## Structural investigation of Nd incorporation in CaSnO3 perovskite

Goethals J.<sup>1</sup>, Tarrida M.<sup>1</sup>, Fourdrin C.<sup>1</sup>, Bedidi A.<sup>1</sup>, Madon M.<sup>1</sup>, Rossano S.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire Géomatériaux et Environnement, Paris-Est University, France

The perovskite structure type ABO<sub>3</sub>, which is adopted by a large variety of materials of geological and technological interest, has been extensivelyinvestigated in the past decades. Among the interesting compounds the CaSnO<sub>3</sub>perovskitehas received increasing attention either for its use as analoguefor the mantle material (Redfern & al. 2011) or for its wide range of potential applications such as dielectric bodies, gas sensors and anode materials for Li-ion batteries (Cheng & Lu 2008).When doped with a trivalent rare earth element (REE<sup>3+</sup>), the CaSnO<sub>3</sub>perovskiteexhibits promisingluminescence properties (Lu & al. 2005; Orsi Gordo & al. 2015).However, the exactdistribution of the REE<sup>3+</sup> between the two potential substitution sites is yet not completely understood.Although it could yield better insights on these luminescence properties.This study thus focuses on the determination of the Nd<sup>3+</sup>distribution in the CaSnO<sub>3</sub>perovskite.

Ceramics have been sintered at high temperature (1550°C) for a wide range of composition (1x)CaSnO<sub>3</sub>-xNd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (with  $0 \le x \le 0.7$ ). X-ray diffractometershave been measured in the 2 $\theta$  range 10°-110°. Rietveld refinements of the structures have been performed using Fullprof. Raman spectra have been measured using a 477 nm laser in order to reduce the presence of a fluorescence signal. It is shown that CaSnO<sub>3</sub> can incorporate a large amount (up to  $x\approx 0.5$ ) of Nd, at the difference with CaZrO<sub>3</sub>that can only accommodate up to  $x\approx 0.35$  in the system (1-x)CaZrO<sub>3</sub>-xNd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>(Larguem, 2006). For  $x \le 0.5$ , the unit cell parameters were obtained using the Treor software, and the space groups were determined in an orthorhombic system using Checkcell. It is observed that the unit cell parameters increase linearly with the amount of incorporated Nd. Below x=0.3, the X-ray patterns are indexed in the orthorhombic Pbnm space group. Over this value, the appearance of new reflections leads to alowering of the symmetry to the Pmmn space group. This result suggests a phase transition induced by the Nd incorporation. On the whole range of compositions, Raman vibration modes are strongly affected by the Nd incorporation. An important broadening of almost all the vibrational bands and a shift of some of them are observed. Substitutions of divalent and tetravalent cations n A and B sites have produced similar effects on Raman spectra of the solid solution systems  $(Sr_xCa_{1,x})ZrO_3$ . Ca(Zr<sub>v</sub>Sn<sub>1-v</sub>)O<sub>3</sub>(Tarrida & al. 2009). CombiningRietveld refinement on the different samples and Raman spectra analysis, the modifications of the CaSnO3 structure in presence of Nd<sup>3+</sup>are consistent with a majority of  $Nd^{3+}$  substituting  $Ca^{2+}$  in the A site. A slight proportion of  $Nd^{3+}$  however substitutes  $\mathrm{Sn}^{4+}$  in the B site.

The data obtained in this study complement the existing literature on the substitution of trivalent cations in the perovskite structure especially by evidencing phase transition, although a linear evolution of the unit cell parameters is observed.

## Bibliography

Cheng, H.,Lu, Z. (2008): Synthesis and gas-sensing properties of CaSnO3 microcubes. *Solid State Sciences*, **10(8)**,1042-1048.

Larguem, H. (2006): Évolution structurale et réactivité chimique hors et sous irradiation de céramiques oxydes envisagées pour le confinement spécifique de radionucléides à vie longue. Université de Marne La Vallée.

- Lu, Z., Chen, L., Tang, Y., Li, Y. (2005): Preparation and luminescence properties of Eu3+-doped MSnO 3 (M = Ca, Sr and Ba) perovskite materials. *Journal of Alloys and Compounds*, **387(1-2)**, 1–4.
- Orsi Gordo, V., Tuncer Arslanli, Y., Canimoglu, A., Ayvacikli, M., Galvão Gobato, Y., Henini, M., Can, N. (2015): Visible to infrared low temperature luminescence of Er3+, Nd3+ and Sm3+ in CaSnO3 phosphors. *Applied Radiation and Isotopes*, **99**, 69–76.
- Redfern, S. a T., Chen, C.-J., Kung, J., Chaix-Pluchery, O., Kreisel, J., Salje, E. K. H. (2011): Raman spectroscopy of CaSnO3 at high temperature: a highly quasi-harmonic perovskite. *Journal of Physics. Condensed Matter : An Institute of Physics Journal*, **23(42)**, 425401.
- Tarrida, M., Larguem, H., Madon, M. (2009): Structural investigations of (Ca,Sr)ZrO3 and Ca(Sn,Zr)O3 perovskite compounds. *Physics and Chemistry of Minerals*, **36**(7), 403–413.