



Avalanche protection dam of Cialancier in Saint Etienne de Tinée: from 2D digital modeling to the start of the onsite work

V. Segel, M. Schmitt, E. Michel-Villaz, T. Eme, S. Roudnitska, Mohamed Naaim

► To cite this version:

V. Segel, M. Schmitt, E. Michel-Villaz, T. Eme, S. Roudnitska, et al.. Avalanche protection dam of Cialancier in Saint Etienne de Tinée: from 2D digital modeling to the start of the onsite work. International Snow Science Workshop (ISSW), Oct 2013, Grenoble – Chamonix Mont-Blanc, France. p. 909 - p. 911. hal-00951832

HAL Id: hal-00951832

<https://hal.science/hal-00951832>

Submitted on 25 Feb 2014

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Avalanche protection dam of Cialancier in Saint Etienne de Tinée : From 2D digital modeling to the start of the onsite work

Vincent SEGEL, Mathieu SCHMITT, Edith Michel Villaz, Thierry EME, RTM
Unit in Alpes-Maritimes.

Stéphane ROUDNITSKA, technical direction RTM
Mohamed NAAIM, IRSTEA.

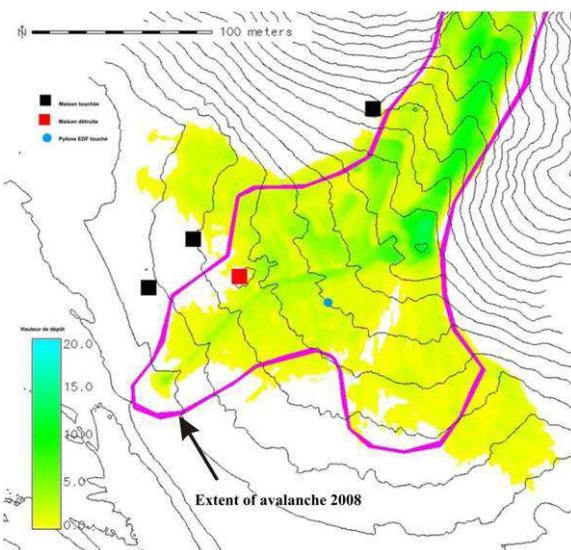
ABSTRACT : On 16 December 2008 at 11.15 am, a large scale avalanche started in the upper watershed of the Fougeret couloir and ended its course in the hamlet of Cialancier, in the municipality of Saint Etienne de Tinée. A house was destroyed and two others were damaged. Luckily, there were no casualties. This article describes how to design and build an avalanche protection dam.

KEYWORDS Avalanche protection – Modeling – Work



Adresse de l'auteur correspondant :

Segel V., Schmitt M., Michel-Villaz E., Eme T.
RTM Alpes-Maritimes, 62 route de Grenoble,
06205 Nice France ;
Tél. : +33(0)4.93.18.54.74 ; Fax : +33(0)4.93.18.18.64
Roundnitska S., RTM Savoie
42, quai Charles Roissard, 73026 Chambéry,
Tél.:+33(0)4.790.69.96.20 ; Fax:+33(0)4.79.96.31.73 ;
Naaim M. IRSTEA Grenoble,
2 rue de la Papeterie, 38402 St Martin d'Hères;
Tel: +33 (0)4 76 76 27 27



Preliminary design of an avalanche protection dam using Saint Venant 1D software and basic calculations



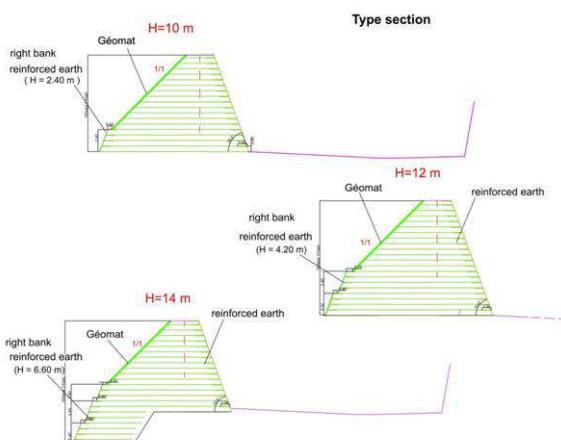
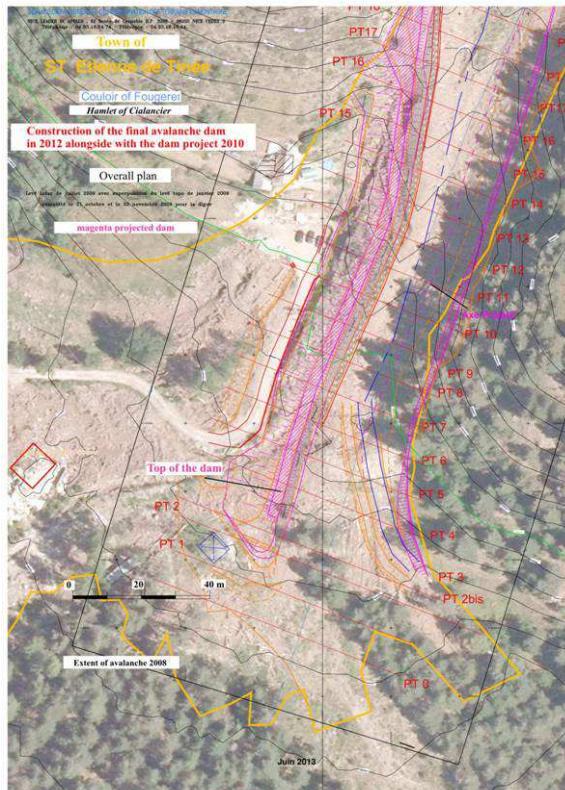
Result of *Saint Venant 2D* modeling, similar to the avalanche of December 2008 on Digital Terrain Model (DTM, 1 meter pixel size), alongside with the proposed work, Hmax = 12 m. In pink is highlighted the real extent of the avalanche of December 2008

Result of *Saint Venant 2D* modeling, similar to the avalanche of December 2008 on Digital Terrain Model (DTM, 1 meter pixel size), alongside with the proposed work, Hmax = 14 m. In pink is highlighted the real extent of the avalanche of December 2008.

This result shows that:

- The flow of the reference event is diverted mainly to the left side
- Less than 1 m thick overflow occurs at the upstream part of the dam

Accordingly, it is proposed to increase the height of the dam by 14m



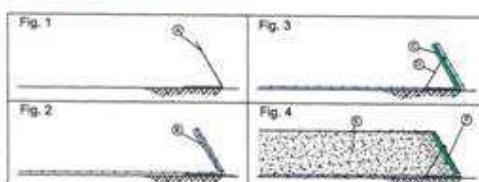
Overview of the dam after revegetation by hydroseeding – June 2013



After the creation of a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) based on a Lidar survey done by helicopter, iterative simulations of the avalanche of reference have been done using the *Saint Venant 2D* software *Irstea*, based on volumes mobilized and the coefficients of friction, matching a flow velocity, extension and thickness of deposits consistent with those observed or measured in December 2008

Building scheme

TILT 45 ° - with metal casing



Implementation:

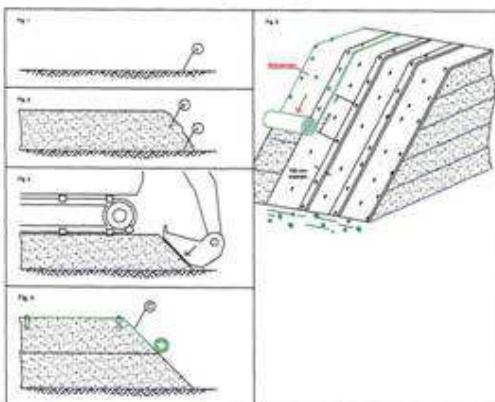
- 1 Preparation of the foundation plan and alignment of metal forms (A).
- 2 Spread of the geomesh reinforcement (B)
- 3: Laying biomat or pre-seeded bioblanket (C) and the establishment of ties (D)
- 4: Spreading and compacting of the filling material in layers of maximum thickness of 300 mm (two passes), the degree of compaction equal to or greater than the standard 95% Proctor.

At the front, use topsoil (F) to a thickness of 300-500 mm.

Fold the geomesh to complete the implementation of an enhanced module.



TILT 45 ° - without folding in frontage



Implementation:

- 1 Preparation of mounting and spreading of the geomesh (A)
- 2-3: Spreading and compacting of the filling material in layers of maximum thickness of 300 mm (two passes), the degree of compaction equal to or greater than the standard 95% Proctor.
- 4: Anchoring geomat (C) at the edge using U-shaped pins. Unwinding of geomat
- 5: To ensure uniform protection of the facade against any erosion, provide an overlap between the strips of geomat least 10 cm. Webs will be fixed by U-shaped pins. Add pins at mid-width of the strips to ensure good contact between bank and geomat.