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Original article

Behaviour of apricot (*Prunus armeniaca* L.) cultivars in the presence of sharka (plum pox potyvirus): a review

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Abstract – Information concerning the evaluation of apricot resistance to sharka (plum pox potyvirus) has in many cases been published in journals of limited circulation. In an attempt to assess the actual status of this resistance, a global review has been made, including 222 cultivars, 175 of which can be considered as susceptible, 27 as resistant and 20 as cultivars of uncertain classification. Such a doubtful classification could be due to differences in evaluation methods, the isolates used, or to the authenticity of the plant material. The results seem to indicate that the main origin of resistance to sharka could be North American cultivars, although other resistant sources have been found in Central Europe.

Prunus armeniaca L. / apricot / plum pox potyvirus / sharka / resistance

Résumé – Comportement des cultivars d'abricotier (*Prunus armeniaca* L.) à la sharka (plum pox potyvirus) : une revue. Les informations concernant l'évaluation du comportement de l'abricotier à la sharka sont fréquemment publiées dans des journaux à faible audience. La présente revue se propose de synthétiser ces informations dispersées : 222 cultivars sont pris en compte, 175 d'entre eux pouvant être considérés comme sensibles, 27 comme résistants et 20 pour lesquels la classification est incertaine. Cette classification douteuse peut être due à des différences dans les méthodes d'évaluation, aux isolats utilisés ou à l'authenticité du matériel végétal. Les résultats semblent indiquer que la principale source de résistance à la sharka aurait pour origine les cultivars nord-américains bien que d'autres sources de résistance ont été trouvées en Europe centrale.

Prunus armenica L. / abricotier / plum pox potyvirus / sharka / résistance

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1. Introduction

Sharka, a disease produced by plum pox potyvirus (PPV), is one of the most important limiting factors in apricot cultivation. Described for the first time in Bulgaria at about the time of the First World War [3], it spread throughout Europe [45], North Africa [21], India [50], Chile [2] and, more recently, the USA [9].

Sharka affects most species of the genus *Prunus*, especially apricot, peach and plum trees [31, 36]. It also affects cherries [11, 25] and has been experimentally transmitted to almond [12].

PPV is characterised by its wide genetic variability, although two main isolates have been described in Europe: Dideron (D) and Marcus (M) [10]. Other less widespread isolates have also been described: El Amar (E) [52] and Cherry (SoC) [35].

The use of certified healthy plant material is one of the key elements for orchard protection [30, 37, 43]. In infected areas, the uprooting of diseased trees avoids uncontrolled spreading, but does not guarantee eradication [16] due to non-persistent aphid transmission and the time elapsing between inoculation and the appearance of symptoms. A long term solution must involve the cultivation of resistant cultivars [4, 15, 22, 28, 31].

All cultivars of European origin have been demonstrated as sharka-susceptible in field trials [26, 27, 49], while the first cultivars to be confirmed as resistant came from North America [26, 47]. However, the direct use of these cultivars in Europe has been ruled out since they are generally self-incompatible, produce low-quality fruits and have high chilling requirements. For this reason, European efforts have concentrated on obtaining new resistant cultivars [4, 22, 29, 38], and on providing an objective characterisation of the level of resistance of the cultivars in use.

The transmission of such resistance to the descendants of resistant cultivars such as 'Stark Early Orange' [19, 20] or 'Stella' [6, 14] has also been studied. This transmission of resistance in apricot has been described as an oligogenic characteristic in some cases [18, 19], and, more recently, as a monogenic characteristic [17].

The existent information regarding the susceptibility or resistance of an apricot cultivar to PPV is not easily compiled, since it may be contained in a variety of publications, many of which have a limited readership. Furthermore, the characterisation of cultivar susceptibility is occasionally contradictory because of differences in evaluation conditions, sites, strains and possible discrepancies in the plant material.

The purpose of this study was to provide a synthesis of the information available on the resistance or susceptibility of apricot cultivars to PPV, based on a review of the bibliography, which refers to the evaluation of cultivars in different conditions and using different isolates.

2. Methodology

In order to compare the different information, the following criteria were recorded: i) cultivar: native name of the apricot cultivar studied; ii) origin: country of origin of the cultivar; iii) level of resistance: the classification of cultivar resistance depends on the authors cited as reference [4, 24, 31]. The scheme proposed in this review is classified into three different levels: s: susceptible, cultivars showing symptoms after infection; t: tolerant, cultivars without symptoms after infection, which react positively to the serological ELISA test (+); r: resistant cultivars without symptoms after infection and which test negative to the serological ELISA test (-).

2.1. Evaluation conditions

The evaluation conditions were as follows: f: in the field, in the open air; gh: in the controlled conditions of an insect-proof greenhouse.

2.2. Inoculation

The type of inoculation was as follows: n: natural inoculation (by aphids); c: chip or chip-budding

inoculation (grafting) with a controlled infected source; x: grafting onto a heavily infected adult tree.

2.3. Isolate

The isolates used in a controlled inoculation or strain type present in the area in natural infection conditions were as follows: M: Marcus; D: Dideron; E: El Amar.

2.4. Years

This parameter concerned the number of years studied in the field or the number of vegetative cycles studied in controlled greenhouse or screen-house conditions.

2.5. Leaf symptoms

Most authors use a scale of between 0 (no symptoms) and 3 (maximum expression of symptoms), although some studies refer to a scale of 0–5. We used a scale of 0–3 and converted the data of the latter system to this scale. In some cases, the evaluation was only reported in term of presence (+) or absence (−) of symptoms.

2.6. Fruit symptoms

A similar scale (0–3) to that reported above was used. This scale was used in all the references studied: 0 = absence of symptoms; 1 = slight yellowish ring symptoms; 2 = clear yellow symptoms; 3 = strong symptoms with fruit deformation.

2.7. Detection techniques

The application of different techniques has been mentioned, for example enzyme like immunosorbent assay (ELISA), immuno capture reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (IC-RT-PCR), immunosorbent electron microscopy (ISEM) or tissue printing (TP). The type of reaction is described as positive (+) or negative (−).

2.8. References

The references used were those found in the literature. The information obtained was organised into three different tables as a function of the degree of susceptibility attributed to the different cultivars by each author.

3. Results and discussion

This survey of apricot cultivar susceptibility indicated the existence of 3 categories: susceptible, resistant, and cultivars that were classified differently by different authors. According to this classification, most cultivars (175) were considered to be susceptible (Tab. I); only 27 were described as completely resistant (Tab. II); and 20 were of uncertain classification (Tab. III).

Most of the registered data was from 3 different origins:

- Natural infection in the field, with M strains in Central European countries and Greece [8, 27, 47, 48, 51], D strains in Spain [7, 44] and M and D strains in France [6, 18].

- Controlled infection in the field in Yugoslavia [42], the Czech Republic [38–40, 46] and in Greece [29] with M strains.

- Controlled infection in insect-proof greenhouse or screen-house with M and D strains in France [4, 5, 18–20], and D strains in Germany [24] and in Spain [32–34].

As regards the number of years the studies lasted, those carried out in the field in natural infection conditions or by grafting onto diseased trees lasted between one and ten years, while the assays carried out in sealed greenhouses and involving artificial inoculation were considerably shorter, lasting one or two years only (two or four growth cycles). It seems that the evaluation of resistance in controlled conditions (controlled inoculation) is a more rapid undertaking than in conditions of natural infection (by aphids), although the former, it must be admitted, is also more laborious. Grafting onto infected trees in the field is the more effective and easier evaluation method.

Table I. Apricot cultivars generally described as susceptible to plum pox potyvirus.

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Amabile Vecchioni | Italy | gh | C | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Amal | Tunisia | f | N | M | 4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Ambrosia | Germany | f | N | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> 1995b |
| Aprikoz | Turkey | f | N | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Elibüyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| Arrogantes | Spain | f | N | D | 2 | 0.5 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Avikour | France | gh | C | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Avignel | France | f | N | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | gh | C | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Bademovidna | Yugoslavia | f | N | M | 1 | 1.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Balady | Syria | f | N | E | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Aboul-Ela <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Banaesa | Yugoslavia | gh | C | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Baracca | Italy | f | N | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Bebecou | Greece | gh | C | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | C | D | 2 | 2.5 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | gh | c | D | 2 | 2.5 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | gh | c | D | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽⁵⁾ | Dicenta and Audergon, 1995 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| Bergeron | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Best of Hungary | Romania | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Blanco de Ceutí | Spain | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Blenheim | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Blentyl | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Boccucia | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Breda | Germany | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 0.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Búlida | Spain | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.6 | | + ⁽²⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Cafona | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Caldesi | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Canette | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Canino | Spain | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| | | f | n | D | 2 | 2.3 | 1.8 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| | | gh | c | D | 2 | 1.4 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Cañahueca | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.0 | 2.1 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Carrascal | Spain | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Carrichosa | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Castlebrite | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Cegledi | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |

Table I. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-----------------|------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Cöloglu | Turkey | gh f f f gh gh gh f | c n n c D D D n | M M M M D D M M | 3 1 4 3.0 2 2 3 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ + ⁽¹⁾ 3.0 2.2 2.8 3 + ⁽¹⁾ 2.2 | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b Elibiyük and Erdiller, 1995 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1994 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995a Dicenta and Audergon, 1995 Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1988 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995a Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Colomer | France | gh gh gh f | c c c n | D D M M | 2 2 3 1 | | | + ⁽⁵⁾ | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1994 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995a Balan and Stoian, 1995 Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Colorao | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | | |
| Colorao Antón | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.9 | 2.1 | | |
| Comandor | Romania | f gh | n c | M M | 4 3 | 1.0 + ⁽¹⁾ | 1.2 | + ⁽²⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 |
| Competna | ? | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Corbató | Spain | f f | c n | D M | 1 1 | 3.0 3.0 | 1.0 2.0 | | Avinent <i>et al</i> , 1993 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Cortos Archena | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.1 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Currot | Spain | f gh f | c n | D D | 1 2 | 3.0 2.4 | 3.0 2.9 | | Avinent <i>et al</i> , 1993 Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Chirivello | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | + ⁽²⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| Da Ju Bada | China | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Dacia | Romania | f f | n x | M M | 4 4 | 1.5 2.0 | 1.5 2.0 | + ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 Polák <i>et al</i> , 1997 |
| Damasco | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.2 | 1.7 | | Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| De Olanda | France | f gh | n c | M M | 4 3 | 3.0 + ⁽¹⁾ | 1.0 + ⁽²⁾ | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 |
| Desfarges | ? | f | n | M | 1 | | | | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Diamantopoulou | Greece | f | n | M | 4 | 2.7 | 3.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Dioses | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Dobruganska | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Don Gaetano | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Dryanovska | ? | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Early Bee | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | + ⁽²⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Early Divinity | USA | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 |
| Early Golden | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Erevani | Italy | f gh | n c | M M | 4 3 | 2.7 + ⁽¹⁾ | 1.3 + ⁽²⁾ | | Karayannis, 1989 Dosba <i>et al</i> , 1992 |
| Eugenios | Spain | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Favorit | Romania | f f | n n | D M | 2 1 | 0.7 3.0 | 1.2 1.0 | | Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Fenómeno | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | + ⁽¹⁾ | 1.9 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 Rodríguez <i>et al</i> , 1995 |
| Festivalna | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 0.7 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Gergana | ? | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Ginesta | Spain | f f | c n | D M | 1 1 | 3.0 3.0 | 2.0 3.0 | | Avinent <i>et al</i> , 1993 Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Gitano | Spain | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al</i> , 1995b |
| Grossa Giardino | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 1.8 | | Karayannis, 1989 |

Table I. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Helena Roussillon | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| Hacihaliloglu | Turkey | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Elibüyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| Hamawey | Egypt | f | n | E | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Aboul-Ela <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Harogem | Canada | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Harglow | Canada | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Hargrand | Canada | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Hasanbey | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Hasiotico | ? | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Hatif Colomer | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Hunter | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Hyperproimo | Greece | f | n | M | 4 | 2.7 | 3.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Imrahor | Iran | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Irwin | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Jubilena | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 0.3 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Karakabey | Yugoslavia | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Kishinevska | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.8 | 1.3 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Kisineuskij | Yugoslavia | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Kostujenska | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 1.7 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Krymskij | Yugoslavia | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | + ⁽²⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Lambertin | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Liberato | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.5 | 2.29 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Ligli | Italy | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1997 |
| Litoral | Romania | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Luizet | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 1.5 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Madarska | Romania | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 0.5 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| Mai Chua Sin | China | f | x | M | 2 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.5 | + ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Mala Hierba | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.76 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Mandula | Romania | f | n | M | | 3.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| Manicot | France | gh | c | D | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | gh | c | D | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽⁵⁾ | Dicenta and Audergon, 1995 |
| Marculesti | Romania | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | | 3.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| Marraneros | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.1 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Maxgold | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Mektep | Iran | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Mitger | Spain | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Mocodoi | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |

Table I. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Modesto | Spain | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| Monaco Bello | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Moniquí | Spain | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Moniquí Fino | Spain | f | n | D | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Moorpark | Australia | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 2.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Morocco | Morocco | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Nagy Korosi | Hungary | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Neptum | Romania | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA19 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 1.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA55 | USA | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Nonno | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 1.5 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Olimp | Romania | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Ouardi | Tunisia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Palabras | Spain | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Palau | Spain | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| | | f | n | D | 2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Palen | ? | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Palstein | S. Africa | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Palumella | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Patriarca | Spain | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Paviot | Spain | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Pepito | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Pepitos Blancos | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.1 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Polonais | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 1.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Portici | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Precoce Boulbon | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Elibiyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| Precoce Pugget | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Precoce Tirynthos | Greece | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Precoce Toscana | Italy | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Precoce Tunisie | Tunisia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.6 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Prevette | France | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Rakowsky | Turkey | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Elibiyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| Real Fino | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.1 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| | | gh | c | D | 2 | 1.3 | | + ⁽²⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| Reale d'Imola | Italy | f | n | M | 2 | 3.0 | | + ⁽²⁾ | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |

Table I. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reales Cortos | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 1.3 | 1.9 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Ricordo Buonamico | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | 2.6 | 2.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Roches | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.8 | 0.9 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Rojo de Carlet | Spain | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Rouge Rivesaltes | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Rouge Roussillon | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Rouge Sernhac | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| Rouge Tardif | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Royal | France | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Sam | Turkey | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Elibüyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| San Castresse | Italy | f | x | M | 2 | 1.0 | | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| San Francesco | Italy | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Saturn | Romania | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Sayeb Beliana | Tunisia | f | n | M | 4 | 2.7 | 3.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Screara | France | gh | c | D | 2 | 2.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | gh | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | gh | c | D | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽⁵⁾ | Dicenta and Audergon, 1995 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | f | x | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | f | n | M | | 3.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| Selena | Romania | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Septembriska | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Sirena | Romania | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Skaha | Canada | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 1.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Steam Rosie | Romania | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Sulina | Romania | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 1.2 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Sulmona | Romania | gh | c | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Sungold | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |

Table I. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Szegadti Mamut Tadeo | Hungary | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | Spain | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Avinent <i>et al.</i> , 1993 |
| Talda | ? | gh | c | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Tardif Bordaneil | France | f | n | M | 4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Timpurii Chisinau | Moldavia | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Timpurii Bancasa Tirynthos | Romania | f | n | M | 2 | 2.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | Greece | gh | c | D | 1 | 2.5 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | gh | c | D | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Tokaloglu | Turkey | gh | c | D | 2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | gh | c | M | 2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Trandafiniu | ? | gh | c | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Elibüyük and Erdiller, 1995 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Trevatt | ? | gh | c | M | 3 | + ⁽¹⁾ | | + ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Trujillos | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.2 | 1.4 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Ugarska | Yugoslavia | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Uleanos | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.6 | | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Umberto | Romania | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Velázquez | Spain | f | n | D | 2 | 0.4 | 2.5 | | Rodríguez <i>et al.</i> , 1995 |
| Velkopalovicha | Czech Rep. | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.5 | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Venus | Romania | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Vesna | Czech Rep. | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Vespar | Czech Rep. | f | c | M | 5 | 3.0 | | | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Vestar | Czech Rep. | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Wenatchee | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Worley's Peach | USA | f | n | M | 4 | 2.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Zhang Gong Juan | China | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |

(?): unknown origin.

Eval: evaluation conditions (f = field, gh = greenhouse).

Inoc: inoculation method (n = natural, c = chip, x = grafting onto an infected tree).

Isol: isolate used (M = Marcus, D = Dideron).

Years: years or cycles of study.

Le s: symptoms in leaves (0–3), ⁽¹⁾ Scale not specified.Fr s: symptoms in fruits (0–3), ⁽¹⁾ Scale not specified.D t: detection technique, ⁽²⁾ ELISA (+ or -), ⁽³⁾ ISEM (+ or -), ⁽⁴⁾ IC-RT-PCR (+ or -), ⁽⁵⁾ TP (+ or -).

Table II. Apricot cultivars described as resistant to plum pox potyvirus.

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | D t | Reference |
|-------------|------------|------|------|------|------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Alfred | USA | f | n | M | 1 | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Avilara | France | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Brevira | Germany | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |
| Cais Olanda | ? | f | n | M | 2 | | Tradafiresu and Topor, 1997 |
| Coccoona | Italy | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Framingdale | USA | f | n | M | 1 | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Harlayne | Canada | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | x | M | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Julskit | Czech Rep. | f | c | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Karola | Czech Rep. | f | c | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Kinted | USA | f | n | M | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Krupna | Yugoslavia | gh | c | M | 3 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Leronda | Czech Rep. | f | x | M | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | – ^{(1) + (3)} | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Lito | Greece | f | x | M | 4 | | Syrgiannidis and Mainou, 1991 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Manitoba | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA2 | USA | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| NJA48 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA53 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA54 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA56 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| NJA58 | USA | f | n | M | 0 | | Tradafiresu and Topor, 1997 |
| NJA59 | USA | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Orange Red | USA | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |
| Pandora | Greece | gh | c | D | 1 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | | Syrgiannidis and Mainou, 1991 |
| | | f | x | M | 8 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Skopljanska | Czech Rep. | gh | c | M | 3 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |

Table II. (continued)

| Cultivar | Origin | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | D t | Reference |
|----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Stella | USA | gh | c | D | 2 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | gh | c | D | 2 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | gh | c | D | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | f | n | M | 8 | | Syrgiannidis, 1980 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | gh | c | M | 1 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | gh | c | M | 3 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | f | x | M | 4 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | f | n | M | 1 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | f | n | M | 5 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | f | x | M | 2 | + ⁽¹⁾ – ⁽²⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | f | n | M | 4 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | f | n | M | | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Veharda | Czech Rep | f | c | M | 5 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |
| Virosia | Germany | gh | c | D | 2 | – ⁽¹⁾ | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |

(?): unknown origin.

Eval: evaluation conditions (f = field, gh = greenhouse).

Inoc: inoculation method (n = natural, c = chip, x = grafting onto an infected tree).

Isol: isolate used (M = Marcus, D = Dideron).

Years: years or cycles of study.

D t: detection technique, ⁽¹⁾ ELISA (+ or –), ⁽²⁾ ISEM (+ or –), ⁽³⁾ IC-RT-PCR (+ or –).

3.1. Susceptible cultivars

The susceptible cultivars (Tab. I) have a wide geographic origin (Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America), and all showed a positive reaction when ELISA, ISEM, IC-RT-PCR or TP techniques were applied.

As regards the M and D strains, no differences were observed between the cultivars in terms of susceptibility (presence versus absence of symptoms) either on leaves or fruits ('Bebecou', 'Canino', 'Colomer', 'Corbató', 'Currot', 'Ginesta', 'Mitger', 'Palabras', 'Rojo Carlet', 'Screara', 'Tadeo' or 'Tirynthos'). However, in some cases, the M isolate may produce slightly more symptoms with a higher intensity than the D isolate, results which reflect the observations of Quiot *et al.* [41]. However, the data refer to a wide range of cultivars, which were evaluated in different locations under various environmental conditions and by different authors, a factor which should be taken into account when interpreting slight differences.

Susceptible cultivars presented a high degree of correlation between the intensity of the symptoms in both leaves and fruits. However, in some cultivars, such as the Spanish 'Damasco', 'Trujillos' and 'Velázquez', symptoms were much more intense in fruits than in the leaves [44]. As in the previous case, comparisons were not easy because of the different lengths of the evaluation periods and the different methods used.

3.2. Resistant cultivars

In resistant cultivars, symptoms in leaves or fruits have never been reported (Tab. II). Most of these cultivars are from North America, as in the case of 'Alfred', 'Farmingdale', 'Kinted', 'Manitoba', 'Orange Red', 'Stella', 'Harlayne', 'NJA2', 'NJA48', 'NJA53', 'NJA54', 'NJA56', 'NJA58' and 'NJA59'. Furthermore, the European resistant cultivars have as resistant parent an American cultivar, as in the case of 'Avilara' (French), 'Lito' and 'Pandora' (Greek) and

Table III. Apricot cultivars with uncertain resistance to plum pox potyvirus.

| Cultivar | Origin | Level | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|-----------------|---------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|----------|----------------------------------|
| Badami | Iran | r | gh | C | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | t | gh | c | M | 1 | 0.0 | | + (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | s | gh | c | M | 3 | + (1) | | + (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Blenril | USA | s | f | n | M | 1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | r | f | n | M | 4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| Callatis | Romania | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 2 | 0.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| Chuang Zhi Hong | China | r | f | x | M | 2 | 1.0 | | + (2)(3) | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.5 | + (2) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Dacia | Romania | s | f | n | M | 4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | + (2)(4) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Excelsior | Romania | s | gh | c | M | 1 | + (1) | | + (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | + (2) | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 1.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Goldrich | USA | s | gh | c | D | 2 | + (1) | | + (2) | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 4 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - (2) | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | t | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | t | f | n | M | 1 | + (1) | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | s | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + (2)(3) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | t | f | n | M | 5 | + (1) | | | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.5 | + (2)(4) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| Harcot | Canada | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 4 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | | Karayiannis, 1989 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 1 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | s | gh | c | M | 3 | + (1) | | + (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 6 | 1.2 | 1.5 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | s | f | x | M | 1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | s | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + (2)(3) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Harval | Canada | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 1 | + (1) | | + (1) | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| Henderson | USA | s | f | x | M | 4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | + (2)(4) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 2 | 3.0 | | + (2)(3) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | r | f | x | M | 4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | + (2)(4) | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | s | gh | c | M | 3 | + (1) | | + (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 1 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - (2) | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - (2) | Karayiannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 1.0 | 2.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | t | f | n | M | 5 | 0.0 | | | Karayiannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |

Table III. (continued).

| Cultivar | Origin | Level | Eval | Inoc | Isol | Year | Le s | Fr s | D t | Reference |
|--------------------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Marii de Cenad | Romania | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | r | f | x | M | 4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | - ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Mamaia | Romania | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 1.5 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 2 | 3.0 | | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| Pentagonálá | ? | t | f | x | M | 4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | + ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Riland | USA | r | f | n | M | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | Rankovic <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Roxana | ? | t | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| Stark Early Orange | USA | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1994 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 1 | 0.0 | | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | t | gh | c | D | 2 | | | + ⁽²⁾ | Fuchs <i>et al.</i> , 1998 |
| | | r | gh | c | D | 2 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Martínez-Gómez and Dicenta, 2000 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Syrgiannidis, 1980 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1988 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Karayannis, 1989 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 1 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1991 |
| | | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Karayannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | r | f | n | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | r | f | x | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995a |
| | | r | f | x | M | 2 | 0.5 | | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | s | f | n | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| Sundrop | Canada | r | f | x | M | 4 | 3.0 | 2.5 | | Tradafirescu and Topor, 1999 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | + ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| Sunglo | USA | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Polák <i>et al.</i> , 1997 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Veecot | Canada | r | gh | c | M | 3 | 0.0 | | - ⁽²⁾ | Karayannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | r | f | x | M | 9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Audergon <i>et al.</i> , 1995b |
| | | r | f | c | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Balan and Stoian, 1995 |
| | | r | f | n | M | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Karayannis <i>et al.</i> , 1999 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 1 | 2.0 | + ⁽¹⁾ | + ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | Dosba <i>et al.</i> , 1992 |
| Vegama | Czech Rep | r | f | c | M | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - ⁽²⁾ | Karayannis and Mainou, 1994 |
| | | s | f | x | M | 4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | + ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Sedlakova and Gallo, 1994 |

(?): unknown origin.

Level: level of resistance (r = resistant, s = susceptible, t = tolerant).

Eval: evaluation conditions (f = field, gh = greenhouse).

Inoc: inoculation method (n = natural, c = chip, x = grafting onto an infected tree).

Isol: isolate used (M = Marcus, D = Dideron).

Years: years or cycles of study.

Le s: symptoms in leaves (0–3), ⁽¹⁾ scale not specified.Fr s: symptoms in fruits (0–3), ⁽¹⁾ scale not specified.D t: detection technique, ⁽²⁾ ELISA (+ or -), ⁽³⁾ ISEM (+ or -), ⁽⁴⁾ IC-RT-PCR (+ or -).

'Leronda' and 'Veharda' (Czech). North American cultivars are obviously a clear source of resistance.

In addition, other sources of resistance have been found in 'Brevira' and 'Virosia' (German), 'Julskit', 'Karola' and 'Skopljanska' (Czech), 'Ceccona' (Italian), 'Krupna' (Yugoslav) and 'Cais Olanda' (unknown origin), although no clear information can be given on their origin. Furthermore, more experiments are necessary to evaluate the maintenance of their resistance using different strains and in different conditions of evaluation.

ELISA, ISEM or IC-RT-PCR, which were performed on the resistant cultivars 'Avilara', 'Harlayne', 'Julskit', 'Karola', 'Kinted', 'Krupna', 'Lito', 'NJA2', 'Pandora' and 'Veharda', showed a negative reaction [19, 20, 28, 29, 32, 39, 40]. On the other hand, 'Stella' tested ELISA-positive but ISEM was negative [39], and 'Leronda' tested ELISA-negative and IC-PCR-positive [40].

Unfortunately, not all the resistant sources were evaluated against all the different strains. 'Alfred', 'Farmingdale', 'Kinted', 'Manitoba', 'NJA48', 'NJA53', 'NJA54', 'NJA56', 'NJA58', 'NJA59', 'Lito', 'Leronda', 'Veharda', 'Julskit', 'Karola', 'Skopljanska', 'Ceccona', 'Krupna' and 'Cais Olanda', were assayed only against M type isolates, while 'Brevira', 'Orange Red' and 'Virosia' were only evaluated with D type isolates. Only, 'Avilara', 'Harlayne', 'NJA2', 'Pandora' and 'Stella', were assayed with both D and M strains. Some authors [20, 24, 40] have classified 'Harlayne' as 'immune'.

3.3. Cultivars of uncertain classification

Table III shows the cultivars described using different classifications depending on the author in question. Mostly, they come from North America and are alternatively described as resistant, tolerant or susceptible. Such is the case with 'Bleril', 'Goldrich', 'Henderson', 'Riland', 'Stark Early Orange', or 'Sunglo' (American) and 'Harcot', 'Harval', 'Sundrop' or 'Veecot' (Canadian).

Another group is composed of the cultivars 'Callatis', 'Dacia', 'Excelsior', 'Mamaia' and

'Marii de Cenad' (Romanian), 'Vegama' (Czech), 'Pentagonála' and 'Roxana' (unknown origin), 'Badami' (Iranian) and 'Chuang Zhi Hong' (Chinese). Little information is available on this group, and some cultivars have occasionally been described as resistant or tolerant. Further investigations, using different conditions and isolates are necessary before they can be definitively classified.

Analysis of the data in Table III seems to indicate that some cultivars can be classified as resistant or susceptible. 'Badami' seems to be susceptible to M type (in spite of the one reference describing it as resistant). 'Harcot' is probably resistant to D type and susceptible to M type. The classification of 'Henderson' and 'Goldrich' remains unclear because, although they have been described as susceptible by several authors, these cultivars were found to be resistant after two years of being grafted onto very diseased trees [28].

The contradictory information concerning the level of resistance of these cultivars could be explained by the different isolate types used (Marcus or Dideron), different methodologies (evaluation conditions, inoculation type, number of years studied, etc.) or the authenticity and sanitary state of the material examined.

Other uncontrolled factors, such as the evolution of the inoculum during the long period of evaluation, the variability of the pathogen, and possible interactions in plants infected with other pathogens could also have affected the results obtained by the authors.

For these reasons, any classification of cultivars into susceptible or resistant should be accompanied by details of the methods and isolates used. It would be beneficial if the same evaluation method could be established in all countries so that the results obtained could be better contrasted.

On the other hand, breeders could use as sources of resistance cultivars such as 'Goldrich', 'Harcot', 'Henderson', 'Stark Early Orange', 'Sunglo' or 'Veecot', which although susceptible to some isolates, are resistant to the isolates commonly found in the countries where breeding programmes are being carried out. New European resistant cultivars such as 'Avilara', 'Lito' and 'Pandora',

(descendants of 'Henderson' or 'Stark Early Orange') have been obtained in this way.

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