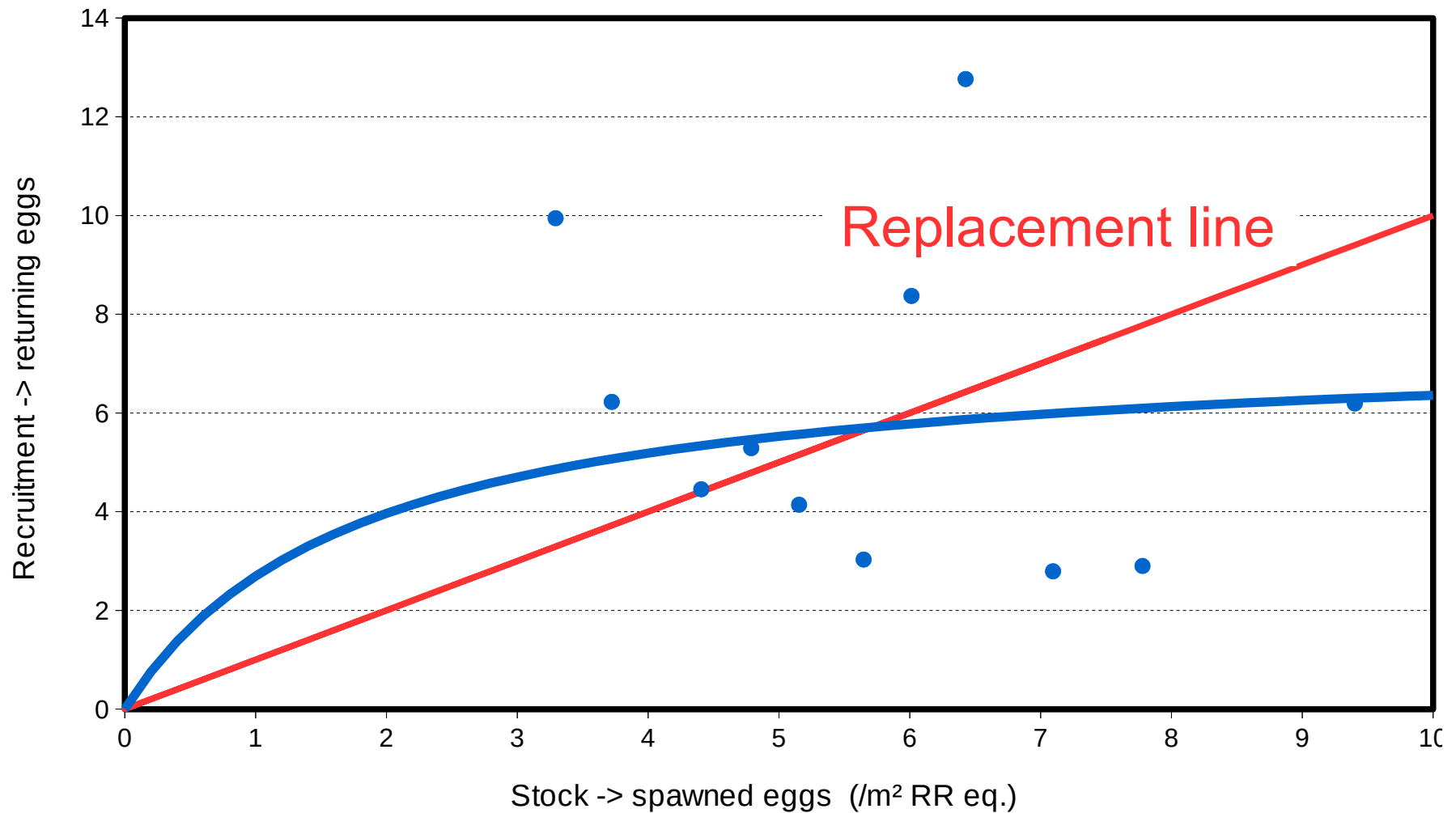
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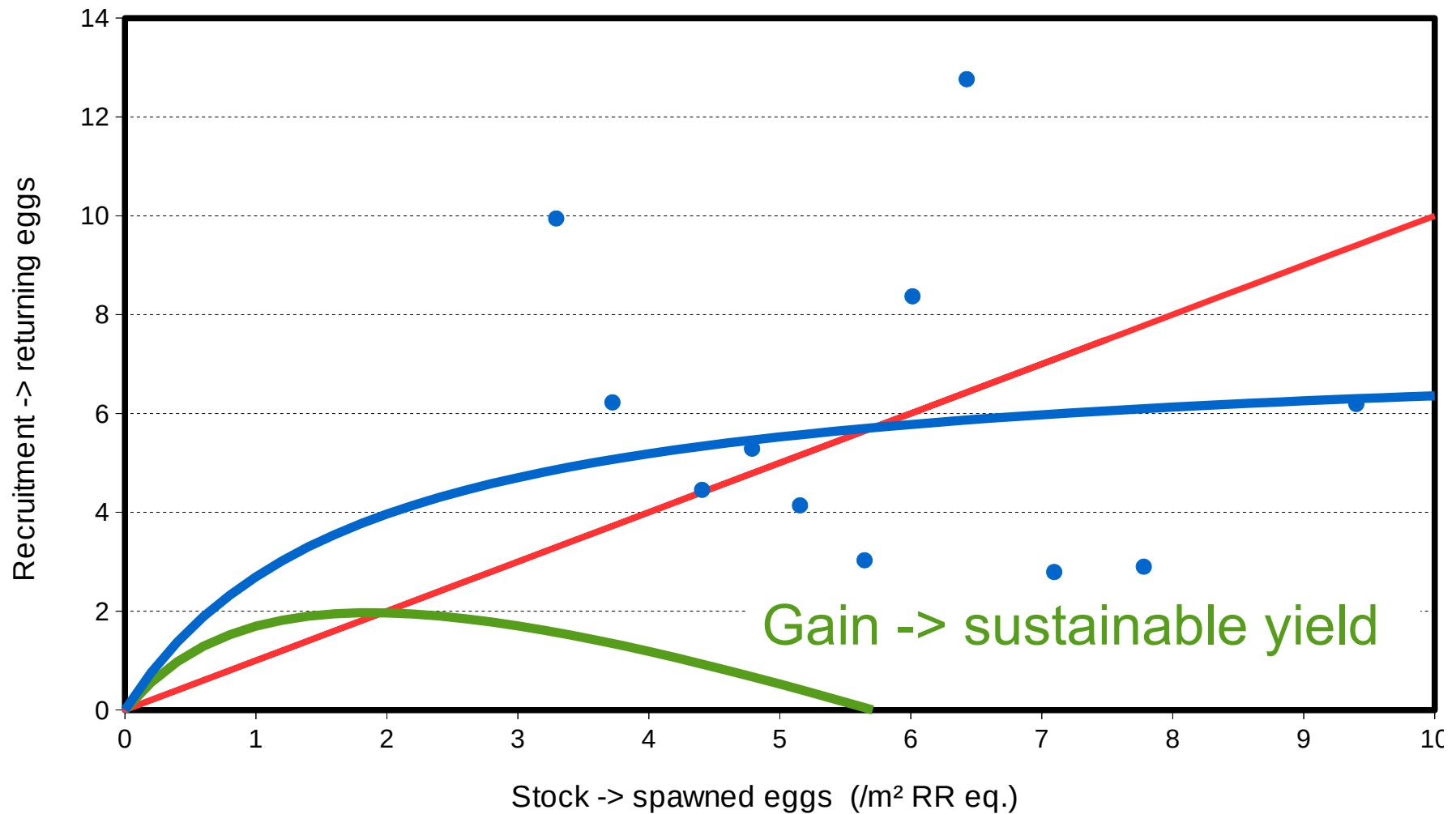
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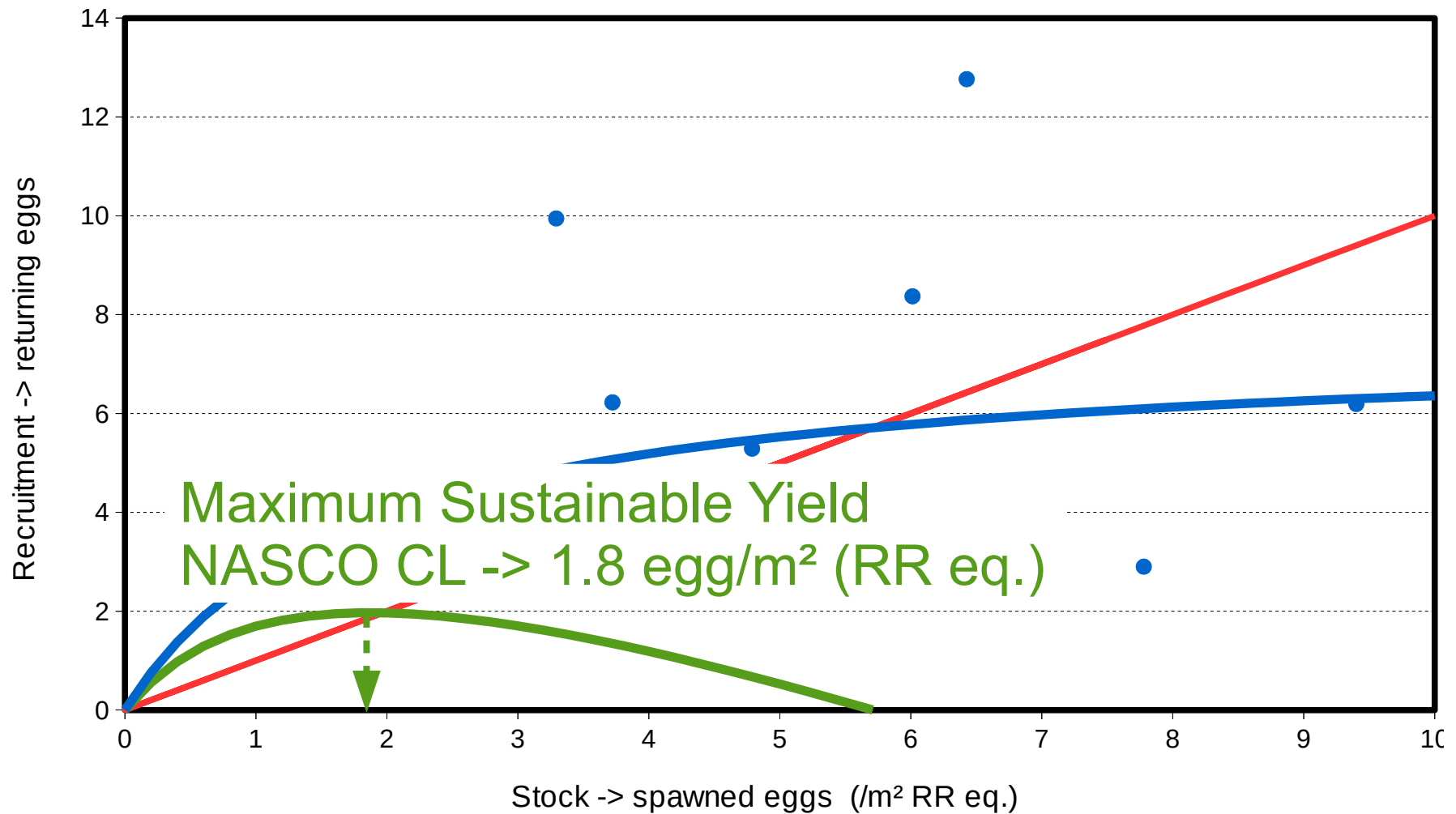
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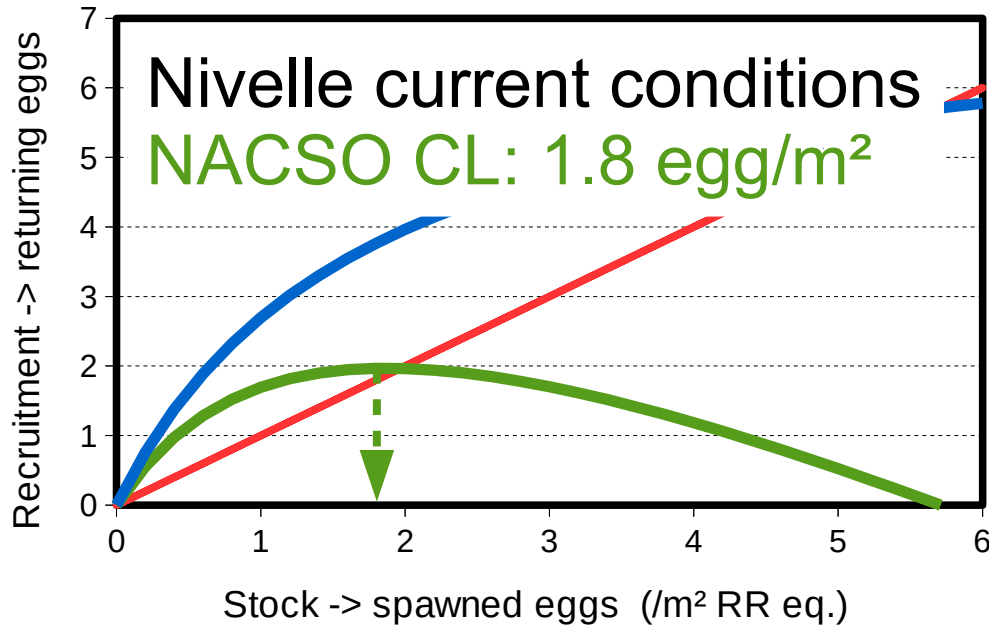
The egg-to-egg Stock/Recruitment series of the Nivelles R.



Troubles with NASCO CL definition

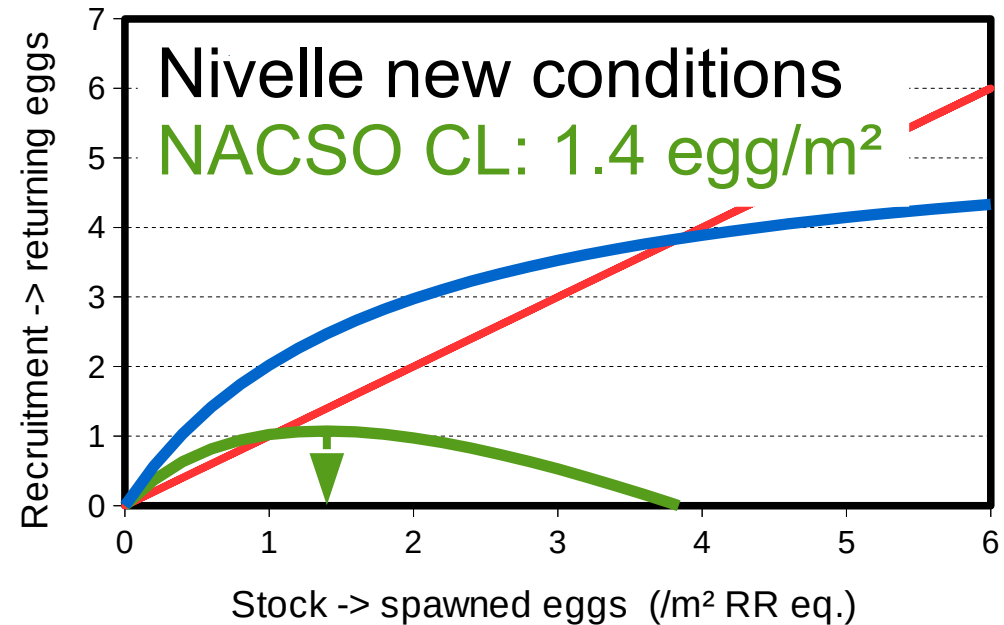
- Assume catches (at sea and in rivers) are well known or negligible
 - Generally not true
 - E.g. in the Nivelle: significant but unknown coastal exploitation
- Spawning stock producing MSY: is this relevant to conservation?
 - Rather aims at fisheries exploitation optimization
- What if survival (e.g. at sea) drops?

Evolution of NASCO CL if sea survival drops



Recruitment curve flattens
→ NACSO CL decreases

Sea survival drops by 25%



CL definition: time for a change?

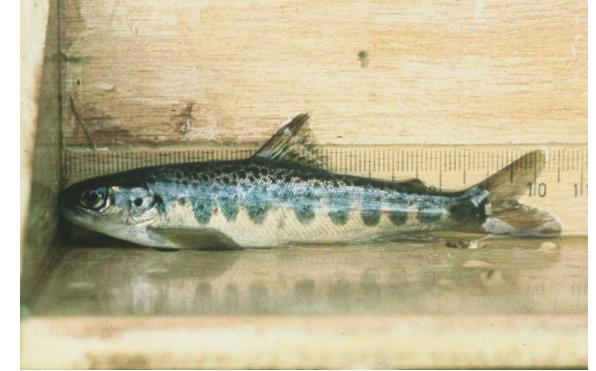
- NASCO CL: based on fisheries optimization principle
 - when times become harder for salmon CL should be revised downward
 - for populations below replacement (i.e. non viable; e.g. Allier): NASCO CL is not defined
- Fisheries optimization \neq Conservation
- But how can we define Conservation?
- An operational (and partial) proposal: conservation should ensure that wild juvenile recruitment does not fall too low
- Associated CL definition: spawning escapement threshold that ensure wild juvenile recruitment does not fall too low

The Nivelles R.: the southernmost Index River in Europe

Uxondoa
trapping
station



Spawning



Juvenile
(0+ parr in the fall)
recruitment

Redd
counts



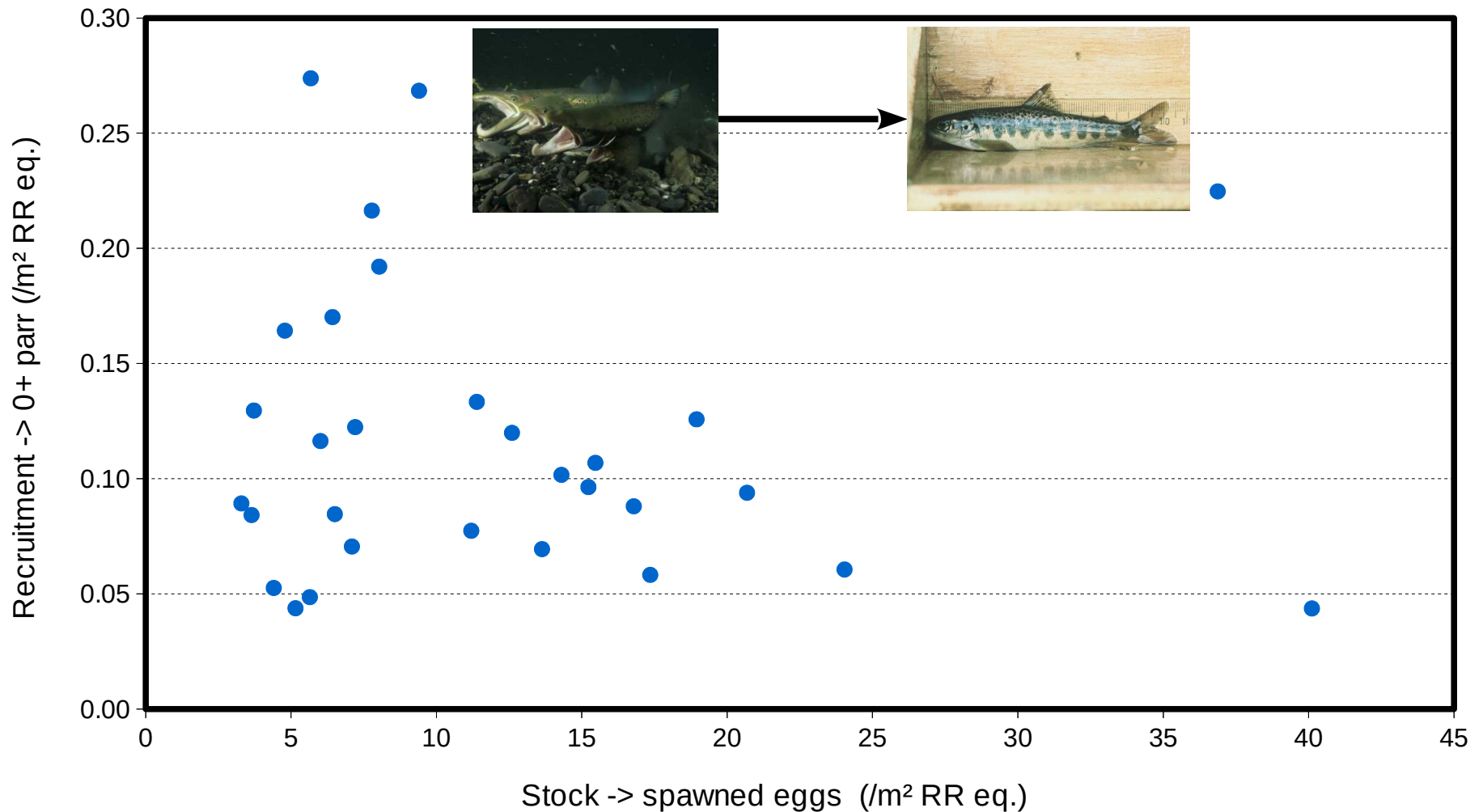
escapement

Olha
trapping
station

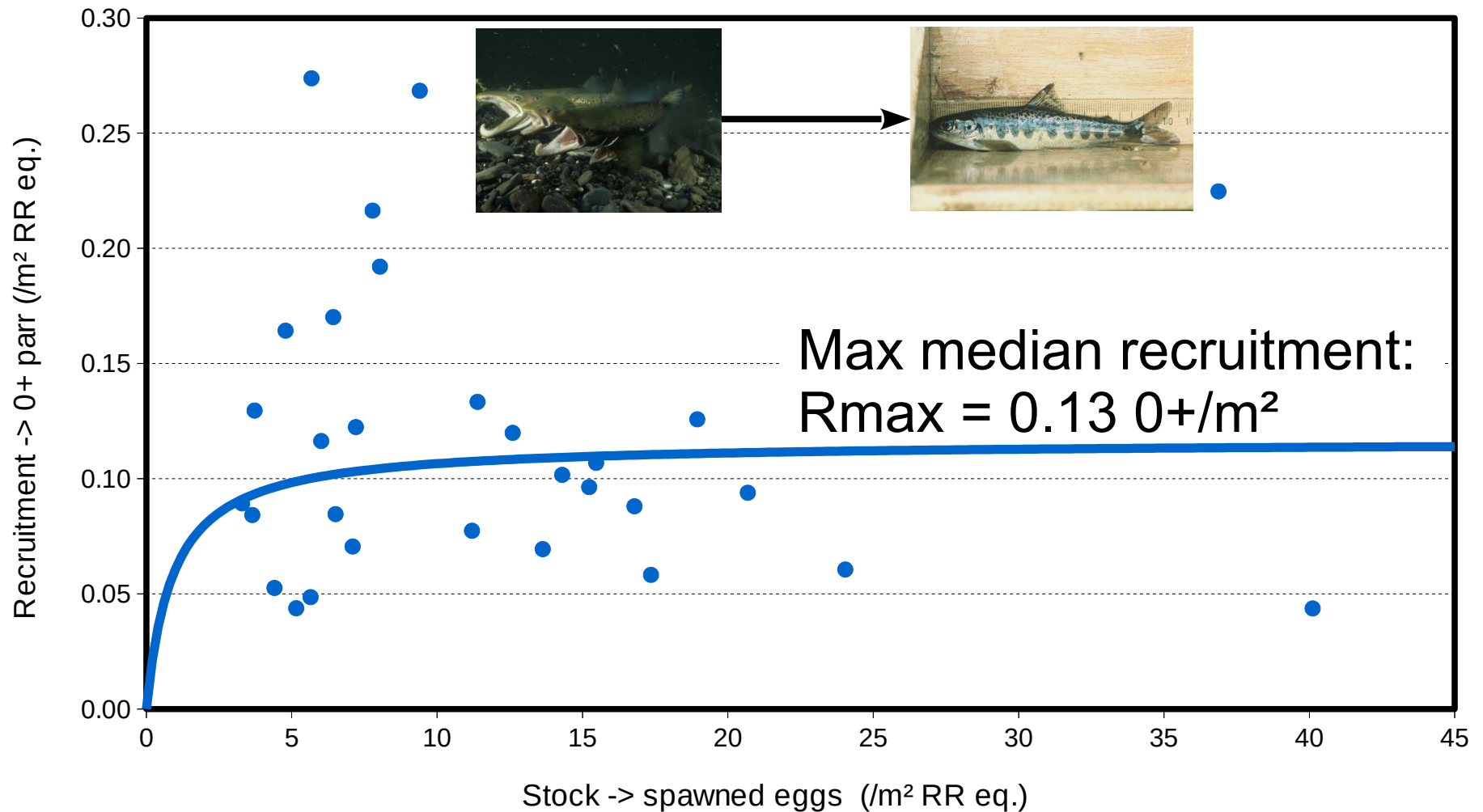


Electrofishing

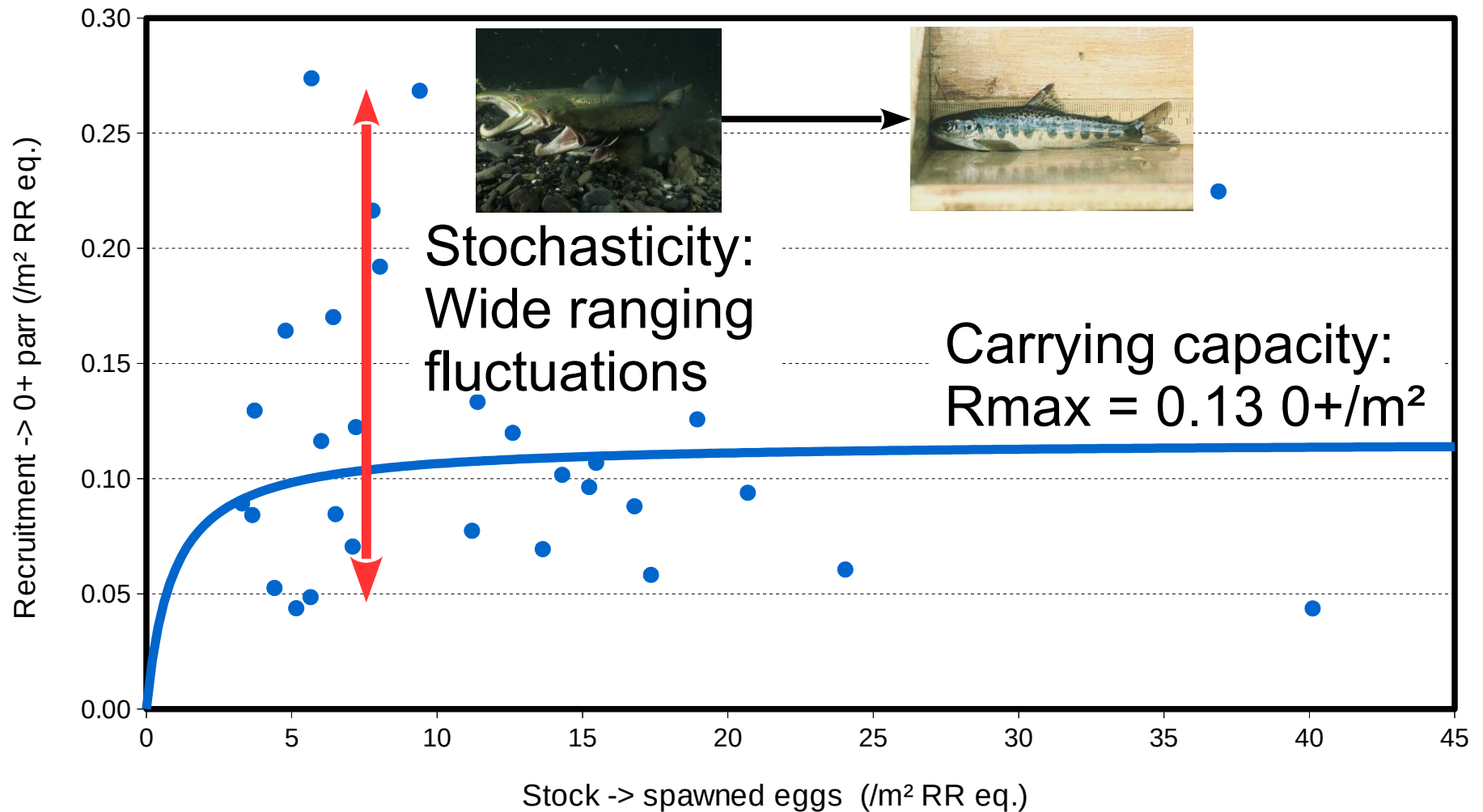
The egg-to-0+ parr Stock/Recruitment series of the Nivelles R.



The egg-to-0+ parr Stock/Recruitment series of the Nivelles R.



The egg-to-0+ parr Stock/Recruitment series of the Nivelles R.

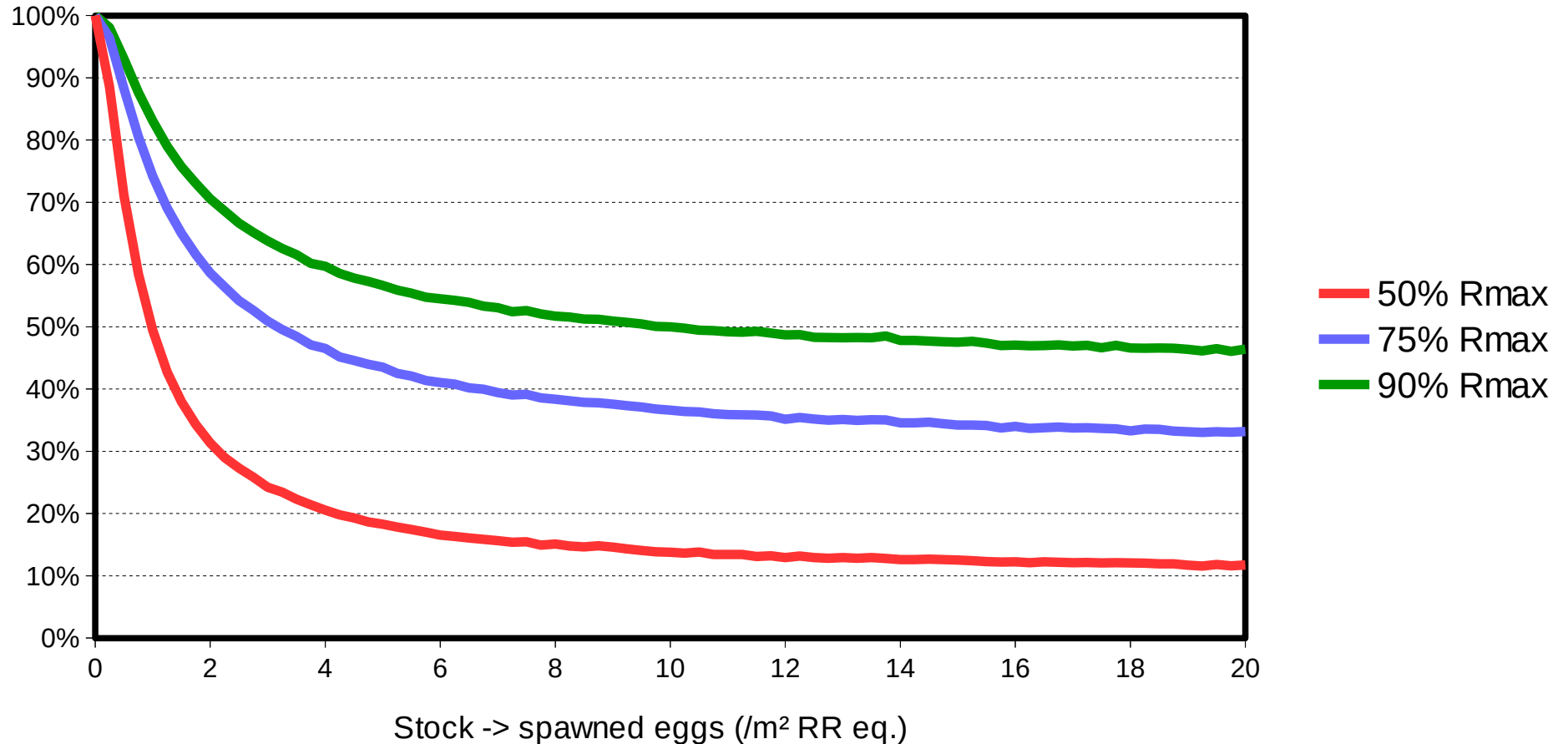


CL definition: time for a change?

- Acknowledge recruitment stochasticity (uncertainty)
- Modified CL definition: spawning escapement threshold that ensure a low probability of wild juvenile recruitment falling too low
 - Conservation aims at controlling the risk of low recruitment
- But what is low recruitment?
 - A management decision
 - An operational proposal: set as a proportion of the carrying capacity (R_{max})
- And what is low probability?
 - A management decision
- Scientific advice: produce (risk) plots that help management decision

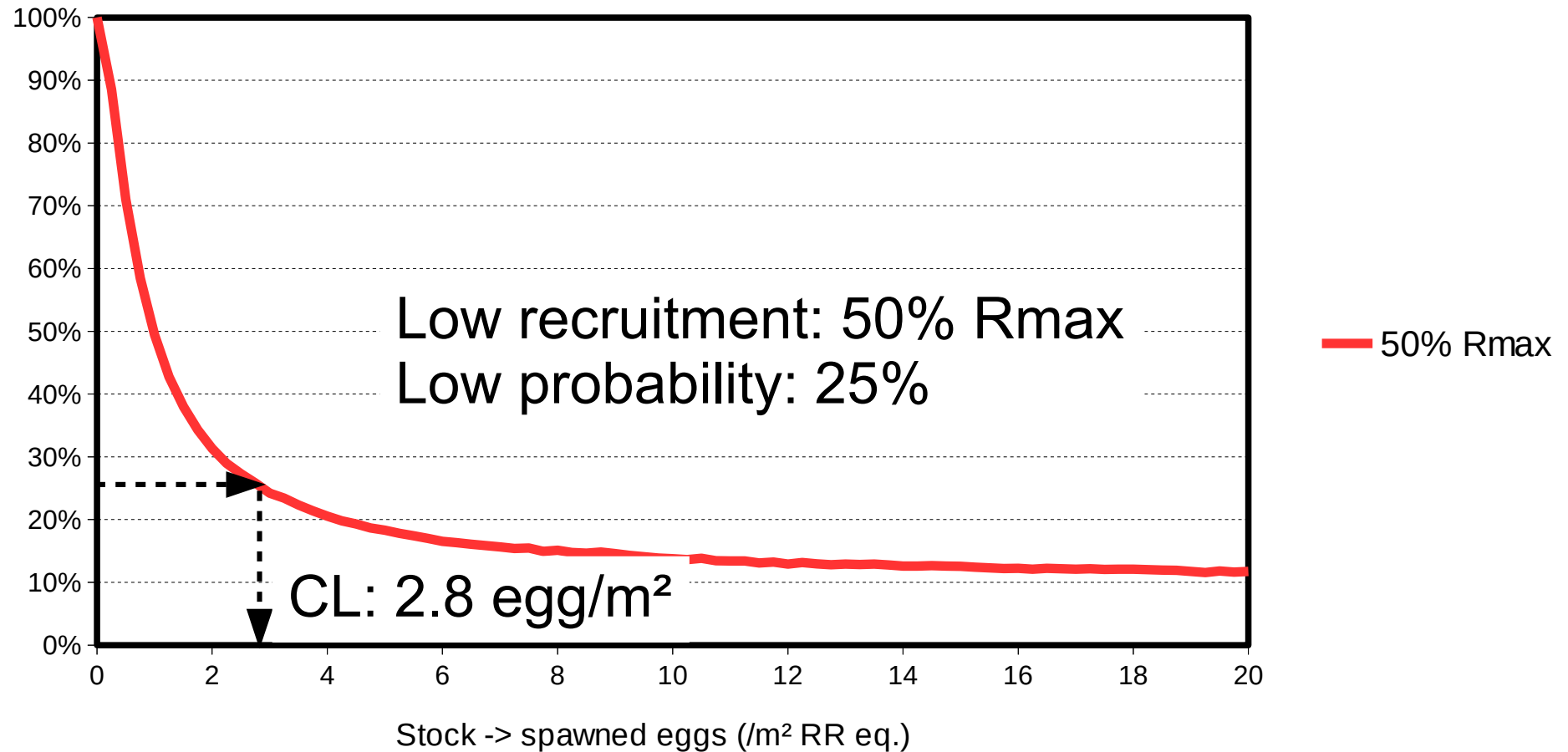
Risk plot for 3 options of low recruitment level

Risk: $\text{Proba}(\text{Recruitment} < X\% \text{ of } R_{\text{max}})$



Risk plot: an example of management decision

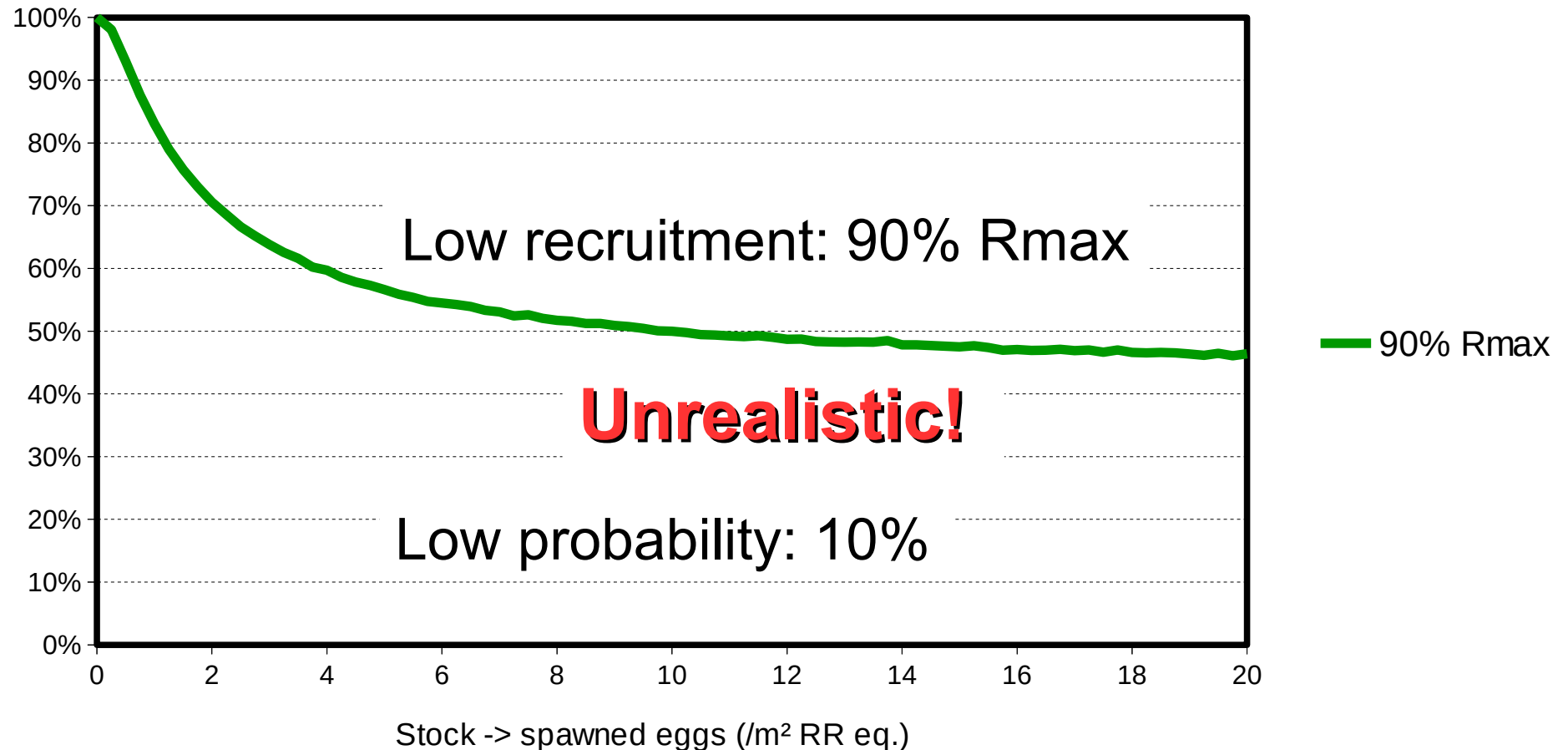
Risk: $\text{Proba}(\text{Recruitment} < X\% \text{ of } R_{\text{max}})$



New CL definition adopted by DFO for A. Salmon stocks in Canada (apart from Québec)

Risk plot: being too risk averse is not realistic

Risk: $\text{Proba}(\text{Recruitment} < X\% \text{ of } R_{\text{max}})$



New CL approach: pros & cons

- PROs

- Based on a conservation principle/definition in a risk control context
- Identify the risk of low recruitment level as a management decision
 - Easier to communicate to management stakeholders (?)
- Uses scientific and fisheries independent data only
- Not sensitive to changes in density independent mortality (e.g. at sea)

- CONs

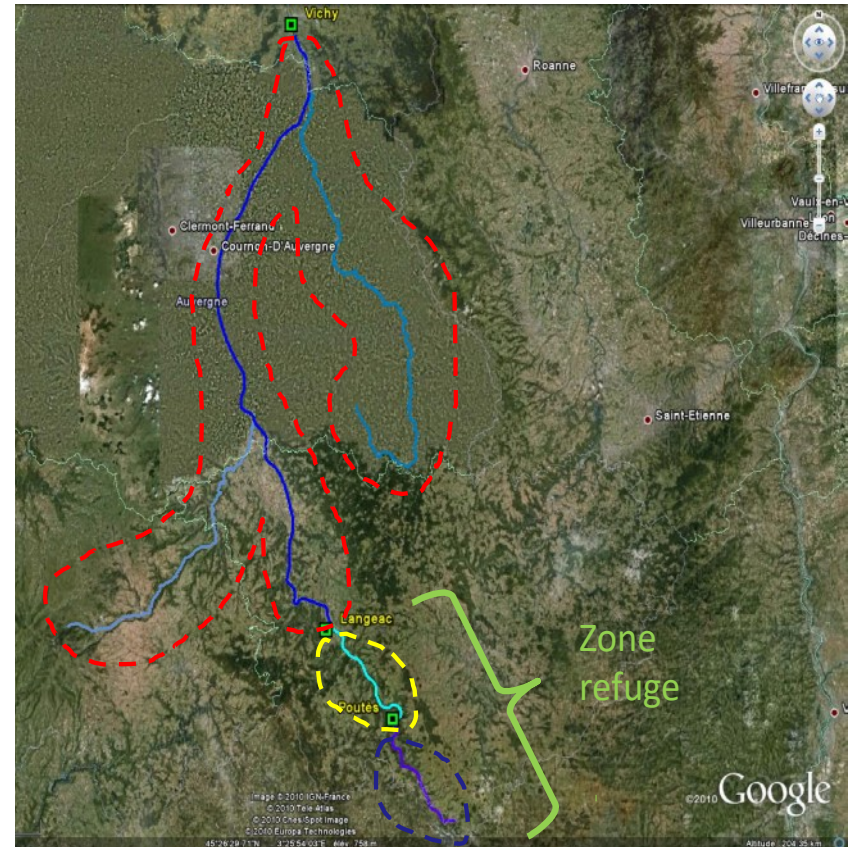
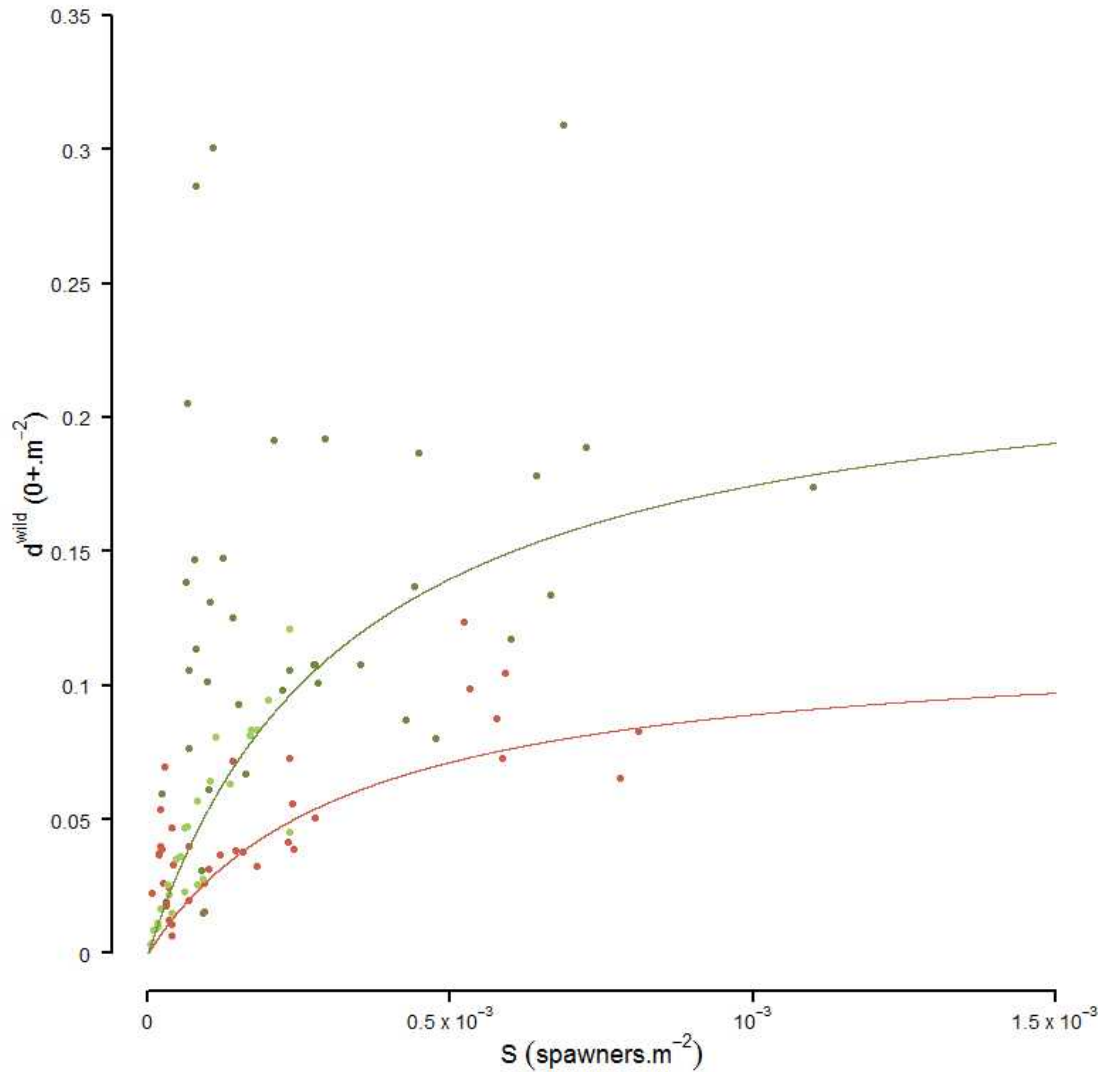
- CL estimation sensitive to recruitment rate at low spawning escapement
 - A quantity usually difficult to estimate from SR data
- Do not take into account potential density dependence of survival after the juvenile recruitment stage considered

CL for the Allier A. Salmon population ?

- NASCO CL: not an option
 - Population currently below replacement
- Definition of a new CL based based on a low risk of low recruitment: can be done
 - The Allier salmon population model (INRA – LOGRAMI) includes a density dependent SR sub-model

A CL for the Allier A. Salmon population ?

wild 0+ density dependence relationship



CL for the Allier A. Salmon population ?

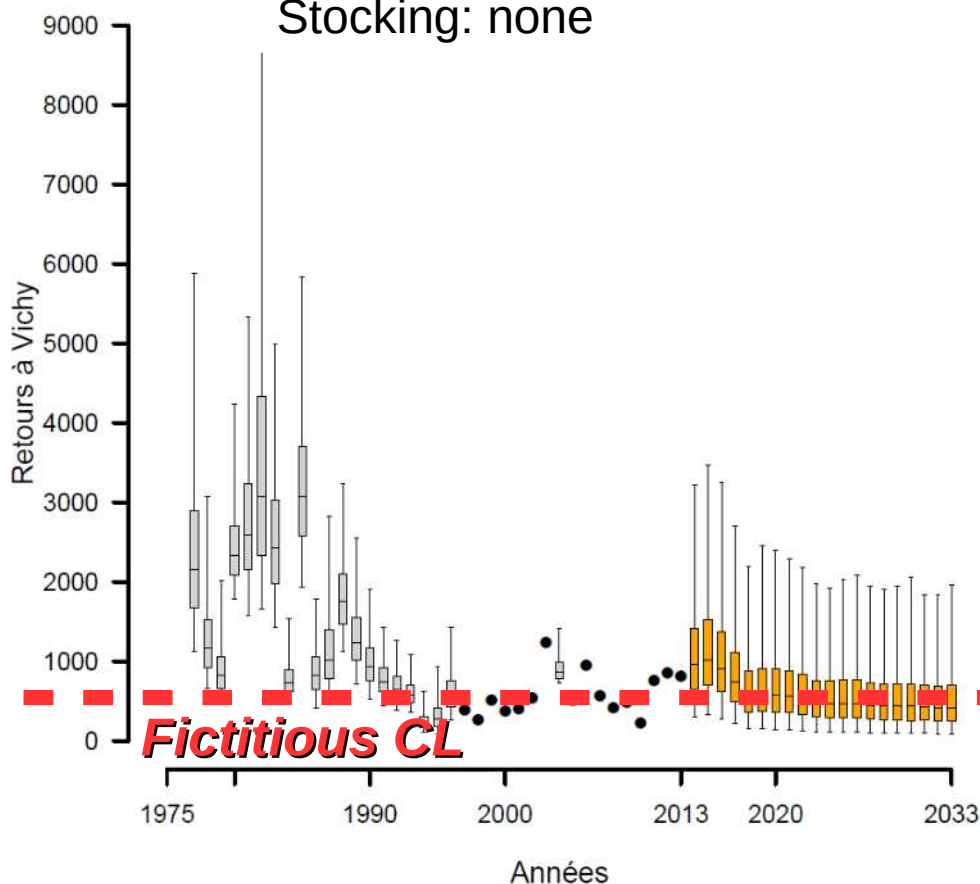
- NASCO CL: not an option
 - Population currently below replacement
- Definition of a new CL based based on a low risk of low recruitment: can be done
 - The Allier salmon population model (INRA – LOGRAMI) includes a density dependent SR sub-model
 - Plots of risk of low recruitment vs number of spawners reaching Vichy can be produced
 - Management (stakeholders) should decide on the definition of low recruitment and low risk (probability)

CL for the Allier A. Salmon population: so what?

- CL is a useful benchmark for assessing conservation status of the population
 - **Caution:** CL is purely demographic → makes no consideration of genetics
 - CL does not “generate” management measures: it helps assessing consequences of management measures
 - Given the model available for the Allier salmon, a CL is not a necessity: we can directly assess conservation achievement (provided we agree on an operational definition of conservation)
- Retrospective (up to present) assessment:
 - What is current conservation status of the population?
 - Have past management measures improve conservation?
- Prospective assessment:
 - Predicted evolution of conservation according to various management options (habitat improvement and/or stocking)
 - Beyond viability → identification of exploitable surplus (if any)

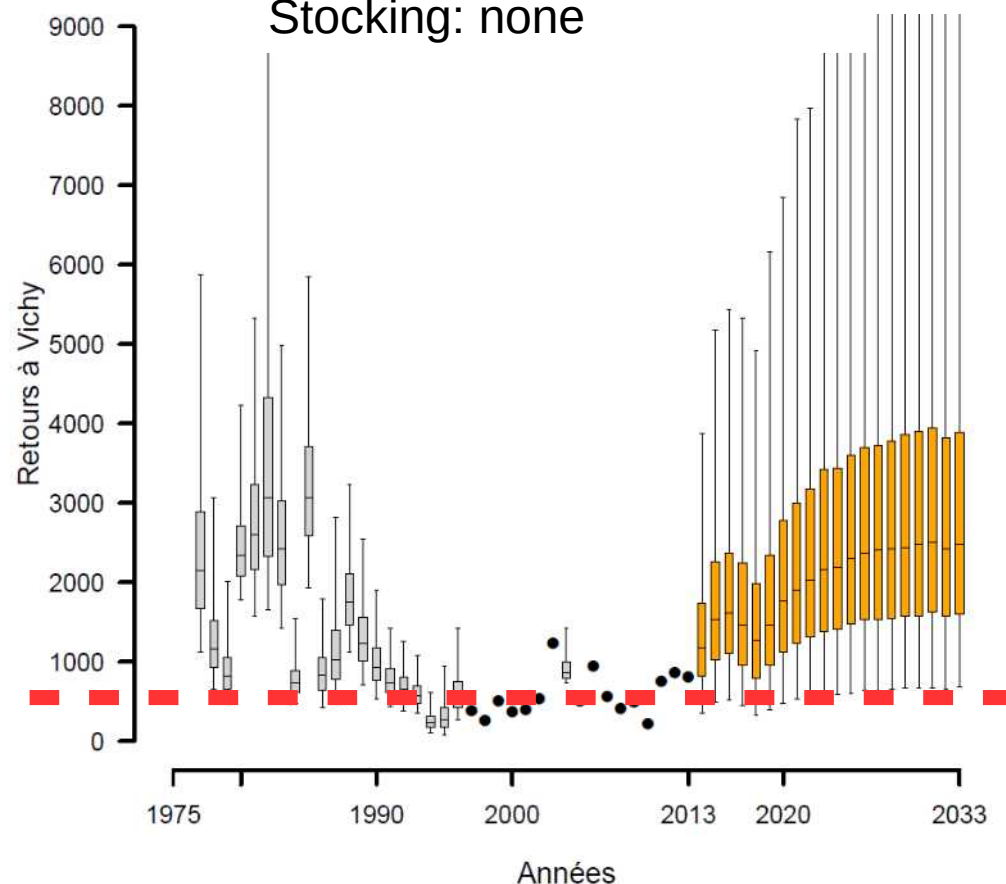
A (fictitious) illustration of the use of CL for the Allier A. Salmon population ?

Habitat: status quo
Stocking: none



Conservation not achieved

Habitat: major improvement
Stocking: none



Conservation achieved
& surplus available for exploitation

Thanks for your attention

