

LCM combined with MALDI-TOF Mass Spectrometry to demonstrate that α s1-casein is required for efficient export of the other caseins from the Endoplasmic Reticulum to the Golgi apparatus

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LCM combined with MALDI-TOF Mass Spectrometry to demonstrate that α_{s1} -casein is required for efficient export of the other caseins from the Endoplasmic Reticulum to the Golgi apparatus

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Background

Caseins, the main milk proteins, aggregate in the secretory pathway of mammary epithelial cells (MEC) into large supramolecular structures, the so-called casein micelles.

The role of individual casein in this process and the detail structure of the casein micelle remain poorly understood. In the goat species, a deficit in $\alpha_{\rm s1}$ -casein is responsible for the accumulation of caseins in distended RER cisternae and for a perturbation of the secretion process of proteins and lipids that are synthesized as triglycerides at the ER level. In contrast, no accumulation was recorded in MEC lacking β -casein expression.

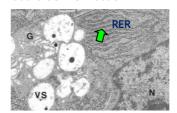


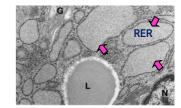


Micro gen mics 2014

Defective: Homozygous O/O at the CSN1S1 locus

Wild type: Homozygous A/A at the CSN1S1 locus





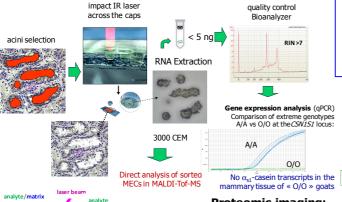
Swelling of the Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum

What are the mechanisms involved in MEC dysfunction?

Materials & Methods

Laser Capture Microdissection coupled with MALDI-ToF MS

Differential proteomic analysis O/O vs. A/A milks using 2D-DIGE



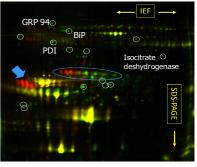
Fluorescence labelling of milk proteins O/O: Cy3 (green) A/A: Cy5 (red)

 α_{s1} -casein is only present in A/A milk

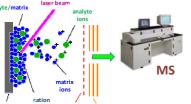
Goats are of different genotypes at the *CSN1S2* locus

Resul

100 additional proteins in O/O milks (green spots, some of which characterized in MS)



ER-Resident proteins (GRP94, BiP, PDI): signing a singular secretory mechanism



Proteomic imaging:

microdissected cells from « extreme genotypes » at the *CSN1S1* locus were compared.

Caseins are detected only in O/O cells and are immature (not phosphorylated) meaning that they have **not yet reached the Golgi**

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Conclusions

Materials accumulating in the ER of MEC from goats homozygous O/O at the CSN1S1 locus are immature milk proteins (without post-translational modifications). Our data strongly suggest that α_{s1} -casein interacts with the other caseins in the rough endoplasmic reticulum to form a complex that is required for their efficient export to the Golgi apparatus where they will be phosphorylated to interact with Ca²⁺ ions.

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