

# Oral comfort: A new concept to assess the acceptance of food by elderly people suffering from oral health problems

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# Food comfortability: a new concept to understand elderlies' expectations in terms of sensory characteristics

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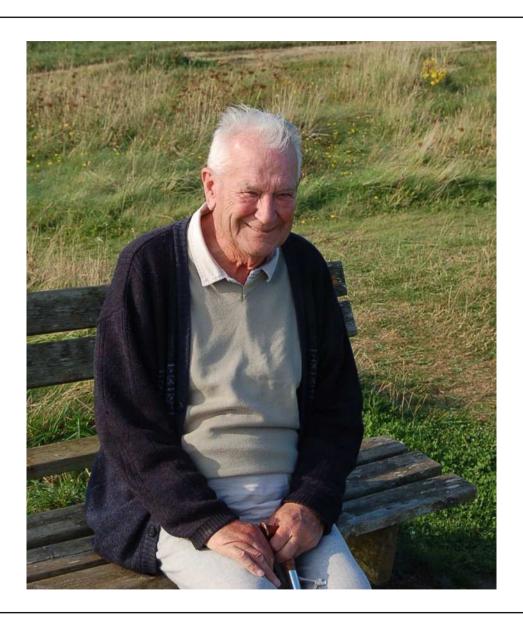












#### **Context**

#### Ageing is often accompanied by oral impairments:

- Tooth loss (Müller et al., 2007)
- Decreased muscle strength (Fontijn-Tekamp et al., 2004)
- Hyposalivation (Vandenberghe-Descamps et al., 2016)
- Impaired swallowing (Ekberg & FeinbergEkberg, 1991; Schindler & Kelly, 2002)
- Changes in orosensory perception (Song et al., 2016)
- Etc.





#### Context

Those oral impairments have a qualitative and quantitative impact on elderlies' intake of food

Sheiham et al., 2001



Samnieng, 2014



Solemdal et al., 2012







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#### Context

The food offer for elderlies is reduced to mixed products, not always pleasant with regard to flavor or texture (Luckow & Delahunty, 2004; Song et al., 2016; Doets et al., 2016).





It is necessary to improve those products in a sensory manner and therefore work on the concept of food comfortability

#### **Objectives:**

- Understand what a pleasant food is for elderly people in terms of food comfortability
- Develop and define the concept of food comfortability



#### **Strategy**

# **Qualitative phase**

- Focus groups set-up with elderly people
- Define the sub-dimensions of food comfortability



# **Development of a questionnaire**

 Creation and validation of a questionnaire that aims at evaluating the comfortability of different food for an elderly population



# 1

# **Quantitative phase**

 Evaluate the food comfortability associated with meat-based and cereal-based products for an elderly population



Establish a definition of food comfortability



#### **Strategy – qualitative phase**

#### 3 focus groups organized, each composed of 6 elderly people

- Brainstorming: what comes to your mind when I say "oral comfort"?
- "What is the most uncomfortable food for you, and for what reason?"
- Food tasting

Among the foods in front of you, choose one comfortable food and one uncomfortable food.

Why did you select those foods?





# **Strategy – qualitative phase**

# **Analysis of verbatim**

#### • Categorization and counting of the words

categories	Nb of words with repetition (%)	Nb of words without repetition (%)
texture	36,50	35,25
Bolus formation	29,78	16,55
Flavour	18,54	15,11
Culinary aspects	4,63	7,91
Sensations	2,67	7,91
Volume	2,09	2,16
Visual	1,97	4,32
Pain	1,27	5,04
To eat	1,27	2,88
Smell	0,93	0,72
Environment	0,23	1,44
Mouth	0,12	0,72
TOTAL	100%	100%



General ques	stion						
his food is							
Very uncomfortabl	le Uncomfortat		Moderately comfortable		table	Very comfortable	
Bolus format	tion						
o cut this foo	d with your inciso	r is					
mpossible	Very difficult	Difficult	fficult Moderate		Easy	Very easy	
Same scal	e for cutting with	•	masticating, illowing	, humidifica	ation wit	h saliva and	

#### **Strategy – development of a questionnaire** Mouth pain Does eating the food bring a burning or spicy sensation? Extremely A lot Little Not at all П П Same scale for muscular pain, articular pain, dental pain and gum pain **Texture and flavour** Is this food sticky? Extremely A lot Little Not at all П Same scale for stringy, greasy, dry, doughy, melting, firm, hard, intense in taste, salty, sugary, acidic and bitter 10

# **Strategy – quantitative phase**



#### **Subjects**

n = 39 21 women / 18 men

Mean age =  $72.64 \pm 6.2$ 

(min: 65 y/o max: 87 y/o)

#### **Products**

Beef cheek Ground chicken balls

Plain beef Chicken aiguillette

Ground beef Reconstituted chicken



#### **Subjects**

n = 42 21 women / 21 men

Mean age =  $73.57 \pm 6.04$ 

(min: 65 y/o max: 87 y/o)

#### **Products**

Crispbread Milk roll

Financier Protein enriched milk roll

Madeleine Sponge cake



# **Data analysis**

Are the products perceived differently in terms of oral comfort?

 Anova and means multiple comparisons (Student Newman Keuls)

What are the characteristics of each product in terms of oral comfort?

• Flash table (Schlich, 1998)

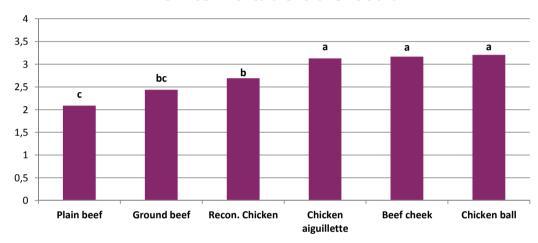




# **Results on meat-based products**

#### How comfortable is the food?





The products are perceived as significantly different

The aiguillette, the beef cheek and the chicken ball are the most comfortable products

The plain beef is the most uncomfortable product

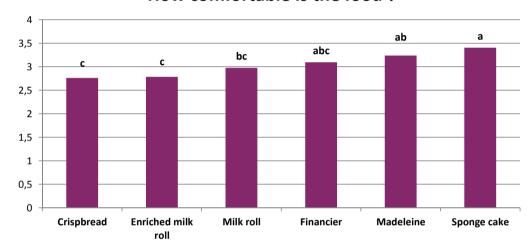


	F-Prod	P(F)	Chicken balls	Chicken aiguillette	Beef cheek	Recon. Chicken	Ground beef	Plain beef
<b>General question</b>								
comfort	14.46	***	+	+	+		_	-
Difficulty to form for	od bolus							
incisor	42.01	***	_	_	_	_	+	7
molar	35.26	***	_	_	-	_	+	+
masticate	37.45	***	_	_	-	_	+	+
humidify	8.45	***	_		- ]		+	+
swallow	20.34	***	_	_	_ /		+	+
time	24.09	***	_				+	+
Pain encountered w	hile eating							
muscle	5.89	***		_				+
articular	10.54	***	_		_			+
dental	4.06	**						+
gum	2.28	*						+
Texture (intensity)								
sticky	2.18					+		_
stringy	28.14	***	_	_	+	_	_	+
greasy	12.12	***	+	_	<i>+</i>		+	_
dry	13.51	***		+	( - )	+	+	_
doughy	12.94	***	+		\ - /	<b>(</b> +	+	_
melting	24.31	***			+	-		-
firm	29.54	***						
hard	25.11	***	-	_	_	_	+	+
Flavour (intensity)								
Taste intense	8.77	***			( + )	<u> </u>	-	+
salty	5.69	***	+	+		+	_	

# **Results on cereal-based products**

#### How comfortable is the food?





The products are perceived as significantly different

The sponge cake is the most comfortable food

The crispbread and the enriched milk roll are the most uncomfortable foods



	F-Prod	P(F)	Madeleine	Sponge cake	Financier	Milk roll	Crispbread	Protein enr. milk roll
General question								
comfort	5.95	***	+	+			_	-
Difficulty to form foo	d bolus							
incisor	10.85	***	_	-			+	+
molar	13.49	***	_	-	_		+	+
masticate	11.26	***	_	-			+	+
humidify	9.02	***	_		_		+	+
swallow	8.65	***		- /	_		+	+
time	13.85	***	_		_		+	+
Pain encountered wh	ile eating							
burn	2.01				+			+
dental	3.99	**					+	
gum	6.16	***					+	
Texture (intensity)								
sticky	7.15	***	+				_	
stringy	2.83	*				+		+
greasy	26.64	***	+	_	+		_	
dry	49.89	***	( - )		( - )	( - )	+	+
doughy	25.90	***	1	_	+	<b>—</b>	_	
melting	17.30	***	+	+	+		_	
firm	33.61	***	_	- )		( - )	( + )	+
hard	52.46	***	_	_	_		+	
Flavour (intensity)								
Taste intense	15.38	***	+		+			
salty	15.77	***	_	-	_		#	+
sugary	34.80	***	+	+	+		_	
acidic	2.89	*					_	+
bitter	3.23	**					_	+

# Food comfortability: the definition

For elderly people, food comfortability depends on easiness to form bolus when eating and on texture softness

Mouth pain caused while eating the food decreases food comfortability

Food comfortability also decreases when the texture is dry, doughy and not melting

To a lesser extent, a balanced flavour contributes to food comfortability



# **Perspectives**

To evaluate whether food comfortability is perceived differently according to elderlies' oral health

To understand better the elderlies' expectations in terms of food offer

To develop functional foods that are nutritionally effective but also well-balanced on orosensory characteristics using the definition of food comfortability





