



Development of treatment to prevent the algal biofouling

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Development of treatment to prevent the algal biofouling

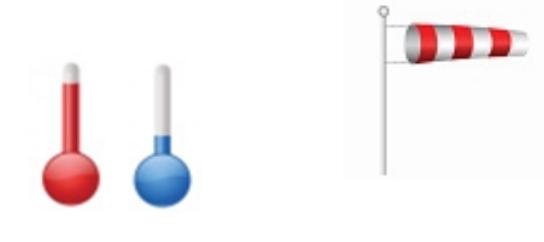
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Intrinsic factors

- Chemical composition
- Roughness
- Porosity
- Surface pH



Weather



Extrinsic factors

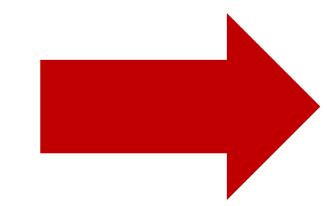
Environment



Microorganisms

Bacteria, Fungi, Algae

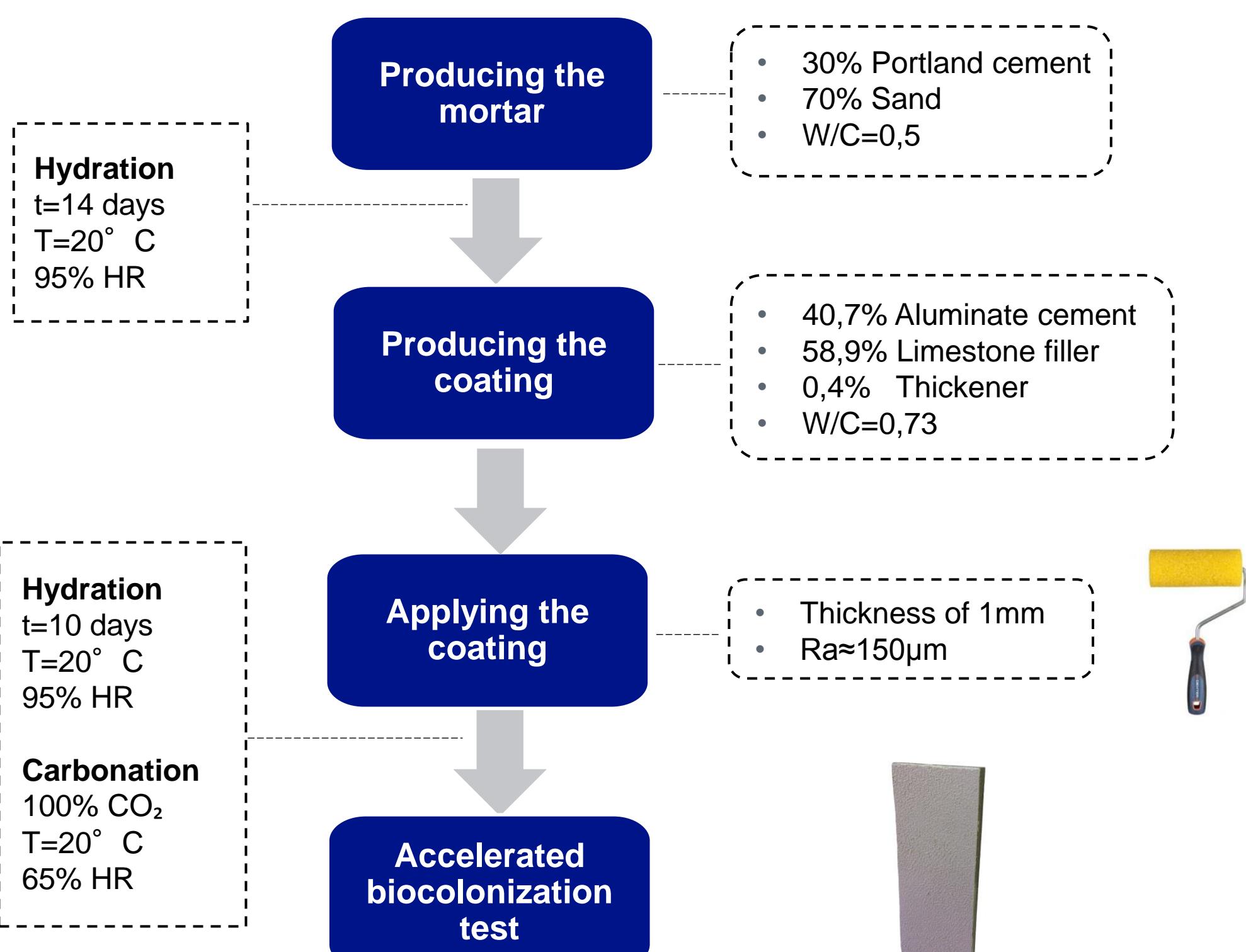
Solutions



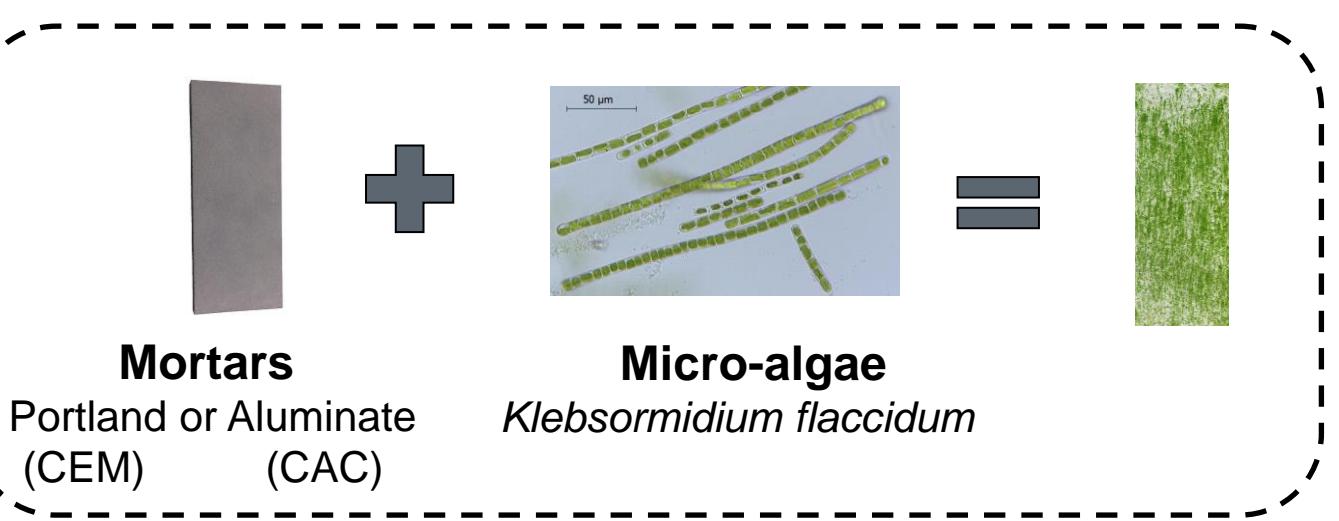
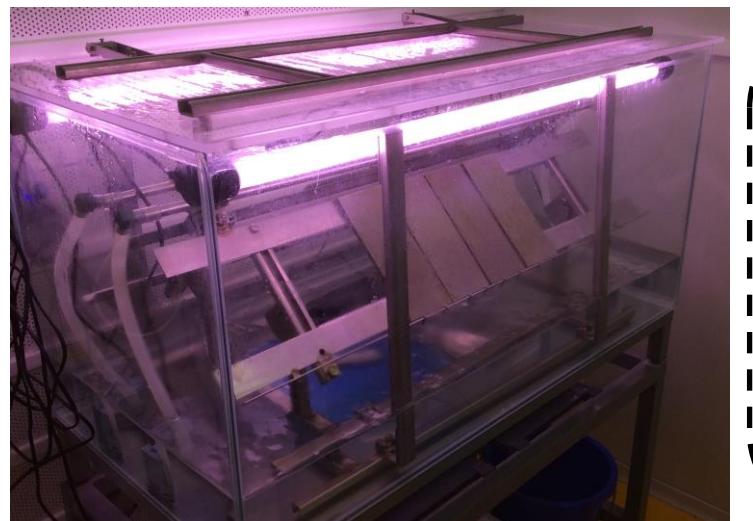
Development of preventive treatment against biocolonization without adverse effects on the environment

Experimental approach

Development of a calcium aluminate cement (CAC) based coating applied in a thin layer of 1mm.
A Portland cement based coating is used as reference.



Experimental device

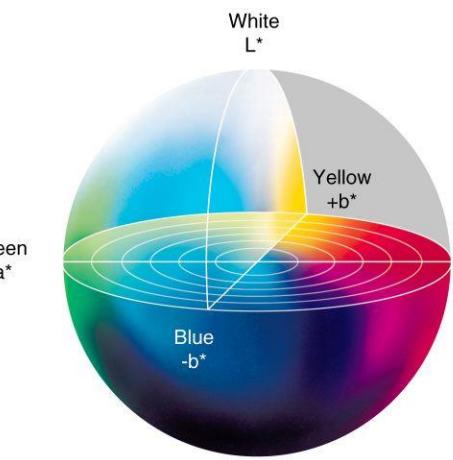


Principle: Sprinkling an algal suspension on top of mortar samples

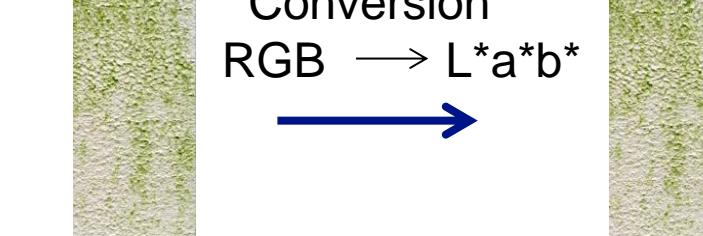
- Conditions:
- T=24° C
 - Photoperiod of 12h
 - Stirring synchronized with lighting
 - Sprinkling cycle: 1h30 every 12h, flow of 24 L/h

Image analysis (Matlab)

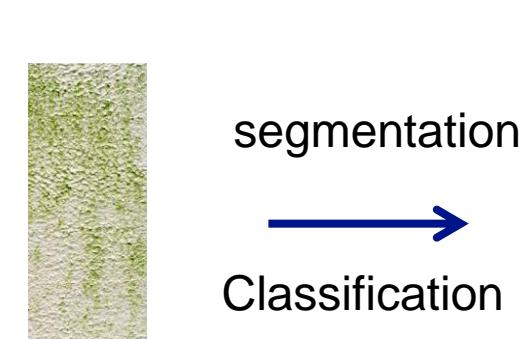
Development of a self-learning algorithm to analyze the microbial growth.
Identification of areas colonized by algae in the L*a*b* color space.



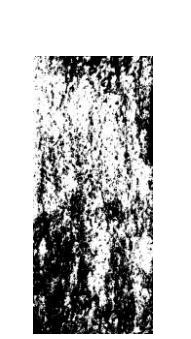
Scanned image



Conversion
RGB → L*a*b*



segmentation
Classification

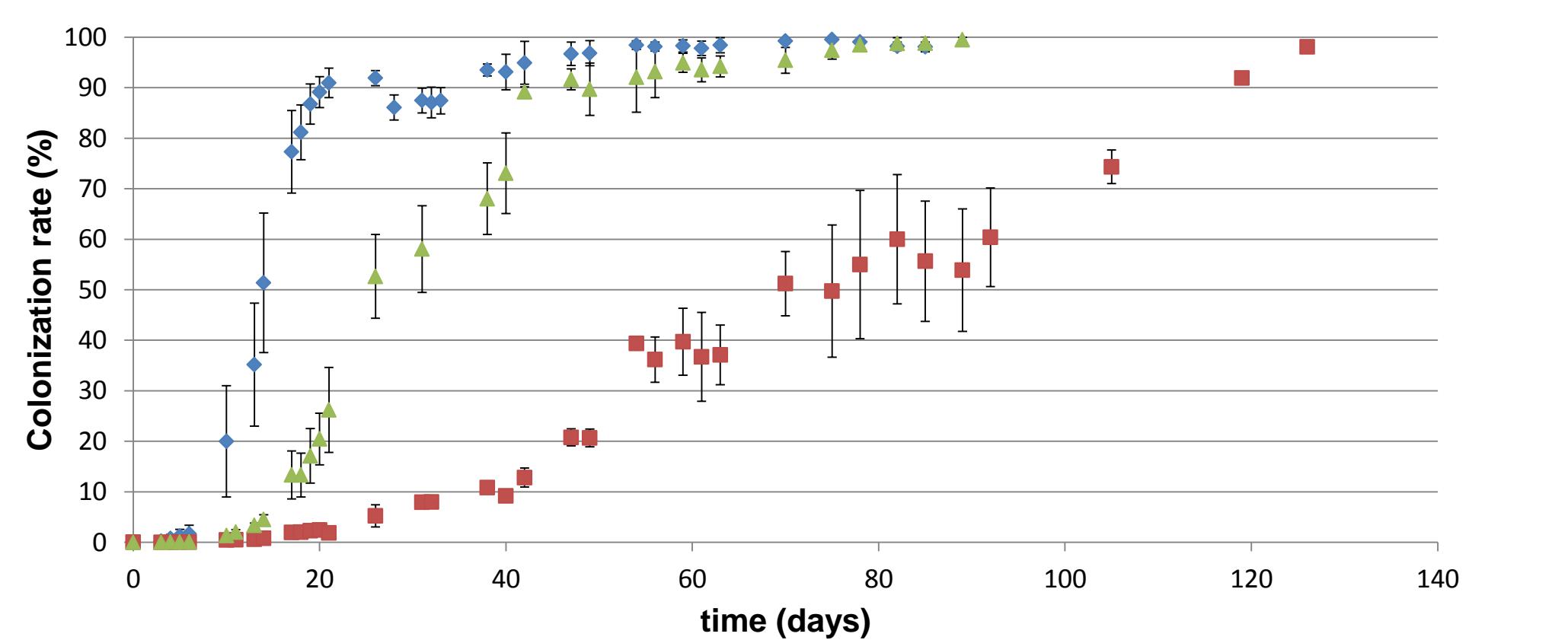


Colonization rate

$$X(t)(\%) = 100 \times \frac{S(t)}{S_0}$$

$S(t)$: Surface colonized by algae at time t
 S_0 : Total sample surface

Results



	Mortar without coating	Mortar + CAC based coating	Mortar + CEM based coating
Initial surface pH	$9,7 \pm 0,2$	$9,3 \pm 0,1$	$9,2 \pm 0,1$
Surface roughness (μm)	146 ± 56	155 ± 23	163 ± 29
Latency time (days)	$7,5 \pm 0,5$	$11,6 \pm 4,2$	$4,7 \pm 1,6$
Time for $X(t)=40\%$ (days)	$22,7 \pm 1,5$	$53,2 \pm 0,5$	$12,4 \pm 1,6$



Retarding effect of the CAC based coating

Conclusions / Prospects

- Observation of a retarding effect of the calcium aluminate cement based coating
- Development of an algorithm on Matlab for image analysis
- Accelerated biocolonization tests in laboratory with mortars samples covered by sulfo aluminate cement based coating
- *in situ* tests with the samples previously tested in laboratory
- Incorporation of TiO₂, Ag or Cu nanoparticles into the coating
- Kinetic modeling of colonization of the mortars surface