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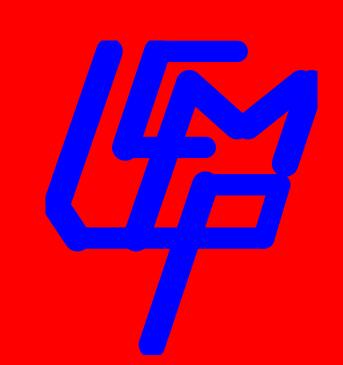
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SUPERCRITICAL CARBON DIOXIDE PURIFICATION OF n-OCTACOSANE OBTAINED BY CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS

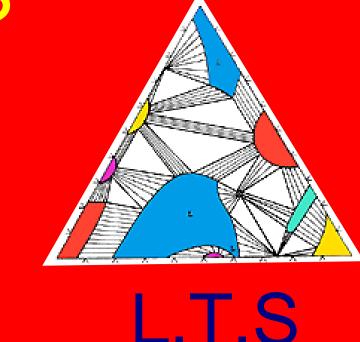
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SEPARATION

extract recovery

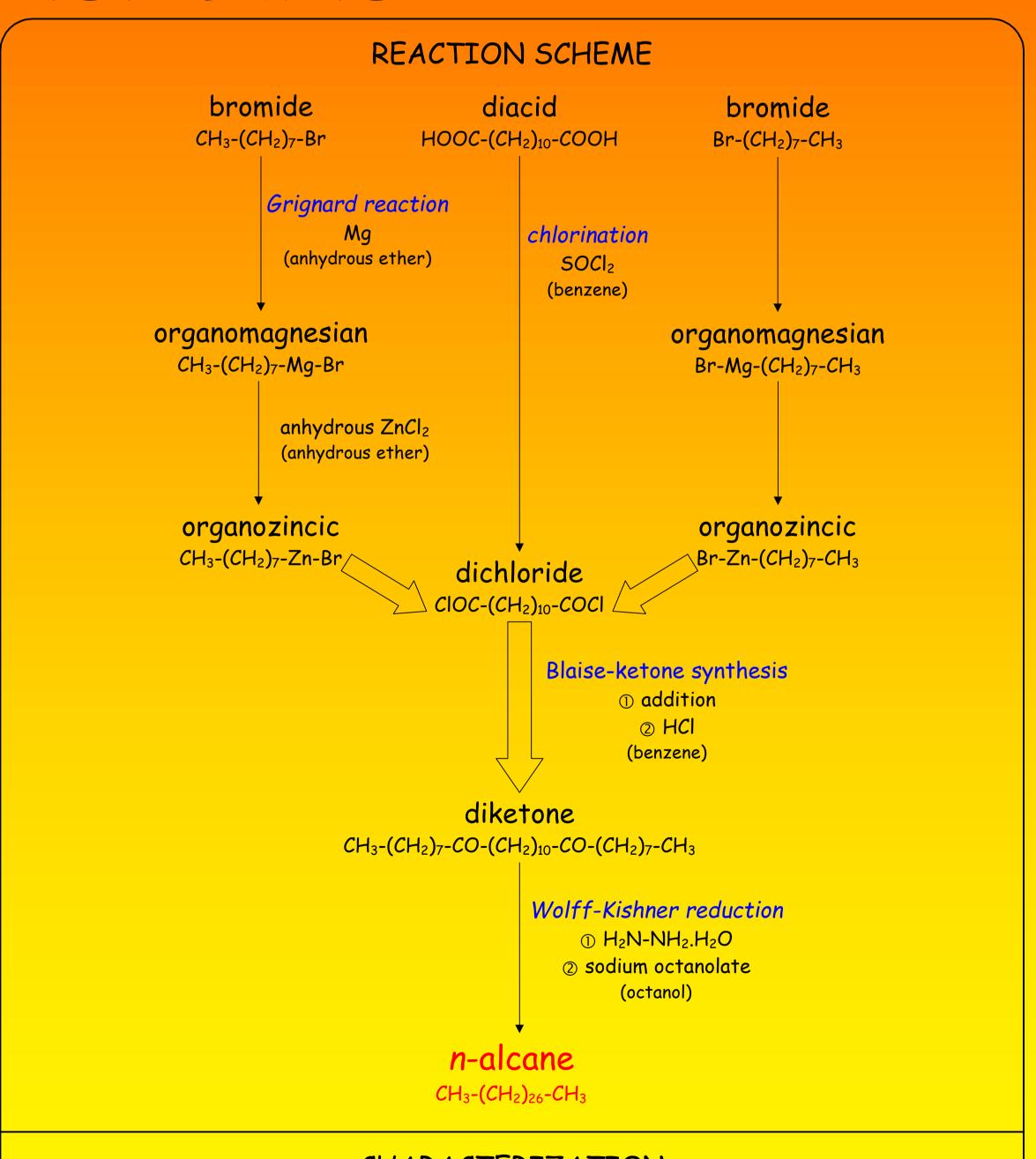


INTRODUCTION

The evaluation of the crystallization point of fuels can be only accessed from the thermodynamic properties knowledge of the higher n-alkanes which compose them, and if any, whose crystalline structures have been solved. An equimolecular binary mixture n-octacosane / n-hexacosane should be a good model for the study of the complex paraffinic deposits which form in the oily fluids. To this end, it is essential to have at one's disposal, the highest purity material. The commercial products contain, as main impurities, branched-chain and/or linear chains of closely related homologues which are extremely difficult to eliminate.

The purpose of this work deals with the synthesis of one component of the binary mixture (n-octacosane) and its supercritical carbon dioxide purification. The purity of n-octacosane obtained was tested by several ways (melting point, gas chromatography, calorimetric analysis, X ray diffraction) and compared with the commercial product.

CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS



CHARACTERIZATION

melting point infrared spectrum CH₃, CH₂ groups + CO group ¹³C RMN spectrum + diketone pic 28 carbons

structural analysis alkane rays

+ diketone rays gas chromatographic analysis alkane pic

synthetized product = n-octacosane + diketone

CO₂ bottle SOLUBILITY

EXTRACTION PLANT

+···-+---+41,6 °C 34.7 °C 300 100 200

control

PREPARATION OF

exchanger

SUPERCRITICAL CO2

+ heat

exchanger

[1] McHUGH, SECKER, YOGANT - J. Ind. Eng. Chem. Fundam. - vol. 17 - n°1 - 1984 [3] GRISCIK, ROUSSEAU, TEJA - J. of Crystal Growth - vol.155 - 1995 [4] SMITH, CAMBPELL, ROBERTS, SHERWOOD - J. Mater. Chem. - vol.4 - n°6 - 1994

pressure [bar]

EXTRACTION RESULTS

meter

FLOW RATE

(CO₂)

MEASUREMENT

→ Cotameter

exp.	product used	mass feed [mg]	T [°C]		P [bar]				time	mass in sep. I
			extract. T1	sep. T2=T3	extract. P1	sep. I P2	sep. II P3	sep. III P4	[min]	[mg]
1	C28 Fluka 98 %	620.8	45	60	110				75	2.3
3	C28 Fluka 98 %	107.9	45	40	110	50 to 60	16 to 24	1 to 5	60	0.6
4	89.5 % mas <i>C</i> 28 + 10.5 % diketone	101.0	45	40	110					3.8
5	89.8 % mas C28 + 10.2 % diketone	101.3	45	40	110	40 to 50	10 to 15	1 to 3	90	22.2
6	88.3 % mas C28 + 11.7 % diketone	168.6	55	40	110	50 to 60	10 to 20	1 to 2	90	7.0
7	synthetised octacosane	102.6	55	40	110	65 to 70	20 to 30	about 2	75	22.0
8	synthetised octacosane	154.4	55	40	110	65 to 75	20 to 30	3 to 5	50	7.9
9	C28 Fluka 98 %	121.8	55	40	110				70	3.7

CHARACTERIZATION OF EXTRACT

solid-solid

transition

56.3 °C

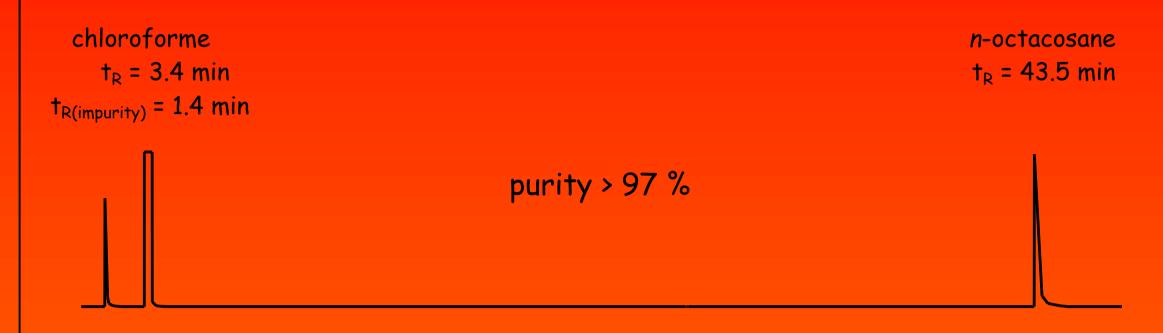
melting point

60.6 °C

60.5 °C

The extract has a very nice appearance (a very fine powder, sparkle and white) in accordance with the usual appearance.

gas chromatographic analysis



thermal analysis

Both extract and commercial products have solid-solid transition extract δ° (monoclinic phase) to α -RII commercial (rhombohedral Rotator phase). product The melting points are similar.

structural analysis (at room temperature)

X-ray diffraction experiment (counter diffractometer, copper radiation $_{\lambda}$ K $_{\alpha}$ Cu) shows that the structure of the two samples (extract and commercial) are identical. The average interplanar distance for the extract is in good agreement (3.37 nm) with that indicates in the litterature (3.34 nm).

angle [°K $_{lpha}$ Cu]	1.25	2.57	3.90	5.25	6.57	7.90
distance	3.53	1.71	1.13	0.84	0.67	0.56
001 ray	001	002	003	004	005	006

[6] GERSON, ROBERTS, SHERWOOD, Acta Cryst., B47, 1991

extract = n-octacosane

CONCLUSION

The good purity of the extract was established by gas chromatographic, thermal and structural analysis, and compared with the commercial product. The purity of our n-octacosane is comparable to the Aldrich one's (99 %), and our product is free from branched-chains and homologues.

Future prospects:

We try to optimize the chemical synthesis in order to improve the yield. We also try to optimize the withdrawn of the solute in order to improve the mass balance.

Finaly, the structural analysis at different temperatures is in progress.