

### Monitoring spatial accuracy of oil palm cultivation mapping in southern Cameroon from Landsat series images

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# Monitoring Spatial accuracy of oil palm cultivation mapping in southern Cameroon from Landsat series images



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# <sup>1</sup> INTRODUCTION

# Oil palm in Cameroon

\*Great economic importance, with an industrialisation dating from colonial period.

\*Incomes generated by its cultivation have generated agroindustries such as the Cameroonian Society of Palm grove (SOCAPALM).

\*This activity is behind of socio-environmental damages (deforestation, loss of biodiversity and pollution).

## Context

\*Long-term management of oil palm ressources in Congo basin.

\*Studying and mapping palm grove evolution to understand the impact related to its cultivation.

# Objectives

\*Map SOCAPALM industrial palm grove using Landsat series images.

\* Measure produced maps accuracy.



### Data

- \* Landsat ETM+ (2001) \* Landsat OLI-TIRS (2015
- METHOD
   Palm grove mapping
   \*Per-pixel



Norm Adamaman	Soutern Cameroon	* Landsat OLI-TIRS (2015)					*Per-pixel	Radiometric corrections
Centra Data Data Data Data Data	Ocean County J SOCAPALM industrial Palm grove	Table 1. Data specification					classification (maximum	NDVI, Filters, PCA
		Sensor	Acquisition date	Mode	Resolution	Cloud cover	likelihood algorithm)	Layer Stacking ROIs Extraction
		ETM+	26/04/2001	MS/PAN	30m/15m	30%	Accuracy assessment	Per-pixel classification Accuracy assessment
	Figure 1. location of study area	OLI- TIRS	25/04/2015	MS/PAN	30m/15m	30%	*Confusion matrix method	Figure 2. Flowchart of methodology.
	<b>TS</b> Masked at Forest Shady for Low veget Growing o Young oil Mature oi Waterway Bare grou	est ation il palm palm l palm / ind/built1 ind/built2			<ul> <li>Masked a</li> <li>Forest</li> <li>Shady for</li> <li>Low vege</li> <li>Mature o</li> </ul>	rest tation il palm oil palm i palm oil palm oil palm i palm	owever, because of	

Bare ground/built3 between vegetation and on paim classes.These confusions resulting from the spatial and spectral characteristics of palm groves, the method used to map and validate the map, and the uncertainty related to data, afect maps accuracy.



Figure 3. Land cover mapping (2001), from Landsat 7 ETM+

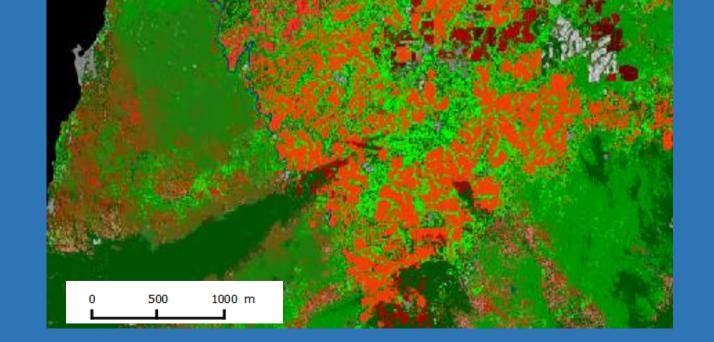


Figure 4. Land cover mapping (2015), from Landsat 8 OLI-TIRS

- Overall accuracy of 92% (Kappa=0,92) in 2001 and 80% (kappa=0,89) in 2015.
- An improvement of palm grove surfaces of 18% (from 2001 to 2015)

 To incrase the accuracy we suggest, (1) use another mapping method such as superresolution; (2) develop a classification system of cartografic products.

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