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Detection of QTL influencing egg production in layers receiving various diets

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Introduction

Egg production in layers is affected by different Quantitative Trait Loci (QTL) and by environment, such as the diet composition. These two components of the phenotype could be in interaction. In the case of a genomic selection in layers, take into account this interaction could be necessary.



- Significant QTL have been detected in the present study for various egg production and egg quality traits
- QTL detected depend on diet

Objectives

- Detect QTL involved in egg production and egg quality traits
- Use different GWAS methods and compare the results
- Observe the existence of QTL by environment interaction
- Take into account underlying kinship in GWAS influence QTL detection
- Take into account genetic by environment interactions in genomic evaluation of layers could be necessary

Material and Methods



15662	15560
High Energy Aliment	Low Energy Aliment

SNP regression and Gblup methods were used to realize GWAS analyses.

Results



Low Energy Diet



Figure 1 : Significant SNP (FDR<0,1) have been found on chromosome <u>3 and 12 for the color index A at 55 weeks with a low energy diet using</u> the PLINK software.



Figure 2 : Significant SNP (Muller<0,1) been found have on chromosome 3 for high energy diet. On the chromosome 12: two QTL low energy diet and one for high energy have been found for (Muller<0,05).



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