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# Accounting for complex environmental exposure situations: a classification approach



Benoît Lalloué<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>, Jean-Marie Monnez<sup>3,4</sup>, Cindy Padilla<sup>1,2</sup>, Wahida Kihal<sup>1</sup>,
 Denis Zmirou-Navier<sup>1,2,5</sup>, Séverine Deguen<sup>1,2</sup>
 <sup>1</sup> EHESP Rennes, Sorbonne Paris Cité, France
 <sup>2</sup> Inserm, UMR 1085-IRSET (Institut de recherche sur la santé l'environnement et le travail), France
 <sup>3</sup> Lorraine University, CNRS UMR 7502, Institut Elie Cartan, France
 <sup>4</sup> Lorraine University, INRIA, CNRS UMR7502, BIGS (INRIA Nancy - Grand Est / IECN), France
 <sup>5</sup> Lorraine University Medical School, France



# Background

Objectives

- Everyone is constantly exposed to several environmental exposures with positive or negative health effect.
- ✓ Studies which consider this complex environmental
- ✓ Use data mining techniques to create a composite exposure index.
- ✓ Assess the environmental burden experienced by populations in their living environment.
   ✓ Illustrate this approach on a large French metropolitan area.

setting are rare.

✓ There is a scientific and political call for a realistic and "holistic" approach of cumulative exposure.
✓ There is a need for methods able to handle

cumulative exposures.

# Study design and data

- ✓ Lyon metropolitan area (1.2 million inhabitants, 527km<sup>2</sup>), France
- ✓ French census blocks (2000 inhabitants on average)
- Environmental exposures groups :
  - NO<sub>2</sub> annual concentration (2 variables)
  - Noise levels (3 variables)
  - Traffic exposition (2 variables)
  - Industrial proximity (4 variables)
  - Green spaces (2 variables)

# Methods

- ✓ Data mining technics, highlight underlying structures in data
- ✓ Multiple Factor Analysis (MFA): analyze variables by groups, give the same weight for each group and can include both quantitative and qualitative variables.
- ✓ Hierarchical Clustering (HC): minimizing the withincategory inertia and maximizing the betweencategories inertia.

## **Results (MFA)**

- ✓ The four first components explain respectively 30%, 15%, 13% and 11% of the total variance
- ✓ Major components interpretation:
- 1<sup>st</sup>: air pollution and traffic proximity
- 2<sup>nd</sup>: industrial proximity
- 3<sup>rd</sup>: noise and green spaces

Components:	1	2	3
Air Pollution	31.98	5.06	1.04
Noise	15.97	13.23	68.00
<b>Industrial Proximity</b>	0.13	78.34	5.13
<b>Traffic Proximity</b>	32.22	0.38	1.09
<b>Green Spaces</b>	19.71	2.99	24.74

**Table 1:** Contribution of each groups to the

three first components (in %)



## **Results (HC)**

- ✓ HC applied on the 10 first components of the MFA
- ✓ 5 cumulative exposure categories have been created using HC

Category:	1	2	3	4	5
$NO_2$	$\sim$			-	++
Noise		-	-	$\approx$	+
Traffic				+	+++
Industries	_			+++	
Green spaces	++	+++	_	_	

Category 5

Category 4

**Figure**: Lyon metropolitan area cumulative exposure categories created by HC

 Table 2: Categories' characteristics

 (from +++:extremely higher than average to ---: extremely lower than average, ≈: near the average value)

# **Conclusion and perspectives**

- ✓ Data analysis technics can help to obtain insight about the different exposure profiles in an area with easily performed and interpreted tools
- ✓ This approach can help stakeholders to identify areas of higher "environmental burden"
- ✓ As a perspective, extend to other areas and indicators of living environment (public transport accessibility, health professionals density, primary good store availability ...)

U.S. EPA. Framework for Cumulative Risk Assessment [Internet]. Washington DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; 2003 May. National Research Council (U.S.). Science and decisions advancing risk assessment. Washington, D.C.: National Academies Press; 2009 Lalloué B, Monnez J-M, Padilla C, Kihal W, Zmirou-Navier D, Deguen S. Data Analysis technics, A tool for Cumulative Exposure Assessment (submitted in *Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology*)