



# A-infinity GL(N)-equivariant matrix integrals-III. Tree-level calculations and variations of nc-Hodge structure on complex projective manifolds.

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*A*-infinity  $GL(N)$ -equivariant matrix integrals-III.  
Tree-level calculations and variations of nc-Hodge  
structure on complex projective manifolds.

Serguei Barannikov

IMJ, CNRS

23/06/2010

## Tree level BV on complex projective manifold (g=0 calculations)

- nc-BV on  $Symm(C_\lambda[1+d])$ ,  $C_\lambda = \bigoplus_{j=0}^{\infty} (U[1]^{\otimes j})^{\mathbb{Z}/j\mathbb{Z}}$

$$\hbar \Delta S + \frac{1}{2} \{S, S\} = 0, \quad S = \sum_{g \geq 0, i} \hbar^{2g-1+i} S_{g,i}, \quad S_{g,i} \in Symm^i(C_\lambda[1+d]),$$
$$\Leftrightarrow \Delta \exp(S/\hbar) = 0$$
$$\{S_{0,1}, S_{0,1}\} = 0, \text{ - } A_\infty - \text{CY algebra}$$

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- $M$ - smooth projective/ $\mathbb{C}$ ,  $c_1(T_M) = 0$ ,  $\omega_0 \in \Gamma(M, K_M)$ ,  $\rightarrow$  BV operator on  $\Omega^{0,*}(M, \Lambda^* T)$ ,
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$$u \Delta \gamma + \bar{\partial} \gamma + \frac{1}{2} [\gamma, \gamma] = 0,$$

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- The component

$$\gamma_0^{cl} \in \Omega^{0,1}(M, T)$$

$$\bar{\partial}\gamma_0^{cl} + \frac{1}{2}[\gamma_0^{cl}, \gamma_0^{cl}] = 0 \text{ - deformations of complex structure on } M$$

## Noncommutative periods map (B[5])

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- $$\begin{aligned}\Omega(t, u) &= \int_M r_u \exp\left(\frac{1}{u}\gamma\right) \lrcorner \omega_0 \\ \Omega(t, u) &\in H_{DR}^*(M)((u)) \widehat{\otimes} \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{M}_{\Lambda T}}\end{aligned}$$

$$t \in \mathcal{M}_{\Lambda T}, \quad T_0 \mathcal{M}_{\Lambda T} = H^*(M, \Lambda^* T)$$

# Noncommutative periods map and g=0 Gromov-Witten of the mirror

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For  $\gamma^W$ , normalized using a filtration  $W$  opposite to  $F^{Hodge}([B5], 1999)$ :

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^i \partial t^j} \Omega^W = u^{-1} C_{ij}^k(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t^k} \Omega^W$$

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$$C_{kij}(t) = \partial_{kij}^3 (\text{genus } = 0 \text{ GW-potential of } M^{\text{mirror}})$$

## Semi-infinite (Noncommutative) Hodge structures ([B5]).

- The class  $[\exp(\gamma^W)\omega] = \Omega(t, u)$  is obtained as intersection of moving subspace

$$\Omega(t, u) = \mathcal{L}(t) \cap (\text{Affine space}(W))$$

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$$\mathcal{L}(\gamma_0) : [r_u(\exp \frac{1}{u} i_{\gamma_0})(\varphi_0 + u\varphi_1 + \dots)], \quad \varphi_i \in \Omega_{DR}$$

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implies  $tt^*$ -equations, remarkably  $\mathcal{D}_{\frac{\partial}{\partial u}}$ -modules over  $\mathbb{A}^1$  with similar properties appeared in 70s in works of Birkhoff, Malgrange, K.Saito and M.Saito

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- Over mod space of complex structures it reduces to VHS

## Noncommutative Hodge structures ([B5]), cont'd

- $\mathcal{L}(t)$  corresponds via HKR and formality isomorphisms for  $C^*(A, A) + k[\xi, \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi}]$ -module  $C_*(A)$  to

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- Real structure on  $HP$  in the case of arbitrary  $A_\infty$ -algebra?

# Summation over trees, BCOV lagrangian and BV cyclic operad.

- For  $W = \overline{F^{Hodge}}$ ,  $\gamma(t) = \Sigma \gamma_a t^a + \Delta\alpha(t)$  ,  $\Delta(\gamma) = 0$

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- Meaning of this : the tree-level Feynman transform of the operad of BV algebras /  $\Delta = 0 =$  operad of  $H_*(\mathcal{M}_{0,n})$

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