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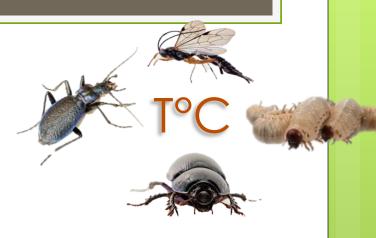
Summer diapause

The impact of female competition on summer diapause induction in two aphid parasitoid species

Diapause

- Insects = ectotherms
- Seasonal variations in temperature





Diapause

Insects = ectotherms







o Diapause: Response to environmental signals

• **Ecological role:** Synchronisation between life cycle and favorable period of the year (temperature, resources)

Summer diapause

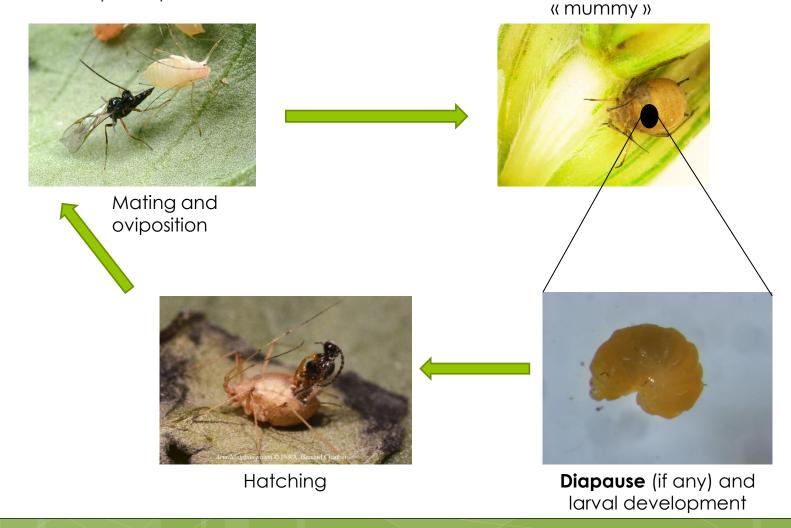
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- Mirror image of winter diapause
- Diet, humidity and resources

Parasitoids

- Need a synchronisation with the host!
- Ex: Aphid parasitoids



Summer diapause

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- Called aestivation in many organisms, including plants and arthropods
- Mirror image of winter diapause
- Diet, humidity and resources
- Case of parasitoids: hosts availability
 - Absolute: The number of hosts to exploit
 - Relative: For each female in competition

Question & hypotheses

• If summer diapause is expressed; is host availability a cue inducing summer diapause?









Question & hypotheses

- If summer diapause is expressed; is host availability a cue inducing summer diapause?
 - ✓ Lower host density induces higher summer diapause incidence (Exp. 1)
 - ✓ Higher competition levels between parasitoid females induces higher summer diapause incidence (Exp. 2)









Study species



Aphidius rhopalosiphi



Aphidius avenae



Sitobion avenae (English grain aphid)



Study species



Aphidius rhopalosiphi



Aphidius avenae



Sitobion avenae (English grain aphid)

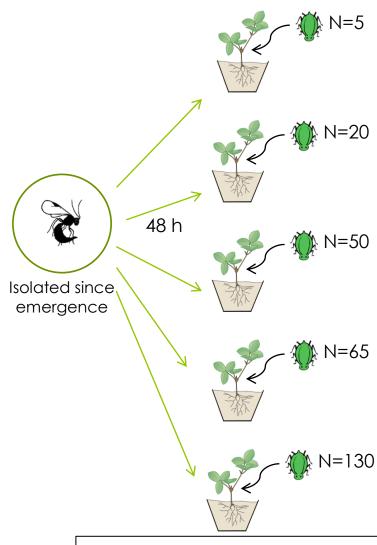


- Is there interspecific differences in diapause incidence?
 - ✓ Aphidius rhopalosiphi enters in higher proportion in summer diapause than Aphidius avenae

Protocol (Exp. 1)

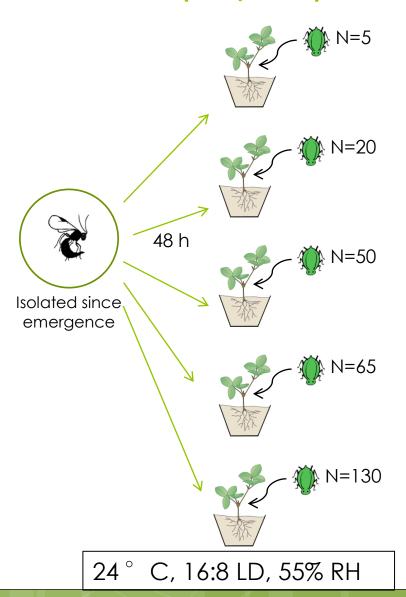


Protocol (Exp. 1)



 $24\,^{\circ}$ C, 16:8 LD, 55% RH

Protocol (Exp. 1)



Daily check for mummy formation and parasitoid emergence

X 4

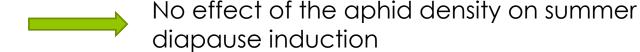
Dissection of unemerged parasitoids after 20 days

Count of diapausing prepupae

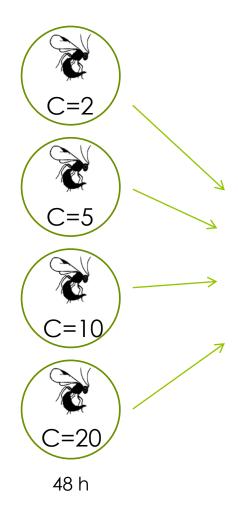


RESULTS (Exp. 1)

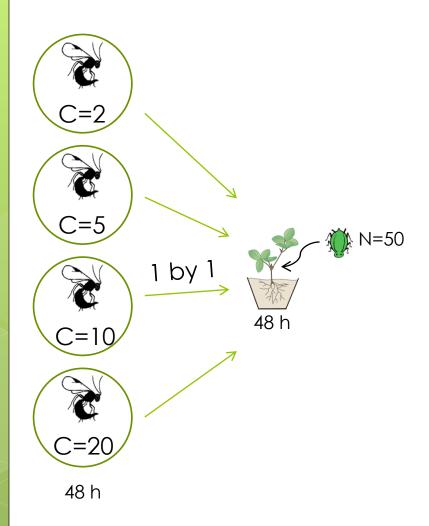
- No diapausing parasitoids at any of the aphid density treatments and for both parasitoid species
- (n= 219 and n= 206 offspring produced for A. avenae and A. rhopalosiphi, respectively)



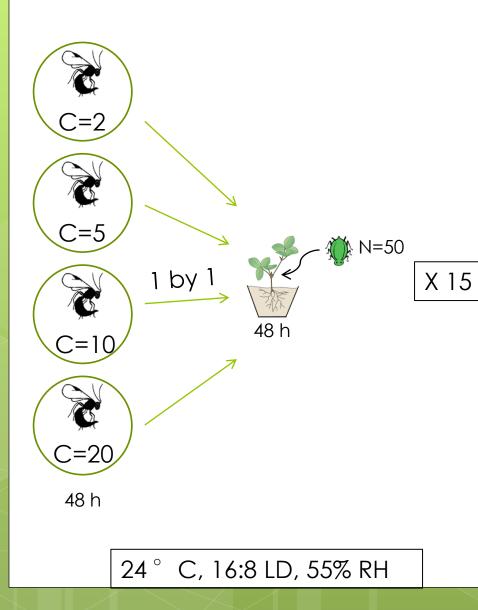
Protocol (Exp. 2)



Protocol (Exp. 2)



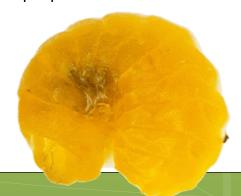
Protocol (Exp. 2)



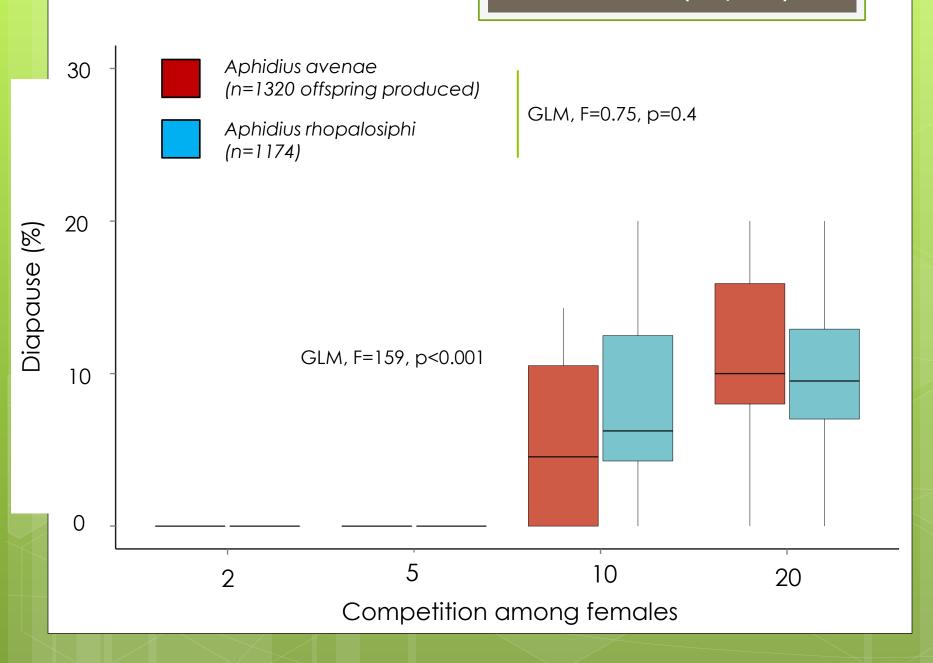
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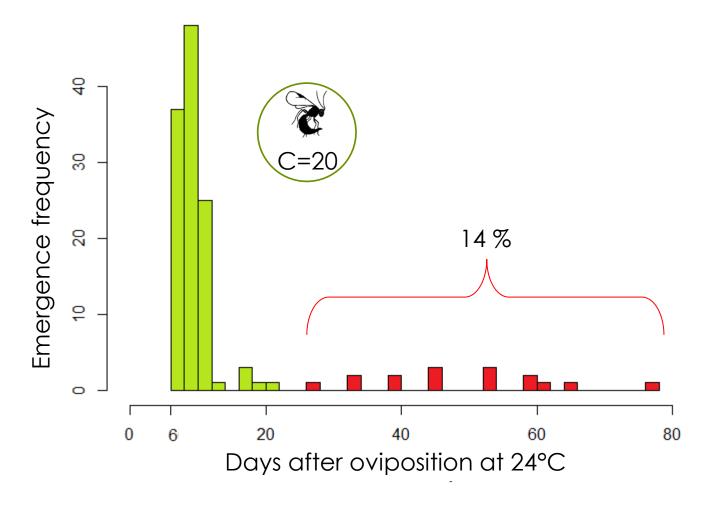
RESULTS

Emergence times



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17 mummies remaining on Nov. 1st

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- No impact of the absolute aphid density
- First observation of a **competition-induced** diapause in parasitoids









What does it highlight?

- No impact of the absolute aphid density
- First observation of a competition-induced diapause in parasitoids
- Adaptation to host decrease in summer in cereal fields
- Bet-hedging strategy (staggering of the emergences)
 - Superparasitism avoidance
 - Competition avoidance for the next generation









Why does it matter?

 Increasing evidences for a loss of winter diapause in parasitoids due to climate change Tougeron et al. in press, Bale & Hayward 2010









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- Summer diapause may become of increasing importance with climate warming, with reduction of host availability and increasing competition for hosts in summer
- Cues for summer diapause expression, and underlying physiological mechanisms are still unknown in most insect species









