

Altered contractility of circular and longitudinal smooth muscle in trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid-induced ileitis in guinea pigs

Rafael Garcia Villar, J P Martinolle, P G Mclean, Jean Fioramonti, Lionel Bueno

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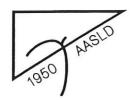
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ALTERED CONTRACTILITY OF CIRCULAR AND LONGITUDINAL SMOOTH MUSCLE IN TRINITROBENZENESULFONIC ACID-INDUCED ILEITIS IN GUINEA PIGS. R. Garcia-Villar, J.P. Martinolle, P.G. McLean, J. Fioramonti, L. Buéno. INRA, Pharmacology Unit, Toulouse, France.

Altered gastrointestinal motility is a common feature of gut inflammation which may result from changes in intrinsic nervous system and/or myocyte responses to transmitters. Intraluminal trinitrobenzenesulfonic (TNBS) acid is an established model of chronic ileitis in the guinea-pig. This study was aimed at determining the *in vitro* contractile responsiveness of both circular and longitudinal muscle of TNBS-inflamed *vs* healthy guinea-pig ileum.

Methods: Guinea-pigs were given an intrajejunal injection (0.3 ml) of either saline (controls; n=24) or TNBS in 50% ethanol (80 mg/kg; n=24), and sacrificed 6 days later. Ileum strips (longitudinal and circular; 8x2 mm) were placed in a superfusion system (Krebs; 37°C; 2 ml/min; O₂/CO₂ 95/5%). Concentration-response curves (CRCs) to KCl (n=4), carbachol (n=8), histamine (n=6), serotonin (5-HT; n=12) and epinephrine were constructed (0.1nM-0.1mM). Epinephrine was superfused with 1μM alprenolol (βadrenoceptor antagonist) plus yohimbine (α2-antagonist, 1μM, n=6) or prazosin (α₁-antagonist, 1μM, n=6). Isometric contractions were recorded and quantified. For each agent, maximal effect (Emax) was expressed as contractile force per mm2 of tissue cross-section area (mN/mm2; mean±SEM) and potency as EC₅₀ (μM; mean±SEM).

Results: Longitudinal strips from controls were contracted in a concentration-dependent manner by carbachol (Emax: 4.2±1.2 mN/mm²), histamine (2.7±0.6), 5-HT (6.1±0.8), epinephrine+yohimbine (3.0±0.5) and epinephrine+prazosin (2.4±0.4); corresponding EC_{50s} (μM) were 0.14±0.04, 0.61 ± 0.17 , 1.88 ± 0.33 , 16.3 ± 5.3 and 41.8 ± 13.4 , respectively. In longitudinal strips from TNBS-treated animals, Emax for carbachol (7.5±1.1) and histamine (5.3±0.7) were increased compared to controls (p<0.05) without changes in EC_{50s} (0.23±0.06 and 1.61±0.15); no changes were observed for 5-HT (Emax 6.2±0.7; EC50 2.01±0.51); in contrast, α_1 - or α_2 -adrenoceptor stimulation did not contract these inflamed strips. Circular strips from controls were concentration-dependently contracted by carbachol (Emax: 12.9 ± 0.15), histamine (7.5±1.6) and 5-HT (12.2±1.6) with EC_{50s} of 0.23±0.03, 0.56±0.07 and 3.01±0.71, but not by epinephrine. In circular strips from TNBS-treated animals, Emax for carbachol (10.0±1.5) and histamine (5.4±1.0) were not different from controls, but EC50s were increased: 7.67±2.54 (p<0.05) and 5.19±1.24 (p<0.05) respectively; Emax for 5-HT was decreased (6.9±1.8; p<0.05) without change in EC50 (3.24±0.69); epinephrine had no effect. Finally, CRCs to KCl in longitudinal and circular strips were not different in TNBS-treated tissues and in controls. Conclusion: In TNBS-induced ileitis the contractile responses of the guineapig ileum to receptor agonists are differentially altered: circular muscle tends to become less responsive, and longitudinal muscle more responsive, than in controls. In contrast, nonreceptor-mediated KCl contraction is not modified.

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