

# ${ m Bis}(1,1-{ m dimethylguanidinium}) \ { m tetraaquadimethyltin}({ m IV}) \ { m bis}({ m sulfate})$

Mouhamadou Sembene Boye, Aminata Diasse-Sarra, Eric Lebraud, Philippe Guionneau

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# metal-organic compounds

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## Bis(1,1-dimethylguanidinium) tetraaquadimethyltin(IV) bis(sulfate)

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (N–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.034; wR factor = 0.084; data-to-parameter ratio = 26.6.

Single crystals of the title salt,  $(C_3H_{10}N_3)_2[Sn(CH_3)_2(H_2O)_4]$ -(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, formed concomitantly with the already known [Sn(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O. In the title structure, the Sn<sup>IV</sup> atom displays a slightly distorted octahedral coordination geometry defined by four O water atoms in the equatorial positions and two methyl groups in the axial positions. In the crystal, various O-H···O and N-H···O hydrogen-bonding interactions between the organic cation and the coordinated water molecules as donors and the sulfate O atoms as acceptors result in a three-dimensional structure. The Sn<sup>IV</sup> atom is located on an inversion centre, resulting in half of the complex metal cation being in the asymmetric unit.

#### **Related literature**

For applications of tin-based materials, see: Molloy & Purcell (1986); Dutrecq *et al.* (1992); Gielen (2005). For oxoanion ligands, see: Boye & Diasse-Sarr (2007) and references therein. For  $[(Sn(CH_3)_3)_2SO_4]^2H_2O$ , see: Molloy *et al.* (1989).



b = 12.609 (2) Å

c = 13.469 (2) Å

 $\beta = 99.207 \ (10)^{\circ}$ 

Z = 2

V = 1120.4 (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

#### Experimental

Crystal	data
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$(C_3H_{10}N_3)_2[Sn(CH_3)_2(H_2O)_4]$ -	
$(SO_4)_2$	
$M_r = 589.26$	
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	
a = 6.683 (1)  Å	

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 1.39 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SCALEPACK; Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)  $T_{\rm min} = 0.722, T_{\rm max} = 0.873$ 

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$ $vR(F^2) = 0.084$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained
S = 1.07	refinement
462 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.51 \text{ e A}^{-5}$
.68 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

 Table 1

 Selected bond lengths (Å).

Sn1-C1	2.094 (2)	Sn1-O2	2.2240 (17)
Sn1-O3	2.2140 (16)		

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.048$ 

 $0.25 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$ 

13961 measured reflections

4462 independent reflections

3306 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O2-H22\cdots O13^{i}$	0.79 (4)	1.90 (4)	2.680 (2)	169 (4)
$O2-H12 \cdot \cdot \cdot O12^{ii}$	0.72(4)	1.91 (4)	2.627(2)	175 (4)
O3−H23···O11 <sup>iii</sup>	0.73 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.629 (3)	168 (3)
$O3-H13 \cdot \cdot \cdot O10^{iv}$	0.91(3)	1.71 (3)	2.615 (2)	172 (3)
$N2-H2N\cdots O13^{v}$	0.79 (3)	2.10(3)	2.887 (2)	174 (3)
$N3-H3N\cdots O12^{v}$	0.87 (3)	2.04(3)	2.899 (3)	172 (2)
$N2-H1N\cdotsO10^{iv}$	0.82(3)	2.14(3)	2.918 (3)	160(2)
$N3-H4N\cdotsO11^{vi}$	0.82 (3)	2.17 (3)	2.956 (3)	160 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii) x - 1, y, z; (iii)  $x - \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 1; (vi)  $-x + \frac{5}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2003); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2575).

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supplementary materials

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#### **Bis(1,1-dimethylguanidinium) tetraaquadimethyltin(IV) bis(sulfate)**

#### M. S. Boye, A. Diasse-Sarr, E. Lebraud and P. Guionneau

#### Comment

Tin-based materials are known to exhibit a wide panel of potential applications in domains as different as plastic stabilizers, reaction catalysts (Molloy & Purcell, 1986), phytosanitory products (Dutrecq *et al.*, 1992) or medicinals (Gielen, 2005). In such context, any new tin-based molecular material description brings its contribution to the knowledge of organotin compounds diversity, revealing, for instance, the report of new crystal packings or coordination sphere geometries. To such aim, we focused on oxoanions, notably sulfate, to construct polymeric tin-based compounds (Boye & Diasse-Sarr, 2007). It has been previously reported that  $(Sn(CH_3)_3)_2SO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$  (Molloy *et al.*, 1989) crystallizes in an orthorhombic unit cell with a three-dimensional network based on an  $O_2SnC_3$  coordination sphere, with the  $Sn^{IV}$  cation directly coordinated to the O atoms of the sulfate anion. Allowing dimethyl guanidinium sulfate to react which trimethyltin chloride, we obtained the known compound and concomitantly also single crystals of the title compound,  $(C_3H_{10}N_3)_2[Sn(CH_3)_2(H_2O)_4](SO_4)_2$ , the structure of which is described here. It is notable that these two compounds are optically undistinguishable and that all attempts gave mixtures of single crystals.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains half of an  $[Sn(CH_3)_2(H_2O)_4]^{2+}$  cation with the Sn<sup>IV</sup> cation located on an inversion centre, one dimethyl guanidinium cation and one sulfate anion. The Sn<sup>IV</sup> cation is octahedrally coordinated to two methyl groups in axial and four oxygen atoms of water molecules in equatorial positions (Figure 1). This O<sub>4</sub>SnC<sub>2</sub> environment constitutes the first major difference with the structure of the previously reported compound. The second one comes from the crystal packing itself (Figure 2), since sulfate anions are not coordinated to Sn. The O—S—O bonds angles [108.71 (11)° -110.27 (10)°] indicate a slight angular distorsion of the tetrahedral sulfate anion. The third major structural difference in comparison with the previously reported compound comes from the presence of additional dimethyl guanidinium cations. Dimethyl guanidinium and the complex metal cations are connected through hydrogen bonds to the sulfate O atoms (Table 2), resulting in a three-dimensional structure.

#### **Experimental**

[Me<sub>2</sub>NC(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and SnMe<sub>3</sub>Cl are Aldrich chemicals used without further purification. The title derivative is obtained by mixing in an 1:1 ratio [Me<sub>2</sub>NC(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0,61 g, 2,18 mmol) dissolved in methanol (40 ml) and a minimum of water (10 ml) and SnMe<sub>3</sub>Cl (0,43 g, 2,18 mmol) dissolved in dichloromethane. The mixture was stirred for around two hours at room temperature and by slow solvent evaporation gave prismatic crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. Apart from the title compound, (Sn(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were also found in the same batch. The determined crystal structure is strictly the same as the one previously described. Crystals of both compounds are colourless (m.p.> 533 K) and present the same global shape and size. Only X-ray diffraction allowed to distinguish between these concomitant products.

The title compound was isolated according to the following reaction:

```
4[(Me_2NC(=NH)NH_2)_2H_2SO_4] + 6SnMe_3Cl + 8H_2O \rightarrow
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[SnMe_2(H_2O)_4](SO_4)_2[Me_2NC(=NH_2)NH_2]_2 + 2(SnMe_3)_2SO_4.2H_2O + 6[Me_2NC(=NH_2)NH_2]Cl + SnMe_4NC(=NH_2)NH_2]Cl + SnMe_4NC(=NH_2)NH_2]Cl
```

#### Refinement

H atoms of water and guanidinium were forund from Fourier synthesis and were refined freely. H atoms of the methyl groups were placed geometrically and were allowed for free rotation, with  $U_{eq}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ . The highest peak and the deepest hole in the final Fourier synthesis are 1.76 Å from O12 and 0.70 Å from Sn1, respectively.

#### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular entities of the title compound showing the numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry code i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.]



Fig. 2. Molecular packing, showing intermolecular hydrogen bonding interactions (blue lines) as viewed along the *a* axis.

**(I**)

Crystal data	
$C_2H_{14}O_4Sn \cdot 2(C_3H_{10}N_3) \cdot 2(O_4S)$	F(000) = 604
$M_r = 589.26$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.747 \ {\rm Mg \ m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71069$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 46680 reflections
a = 6.683 (1)  Å	$\theta = 1.0-33.7^{\circ}$
b = 12.609 (2)  Å	$\mu = 1.39 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 13.469 (2) Å	T = 293  K
$\beta = 99.207 \ (10)^{\circ}$	Prism, colorless
$V = 1120.4 (3) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.25 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
Z = 2	
Data collection	

4462 independent reflections

Nonius KappaCCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3306 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$
$\varphi$ scans and $\omega$ scans with $\kappa = 0$	$\theta_{max} = 33.7^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 3.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>HKL SCALEPACK</i> ; Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)	$h = -10 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\min} = 0.722, \ T_{\max} = 0.873$	$k = -19 \rightarrow 19$
13961 measured reflections	$l = -20 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.084$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 1.07	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0378P)^2 + 0.1746P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
4462 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
168 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 1.51 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.17 \ e \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Sn1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02430 (6)
S1	1.36662 (7)	0.79887 (3)	0.78817 (3)	0.02461 (10)
O3	0.4232 (3)	0.64310 (13)	0.40639 (14)	0.0413 (4)
O2	0.3228 (3)	0.56250 (15)	0.61365 (13)	0.0411 (4)
N3	0.7496 (3)	1.12233 (14)	0.49706 (16)	0.0375 (4)
N2	0.7117 (3)	0.96848 (18)	0.40651 (15)	0.0356 (4)
N1	0.7856 (3)	0.96105 (15)	0.58016 (13)	0.0342 (4)
C6	0.7503 (3)	1.01623 (15)	0.49489 (16)	0.0280 (4)
C5	0.7904 (4)	0.84580 (18)	0.58146 (19)	0.0426 (5)

# supplementary materials

H5A	0.8283	0.8203	0.5199	0.064*
H5B	0.6586	0.8191	0.5880	0.064*
H5C	0.8875	0.8220	0.6373	0.064*
C4	0.8083 (5)	1.0131 (2)	0.67791 (19)	0.0498 (7)
H4A	0.7047	1.0660	0.6772	0.075*
H4B	0.9392	1.0462	0.6919	0.075*
H4C	0.7960	0.9615	0.7290	0.075*
C1	0.7679 (3)	0.57383 (18)	0.56804 (17)	0.0379 (5)
H1A	0.8647	0.5208	0.5949	0.057*
H1B	0.7393	0.6190	0.6214	0.057*
H1C	0.8223	0.6155	0.5190	0.057*
O12	1.3577 (3)	0.75608 (13)	0.68640 (12)	0.0480 (5)
O11	1.5624 (3)	0.77413 (14)	0.84837 (16)	0.0582 (5)
013	1.3383 (3)	0.91454 (10)	0.78006 (11)	0.0377 (3)
O10	1.2059 (3)	0.75053 (12)	0.83607 (13)	0.0428 (4)
H22	0.263 (6)	0.524 (3)	0.645 (3)	0.067 (11)*
H12	0.339 (5)	0.615 (3)	0.635 (2)	0.063 (10)*
H23	0.321 (5)	0.660 (2)	0.384 (2)	0.057 (10)*
H13	0.514 (5)	0.681 (3)	0.376 (2)	0.067 (9)*
H2N	0.696 (5)	1.0045 (19)	0.358 (3)	0.043 (9)*
H1N	0.703 (4)	0.904 (2)	0.4009 (19)	0.042 (7)*
H4N	0.810 (4)	1.151 (2)	0.548 (2)	0.037 (7)*
H3N	0.728 (4)	1.156 (2)	0.441 (2)	0.039 (7)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\text{\AA}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Sn1	0.03122 (11)	0.01843 (8)	0.02355 (10)	-0.00060 (6)	0.00527 (7)	0.00027 (6)
S1	0.0327 (2)	0.01763 (17)	0.0236 (2)	0.00150 (16)	0.00469 (16)	0.00042 (16)
O3	0.0357 (9)	0.0342 (8)	0.0545 (10)	0.0034 (7)	0.0090 (8)	0.0185 (7)
O2	0.0610 (11)	0.0258 (7)	0.0428 (9)	-0.0059 (7)	0.0273 (8)	-0.0057 (7)
N3	0.0541 (12)	0.0269 (8)	0.0303 (9)	-0.0011 (8)	0.0028 (9)	-0.0010 (7)
N2	0.0540 (12)	0.0272 (8)	0.0251 (9)	-0.0026 (8)	0.0049 (8)	0.0004 (8)
N1	0.0457 (11)	0.0298 (8)	0.0261 (8)	-0.0015 (8)	0.0027 (7)	0.0032 (7)
C6	0.0292 (10)	0.0285 (9)	0.0261 (9)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0038 (7)	0.0007 (7)
C5	0.0507 (14)	0.0320 (10)	0.0444 (13)	0.0013 (9)	0.0053 (10)	0.0127 (10)
C4	0.0657 (18)	0.0578 (16)	0.0242 (11)	-0.0079 (12)	0.0019 (11)	-0.0009 (10)
C1	0.0403 (12)	0.0354 (11)	0.0360 (11)	-0.0087 (9)	0.0002 (9)	0.0015 (9)
012	0.0907 (14)	0.0267 (7)	0.0301 (8)	0.0010 (8)	0.0200 (8)	-0.0041 (6)
011	0.0430 (10)	0.0410 (9)	0.0818 (13)	-0.0040 (7)	-0.0171 (9)	0.0149 (9)
O13	0.0646 (10)	0.0178 (6)	0.0325 (7)	0.0041 (6)	0.0137 (7)	0.0008 (5)
O10	0.0517 (10)	0.0287 (7)	0.0543 (10)	0.0027 (7)	0.0277 (8)	0.0093 (7)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Sn1—C1 <sup>i</sup>	2.094 (2)	N3—H3N	0.87 (3)
Sn1—C1	2.094 (2)	N2—C6	1.322 (3)
Sn1—O3	2.2140 (16)	N2—H2N	0.79 (3)

Sn1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	2.2140 (16)	N2—H1N	0.82 (3)
Sn1—O2	2.2240 (17)	N1—C6	1.331 (3)
Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	2.2240 (17)	N1—C5	1.453 (3)
S1—O11	1.4586 (18)	N1—C4	1.457 (3)
S1—O12	1.4654 (16)	С5—Н5А	0.9600
S1—O10	1.4710 (16)	С5—Н5В	0.9600
S1—O13	1.4725 (14)	С5—Н5С	0.9600
O3—H23	0.73 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9600
O3—H13	0.91 (3)	C4—H4B	0.9600
O2—H22	0.79 (4)	C4—H4C	0.9600
O2—H12	0.72 (4)	C1—H1A	0.9600
N3—C6	1.338 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9600
N3—H4N	0.82 (3)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C1 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—C1	180.0	H4N—N3—H3N	121 (3)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O3	90.52 (8)	C6—N2—H2N	118 (2)
C1—Sn1—O3	89.48 (8)	C6—N2—H1N	122.5 (18)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	89.48 (8)	H2N—N2—H1N	120 (3)
C1—Sn1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	90.52 (8)	C6—N1—C5	122.24 (19)
O3—Sn1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	180.000 (1)	C6—N1—C4	121.50 (19)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O2	86.95 (9)	C5—N1—C4	116.14 (19)
C1—Sn1—O2	93.05 (9)	N2	121.39 (19)
O3—Sn1—O2	90.16 (7)	N2—C6—N3	118.3 (2)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O2	89.84 (7)	N1—C6—N3	120.3 (2)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	93.05 (9)	N1—C5—H5A	109.5
C1—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	86.95 (9)	N1—C5—H5B	109.5
O3—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	89.84 (7)	Н5А—С5—Н5В	109.5
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	90.16 (7)	N1—C5—H5C	109.5
O2—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	Н5А—С5—Н5С	109.5
O11—S1—O12	109.87 (12)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
O11—S1—O10	108.71 (11)	N1—C4—H4A	109.5
O12—S1—O10	109.54 (11)	N1—C4—H4B	109.5
O11—S1—O13	110.27 (10)	H4A—C4—H4B	109.5
O12—S1—O13	108.05 (9)	N1—C4—H4C	109.5
O10—S1—O13	110.40 (9)	H4A—C4—H4C	109.5
Sn1—O3—H23	125 (3)	H4B—C4—H4C	109.5
Sn1—O3—H13	125 (2)	Sn1—C1—H1A	109.5
H23—O3—H13	108 (3)	Sn1—C1—H1B	109.5
Sn1—O2—H22	121 (3)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
Sn1—O2—H12	122 (3)	Sn1—C1—H1C	109.5
H22—O2—H12	114 (3)	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C6—N3—H4N	116.6 (19)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
C6—N3—H3N	118.5 (18)	-	-
C5-N1-C6-N2	21(3)	C5—N1—C6—N3	-1792(2)
C4-N1-C6-N2	-173 8 (2)	C4-N1-C6-N3	49(3)
	1,5.0 (2)		(3)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
O2—H22…O13 <sup>ii</sup>	0.79 (4)	1.90 (4)	2.680 (2)	169 (4)
O2—H12···O12 <sup>iii</sup>	0.72 (4)	1.91 (4)	2.627 (2)	175 (4)
O3—H23…O11 <sup>iv</sup>	0.73 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.629 (3)	168 (3)
O3—H13…O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.91 (3)	1.71 (3)	2.615 (2)	172 (3)
N2—H2N····O13 <sup>vi</sup>	0.79 (3)	2.10 (3)	2.887 (2)	174 (3)
N3—H3N····O12 <sup>vi</sup>	0.87 (3)	2.04 (3)	2.899 (3)	172 (2)
N2—H1N…O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.82 (3)	2.14 (3)	2.918 (3)	160 (2)
N3—H4N…O11 <sup>vii</sup>	0.82 (3)	2.17 (3)	2.956 (3)	160 (3)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -*x*+3/2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+3/2; (iii) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (iv) *x*-3/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (v) *x*-1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (vi) -*x*+2, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (vii) -*x*+5/2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+3/2.







