

The dual beam spectropluviometer

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LATM S THE DUAL BEAM SPECTROPLUVIOMETER

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The Dual Beam spectropluviometer (DBS) measures the equivalent diameter, the fall velocity and the time of arrival of raindrops. Its main advantage over previous optical disdrometers is its ability to capture the whole measurement range of atmospheric precipitating particles (down to 0.1mm raindrops).

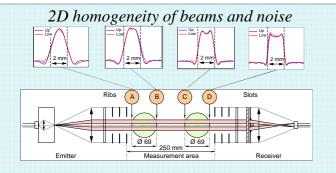
Delahaye et al., A dual beam spectropluviometer concept, Journal of Hydrology, 2006.

TECHNICAL CHOICES

PRINCIPLE

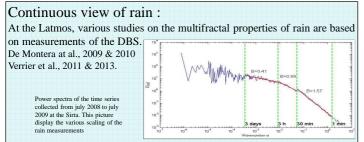
MEASUREMENT GOALS METHODS USED DIAMETER 2 thin (2 mm) and closely spaced (2 mm) flat beams (L x I = 250 x 40 mm) at λ =0.8 μ m Down to 0.1 mm 16-bit digitization oversampled at 40 kHz and averaged to 10 kHz for noise reduction. Software - slope detection - baseline = averages before and after slope change - correction for drops larger than beam thickness - likelihood test by comparing 2 channels Quality flag for small diameters. FALL VELOCITY • Averaging of Δt_1 and Δt_2 (see diagram Optimized above) Interpolation for high velocities. TIME STAMPING OF DROPS Clocking: sensor's sampling frequency used between PC times inserted at 1 millisecond beginning and end of files. ERROR REDUCTION Sunlight rejection filter. Sunlight Air circulation pump. · Water on internal glass windows Dripping water drops Water draining slots above windows. Wind sensitivity Very rigid cast iron support ring. • External splash on sensor body · Anti-splash circular ribs and scouring rolls. Internal splash Internal vanes. Condensation · Heated electronics and Moisture absorbers. ERROR DETECTION Self-test for monitoring Reciprocating 0.4 mm diameter rod within baselines, synchronization, and beam triggered daily or manually and motor window cleanness driven. Induced signal variations recorded to

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS



self-test file.

RELATED WORKS



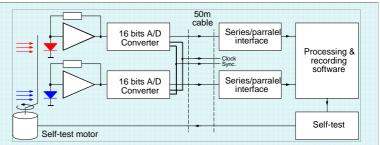
Room for improvement and rejuvenating:

A 2014 IPSL funding is asked for in order to modernize the DBS (both hardware and software components).

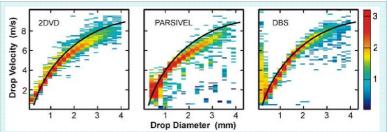
The processing algorithm as well as the calibration process are under study to improve the quality of the measurements (and among others to reduce the noise for the small drops). Intercomparisons with other instruments at Sirta is in progress.

Outdoor measurement signals with a small isolated drop: 0.2mm and 0.89 m/s

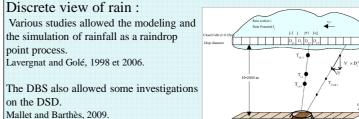
BLOC DIAGRAM



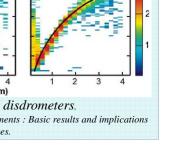
FIELD EVALUATION : (DEVEX experiment)



Successfully compared with other optical disdrometers. Krajewski et al., DEVEX-disdrometer evaluation experiments : Basic results and implications for hydrologic studies, 2005, Advances in Water Resources.

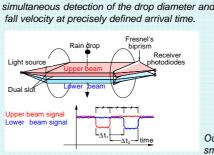


Barthès and Mallet, 2013.





UAN ML



A rain drop falls through both, upper and lower,

beams disrupting the optical signal.

The processing algorithm allows the