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Review of NH₃ and greenhouse gas emission factors from poultry housing: Influence of practices and rearing conditions

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Introduction

Poultry production \Rightarrow NH₃ and greenhouse gases (GHGs):

- diversity of systems \Rightarrow variability of emissions ?
- mitigation of gas emissions \Rightarrow best practices ?

Database description

124 EFs converted into the same unit:
g gas bird⁻¹ day⁻¹

91% of EFs concern
Europe or the USA



87% of EFs concern layer or broiler housings



NH₃ is the most
studied gas

	NH ₃	CH ₄	N ₂ O
of selected EFs	77%	12%	11%

A high variability of emissions due
to the diversity of production systems

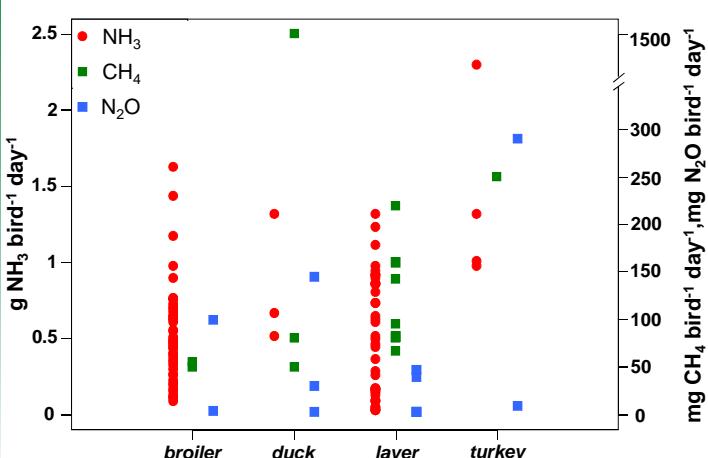


Figure 1: Variability of NH₃, CH₄, N₂O EFs according to the production

Review of NH₃ and GHGs emission factors (EFs) for poultry housings:

- conversion of EFs into the same unit \Rightarrow comparison of systems
- comparison of systems \Rightarrow best practices for emissions mitigation

Objectives

Influence factors on gas emissions

Best practices for NH₃ emissions mitigation

Flock management

- lower animal density
- lower slaughtering age
- dietary manipulations:
 - \Rightarrow reduction of N content in diets
 - \Rightarrow use of acidifiers in diets



Manure management

- lower manure moisture:
 - \Rightarrow nipples waterers and/or collecting bowls
 - \Rightarrow manure drying systems (e.g. drying belts)
 - \Rightarrow add of new litter during rearing
- manure removal \Rightarrow higher removal frequency
- lower manure pH \Rightarrow litter acidifiers



Indoor conditions

- temperature \Rightarrow limited air temperature
- relative humidity \Rightarrow limited air moisture to increase evaporation from litter
- control of ventilation:
 - \Rightarrow increase ventilation to dry the litter during brooding
 - \Rightarrow limit air flow speed above manure surface during finishing



Best practices for CH₄ & N₂O mitigation:
not enough data \Rightarrow RESEARCH NEEDS

Conclusions

- diversity of production systems \Rightarrow high variability of EFs
- manure management \Rightarrow most efficient practices for NH₃ mitigation
- research needs:
 - \Rightarrow greenhouse gases (CH₄, N₂O) EFs
 - \Rightarrow systems with access to an outdoor-run
- system approach \Rightarrow manure storage and spreading EFs ?
- pollution swapping prevention \Rightarrow simultaneous study of NH₃ and GHGs emissions