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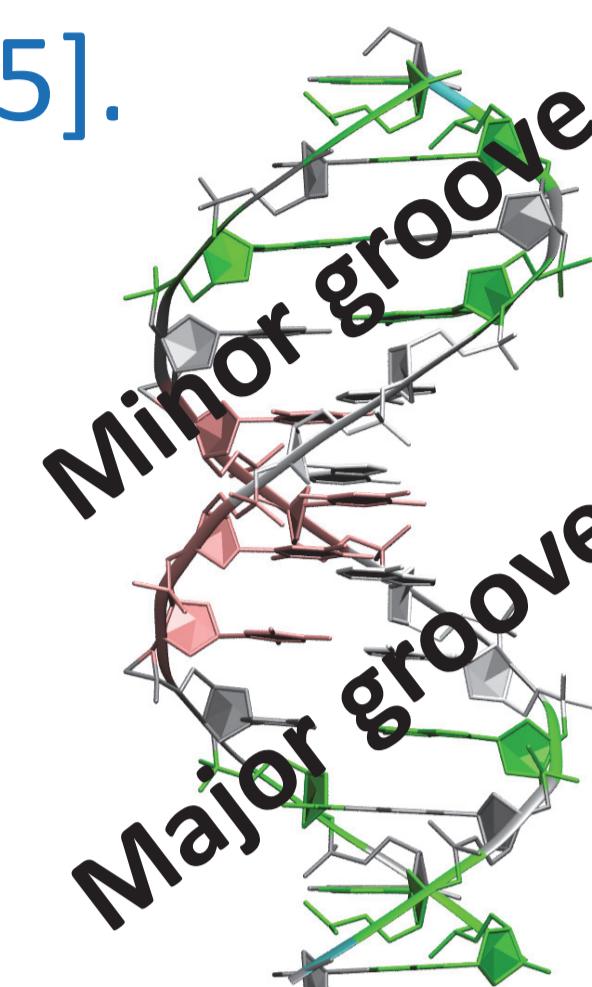
# What Happens to DNA Duplexes in the Gas Phase?

Massimiliano Porrini,<sup>1,2</sup> Frédéric Rosu<sup>3</sup> & Valérie Gabelica<sup>1,2</sup>

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## Key findings

→ It is generally believed that DNA double helix is maintained from solution to the gas phase [1-5].



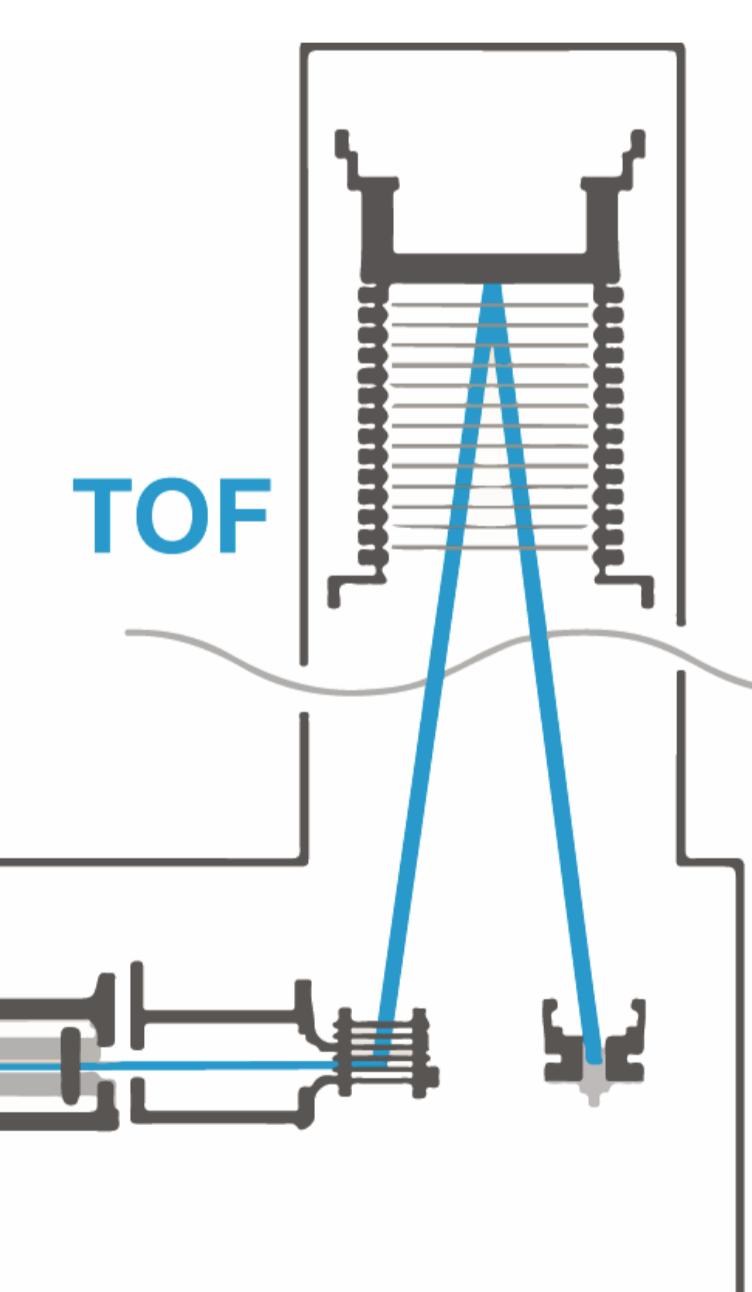
- [1] Schnier, (...) & Williams, (1998) JACS, 120, 9605.
- [2] Gabelica & De Pauw (2002) IJMS, 219, 251.
- [3] Rueda (...) & Orozco (2003). JACS, 125, 8007.
- [4] Gidden (...) & Bowers (2004) JACS, 126, 15132.
- [5] Baker & Bowers, (2007) JASMS, 18, 1188.

→ In contrast, we found that  $(12\text{-mer})_2$  duplexes sprayed from physiological conditions (predominant charge: 5-) have much lower CCS than expected from either a B-helix or an A-helix.

→ The compact duplex DNA gas-phase structure at low charge states most probably involves zipping of the major groove due to self-solvation (extra H-bonds formed between phosphates).

## Ion mobility experiments

→ DNA strands from Eurogentec, annealed in 100 mM  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAc}$ , injected at 20  $\mu\text{M}$  duplex, no organic co-solvents.



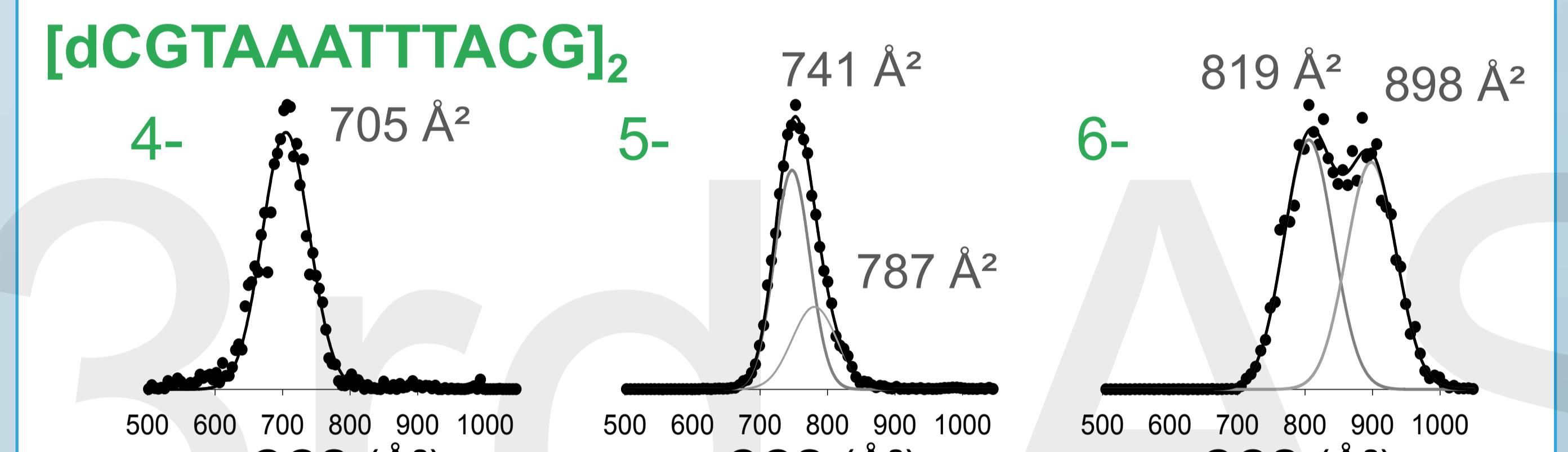
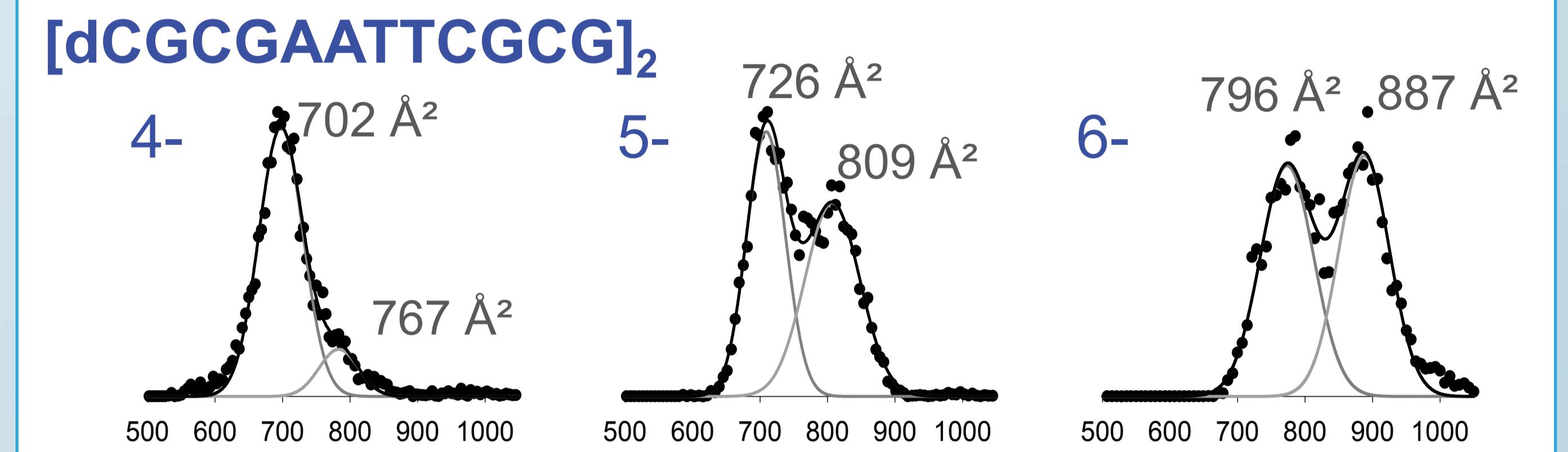
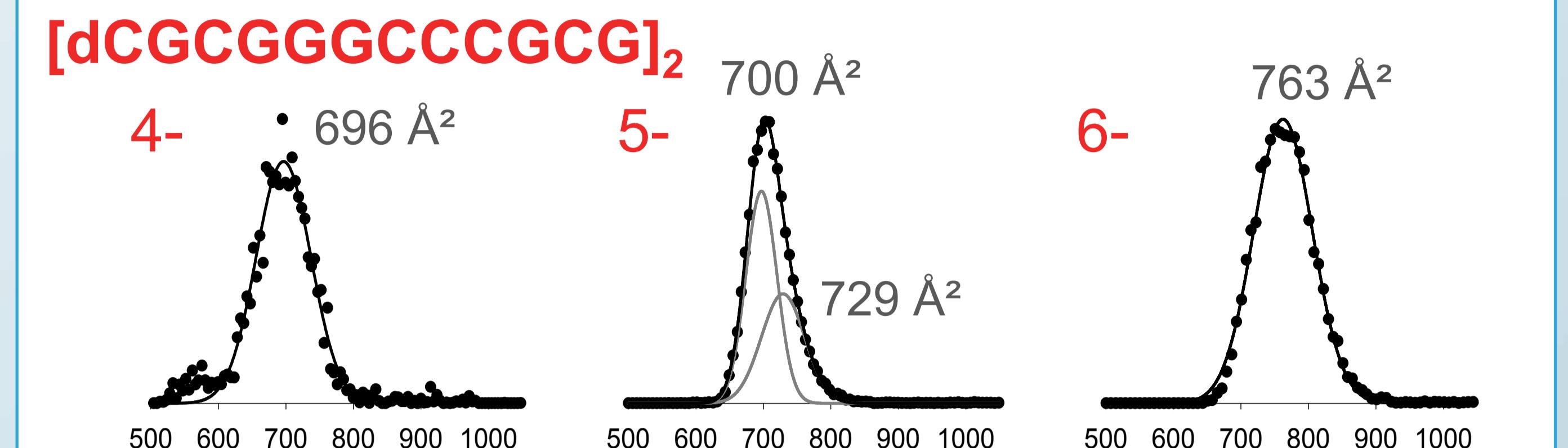
→ Agilent 6560 IMS-Q-TOF (drift tube IMS)

→ DTIMS operated in Helium,  $p = 3.85$  mbar,  $T = 296$  K.

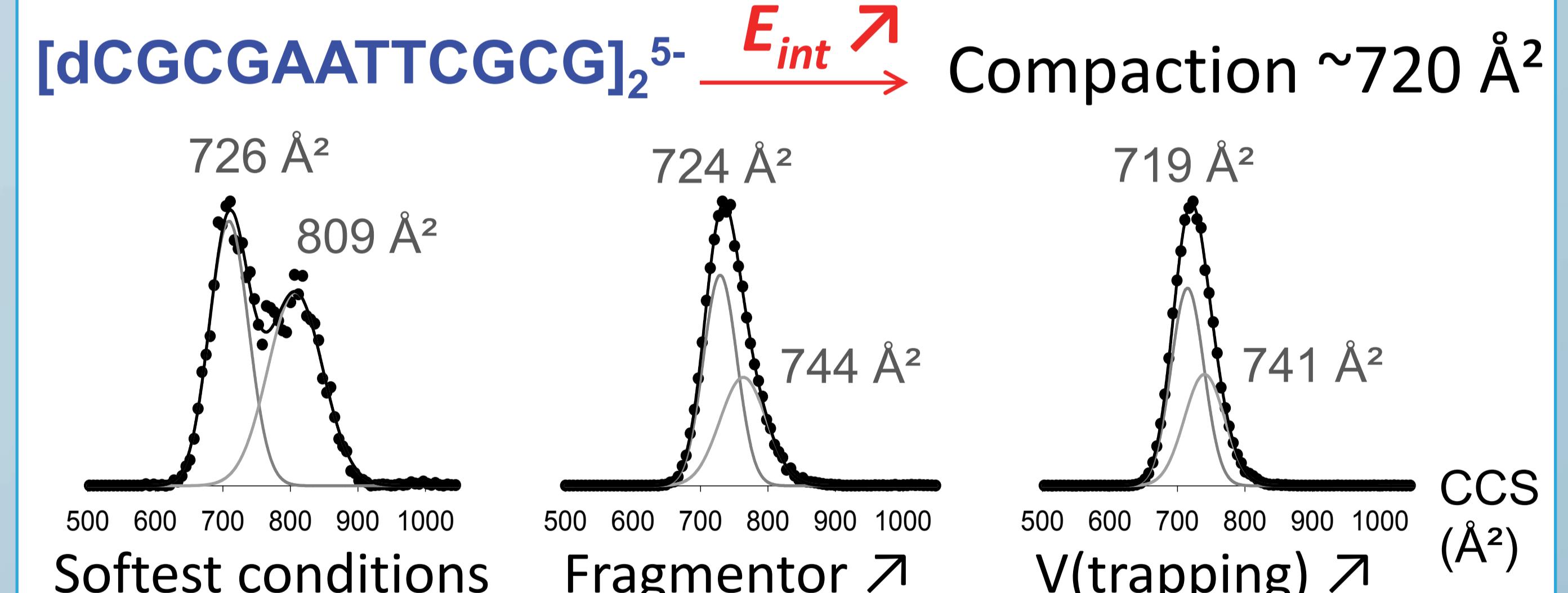
→ Softness controlled mostly by source (fragmentor) and the trapping region (height of the well). Trapping : 0.6 ms.

→ In those conditions, IMS performance tested on  $[\text{TG}_4\text{T}]_4^{5-}$  model is: resolution = 41, CCS accuracy better than 1%.

## DT-IMS experimental results



→ Native charge states are very compact (< 800  $\text{\AA}^2$ )

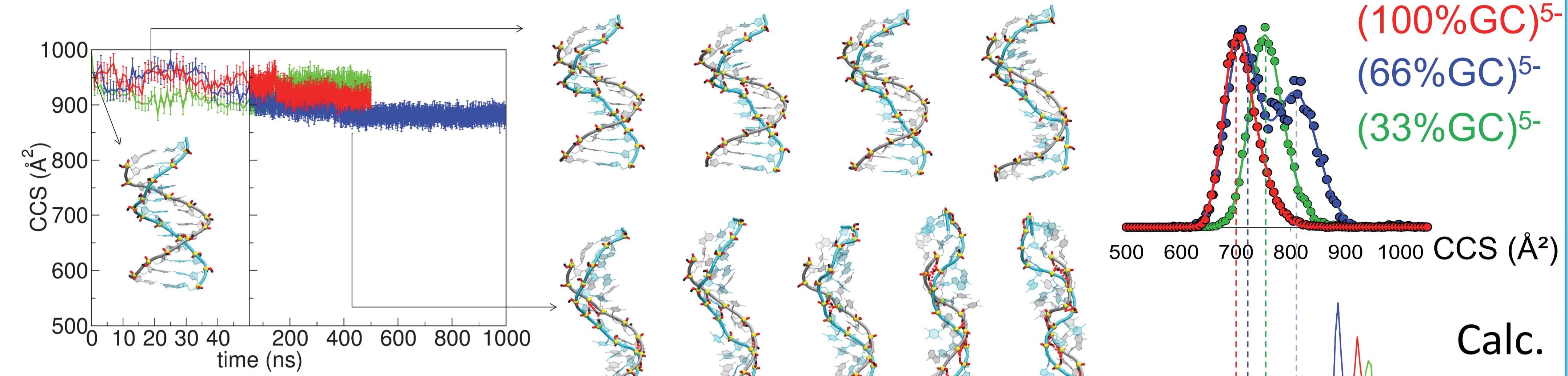


## Molecular modeling details

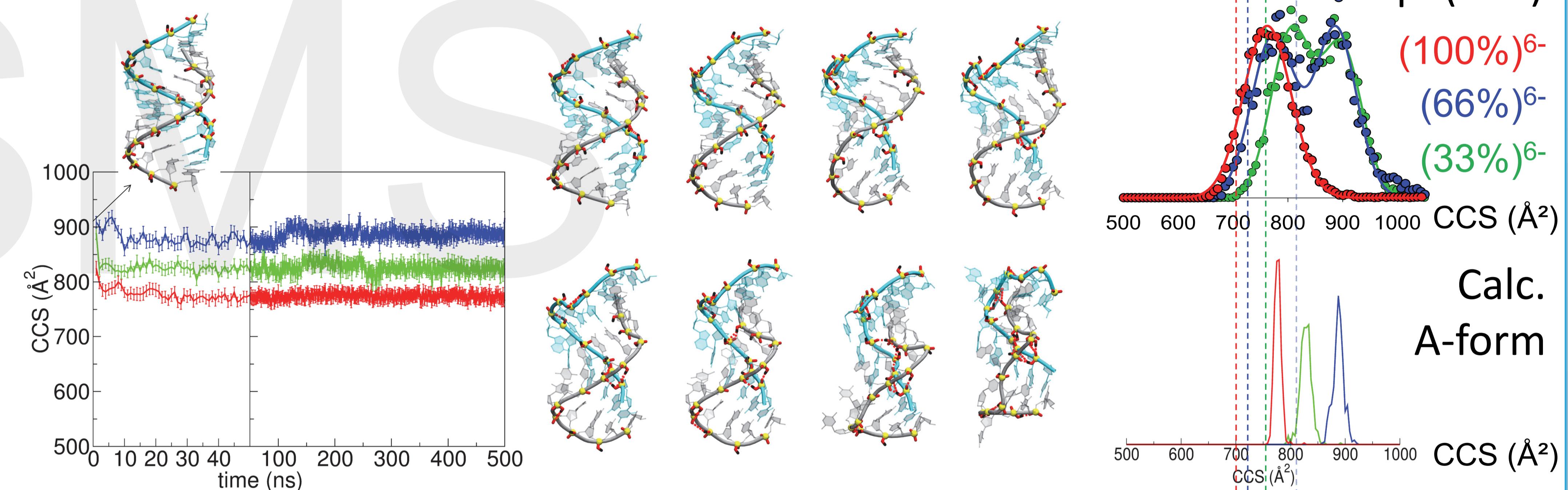
- Amber, parmBCS1 ff (Orozco *et al.*), pmemd module in solution, sander module in vacuo.
- Lowest energy protonation isomers compatible with 5- charge state were selected.
- Simulated annealing (globular conformations): 60 ps at 550 K, cooling to 0K, minimization.
- Major groove zipping: minimization with restrained H-bonds, then 1  $\mu\text{s}$  free in gas phase.
- CCS Calc: EHSSrot, radii param of Siu *et al.*

## Modeling of DNA duplex gas-phase structure

► MD starting from B-helix? Zipping of minor groove due to phosphate self-solvation. No match with experiment.

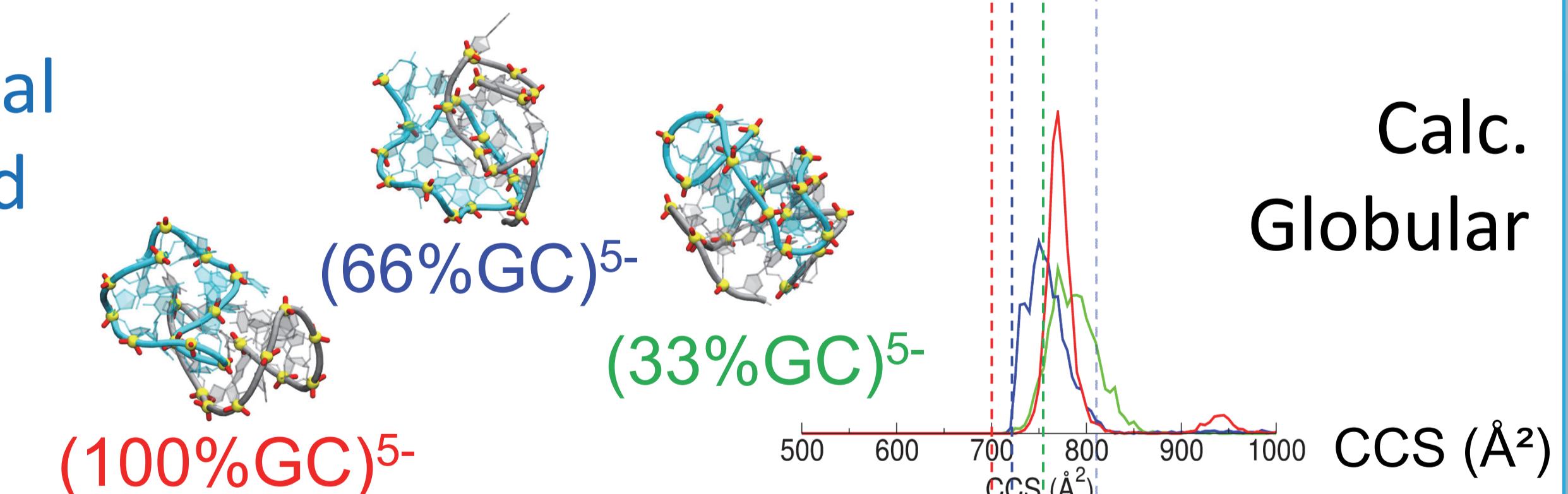


► A-helix? Better trend, but no quantitative match for native charge states 4- and 5-. Could be OK for 6-.



► Globular? Correct size but original H-bonding or stacking not preserved (contradicts past MS/MS results).

Simulated annealing →



► Major groove-zipped conformation? Stable in the gas phase and has a CCS compatible with experiment on 4- and 5- ions.

