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Wilket Creek (Toronto, Ontario, Canada)

SEDIMENT TRANSPORT AND MORPHODYNAMICS OF TWO DYNAMIC AND HIGHLY MODIFIED RIVERS: VALLEY MANAGEMENT ISSUES AND KEYS FOR RIVER STAKEHOLDERS

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1. Problem statement and objective

River hydrology and morphodynamics are significantly modified by human activities. In many watersheds, this has led to a flashier hydrological regime and an increase of flooding risk.

In addition, a river system can be highly instable at different spatial and temporal scales. When this instability conflicts with human use, sediment fluxes and morphodynamics issues become a key factor for river management. However, sediment mobility is frequently not considered by river managers.

We have studied two river systems, the Durance River (France) and Wilket Creek (Canada). Even if the spatial scales of these systems are significantly different, it is interesting to notice that management issues converge. More importantly, it appears that long-term management issues can only be solved by an integrative approach that considers sediment transport for the whole system.

The objective of this poster is to present a methodology to characterize gravel-bed river mobility in highly modified systems in order to support decision making for river stakeholders.

2. Study sites

Description

Durance River System Southern Alps, France Location Wandering gravel bed

14,000 km² Drainage area Width 300 m 0.3% Slope

44 mm

 D_{50} (>8 mm) Main human

features occupation Flash floods or long events Hydrology

Wilket Creek Toronto, Canada

Sinuous gravel bed, local bedrock control

15 km² 15 m 0.9% 39 mm

Dams, competition for valley Impervious watershed, dams, competition

for valley occupation Flash floods

3. Proposed approach and result examples

River physical characterization

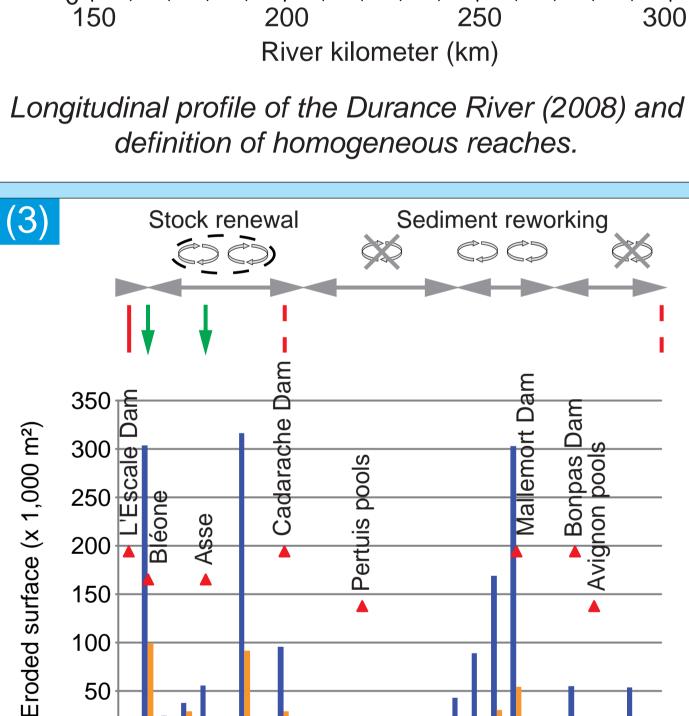
River characterization **Bed material** characterization Hydrology

(1) and (2). Definition of homogeneous reaches according to sediment transport discontinuities or slope breaks.

(m.a.s.l.) S O Escale Dar Bléone Elevation 100 200 250 River kilometer (km)

Durance River

definition of homogeneous reaches.

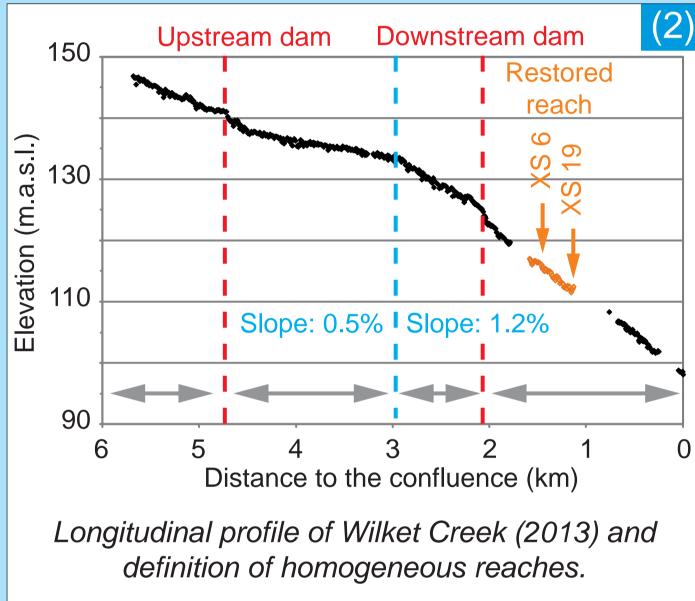


River kilometer (km) **-**1993-1998 **-**1998-2008 Longitudinal evolution of erosion rates per homogeneous reach during the 1993-1998 and the 1998-2008 periods (Durance River) and redefinition of homogeneous reaches according to sedi-

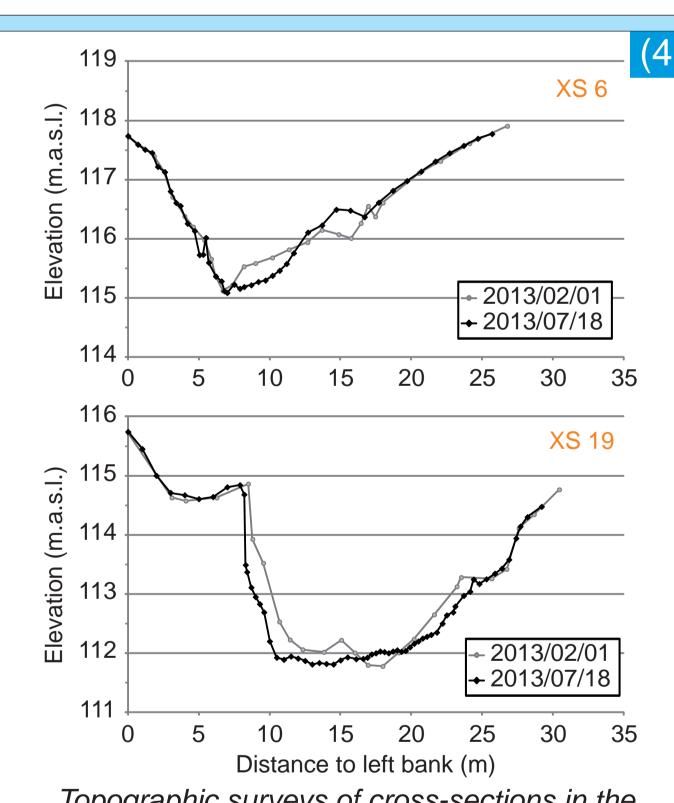
Current longitudinal transfer processes of sedi-

ments in the Durance River, if the management pro-

cedures of dams remain the same as today.



Wilket Creek



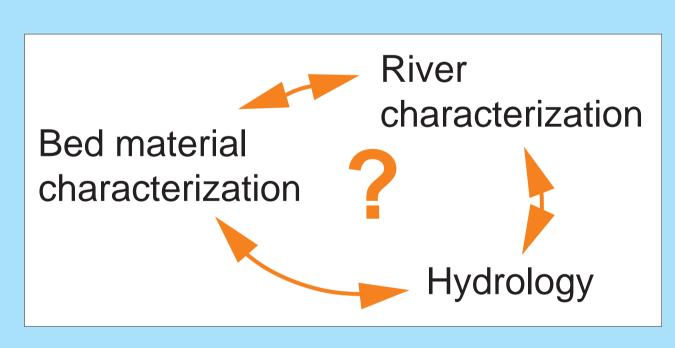
Topographic surveys of cross-sections in the restored reach. Two significant floods occurred between the two profiles.

ment dynamics. Serre-Sisteron Ponçon L'Escale Avignon Durance River Le Verdon Cadarache Theoretical zone of direct influence of tributaries Zone of sediments reworking

In Wilket Creek the information collected will be used to ensure the overall stability of the stream while maximizing ecosystem services, particularly in restored channel sections.

River processes characterization

Sediment stocks and fluxes: availability, timing of transit and renewal



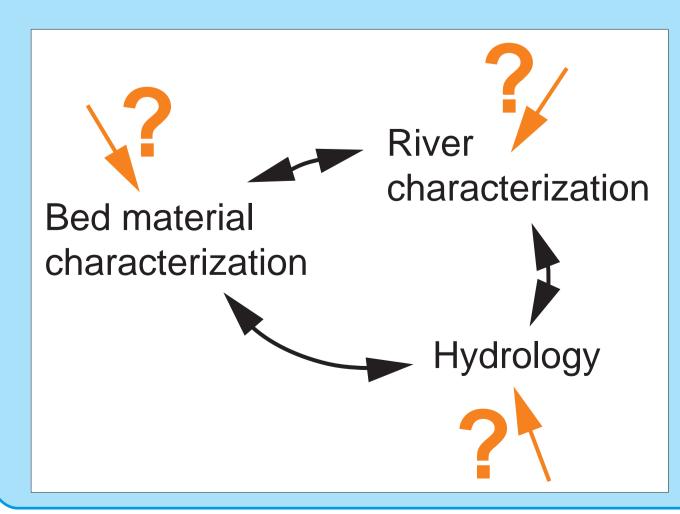
(3) and (4). Stock renewal and sediment reworking in the channel.



Management guidelines

Definition of guidelines of 'acceptable' vs. 'non-acceptable' adjustments

Definition of relevant 'management scales'



(5) and (6). River processes proposals and keys for river management decisions.

4. Perspectives

The improved knowledge of river morphodynamics then enables us to give relevant management keys for river stakeholders.

The proposed methodology aims at giving insights of sediment transport processes and channel dynamics at different time and spatial scales. Management indexes or charts are to be developed according to specific river management long-term objectives and decision making is to be locally adapted.

5. References

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